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Oldest Paper in the State.

BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA, THURSDAY, SEPT. 29, 1881.

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BUSINESS CARDS.

J. H. BROADY,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Brownville, Neb.

J. S. STULL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Office of County Judge, Brownville, Nebraska.

A. S. HOLLADAY,
Physician, Surgeon, Obstetrician.
Graduated in 1851. Located in Brownville 1858.
Office, 41 Main street, Brownville, Neb.

J. W. GIBSON,
BLACKSMITH AND HORSE SHOER
Work done to order and satisfaction guaranteed.
First street, between Main and Atlantic, Brownville, Neb.

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OSBORN & TAYLOR,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
Brownville, Nebraska.

PRACTICE in the State and Federal courts,
Special attention given to collections and
sales of real estate.

PAT CLINE,
FASHIONABLE
BOOT AND SHOE MAKER
CUSTOM WORK made to order, and fits always
guaranteed. Repairing neatly and promptly done.
Shop, No. 27 Main street, Brownville, Neb.

B. M. BAILEY,
SHIPPER AND DEALER IN
LIVE STOCK
BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA.
Farmers, please call and get prices; I want
to handle your stock.
Office—First National Bank.

MARLATT & KING,
DEALERS IN

General Merchandise
Dry Goods, Groceries, Ready Made Clothing,
Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, and a General Assortment
of Drugs and Patent Medicines.
Highest prices paid for butter and
eggs.

ASPINWALL, NEBRASKA.
EIGHT 1/2 PER CENT.
I will make Mortgage Loans
ON APPROVED FARM SECURITY, AT
8 1/2 per cent. Annual Interest.
NO COMMISSION.
O. J. STOWELL,
Attorney at Law,
Sheridan, Neb.

Jacob Marohn,
Brownville, Nebraska,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
and dealer in
Fine English, French, Scotch and Fancy Cloths,
Vestings, Etc., Etc.

ESTABLISHED IN 1856.
OLDEST

Real Estate Agency
IN NEBRASKA.

William H. Hoover.
Does a general Real Estate Business. Sells
Lands on Commission, examines Titles,
makes Deeds, Mortgages, and all Instru-
ments pertaining to the transfer of Real Es-
tate. Has a
Complete Abstract of Titles
to all Real Estate in Nemaha County.

AUTHORIZED BY THE U. S. GOVERNMENT

First National Bank
—OF—
BROWNVILLE

Paid-up Capital, \$50,000
Authorized " 500,000

IS PREPARED TO TRANSACT A

General Banking Business.

BUY AND SELL
COIN & CURRENCY DRAFTS

on all the principal cities of the

United States and Europe

MONEY LOANED

On approved security only. Time Drafts discount-
ed, and special accommodations granted to deposit-
ors. Dealers in GOVERNMENT BONDS.

STATE, COUNTY & CITY SECURITIES

DEPOSITS

Received payable on demand, and INTEREST al-
lowed on time certificates of deposit.

DIRECTORS.—Wm. T. Den, R. M. Bailey, M. A.
Handley, Frank E. Johnson, Luther Roadley,
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A. R. DAVIDSON, Cashier. President
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JOHN S. MINICK
GENERAL

MERCHANDISE,
Nemaha City, Neb.

D. C. Dovel,
DEALER IN

Family Groceries.
Always on Hand

Flour, Teas and Coffee,
With a full line of

Canned Goods & Confectionery.
Also, the very best

Cigars and Tobaccos.
Two Doors East of Postoffice, Brownville, Nebraska.

LIVERY!



W. E. O'PELT,
Opposit Lumber Yard, Main St.

GOOD RIGS
AT

REASONABLE RATES.
Special Accommodations for

Commercial Men,
AND

Driver Furished
when desired.

Horses boarded by the day or week,
and Farmers' teams fed and cared for
at fair rates.

MANHOOD
How Lost, How Restored!

Just published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's
Celebrated Essay on the radical cure of
Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness, Involun-
tary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and
Physical Incapacity, Impediments to marriage,
etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, in-
duced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance,
etc.
The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay,
clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' suc-
cessful practice, that the alarming consequences of
self-abuse may be radically cured; pointing out
a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effect-
ual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter
what his condition may be, may cure himself
cheaply, privately, and radically.
This Lecture should be in the hands of every
young and every man in the land.
Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any ad-
dress, post-paid, on receipt of six cents, or two
postage stamps. We have also a sure cure
for Tape Worms. Address
THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,
41 Ann St., New York, N. Y., P. O. Box 4586.
15

STEEL BOILER FERRY.



