

ESTABLISHED 1856.
Oldest Paper in the State.

BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA, THURSDAY, MAY 26, 1881.

VOL. 25, NO. 49.

BUSINESS CARDS.

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ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
Office of County Judge, Brownville, Nebraska.

A. S. HOLLADAY,
Physician, Surgeon, Obstetrician.
Graduated in 1851. Located in Brownville 1856.
Office, 31 Main street, Brownville, Neb.

J. W. GIBSON,
BLACKSMITH AND HORSE SHOER
Work done to order and satisfaction guaranteed.
First street, between Main and Atlantic, Brownville, Neb.

PAT CLINE,
FASHIONABLE
BOOT AND SHOE MAKER
CUSTOM WORK made to order, and fit always guaranteed. Repairing neatly and promptly done.
Shop, No. 27 Main street, Brownville, Neb.

JACOB MAROHN,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
and dealer in
Fine English, French, Scotch and Fancy Cloths,
Vestings, Etc., Etc.
Brownville, Nebraska.

USE For all Diseases of the Throat
and Lungs the
GREEN MOUNTAIN
Cough Syrup
Used in private practice since 1835. Put before
the public 1869. NEVER FAILS!
Read our guarantee, among BALSAM
O. C. Day & Brackett.
Sole Proprietors, Kansas City, Mo.
For sale by J. J. BENDER, Druggist,
Nebraska City.

B. M. BAILEY,
SHIPPER AND DEALER IN
LIVE STOCK
BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA.
Farmers, please call and get prices; I want
to handle your stock.
Office—First National Bank.

Isaac Williams,
Proprietor
CENTRAL
Meat Market,
Brownville, Neb.,
Keeps only first class Meat
Cash paid for Poultry and Hides and
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

ESTABLISHED IN 1856.
OLDEST
Real Estate Agency
IN NEBRASKA.

William H. Hoover.
Does a general Real Estate Business. Sells
Lands on Commission, examines Titles,
makes Deeds, Mortgages, and all Instru-
ments pertaining to the transfer of Real Es-
tate. Has a
Complete Abstract of Titles
to all Real Estate in Nebraska County.

CARD COLLECTORS.
1st. Buy seven bars Dob-
bins' Electric Soap of your
Grocer.
2d. Ask him to give you a
bill of it.
3d. Mail us his bill and
your full address.
4th. We will mail you,
FREE, seven beautiful
cards, in six colors and gold,
representing Shakespeare's
"Seven Ages of Man."

I. L. CRAGIN & CO.,
116 South Fourth Street,
Philadelphia, Pa.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

Legal Notice.

In the District Court of Nemaha County,
State of Nebraska.
Hiram O. Minick, administra-
tor of the estate of Jacob
Dustin, Deceased,
vs.
Eliza A. Grinnell and the un-
known heirs of Jacob Dus-
tin, Deceased.
Order to show cause.
It appearing from the petition in the above
entitled cause that there is not sufficient
personal estate in the hands of said admin-
istrator to pay the debts outstanding against
the deceased and the expenses of adminis-
tration and that it is necessary to sell real
estate for the payment thereof.
It is hereby ordered that notice be given
by publication in the NEBRASKA ADVER-
TISER as required by law in such case, that
all persons interested in said estate appear
before the Judge of the Second Judicial Dis-
trict of Nebraska, sitting at chambers at
the Academy of Music in the city of Lin-
coln, Lancaster County, Nebraska, on the
23d day of June, 1881, at 3 o'clock P.
M., to show cause why a license should not
be granted to said Administrator to sell so
much of the real estate of said deceased de-
scribed in the petition as shall be necessary
to pay such debts. S. B. FOUNT,
49-w4 Judge.

Legal Notice.

