THE ADVERTISER

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1880.

NATIONAL THANKSGIVING.

President's Proclamation.

At no period in their history since the United States became a nation, has this people had so abundant and so universal reasons for joy and gratitude at the favor of Almighty God, and been subject to so profound obligation to give thanks for his loving kindness, and humbly to implore his continued care and protection. Health, wealth, and prosperity throughout our borders peace, honor, and friendship with all the world, firm and faithful adherence by the great body of our population to the principles of liberty and justice, which has made our greatness as a nation, and to the wise institutions and strong form of government and society, which will perpetuate it, for all these the thanks of a happy and united people, as with one voice, ascend in devout homage to the giver of all good. Therefore, I recommend that on Thursday, the 25th day of November, next, the people will meet in their respective places of worship to make their acknowledgments to Almighty God for his bounties and his protection, and offer to him prayers for their continuance.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the City of Washington on the 1st day of November, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and eighty, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and fifth.

[Signed.] R. B. HAYES,
President.

WILLIAM M. EVARTS,
Secretary of State.

Garfield's plurality in Indiana is 6,540.

Gen. Grant will soon become a resident of Washington City.

St. Louis was not satisfied with the census, and it is being retaken in that city.

On the 11th inst., the treasury department purchased 515,000 ounces fine silver bullion.

Hon. Erasmus Cole has been appointed Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Wisconsin.

Another woman's bank has failed. This one in New York, and Mrs. Warren, the president, is missing.

— Thos. Hawes, of Schuyler has been sentenced to five years in the penitentiary for attempting to kill a man.

For a most singular conglomeration of truth, falsehood and egotism we commend the Chicago *Times* of the 4th inst.

Ben. Hill has written a letter on the situation. It's a funny effusion, and will cause many a smile of derision in the North. Ben. is rather a light weight.

Gen. W. S. Harney, the famous old Indian fighter, visited New York a few days ago. He is now 82 years old, 6 feet 3 inches high and yet straight as an arrow.

If the Republicans in Congress have the power to elect the Speaker, that prize will probably go to Kasson of Iowa, or Frye of Maine. Conger, however is spoken of.

The official vote of Ohio is as follows: Garfield, 375,048; Hancock, 340,871; Weaver, 5,456; Dow, 2,916; Garfield's plurality, 34,177; Garfield over all, 26,105.

The election in Maine is much better than first reported. Garfield, received 74,000; Hancock-Weaver, 64,800; Weaver straight, 4,075; Dow, 66; Garfield's majority over all, 5,000.

The *Herald* special from Stubenville, says the trial trip for speed over the Pan Handle road, between Newark and Stubenville, 117 miles, the train made fifty-five miles per hour. From Stubenville to Pittsburg, forty-three miles, at the rate of fifty, the fastest mile in fifty-two seconds.

In Ulster county, New York the chairman of the Democratic central committee, under Barnum's direction, protests against counting Garfield's vote on the ground that the tickets were printed in plain type—to a defeated Democrat's eye. That's awful thin, and the vote will be counted all the same.

Had the Southern States permitted the Republican party to vote and counted the vote fairly, Garfield would have two-thirds of the popular vote of that section. But under the Democratic system of obtaining majorities in the South, they make and publish any amount of "popular majority" they please. They now claim only about sixty thousand for Hancock. That is extremely modest when they could have made it five hundred and sixty thousand just as well.

Inter Ocean: The enormity of Chairman Barnum's crime in attempting, by forgery and perjury, to injure General Garfield's reputation, is just beginning to be realized. No such infamous plot was ever concocted before, and, as the details are disclosed, all honest people, irrespective of party, must shudder at the narrow escape of the government of the United States from being entrusted to the control of such knaves. The disclosures yesterday, ending with a tragic denouement, will lead to other developments. Philp, the forger, will be lost sight of before the investigation is ended, and more conspicious men, who have hitherto been considered respectable, will be exhibited to the world in their true character.