At Brownville, Nebraska.
BEST CROSSING
—ON THE—

Missouri River.
NEW BOAT.

Rates Low, Camps Shady,
Roads Good,

Indemnity Ample.

Connects with all Trains.

AGENTS WANTED for the Best and Fastest
Selling Patent Boats and Barges. Patent
industrial paper, etc. National Patent Co., St. Louis, Mo.

NEBRASKA ADVERTISER

Call for Republican County Convention.

In accordance with the action of the
Republican county central committee,
as set forth in the foregoing proceed-
ings of the committee, a county con-
vention is hereby called to meet at
Sheridan on the third (3d) day of Octo-
ber 1881, at 1 o'clock p. m., to elect de-
legates to the State convention, nomi-
nate candidates for the various county
offices, and to do such other business
as the convention may deem proper.
The delegates to be chosen and candi-
dates nominated in the following
order:

1. Eleven delegates to State con-
vention.
2. Representative to fill unexpired
term.
3. County Judge.
4. County Coroner.
5. County Surveyor.
6. County Commissioner, 3d dis-
trict.
7. Supt. Public Instruction.
8. Sheriff.
9. County Clerk.
10. County Treasurer.

The several precincts of the county
will hold their primaries from two
o'clock to six o'clock p. m., on the first
day of October, at the usual places of
holding elections, (except Benton, the
time and place to be fixed by the cen-
tral committee men of that precinct)
and elect delegates as follows:

Island	1
Glen Rock	5
Lafayette	8
Washington	6
Douglas	5
London	5
Brownville	10
Nemaha City	7
Aspinwall	6
St. Deroin	1
Bedford	4
Benton	6
Peru	10

G. F. STEWART, Ch'n.
B. B. THOMPSON, Sec'y.

Breaking the News to Gen. Arthur—Tak-
ing the Oath—Graphic Description by
an Inter-Ocean Reporter—The In-
augural at the Capitol.

There were nine persons present in
Gen. Arthur's parlors when he took the
oath of office this morning. They were
friends of his who had been with him
during the evening seeking to divert
his mind from the sad calamity that
was constantly in his thoughts. The
bulletins in the latter part of the even-
ing had been so reassuring that there
was something like hopefulness in the
feeling in the little group, although
nothing was said on the subject.

The first announcement of the death
of the President came from a reporter
who called at the door. It was received
by all, and especially by Gen. Arthur,
with incredulity. But a few minutes
later a telegram came from Attorney-
General MacVeagh. This confirmation
of the dreaded news led to an immedi-
ate consultation as to the proper steps
to be taken by Gen. Arthur. Owing to
a peculiar complication of circum-
stances it was thought best that the
oath of office should be taken as soon
as possible.

This determination was the result of
communications previously had be-
tween General Arthur and members of
the cabinet, and it had been understood
that in the event of President Garfield's
death his successors should be sworn in
without any delay. At the time when
the president was so very low, two or
three weeks ago, Judge Blatchford re-
mained in town several days that he
might be in readiness to administer the
oath.

By the time the oath had been writ-
ten out by one of those present and a
little consultation had ended, a dispatch
from the Cabinet came, making the re-
quest that General Arthur take the
oath immediately. Elihu Root and
Dr. P. C. Van Wyck started at once in
one cab, and District Attorney Rollins
and police commissioner French in an-
other, to find a judge. The former re-
turned shortly after one o'clock with
Justice Brady, and then there was a
short delay until the others came with
Justice Donahue. As Justice Brady
came first he was asked to administer
the oath.

There were then present in General
Arthur's parlors, besides himself and
his son Allan and those named above,
only General Arthur's private secre-
tary, J. C. Reed, making nine in all.