In the District Court of Nemaha County,
Nebraska.
Charles L. Flint, Plaintiff,
vs.
Mary Houchins and Belle Edwards,
formerly Belle Houchins, DeTs.
The above named Mary Houchins, non
resident defendant, will take notice that on
the 23d day of April, 1881, Charles L. Flint
plaintiff, filed his petition in the District
court of Nemaha county, Nebraska, against
said defendants, the object and prayer of
which is to quiet the title of the plaintiff in
and to the South-West quarter of the South-
West quarter of section Twenty-Four, Town-
ship six in Range Three East, in Nemaha
county, Nebraska, and the relief demanded
consists in excluding defendants from all
title or interest therein.
You are required to answer or otherwise
oppose said petition on or before the 4th
day of July, 1881.
CHARLES L. FLINT,
By J. H. BROADY and S. A. OSBORN, HIS
ATTORNEYS.

ESTATE OF FREDERICK SEDORAS, De-
ceased. In the matter of following the final
administration account of W. H. Lorance,
administrator with the will annexed, of
the estate of Frederick Sedoras, deceased.
Notice is hereby given that on June 24, A.
D. 1881 at 10 o'clock a. m. at the office of
the County Judge of Nemaha County, Ne-
braska, in Brownville Nebraska, has been
fixed by the court as the time and place for
examining and allowing said account when
and where all persons interested may
appear and contest the same.
Dated May 6th 1881.
JOHN S. STULL,
County Judge.

ESTATE OF BARNETT HAWS, Deceased.
In the County Court of Nemaha County,
Nebraska.
Notice is hereby given that June 7th and
December 10th 1881, at 10 o'clock A. M., of
each day, at the office of the County Judge of
Nemaha County, Nebraska, in Brownville,
Nebraska, have been fixed by the court as
the times and place when and where all per-
sons who have claims and demands against
said deceased can have the same examined,
adjusted and allowed. All claims not pre-
sented at the last mentioned time will be for-
ever barred, by order of the court.
Dated May 9th, 1881.
JOHN S. STULL,
County Judge.

Commissioners Sale of Real Estate.
NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of
an order of sale issued out of the District
Court of Nemaha County, Nebraska, and to
be directed as referees and commissioners in
the case hereinafter mentioned upon an order
and decree rendered by the court in a
certain action therein pending, wherein
Bryant Cobb, is plaintiff and Martha Finley,
Nancy Allison, Clark Cobb, Williamson
Cobb, Pinkney Cobb, David Cobb, David
Cobb, Catharin King, Martha Cobb, Fran-
cis Cobb, Seymour Cobb, Nancy A.
King, Williamson R. W. Cobb, Newton C.
Corley, Louisa Inman, Martha S. McCalla,
Eliza Nelson, Martha K. Keel, and John A.
Irwin, are defendants. We will offer for
sale at public auction at the door of the
Court House in Brownville in said County
on Friday May 27, 1881 at one o'clock in the
afternoon of that day the following real
estate in Nemaha County, to-wit:
S W 1/4 sec 13, town 5, range 13, E.—160 acres.
S E 1/4 sec. 13, town 5, range 13, E.—160 acres.
N E 1/4 sec. 13, town 5, range 13, E.—160 acres.
S E 1/4 sec. 33, town 5, range 13, E.—160 acres.
Terms of Sale.—One third cash; One-third
in one year, and one-third in two years or
much as the purchaser may desire to pay,
over one-third on day of sale.
Deferred payments to draw interest at the
rate of ten per cent. per annum, payable an-
nually, from date of sale.
WILLIAM H. HOOVER, Referee and
DAVIDSON J. COMBS,
JEFFERSON H. BROADY, Alys. 49-w5

Legal Notice.

