USEFUL AND SUGGESTIVE.

-For nose-bleeding, bathe the face and neck with cold water.

-Broken limbs should be placed in natural positions and the patient kept quiet until the surgeon arrives.

-It is said that a piece of zinc placed on the live coals will effectually clean out a stove pipe, the vapor thus produced carrying off the soot by chemical decomposition.

-Linseed oil, well applied with a white-wash brush, has been recommended by a Kentucky fruit grower as a reliable remedy for pear blight. He claims to have effectually checked the progress of this disease with its use.

The wealthy Holland families of New York annually import large quantities of Dutch potatoes for home use. They claim that these potatoes are superior to American grown in flavor and that their keeping qualities are far better.

-Nearly all of the men in prominent positions in the professions or in office started from the farm. There the foundation is laid right. Boys, look up. The sources of knowledge are as accessible to you as to any. And we never knew a farm boy who spent his idle hours in reading good books, and ac-quiring knowledge, but has made his A mark in the world .- Illinois State Register.

-All live stock should be kept clean. They should not be exposed to the severe weather of winter, not only be-cause it is cruel but because it does not pay. It costs money for an animal to keep itself warm, for it must be done at the expense of the food it gets or the flesh it has already gained. An an-* imal is in many respects an engine and its food is the fuel. Any shelter given to the farm stock saves in food, just as a covering to a boiler saves fuel.

-Flour was formerly made by simply grinding wheat at one operation to the finest flour, and then separating by sieves the flour from the bran, necessarily grinding in much of the bran with flour and discoloring it, while much of the very best material was separated with the bran and lost. The later common method is to grind very coarsely the wheat several times, using strong blasts of air between each grinding to separate the bran from the granulated interior portion and at last crush it to the floor, relieved of all the bran. The new electric method consists in passing the middlings under revolving hard-rubber cylinders, electrified by contact with sheepskin. The particles of bran fly up to meet the rubber, from which they are turned off in a side channel, the purified middling, freed from bran, passing through rollers to become fine flour.

-In answer to a correspondent the New York Times discourses in this way: A cheap, durable, easily applied roofing material for farm buildings is very desirable. At present we have nothing that answers better than pine or cedar shingles. Hemlock shingles are not worth the labor of putting them on, as they are soon rotted. A tin roof kept painted with iron paint, is an excellent one, but costly. A double board roof with the joints broken and having a coat of mineral paint between the boards and then painted outside is cheap, tight and durable, and it will require a coat of paint but once in seven or eight years. The expense is only a fourth of that of a shingle roof. Zinc is the most durable of all suitable metals, except lead, and is lighter and cheaper than lead; and for flat house roofs is doubtless preferable to, any other. A double board roof put on as | the house of Messrs. Butler, Pitken & Co., 476 above described would be tight with a slope of four feet in twenty.

The Poor Girl.

The annals of the poor are simple,

but often it is the simplicity of pathos. The following anecdote of filial piety, and of unyielding poverty also, is full of the simple pathos which brings tears to the eyes. A poor young girl came one day into one of the bureaux of the Montde-Piete in Paris to pawn a bundle of clothes, upon which they gave her only three francs.

For fifteen consecutive years she came regularly to pay the interest on this modest sum, amounting to a few centimes, without having sufficient cash to redeem the clothes.

The administration, struck by the care that she took to preserve this little de-posit of elothing, sought information concerning her, and learned that working unceasingly at her miserable home in a poor little den, this worker in linen, good and honest, was scarce able to earn enough to supply her daily living. In spite of her toils and pains, she had never been able, in fifteen years' time, to raise the three francs necessary to redeem her precious little bundle.

There was in the conduct of this young woman a noble courage which took its source in noble sentiments. They asked her to come before the administration of the Mont-de-Piete, and there she was told that she could take away, without payment, the modest bundle of necessaries of which she had been so long deprived.