The election of Garfield is a protest against the cruelty and intolerence of the South. It is a demand for the protection of the citizen whatever his color and wherever he may reside.—*Inter Ocean.*

That is the whole matter in a nutshell. For the last four years the people of the North have, weekly, opened their newspapers and read the stories of the intolerance of the South—of proscription, intimidation, banishment and death—for opinion's sake. And at each recurring election they have read the unquestionable evidences of all the devilish methods resorted to by the Southern Democracy to prevent a free expression at the ballot box. Thus has been planted and nourished in the North, amongst a people who are shocked at the very idea of any other system than that of free speech and free, fair elections, a feeling of resentment, natural and proper, that awaited only the occasion to administer the rebuke they have in the overwhelming election of Gen. Garfield, who represents the party and the Northern idea of toleration and the rights of all men North, South, East and West. This has contributed more toward making the North solid than any other question. The tariff issue was only secondary; and State rights is simply another name for Southern intolerence. Whenever the Southern States shall tolerate any and all political opinions—whenever the stalwart Republican of the North shall have the same tolerance and protection in the South as the most rampant fire eater of the South has in the North; and whenever the farmer, mechanic, lawyer, doctor or any citizen of Nebraska, Iowa or Kansas, are allowed to settle in South Carolina, Mississippi or Louisiana, with free expression of opinion, without dread of dire punishment therefor, and shall receive such tolerance as the Southerner receives in the most radical of Northern States, then the principal cause of complaint of the North against the South will be removed. The Northern man claims that he has the right to remove to the South and buy or rent land, and become a citizen to all intents and purposes, with all the privileges of making speeches, running for office and voting with any political party he may choose to affiliate—even the Republican party—and so long as he cannot or dare not do this he realizes that he is deprived of important rights under the constitution and laws of the Nation, and so long as the South persists in denying these common rights, just so long will he resent the wrong by voting against that section that enforces and perpetuates the wrong. The North demands its rights, simply—it demands the tolerance of the citizen by the citizen of this Republic, in all rights under the law everywhere, and whenever this glorious time shall come this will be a free and independent Nation in deed and in truth, as well as in theory.

The campaign being now over, it will probably be admitted that Hancock was at Gettysburg and rendered efficient service there.—*Chicago Times.*

But Gen. Baxter, of Philadelphia, a man of accredited truth, and who was in a position to know, says he was *not* at the battle of Gettysburg, proper—or the third day's battle; that he was wounded on the day before, or 2d of July, was confined to the hospital, or his tent on the 3d, so that he did not command his corps. How is all this? The people, who would not deprive General Hancock of a single laurel, are in doubt. Gen. Slocum has said that Hancock selected the battle ground, all the other Generals who were there say otherwise. "The campaign being now over, it will probably be admitted" that Hancock did not select the ground and that the brave General Meade selected it, and was the real hero of Gettysburg. It will probably be admitted that too much was claimed for Hancock, and that a loved dead General was robbed of legitimate fame to bolster up the Hancock boom.

There has been a singularity in the utterances of the two late candidates for President of the United States. Gen. Hancock has written principally what he has had to say. In all he has said, or written, he "put his foot in it" so to speak, as now admitted by his supporters. With Gen. Garfield it has been just the contrary. He has written but one letter, and that was in relation to the Morey Letter. That "struck the nail on the head," and has resulted in unfolding and exposing one of the grandest outrages ever perpetrated. In his short speeches in response to calls "every i has been dotted, and every t crossed," in common parlance! He made no mistakes! One of his best short speeches was on the occasion of a call by President Fairchild, the faculty, and five hundred students of Oberlin College, since the election. He closed by saying: "I shall be pleased to have you all pass through my house, and let my roof cover you for a moment."

Judge Briggs is too well known and respected in Omaha to be injured in the least by slush and gush of the great American sunflower.—*Bee.*

The "slush and gush" of the *Herald* may be hard on the Judge, but the slimy indorsement of the *Bee* is infinitely worse. When the *Bee* praises any Omaha citizen it always creates a suspicion in our mind that the person indorsed is just the reverse of what the *Bee* says he is. Judge Briggs is, we believe, truly respected in Omaha, but he ought to have a better witness than Rosewater if it is ever necessary to prove it.

The South Carolina census includes the following townships: Giddy Swamp, Due West, Long Cane, Tabernacle, Dark Corner, Alligator, Ebenezer, Sammy Swamp, Pee Dee, Pocotaligo, Seufflettown, Privateer, Swimming, Pens, Pumpkintown, and Turkey.

Who but Wade Hampton is fitted to be king of such a country of classical names? Hampton is the right man in the right place.