JOHN HAUMAN, Owner of the real estate
hereinafter described, you are hereby no-
tified that the following described real estate
to-wit: All of block fifty-five (55), situated in
the town of London, Nemaha County, Ne-
braska, was duly purchased at tax sale on
the 11th day of April, 1879, from A. H. Gil-
more, as County Treasurer of said county,
by A. F. and James Knox for the taxes levied
thereon respectively for the years 1877,
1878, 1879, 1873, 1872 and 1871, and remain-
ing delinquent and unpaid up to the time
of said tax sale.
You are also notified that the said land was
taxed for the years aforesaid in the name of
John Hauman, and certificate of said pur-
chase was on the 29th day of April 1880 duly
assigned to the undersigned. You are fur-
ther notified that the time of redemption of
said land from said tax sale thereof will ex-
pire September 1st 1881, and that unless said
lands are redeemed from said tax sale on or
before said last named date said will be de-
manded by and issued to the undersigned
pursuant to said sale and assignment there-
of for said land.
Dated April 25th, 1881.
49-w4 J. F. WINTERS.

Road Notice for Damages.
To all whom it may concern: The com-
missioner appointed to locate a county
road, commencing at the center of section
20, township 4, North of range 16 east and
running thence South 40/100 chains to a
stake on the south line of said section 20,
terminating at said stake, has reported in
favor of the establishment thereof, and all
objections thereto, or claims for damages,
must be filed in the county clerk's office on
or before noon of the 18th day of June, A. D.
1881, or such road will be established, with-
out reference thereto.
SAMUEL CULBERTSON,
County Clerk.

For constipation, costiveness and in-
digestion, take Dr. Marshall's Bromoline.
Big bottles. Price fifty cents. Druggists
will get it for you.

Robertson was confirmed on the 19th
inst., by an almost unanimous vote.

Mrs. President Garfield has been
dangerously sick, but is convalescent
now.

The Robertson Republicans of New
York are very appropriately called
half-breeds.

Justice Stanley Matthews has taken
the oath of office and been assigned to
the 6th district.

U. S. Judge I. C. Parker has rendered
a decision that the Indian Territory is
not subject to settlement by whites.

Senator Conkling's close friends
understand that he did not leave the
Senate with the intention of returning
and that he will decline a re-election if
tendered him.

The sheriff of Kimball county,
Texas, held John Patton as a prisoner,
and a mob compelled the sheriff to de-
liver him into their hands. Patton
was then shot to death.

We are frequently reminded by our
contemporaries that Mr. Garfield is
President. That is true, but the
trouble seems to be in the fact that he
imagines that he is also the Senate.

Conkling's opponents in New York
fired one hundred guns and had a grand
time over the confirmation of Robert-
son. The Democrats are also happier
than they have been for many a day.

It is related that at Columbus, Ohio,
in a local Democratic convention, the
other day, a speaker urged a candidate
as a man who would control "not only
the votes of all Democrats, but—but
sir, many honest men besides."

Premier Blaine is generally blamed
for the war made made by the Presi-
dent upon Conkling. It takes "right
smart" backbone for even a President
to resist the magnetic manipulations
of a man of the ability and ambition
of Blaine.

Senator John Sherman thought the
war with Conkling a needless one, and
said to a senatorial friend: "General
Garfield will have to change his advisers
very soon or else he is gone to the
devil."
Sherman means Blaine.

NEW YORK, May 18.—A dispatch
from London gives the main point of
the Standard's review of the revised
testament. The writer of the article
says that whatever scholars may think
of the labors of the revisers the impres-
sion produced upon the public mind is
one of disappointment and dissatisfaction.

The administration might have safely
been contented with triumph over
the common enemy. There was no
need to attack and overthrow a grand
leader like Conkling, as a gladiatorial
exhibition of the strength of another
leader who dislikes him personally.—
State Journal.

That is reasonable; but it is the first
opportunity Blaine ever had to get
even with Conkling, whom he dislikes
more than he does the common enemy.
The picture of a gladiatorial exhibition
shows that one of the actors has his
hands tied.