It was then that they learned the beautiful spirit she had exhibited. The little bundle was composed of a petticoat and a woman's fichu of some cheap stuff. Scarcely was it opened when she took these things in both hands and covered them with kisses.

That was all that was left to her by her poor mother, who had died fifteen years previously, and in order to preserve these precious relics, she had borne religiously her pious tribute, as one goes to the cemetery to place flowers upon the tomb of a loved one.

-A Chattanooga dispatch says: The most remarkable result of the rains, which have prevailed almost continually in this locality for the past thirty days, occurred recently. The tallest peak on Buffalo Mountain, in East Tennessee, known as White Rock Peak, on account of its peculiar formation, being a ledge of white rock which towered several hundred feet, fell with a terrible crash, which was heard for several miles around, and the whole surrounding country was almost overwhelmed with terror. It appears as if the whole end of the mountain had fallen. It is said that when the crash first occurred people congregated and prayed to be delivered from the falling mountains.

-A German manufacturer has succeeded in producing serviceable facemasks of mica for the protection of metal and glass-melters, stone-masons

THE Newark (N. J.) Sunday Call says: One of our Cincinnati exchanges cites the case of Mr. Haldeman, of the Louisville Courier-Journal, who was cured of rheumatism by St. Jacobs Oil. His wife was cured of neuralgia by the same article, and every member of his family of some pain or sche by the Great German Remedy.

SUNFLOWER seeds are just as good for chicken feed as they were before they ap-peared in the esthetic craze, and not a whit better.

Advice to Consumptives.

On the appearance of the first symptoms -as general debility, loss of appetite, pallor, chilly sensations, followed by night-sweats and cough -prompt measures for relief should be taken. -prompt measures for relief should be taken. Consumption is scrofulous disease of the lungs -therefore use the great anti-scrofula, or blood-purifier and strength-restorer-Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery." Superior to Cod liver oil as a nutritive, and unsurpassed as a pec-toral. For weak lungs, spitting of blood, and kindred affections. It has no equal. Sold by druggists the world over. For Dr. Pierce's pamphlet on Consumption, send two stamps to WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIA-TION, Buffalo, N. Y.

The potato is a susceptible vegetable. It is constantly getting mashed.-Boston Commer-cial Bulletin.

DR. PIERCE'S "Favorite Prescription" is ev-erywhere acknowledged to be the standard remedy for female complaints and weaknesses. It is sold by druggists.

"I've been heron bad things about you," said one big bird to another. "Let's stork about something else," was the response.-Rome Sentinel.

THE huge, drastic, griping, sickening pills are fast being superseded by Dr. Picrce's "Purgative Pellets." Sold by druggists.

WHATEVER you have to do, do it with all your might. Many a lawyer has made his for-tune by simply working with a will.

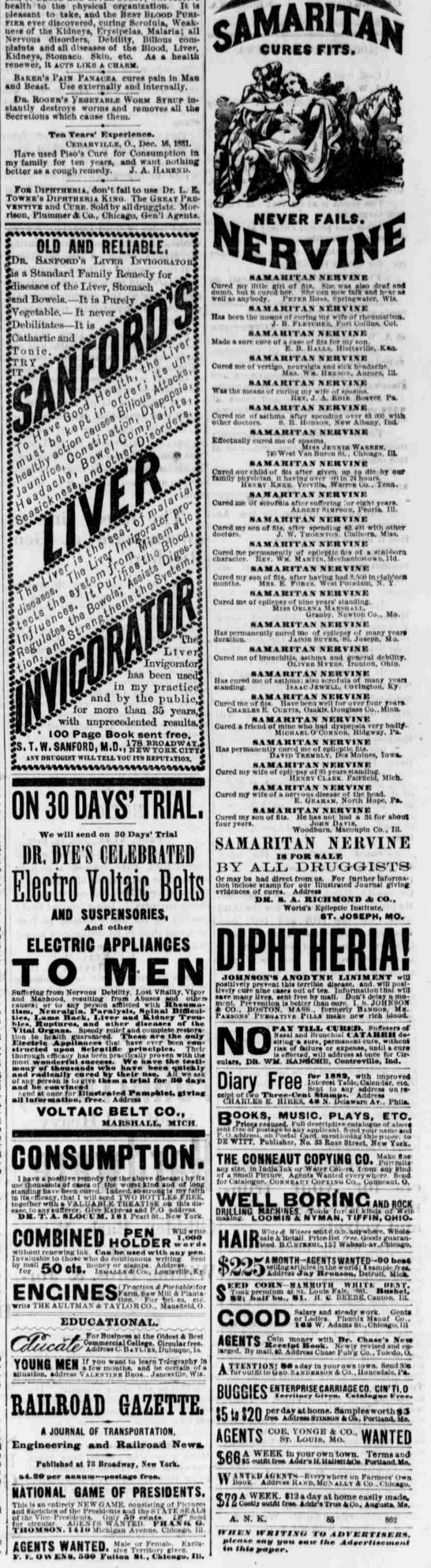
[Correspondence of the Chicago Times.]