SELECT TELEGRAMS.

FINE ORE.

LEADVILLE, Nov. 11.—The new camp at Battle Mountain in the Eagle river district, continues to improve and promises to be one of the richest camps in Colorado. The first load of bullion from that district arrived today. The Belden is bringing to the smelters twenty tons per day. Experts pronounce it the best smelting ore yet discovered in Colorado.

CHICAGO, Nov. 11.—John McCarthy, a city employe, who attempted to drag a U. S. deputy marshal from the polls in the ninth ward on election day, was bound over to the grand jury in the sum of $5,000, by U. S. Commissioner Hoyne. This makes the fifth official committed for similar offense.

R. R. CONNECTION WITH OLD MEXICO.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—The *World* reports that Romero, formerly minister of Mexico in the United States, tonight entertained at dinner at Delmonico's, Gen. Grant, together with a number of the leading railway men of the United States, including Gould, General Palmer, Coolidge, of Boston, Huntington, Samuel Sloan, Woenshaffer, Russell Sage, and others and laid before them the question of railway communication with Mexico, in a long and elaborate speech, in which he urged American capitalists to come to the assistance of Mexico in developing her means of internal relations. Gen. Grant being called upon by Mr. Romero, to express his views, made a lengthy speech urging cultivation of friendly and commercial relations with Mexico, and says, that with the building of railroads and telegraphs, there need be no more apprehension for safety of capital invested there than in our own country.

GRAIN EXPORTS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—It is expected that the total exports of grain from the port of New York for the year ending next January will reach 125,000,000 bushels. Up to November 1 it had already reached 117,000,000 bushels.

ARRESTS OF DEMOCRATS.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Nov. 11—Thirty-nine warrants of arrests for offences under the election laws have already been issued by the United States official in Charleston. Without exception the accused are Democrats. A number of arrests have also been made in Richmond and other counties, and the dockets of the Circuit Court will be full in April.

HOLOCAUST.

BRADFORD, Pa., Nov. 11.—A terrible casualty happened last evening near Brown's saw-mill, at Bordell City, twelve miles from here. A number of men were in their boarding-house sitting around the fire; four others had gone to bed up stairs. As the fire begun to burn low in the stove, one of the men dipped a cupfull of oil from a bucket at hand and poured it on the coals. The oil remaining in the cup caught fire, and the person holding it threw the blazing fire away, and it fell into the bucket. An explosion immediately followed, and the burning fluid scattered all around the room, deluging the clothing of the men with the flaming oil. The men rushed out enveloped in a sheet of fire, and writhed on the ground in agony. Meanwhile the house burned rapidly, and in the embers were found the charred bodies of the four who were up stairs. Their names are Elliott, Brown, Staley, and Hyde. Of those down stairs Joe Dannock, Henry Monroe, Frank Welsh, and another, name unknown, are dead. Fifth one not expected to recover.

DESTRUCTIVE CYCLONE.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 11.—A Shreveport special to the *Times* says: "A cyclone passed over Keachie yesterday evening, literally demolishing the town, including the Baptist Church and Baptist Female College, killing Professor Reynolds, who had arrived the day before from Mississippi; badly wounding and breaking a leg of the Rev. Mr. Tucker, principal of college; also breaking leg and shoulder of his son, Bush. Many other people were badly hurt.

THIRTY YEARS.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Nov. 11.—Louis E. Sawdy, of Ottawa County, was convicted at Grand Haven to-day of an attempt to commit a criminal assault on a little girl but 7 years old, as was telegraphed at the time of his arrest. He was sentenced for thirty years.

IOWA'S VOTE.

DES MOINES, IA., Nov. 12.—The *State Register* has now the official returns from the 99 counties in Iowa, with the following result: Garfield, 183,954; Hancock, 105,928; Weaver, 33,590; scattering, 470. Total vote cast, 323,832, an increase of 3,593 over 1876. Iowa gives Garfield 78,026 majority over Hancock, which is the largest majority it has ever given any man.

ELECTRIC LIGHT AT OGDEN.

SALT LAKE, Nov. 13.—Ogden is the first city west of the Mississippi river to adopt the electric light. A flag staff, sixty feet high, is to be run up from the court house, giving an elevation of two hundred feet, containing four lights, of three thousand candle power. Each are guaranteed to abundantly illuminate a mile in diameter. The lights will be in operation in January.