General Arthur and Justice Brady
stood in the center of the front parlor,
and the others were standing closely
around. It was a very striking scene
the time of night intensifying the im-
pressiveness that all other circum-
stances gave to it. Gen. Arthur rose
from his seat in the library and ad-
vanced to the front parlor. It is a
large room. The carpet is soft and
deep, and of a dark tint. Heavy cur-
tains to match the carpet hang from
the large French windows. Oil paint-
ings by old masters hang from the ceilings.
Dispatches, books, and writing
materials were scattered all over the

large table that stands in the center.
General Arthur stood behind this table,
facing the window. He had regained
his composure. His eye was clear and
his manner dignified. The gas in the
library was burning dimly, and his
fine, tall form stood out grandly from
the dark background.

Old allegorical pictures loomed out
from the darkness; pictures of con-
quests and triumphs, of defeats and
despairs, and above all was a white
marble bust of Henry Clay. Judge
Brady stood on the other side of the
table, facing Gen. Arthur. Grouped
around the two men were Judge Don-
ahue, Elihu Root, Commissioner
French, and Daniel G. Rollins, and
Gen. Arthur's son.

Judge Brady slowly advanced a step
and raised his right hand. General
Arthur did likewise. A moment of
impressive silence followed. General
Arthur's features were almost fixed.
Then Judge Brady administered the
oath, when Arthur, speaking in a clear,
ringing voice, repeated: "I do solemnly
swear that I will faithfully execute
the office of President of the United
States, and will to the best of my ability
preserve, protect, and defend the
Constitution of the United States."
After this he remained standing a
moment longer, his hand still raised.
No one spoke or moved.

THE CURIOUS CROWD.

A crowd began to gather in front of
President Arthur's house at an early
hour in the morning, and this was in-
creased as the day advanced. The
passageway from the street to the
house was kept clear by policemen.

Among the earliest callers were Sec-
retaries Blaine and Lincoln. They
left Boston on the previous evening,
and, upon reaching this city this morn-
ing, without waiting for breakfast,
were driven at once to President Ar-
thur's house. The meeting was a sor-
rowful one, the new President mani-
festing deep emotion. The Secretaries
were made acquainted with the fact
that the President intended to go to
Elberon by special train. Invitation
to accompany him was accepted.

SECOND OATH AT THE CAPITAL.

This oath and proceeding were legal
and sufficient so far as power and
authority in the executive office is con-
cerned. But as the oath was adminis-
tered by the judge of a State, any record
made of it would be of the State. Gen.
Arthur took the oath at the time and
in the unusual manner he did, to meet
the unprecedented emergency. There-
fore upon arrival at Washington Gen.
Arthur proceeded at once to conform
to the established custom of inaugura-
tion into the presidential office, and to
take the oath administered by a judge
of the United States, so that it might
be officially filed with the archives of
the Nation at her capitol. This scene
at the capitol is thus impressively
described.

Shortly before noon on the 22d, the
Cabinet repaired to the Capitol, and
proceeded to the room of the Vice
President, adjoining the Senate Cham-
ber, and they were soon after joined by
a number of Senators and Representa-
tives. Ex-President Hayes came in
almost immediately, accompanied by
Senator Sherman. The venerable Han-
nibal Hamlin was there; also Senators
Hale, Blair, Garland, Dawes, Anthony,
and Edmunds, and Representatives
Randall, Kasson, Thomas, George R.
Davis, Hiseock, McCook and Towns-
hend. The only other person there be-
fore the Presidential party arrived was
ex-District Attorney George Bliss, of
New York. At a few minutes to 12,
President Arthur, accompanied by
General Grant, Senator Jones, of Ne-
vada, District Attorney Rollins, of
New York, and the President's Private
Secretary, Mr. Reed, entered the room.
General Sherman, in full uniform, came
about the same time. The President
proceeded at once to take a position in
the middle of the room at the north
end of the marble table that stands in
the center, and awaited the coming of
the Judges of the Supreme Court. In
about ten minutes, the court having
been notified, the Chief Justice entered
the room accompanied by Associate
Justices Matthews and Harlan, and
ex-Associate Justice Strong. The
Chief Justice was arrayed in the robes
of office, but the other Judges were in
citizens' dress. The gentlemen present,
who had remained standing, formed a
circle around the President, who stood
several feet in advance and awaited the
beginning of the ceremonies, which
were very brief.