The greatness of Conkling, his in-
fluence and power, is admitted by his
traders in the fact that they blame
the opposition to Robertson to Conkling
alone when at the same time the
other Senator, the Vice President and
Postmaster General were also opposed
to that appointment, and united in a
petition to the President not to make
it. And add to these facts the further
one that the principal bankers, shippers,
merchants, and all the principal capi-
talists of New York united in a prayer
to the President to let the collector-
ship at that post alone for the present,
it appears to be unfair, untruthful and
unmanly for editors to attempt to
create the impression that all the ob-
jection and opposition to Robertson
originated in the imperious will of one
man, however great may be his intel-
lectual force. The facts according to
the evidence is that not only Conkling
but the commercial, financial and
political interests of New York were
opposed to Robertson's appointment.

There is solid irony in the *Inter
Ocean's* remark, "We have lost Conk-
ling, but we have Robertson, thank
heaven for that!" And the following
is a true photo. of the fellow over
whom all this hell has been raised in
the Republican party:

The more that Judge Robertson's
political record is examined into the
more plain it appears that the Republi-
cans of New York are justified in
their indignation at his nomination.
He has never acted with the Republi-
can party, except with the prospect of
personal gain. He has bolted his party
nominations three times, and has re-
peatedly accepted a nomination upon
an independent ticket after failing to
secure Republican indorsement. He
supported the Democratic National
ticket in 1872, and before the Chicago
convention repeatedly announced his
intention to support it again in case
Grant was nominated. He represents
a Democratic district in the State
Senate of New York, and is tolerated
by the Republicans of that district be-
cause no other Republican could be
elected there. Judge Robertson se-
cures his election every year by the aid
of the New York Central Railroad,
which employs several thousand hands,
mostly Democrats, in his county, and
compels them to vote for him as the
attorney of that corporation in the
State Senate. He secures his election
as delegate to State and National con-
ventions by the votes of these same
Democrats at the Republican primar-
ies. By the aid of railroad influence
he is a miniature "Boss."

When it became known that
Robertson had been nominated for the
New York collectorship, the Vice
President, the Postmaster General and
both the new New York Senators
joined in the following card to the
President:
To the President:
We beg leave to remonstrate against
a change in the collectorship at New
York by the removal of Mr. Merritt
and the appointment of Mr. Robertson.
The proposal was wholly a surprise. We
heard of it only when several nomina-
tions involved in the plan was announced
in the senate. We had only two
days before this been informed from
you that a change in the custom offi-
cers at New York was not contemplated,
and quite ignorant of the purpose
to take any action now, we had no
opportunity until after the nominations
to make suggestions we now present.
We do not believe that the interests of
the public service will be promoted by
removing the present collector and put-
ting Mr. Robertson in his stead. Our
opinion is quite the reverse, and we
believe no political advantage can be
gained for either the republican party
or its principles. Believing that no in-
dividual has claims or obligations
which should be liquidated in such
mode, we ask that the nomination of
Mr. Robertson be withdrawn.
(Signed.) CHESTER A. ARTHUR.
T. C. PLATT.
THOMAS L. JAMES.
ROSCOE CONKLING.

When the name of Judge Robertson
was submitted to the Senate for the
office of Collector of this port, the
office was not vacant. The term of
Collector Merritt had not expired, and
was not about to expire. Mr. Merritt
had given no intimation of a desire
to leave the office, and no allegation
was offered that he was not perform-
ing its duties satisfactorily. Not only
was there no reason for a change, but,
the Collector being admitted to be
efficient, honest and experienced,
reason was altogether against it.—*N.
Y. Times.*

And Postmaster General James,
Vice President Arthur and the two
New York Senators join in charging
the President with having told them
only two days before Robertson's name
was sent to the Senate, that the New
York collectorship would not be inter-
fered with. This smacks of a weak-
ness that we are at a loss to account
for, but must be one of two things,
viz: downright duplicity, or a prema-
ture promise made—made in good
faith but afterward overruled by Pre-
mier Blaine. And take either view
of the case the conclusion cannot be
avoided that the whole matter was in-
tended as an insult to Conkling.

LONDON, May 18.—The new Hungar-
ian loan of £16,000,000 of 4 per cent.
gold rents, for the conversion of 6 per
cent. gold rents, is expected to be more
than covered in London alone. The
scrip is already quoted at 2 1/2 premium.