JUDGE DAVIS' OPINION.

NEW YORK, November 13.—Judge Noah Davis rendered his opinion today to a crowded court room. His decision was quite lengthy and was attentively listened to throughout. He pronounced the letter a forgery of the worst kind, and severely censured Hon. Abram S. Hewitt, one of the national committeemen of the democratic party, for the part he took. He made a lengthy review of the testimony and ordered that the prisoner be held for trail. The bail was fixed at $5,000.

BURIED ALIVE.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 10.—Willie Burns, aged six years, and Charley Zelenka, living in an outlying ward, and not returning home last night, parents, neighbors and police to-day prosecuted a search, which was unavailing until this afternoon, when they noticed a sand bank in the vicinity which presented the appearance of having caved. Digging into it the lifeless bodies of the children were found covered to the depth of three or four feet.

The South is solid, thank God!—*Okolona States.*

The North is solid, thank God! and
Unlike the South
It is
Not
Too short
At both ends!!!

The Democrats have asserted that while the Republicans had succeeded by fraud, in obtaining sufficient electoral votes to elect Garfield and Arthur, the popular vote was in favor of Hancock and English. This is not so. The popular majorities are in favor of Garfield and Arthur by near 82,000.

MISSISSIPPI.

How Lynch Has Been Counted Out.

From the Vicksburg (Miss.) Herald (Dem.) November 6.

The official vote of this county, as counted by the commissioners, Messrs. William French, Luther Reid, and A. S. Butcher, gives the Democratic electors 1,034 votes, and Chalmers, for Congress, 1,014. The Republican electors have 74 votes, and Lynch, for Congress, 57. Two thousand and fifty-five votes for Republican electors were rejected, because it was claimed by the commissioners they were not in accordance with the law, which says no ticket shall bear a distinguishing mark or device. Two thousand and twenty-nine for Lynch and twenty for Chalmers were also thrown out.

The above report is made from sixteen voting precincts, and was finished yesterday, and forwarded to the Secretary of State at Jackson. Below we have printed copies of the tickets received and rejected, that the people may judge for themselves:

[Here the *Herald* prints an exact copy of the tickets.]

The above is an exact copy of the ticket that was received by the sworn judges, but thrown out by the commissioners.

Now, reader, could you tell, if you had not heard it, why the lower ticket was thrown out? We doubt it. The small printer's dash between the lines is the cause. What do you think of it? Do you not know that these are not "distinguishing marks," not "devices," but that they are merely used in the place of stops? Cut out one of these tickets, fold it up, and see if you can see this outrageous distinguishing mark. The work done yesterday is an outrage on fair play, a violation of the law, a breach of the Democratic platform, and, unless it is denounced and disowned, will return to plague this community.

The objectionable feature of the ticket—or rather the pretext for overriding the will of the majority—is a line, or dash rule, between the names of candidates, like this

And this is taken as a valid reason for disfranchising a whole congressional district. But a congressional body as at present constituted, will not allow such rascality to prevail, and Lynch will get his seat.

A prominent banker in Omaha, who is behind the scenes and know whereof he speaks, says that all the investigations of the last legislature, together with the great muss made over the adoption of the code, were inaugurated and kept alive by the railroad crowd in order that the ways and means committee might be kept busy and the attention of the legislature diverted while the robbing tax act was being passed and anti-railroad legislature thwarted.—*Lincoln Globe.*

Well deu tell!—

What "prominent banker" is it that knows so much?

Isn't it a good thing he has lived to tell the tale?

Why didn't p. b. say so long ago?

What if p. b. had died before he divulged that awful secret?

Wonder if he ever told anybody but Eaton or Rosewater?

What is p. b. doing behind the scenes, any how?

How did he got there?

Did p. b. sneak behind the scenes like a thief or is he there as one of the "crowd."

Did p. b. act as capper whilst the other bandits captured the legislature, or what?

What is p. b. "who is behind the scenes," doing there?

What if "a p. b." never said any such thing?

What if that is one of the *Globe's* fictions?