The World's Epileptic Institute. The World's Epileptic Institute. St. JOSEPH, Mo., August 10, 1881.—While passing through St. Joseph, and having heard a great deal about the World's Epileptic In-stitute located here, I concluded to pay the celebrated institution a short visit. We were met by Dr. Richmond, the proprietor, who has gained a reputation as broad as the land. He ganed a reputation as one case the tank. He is a rather small, yet preposessing man, of very affable and gentlemanly manners. He gave us a hearty welcome, and took great pains in showing us through his pallatial and mammoth institution. It is a five-story build-ing, 200x180 feet, with basement, and contains over these budged reputs and contains over three hundred rooms, and can accommc-date five hundred patients, and each and every room is furnished in the most elegant and lavish manner. But we will begin at the office, which is a large room furnished with rosewood furniture throughout. In the office are thou-sands of photographs of those who have been benefited by the Nervine. The walls are clegantly papered, and are profusely decorated with rich and costly pictures, relieved here and there by busts in stone and bronze of eminent men of this and other countries. In emment men of this and other countries. In connection with the Institute is a mammoth printing house and bindery, occupying six or seven large rooms, and a score of presses are kept running night and day turning out work for the doctor. The office is one of the finest and most complete in the West, and he has the rooms decorated, carpeted and trimmed up with as much care and luxury as is his own private office. On the first floor of this mammoth building is the doctor's private office, the printing department, bindery, tank room, metal and glass-melters, stone-masons and other workmen exposed to heat, dust and noxious vapors. These masks notion store, etc., all of which are neat and allow the eyes to be turned in any fitted up regardless of expense. The second fitted up regardless of expense. The second floor has the botel office, dining, billiard and cooking rooms, many guest chambers, and several parlors. The third and fourth floors are rooms, all of which are furnished with Brussels carpets and the finest of furniture. In fact, the entire house is furnished regard-less of expense. The billiard room has six tables, all of which are free to the guests of the house and their friends. The bath room is large and neat, and that too is free to guests. The entire building, which is nearly mew, is surrounded on the east and south by an elegant five acre park, in which are many lovely trees, beds of rich and rare plants, gravel walks and drives, delicious arbors, and gravel walks and drives, delleious arbors, and a most beautiful summer house for social parties, etc. There are a number of fountains parties, etc. There are a number of fountains that add wonderfully to the beauty of the park. It is truly one of the most lovely and beautiful parks in the western country, and the Institute has no equal for luxiny, beauty and comfort in the world. Everything is per-fection, and the visitor is at once charmed with the entire place and its surroundings. An idea of the immensity of the doctor's busi-ness may be given when we say that on the day we visited the Institute he showed us to his express room, and we saw the expressman take goods labeled to the following places, to say nothing of hundreds of orders from all take goods labeled to the following places, to say nothing of hundreds of orders from all quarters of America: Lyous, France; Geneva, Switzerland: Madrid, Spain; Brussels, Bel-gium; Cape Town, Africa; Shanghai, China; Yokohama, Japan; Bombay, India; Melbourne, Australia. The doctor employs hundreds of men and women in his Institute in the several branches, aside from the immense force re-quired to conduct the hotel. It is worth a visit, and Dr. Richmond extends to all a corvisit, and Dr. Richmond extends to all a cor-dial welcome to come and see him. He and his wonderful medical discovery have given to St. Joseph a good name all over the habitable globe. The building is supplied with water and gas works, is admirably ventilated, and fire escapes are numerous. The park is pre-pared to be lighted up with gas, as lamps are southered all over it. scattered all over it. O. R. Keith & Co.-What the Chicago Trib-