THE PRESIDENT APPEARED CALM.

although still somewhat pale from the
excitement of the last few days. The
President was dressed in black, wear-
ing a Prince Albert coat closely buttoned
across the breast.

After the Chief Justice and the as-
sociate Justices, immediately behind
him, had taken their positions, the
Clerk of the Supreme Court, Mr. Mc-
Kinney, entered carrying a Bible,
which he opened haphazard and hand-

ed it to chief Justice Waite. The
President immediately placed his left
hand upon it with the right uplifted.
Justice Waite proceeded to repeat the
ordinary oath of office for President of
the United States, not reading it from
the Constitution, but reciting it from
memory. President Arthur responded
in a firm voice, "I do," and then, after
the silence of a moment, said, in a firm
and impressive voice, "So help me God."
As he said this he stooped and kiss-
ed the open book.

THE PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

"For the fourth time in the history
of the republic its chief Magistrate has
been removed by death. All hearts
are filled with grief and horror at the
hideous crime which has darkened our
land, and the memory of the murdered
President, his protracted sufferings,
his unyielding fortitude, the example
and achievements of his life, and the
pallor of his death, will forever illumine
the pages of our history.

"For the fourth time the officer elect-
ed by the people, and ordained by the
Constitution, to fill the vacancy so
created, is called to assume the execu-
tive chair. The wisdom of our fathers,
foreseeing even the most dire possibili-
ties, made sure that the government
should never be imperiled because of
the uncertainty of human life. Men
may die, but the fabrics of our free in-
stitutions remain unshaken. No high-
er or more assuring proof could exist
of the strength and permanency of
popular government than the fact that,
though the chosen of the people be
stricken down, his constitutional suc-
cessor is peacefully installed without
shock or strain, except the sorrow
which mourns the bereavement. All
the noble aspirations of my lamented
predecessor, which found expression
in his life; the measures devised and
suggested during his brief adminis-
tration to correct abuses and enforce
economy; to advance the prosperity
and promote the general welfare; to
insure domestic security, and maintain
friendly and honorable relations with
the nations of the earth, will be garner-
ed in the

HEARTS OF THE PEOPLE.

and it will be my earnest endeavor to
profit, and to see that the nation shall
profit, by his example and experience.
Prosperity blesses our country, our
fiscal policy, fixed by law, is well ground-
ed and generally approved. No threat-
ening issue mars our foreign inter-
course, and the wisdom, integrity, and
thrift of our people may be trusted to
continue undisturbed in the present
assured career of peace, fraternity, and
welfare. The gloom and anxiety
which have enshrouded the country
must make repose especially welcome
now. No demand for speedy legisla-
tion has been heard; no adequate
occasion is apparent for an unusual
session of Congress. The constitution
defines the functions and powers of
the executive as clearly as those of
either of the other departments of the
government, and he must answer for
the just exercise of the discretion it
permits, and the performance of the
duties it imposes. Summoned to these
high duties and responsibilities, and
profoundly conscious of their magni-
tude and gravity, I assume the trust
imposed by the constitution, relying
for aid on divine guidance, and the
virtue, patriotism, and intelligence of
the American people."

When the distinguished gentlemen
who had witnessed the ceremonies had
grasped the president's hand, congrat-
ulating him on his very felicitous in-
augural remarks, the Cabinet officers,
by the hand of Secretary Blaine, ten-
dered their resignations, as is the cus-
tom when a new Executive takes the
helm; but they were all informally de-
clined, and the President asked it as a
personal favor that the cabinet should
continue, as they are, at the heads of
departments. Secretary Blaine assured
the President that he could depend
upon them to use their best efforts to
tranquillize the country, and to aid him
in the performance of his duties in the
present trying circumstances. Of
course the President, in this hour of
national grief, could not give a thought
to the formation or reorganization of
his cabinet. What he will do here-
after may only be surmised.

A freight train was thrown from
the track at Shelton Neb., one day last
week. The fireman, J. M. Levey, was
killed, and Benj. Holten, engineer, had
an arm broken. The cause of the
disaster was a hand car wheel which
had been placed on the track by some
flood, who will have little mercy shown
him if detected.

—Stevenson & Cross carry a line of
goods that no other house in Nebraska
carries—always glad to see old custom-
ers and new, and prices will be found
as low as goods can possibly be sold.