Barnum and his committee, who a few days ago threatened to overthrow Garfield's majority in New York, have fizzled out by issuing the following:

Whereas, Allegations of fraud in various States, and especially in the State of New York, have been brought to the notice of this committee:

Resolved, That this committee has no jurisdiction over a local violation of election laws; but it recommends the several Democratic committees of of the States where those frauds have been committed to investigate them with a view to exposures of violations of law, and their prompt and just punishment. In relation to the duties of courts, or of Congress, in the premises, the committee is not and cannot be charged with any responsibility.

A resolution was also passed tendering the thanks of the committee to W. H. Barnum (Chairman), to the Advisory Committee, and to the officers of the committee for the efficient and faithful manner in which they performed their respective duties.

The Republican party heartily indorses "exposures of violations of law and prompt and just punishment" to persons, regardless of party, who have committed or connived or conspired at fraud. In all such reformatory measures the Republicans would be glad to have the sincere and honest co-operation of the Democrats.

The Philadelphia *Ledger* says that Secretary Sherman's letter, which indicates a preference for the Senate over the Treasury, is attracting serious attention in financial circles. Referring to his probable retirement from the Treasury, the *Ledger* says:

It is unnecessary to say that if things were to take that turn the feeling among the business men here would be one of unfeigned regret, and this, too, apart from all political or party considerations whatsoever. The predominant sentiment is that, so far as the national finances are concerned, nobody, not even the Democrats now, are desirous of a change, and it is believed the new President, least of all, would contemplate the Secretary's retirement with satisfaction.

Those who voted the Republican ticket for financial motives voted for John Sherman. That's pretty certain, and they would feel disappointed if he should go out of the treasury department.

Another landlord has been shot dead in Ireland. It occurred near Limerick, and his name was Wheeler.

— The Republican Valley railroad will be finished from the west to Blue Springs this week.

— Want butter and eggs. Highest price paid by Stevenson & Cross.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Carried by Bare-Faced Fraud.

From the New York Times.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Nov. 8.—Almost every return received by Chief Supervisor S. T. Poinier from the United States Supervisors of Election contains complaints of fraud, intimidation, violence, and numerous other violations of the election laws, practiced by the Democracy to carry the election. For example: In Edgefield County the Supervisors and Deputy Marshals were informed that the United States had no control over election, in that region, and they were forcibly prevented from performing their functions. In Atken County cannon were planted in the street, opposite polling-places, and Republicans were not allowed to vote. At precincts in Newberry County Supervisors and Deputy Marshals were not allowed to enter the rooms where the boxes were kept, and at one precinct the "red shirt" ruffians rode their horses over colored Republicans and murdered one. In Marion and Chesterfield Counties the badges were torn off the United States election officers, and they were, in several instances, severely beaten. In Georgetown the box holding mostly Republican ballots was removed by the Democratic managers, and one "stuffed" with Democratic tickets was substituted. In Kershaw and Greenville Counties boxes, containing large Republican majorities, were broken open and the ballots destroyed, and in other instances they were carried off and nothing has been heard of them since. In Lancaster County the Republicans were unable to vote, because the express office, at the county seat, refused to deliver their ballots to the Republican County Chairman.

In Barnwell, Anderson, Union, Horry, Chester, Hamton, Darlington, Orangeburg, and Colleton Counties, many polling precincts at which Republican majorities were anticipated, were never opened, and various outrages of the classes already named, were perpetrated. Several precincts were also kept closed in this county, and, especially in this city, the most infamous frauds were unblushingly committed. At the Hope Engine House the Democratic managers drew all but five Republican tickets—out of a total of over 600—from the box to equalize the ballots with the poll list. This was also done at other precincts, though to a less extent. At other places the poll-lists of the managers exceed those kept by the supervisors many hundreds, to account for fraudulent Democratic votes, which were counted in every instance. The ballots used by the Democrats were of the notorious "tissue" pattern, while the Republican tickets were printed on thick paper. It was, therefore, an easy matter to stuff the boxes with the former and draw out the latter to destroy the disparity between the number of ballots and the names on the poll-lists. At all the polling-places from which United States officers were excluded it was utterly useless for Republicans to vote, inasmuch as only Democratic ballots were counted. Those chiefly concerned in these frauds and outrages were men appointed by the State authorities to conduct the election and receive the ballots. It was a farce from beginning to end, and the majority depended merely upon the will and dictation of their Bourbon masters. Even the *News and Courier* feels constrained to say: "With anything like ordinary sense South Carolina is safe. There is a single limitation. The moral sense of the country must not be shocked too severely and too often."