How to Secure Health.

Dr.S.A.Richmond&Co's

It seems strange any one will suffer from lerangements brought on by impure blood, when SCOVILLS' SARSAPARILLA AND STILLIN-GIA, OF BLOOD AND LIVER SYRUP, will restore bealth to the physical organization. It is pleasant to take, and the BEST BLOOD PURI-



Some Mistakes in Gardening.

A garden to be profitable should be highly manured. High manuring is essential to speedy growth and large crops. The more rapid the growth of vegetables the more tender they are. Land on which much labor is spent in cultivation should be made by the judi-cious employment of fertilizers to produce very large crops. Market garden-ers in the vicinity of large cities ordi-narily apply at least fifty cords of stable manure every year to the ground they occupy, and many use in addition wood ashes and a considerable amount of commercial fertilizers. The crops they raise would astonish most farmers who manure a garden spot only as they do a field intended for corn or small grain. Many farmers attempt to raise vegetables on land occupied in part by fruit trees, grape-vines and bushes. The roots of these take most of the nutriment from the soil, while their branches cast a dense shade. Garden vegetables require all the soil for their own use. Another mistake in gardening consists in surrounding the spot with a fence, so that plowing is rendered difficult, as well as the work of cultivation by teams. A garden to be easily worked should be located where no fences are required to protect it from animals and fowls. By having no fence about it the soil can be plowed without difficulty, and most of the work of cultivating may be done by horses. Most vege-tables can be planted in drills running the entire length of the lot, and the soil between them worked by means of a cultivator. Another mistake in garden-ing consists in planting all kinds of seeds at nearly the same time without regard to their natural habits or time of maturity. Farmers know that field crops should be planted at different times, but they persist in planting onions and Lima beans on the same day. - Chicago Times. 20. 0.124

-They vaccinated a young man in Cairo with mucilage just for fun, and he now "sticks" for two thousand dollars damages.

direction, and there is space enough for spectacles in case the eyesight is defective.

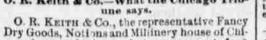
-The world of books is soon to see a novelty in the shape of a work of fiction dealing with fashionable and artistic life on the Pacific coast. The novel is called "Dare," and its author is the wife of J. R. Glasscock, of Oakland, Cal.

A SINGULARLY interesting case was lately referred to by the Brooklyn Eagle. It was told by Mr. W. A. Dayenport, connected with Broadway, New York, and concerned the marvelous cure of Mr. Ezra D. Clarkson, near Newark, N. J., of a terrible case of rheumatism, which other remedies had failed even to alleviate. He was on his way to a hospital when Mr. Davenport met him and induced him to try St. Jacobs Oil, with the result named .--Cleveland (0.) Practical Farmer,