A dramatic troupe, traveling in the
South were pelted with eggs when
they undertook to play "Uncle Tom's
Cabin."

MISCELLANEOUS.

The two Talbott brothers, Mary-
ville, Mo., are to be hanged for murder-
ing their father, on 24th of June.

The general committee of Albany
county passed resolutions sustaining
Conkling and Platt.

The nihilists have answered the
manifesto of the czar by a proclama-
tion saying they accept the war which
has been forced upon them and are con-
fident of victory. The greater the op-
pression the firmer will the people
become.

It is said that Hanlan will this
season educate a young man named
Quinn, of Prescott, Ont., to be a cham-
pion.

The New York Sun says Senator
Conkling may be arbitrary and exact-
ing, but he is never deceitful.

At Denver, J. S. Rhynus murdered
his wife while she was asleep; he then
attempted to cut his own throat, but
hadn't the nerve.

Near Des Moines, Ed. Post, aged 18;
his sister aged 9, and Myrtle Collins
aged 13, were drowned while boat rid-
ing.

Pat. Quinlan, a worthless drunkard,
N. Y. city, shot his mother twice and
fatally because she could not give him
money to buy more whisky.

A dispatch from Kansas says that
the measures taken to discourage
emigrants from going to that State on
account of the new temperance law
have failed, and that immigration is
larger than ever before.

J. W. Lacy, a stock man was mur-
dered at Durango, Col. by Dan Hanand.

Lieutenant Cherry, of the Fifth
Cavalry, was killed in a fight with a
party of outlaws near Niobrara, Neb.
He was one of the most brilliant young
officers in the service, and was univer-
sally admired and respected. Cherry
was Adjutant of the Thornburg com-
mand in the disastrous collision with
the Utes in 1879, and distinguished
himself for bravery in that terrible
fight.

Governor Overton, of the Chickasaw
Nation, has raised an army of 300
Indians, and ordered all white men to
leave the Territory before June. He
had previously demanded of the Texan
herders 25 cents per head for grazing
cattle, which they refused to pay. In
the Choctaw Nation, on the ground
that nearly all the white residents
have settled without proper authority,
Governor Curtin has instructed the
Sheriffs to immediately organize and
arm militia, and drive out the invaders.

Who sounded the slogan of protec-
tion to American industry? Whose
voice was it, raised in Cooper Institute,
that gave to the republican party a
war cry, to its leaders a theme, and to its
rank and file an earnest and aggressive
purpose? Who so timid and framed his
utterance as to make the capture
of Democratic Indiana the turning
point of the campaign? Who is the
man that, by virtue of his personal
strength, ringing eloquence, and tower-
ing statesmanship, was unanimously
accorded the leadership of the republi-
can party in the hour of its greatest
peril?

That man was Roscoe Conkling.
What has been his reward? He has
been affronted, insulted and humiliat-
ed until outraged self-respect and a
manly sense of independence have
compelled him to leave the senate
chamber of the United States. If to
sympathize with and admire Mr.
Conkling—if to believe him right in
his controversy—if to follow him to
private life with undisguised regret
and admiration—if to hope for his
early return victorious to the front
rank of the republican party—if this
be treason to the principles, traditions
and aims of the great republican party,
there are millions of traitors, of whom
we are one of the least.—*State Journal.*
And here's another.

ALBANY, May 18.—The meeting in
honor of Robertson was a most enthu-
siastic one. Between 8,000 and 10,000
persons were present, who stood in a
drizzling rain to listen to speeches,
which in every case, heartily support-
ed the administration and denounced
the senators for what was termed
their rash and uncalled for act. Up to
a late hour to-night it seems to be the
universal feeling that a re-election will
be impossible. Meetings have been
held throughout the state and resolu-
tions passed congratulating Robertson
on his confirmation and expressing con-
fidence in the president.