The full result of the election cannot be known until Wednesday. The Election Commissioners will assemble to-morrow to canvass the vote. It is known that in counties which show Republican majorities on the face of the returns they will throw out sufficient boxes to elect the Democratic Congressmen from each district. The advice above quoted is undoubtedly meant for them. Unofficial returns thus far obtained from the Democratic headquarters indicate a desire to keep the Democratic majority below 40,000. The Democratic candidates for Congress will unquestionably obtain certificates of election from the Bourbon canvassers, though Mackey, Lee, and Smalls, if even the votes they received were counted, are entitled to seats from the First, Second, and Fifth districts. The Legislature will, of course, be nine-tenths Democratic. The Hon. D. T. Corbin has been retained by the Republican candidates to fight these frauds before the State courts, but it will require no prophet to foreshadow the result.

Burdette, of the *Hawkeye* exclaims:

HALLELUJAH!

November 3.—I am glad I live in this country. I am glad that this is a white man's government, where an honest negro and decent Chinaman are more respectable than a Caucasian liar and forger. I am glad the people of the United States cannot be hoodwinked with a uniform coat that measures sixty inches around the waist. I am glad that we know Wade Hampton's address. I am glad that the "man who nominated Hancock" felt proud of it while he had the opportunity. I am glad we beat, and I haven't a bit of compassion for the fallen foe. I am glad he is fallen. I wish he had fallen harder. I hope we will throw him harder next time. I will be glad to sit on him for the next twenty years. I am glad we swept a path clear across the country with him.

Well, the elections are over and have gone Republican. To say we regret it does not express our feelings, but we deplore it as a great national disaster. One of the known characteristics of the people—the masses—is that they cannot be made to comprehend their danger, until ruin strides up to their very doors.—*Salem Yeoman.*

Yes, poor fellows, Jeff Davis and Wade Hampton, and all the Southern ku klux, and red shirt, long haired peaked nosed negro whippers and ballot box stuffers, are also feeling very bad about it, and mingle their patriotic tears with those of their little pitiable, contemptible tools scattered thinly through the Northern States.

O'Brien and S. S. Morey, the two witnesses depended upon by the Democracy to sustain the Morey-Chinese letter, have confessed that they both testified falsely, *and were paid for so doing* by money from the National Democratic Committee's treasury. As in 1676, the Democratic party closes its campaign with the most flagrant rascalities.

Church Howe will be the railroad candidate for speaker next winter.—*Lincoln Globe.*

Yes, he seems to be nearly everybody's candidate—and Webster, you'll have to fall into line, or get left.

Foul Play.

The Central City *Item* of the 3d inst., says the body of a man was found in a grove two miles west of that place, which gave every indication of foul play. Traces of strangulation were evident in the swollen neck and discolored face, and the body was lying on its face, with hat, coat and boots off. The coroner's jury rendered a verdict that deceased came to his death in a felonious manner by means unknown. The *Item* gives the following details:

"The body was that of a large, muscular man, apparently about 35 years of age, brown hair and closely shaved face with the exception of a heavy brown moustache. The deceased was fully six feet high and weighed about 200 pounds. His boots, which were fine tongued calfskin, free from mud or travel stains, and new. Upon one of his little fingers was a large gold ring with garnet set, and with the figure of a man's head engraved therein. The clothes that were found indicated that the man, whoever he was had been quite wealthy, and other indications pointed to a gentleman of refinement and education. The body had been dragged some distance from the road, and the theory of those who disinterred the body and examined the locality is that he was murdered by strangulation, and brought to the spot where he was first discovered in some kind of a conveyance. One of the pantaloon pockets was turned inside out and torn down the side. * * Coroner J. E. Morrill has the ring, boots and a piece of the pantaloons for identification. At the present writing the affair is shrouded in impenetrable mystery, but we have no doubt that more light will be thrown upon it at an early day."

The quality of sorghum juice grown in Western Kansas is superior, owing to the long and sunny season. A very extensive sorhum and sugar factory has just been put in operation near Larned. The owner has 700 acres of sorghum, which will give employment to a large number of hands.