OSCAR WILDE yearns to see an American spring. Somebody should impart to Oscar the great secret of the bent pin.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Fe	bruar	y 25	, 1882,
LIVE STOCK-Cattle	\$8 75	(n)	\$12 25
Bheen	4 50		
Bheep. Hogs FLOUR-Good to Choice,	6 00		
FLOUR-Good to Choice	5 60		
Patents	7 50		
WHEAT No 9 Rod	1, 1912		1 34
No.0 Posing	1 00		
No 2. Spring	1 34	. 65	
No 2. Spring. CORN-No. 2 OATS-Western Mixed	01	60	
OATS-western Mixed	49	1.10	51
RYE	84	œ	93
PORK-Mess. LARD-Steam.	17 75		17 80
LARD-Steam	10 65	60	10 75
CHEESE	9	6	125
CHEESE WOOL-Domestic	36	100	48
CHICAGO.			
BEEVES-Extra	\$6 60	12	\$6 85
Choice			6 35
Good	5 50	ŵ	5 75
Modlum	5 10		5 35
Destado and Stands	3 25		
Butchers Stock	0 20		5 00
Stock Cattle	3 40		4 50
Butchers' Stock. Stock Cattle,	5 50	68	7 10
SHFEP BUTTER-Creamery Good to Choice Dairy	3 50	GE	5 90
BUTTER-Creamery	40	60	48
Good to Choice Dairy	28	a.	
EGGS-Fresh	20	(a)	21
FLOUR-Winter	6 50		
FLUID IL-WILLOF			6 50
Spring	2 22		
Patents Constant and the	7 00	. @	8.00
GRAIN-Wheat, No. 2 Spring	1 23	12100	
Corn, No. 2	56	NO	57
Outs, No. 2	- 39	400	40
Rye, No. 2.	85	6	88
Barley, No. 2	1 02	a	1 03
Corn, No. 2 Outs, No. 2 Rye, No. 2 Barley, No. 2 BROOM CORN –	1022407		10.00
Red-Tipped Hurl	-9	60	94
Fine Green		60	95
Inferior	1 1 1 7	60	8
Charlen de la compara anna a compara a compara de la compara de	5	.en	
PORK Crooked	10 10	100	40.44
PORK	10 00	60	16 70
LARD-Steam	10 25		10 30
		2.7	
Common Dressed Siding	19 50	6	20 00
Flooring	32 00	66	35 00
Flooring Common Boards	16 00	(a)	17 50
Fencing	13 00		15 00
Luth	2 50		3 75
Sh (and on	\$ 10		
Lath Shingles. EAST LIBERT	. 9 W	80	3 70
CATTER D.	40.00	0	-
CATTLE-Best Fair to Good	\$6 00	60	\$6 25
Fuir to Good	5 50	CC	5 75
HOGS-Yorkers	0 75	6	6 85
Philadelphias	7 40	6	7 60-
SHEEP-Best	4 35	68	6 00
Common	3.50	100	4 00
BALTIMORE			
CATTLE-Best	\$6 25	04	\$6 50
Medium	4.50	50	5 25
ROGS SHEEP-Poor to Choice	8 50	ac.	9 875
SHEEP-Poor to Choice	3 75	60	6 25
		-	10.00



cago, have made the amplest arrangements for a greativenlarged trade the present spring sca-son. Their mammoth store of six floors, 160x175 feet shows an immense stock of almost every-thing in the dry-goods line. For several years, they have been adding new lines of goods to their former stock, and their business has nearly doubled each year for the last three years. This new departure of a house with such an activities of goods to the second se an established reputation, large capital and business, by which it practically becomes one of the great general dry-goods houses for which Chicago is so famous, is of general in-terest to the trade and the public. Its great enterprise, large experience and unsurpassed facilities for obtaining the choicest fabrics and latest styles from the great fashion centers of Europe, and in the world's best mar-kets, must make it the leading house in its lines in this country.

Buggies Cheaper than Saddles. Why! Because, with improved machinery now-a-days, a good, substantial buggy can be now-a-days, a good, substantial buggy can be made for fift dollars, about the cost of two saddles. Two persons can ride in one buggy and save you one horse, consequently saddles have hearly gone out of existence. For particulars send for an illustrated catalogue, mailed see on application. Address, Enterprise Carriage Manufacturing Company, Cincinnati, O.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE continues to lead all competitors by a big majority. All dealers.

IF afflicted with Sore Eyes, use Dr. Isaac Thompson's EveWater, Druggists sell it. 250.