CHILDREN

Cry for Pitcher's Castoria. They like it because it is sweet; Mothers like Castoria because it gives health to the child; and Physicians, because it contains no morphine or mineral.

Castoria

Is nature's remedy for assimilating the food. It cures Wind Colic, the raising of Sour Curd and Diarrhœa, allays Feverishness and Kills Worms. Thus the Child has health and the Mother obtains rest. Pleasant, Cheap, and Reliable.

CENTAUR LINIMENTS

The most effective Pain-relieving agents for

MAN and BEAST
the world has ever known.
Over 1,000,000 Bottles sold last year!

The reasons for this unprecedented popularity, are evident: the Centaur Liniments are made to deserve confidence; they are absorbed into the structure; they always cure and never disappoint. No person need longer suffer with

PAIN in the BACK,
Rheumatism or Stiff Joints, for the

CENTAUR

Liniments will surely exterminate the pain. There is no Strain, Sprain, Cut, Scald, Burn, Bruise, Sting, Gall or Lameness to which Mankind or Dumb Brutes are subject, that does not respond to this Soothing balm. The Centaur

LINIMENTS

not only relieve pain, but they incite healthy action, subdue inflammation, and cure, whether the symptoms proceed from wounds of the flesh, or Neuralgia of the Nerves; from contracted Cords or a scalded hand; from a sprained ankle or a gashed foot; whether from disgusting

PIMPLES on a LADY'S FACE
or a strained joint on a Horse's Leg.

The agony produced by a Burn or Scald; mortification from Frost-bites; Swellings from Strains; the tortures of Rheumatism; Crippled for life, by some neglected accident; a valuable horse or a Doctor's Bill may all be saved from

One Bottle of Centaur Liniment.

No Housekeeper, Farmer, Planter, Teamster, or Liveryman, can afford to be without these wonderful Liniments. They can be procured in any part of the globe for 50 cts. and $1.00 a bottle. Trial bottles 25 cts.

LIVERY!

W. E. O'PELT,

Opposit Lumber Yard, Main St.

GOOD RIGS

—AT—

REASONABLE RATES.

Special Accommodations for

Commercial Men,

—AND—

Driver Furinshed

when desired.

Horses boarded by the day or week, and Farmers' teams fed and cared for at fair rates.

WILLIAM TIDROW,

Dealer in

General Merchandise,

Aspinwall, Neb.

Don't Forget that this is Headquarters for

Gents Furnishing Goods,

Overcoats, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots Shoes, Ladies' Dress Goods, Cloaks, Shawls, Fine Family Groceries, Medicines, Wood, Lumber, Rails, Posts and Stone.

NAILS 4 CENTS PER POUND.
COAL OIL 20 CENTS PER GAL.
Standard PRINTS 7 cents per yd.

Stock Complete and Goods will be sold cheaper than the cheapest for CASH or Country Produce, such as Corn, Oats, Pork, Butter, Eggs, Hides, Turkeys, Chickens, or Wild Game.

FARMERS READ THIS!!

SCOTT'S HOG CURE

Is a Never-failing Remedy for Sick Hogs,

SCOTT'S CARBONIZED HORSE AND CATTLE POWDER

Will Cure your Sick Horses and Cattle.

SCOTT'S CHARCOAL, IRON, ETC.

Cures Chicken Cholera And all other Diseases of Fowls.

Try Them. Sold by Druggists.

NEMAHA CITY.

New RESTAURANT

Nemaha City,

—BY—

Louis Stroble.

First door south of the lumberyard. Call and get a square meal for 25 cents. A good stock of confections also kept on hand. Mr. and Mrs. Stroble having had much experience as restaurateurs, are well qualified to please their patrons.

New Store, New Goods.

—AT—

NEMAHA CITY,

DRAIN BROS.

Having removed into their capacious new business house, open out with the LARGEST AND BEST selection of general merchandise ever brought to Nemaha, including a full line of

Groceries, Furniture,

Ready-Made Clothing,

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps,
Trunks, etc.

A splendid selection of Ladies' cloaks and circulars. Special bargains in woolen goods of all kinds. Our customers have our thanks for their former patronage, and are requested to call and see us at our new place of business.

DRAIN BROS.

JOHN S. MINICK

Nemaha City, Neb.,

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

FAMILY GROCERIES

CANNED GOODS, CONFECTIONS, Etc.

Keeps a varied stock of everything the people want. Call and see him.

B. Bell Andrews. L. M. Foster

FOSTER & ANDREWS,

Physicians & Surgeons,

Nemaha City, Neb.

All calls promptly attended night or day

Dr. Andrews makes Chronic and Surgical Diseases of women a specialty. Also, Medical and Surgical Diseases of the eye. Having had special training in surgery, and a large and varied practice in acute and chronic diseases, tumors, bone diseases, old ulcers, granulated sore eyes, fibroid and ovarian tumors, female weakness, and diseases of the heart, lungs, throat etc. References of operations performed, and cures effected in cases pronounced incurable. Fees reasonable.

J. P. Crother.

BOOTS. SHOES.
AND HARNESS

Made and repaired as well as can be done anywhere, and at short notice

AND VERY REASONABLE TERMS.

TITUS & WILLIAMS,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES.
READYMADE CLOTHING,
NOTIONS, Etc., Etc., Etc.

Nemaha City, Nebraska,

Will sell goods as cheap as any house in Southeastern Nebraska.

City Hotel,

LEVI JOHNSON, PROPRIETOR,

NEMAHA CITY NEB.,

Centrally located; Good fare, and no trouble spared to make guests comfortable. Good barn for horses and

Charges Reasonable.

J. B. REES,

LIVERY AND FEED SATBLE.

Good buggies and horses, charges reasonable. Best of care taken of transient stock.

NEMAHA CITY, NEB.

DAVID A. MORTON,

Blacksmith,

Nemaha City, Nebraska.

Machine repairing and horseshoeing a specialty.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

[No. 1,188.]

SHERIFF'S SALE. NOTICE IS HEREBY given, that by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the District Court of Nemaha County, State of Nebraska, and to me directed as Sheriff of said County, upon a decree and judgment rendered by said court, in a case wherein Edward Weisenreider was plaintiff, and Sarah Cheney (formerly Sarah Jones; Allen Jones, Fanny J. Shook, George R. Shook, Herbert Jones, Mary A. Slagle, A. T. Slagle, Sarah L. Thompson, Alonzo L. P. Thompson, Fred A. Jones, and Ernest E. Jones, were defendants, I will offer for sale, at public auction, at the door of the Court House in Brownville, in said county, on

Saturday, December 18th, A. D. 1880.,

at 1 o'clock p. m., the following described lands, in Nemaha County, Nebraska, to-wit: All of blocks one (1) and two (2), five (5), six (6), seven (7), eight (8), and sixteen (16), of the townsite of Hillsdale, with all the vacated streets and alleys to said blocks belonging, according to the recorded plat of said townsite of Hillsdale, together with all the improvements and privileges thereto belonging.

Taken on said order of sale as the property of Sarah Cheney, Allen Jones, Fanny J. Shook, George R. Shook, Herbert Jones, Mary A. Slagle, A. T Slagle, Sarah L. Thompson, Alonzo L. P. Thompson, Fred A. Jones, and Ernest E. Jones,

Terms of sale, cash.

Dated, this 15th day of November, 1880.

22w5 JOHN M. KLECKNER, Sheriff.

[No. 1275.]

SHERIFF'S SALE. Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of an order of sale issued out, of the District Court of Nemaha County State of Nebraska, and to me directed as Sheriff of said County, upon a decree and judgment rendered by said Court, in a case wherein John H. Lightner and Charles G. Gonter beneficiary were plaintiff's and Annie Anderson, widow of Josiah Anderson deceased, William Anderson, Henrietta Anderson and Lydia Parsons, and —— Parsons her husband, were defendants, I will offer for sale, at public auction, at the door of the Court House in Brownville, in said County, on

Saturday, December 4th, A. D. 1880,

at 1 o'clock P. M., the following described lands in Nemaha County Nebraska, to-wit: The undivided half interest of all the following described real estate to-wit: the Northwest quarter of section eleven; (11) in township five (5) North of range fifteen (15) East containing 160 acres; also lots twelve, thirteen and fourteen, (12, 13, and 14) in block three (3), lots eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen and sixteen, (11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16,) in block five (5), lots fifteen and sixteen (15 and 16) in block six (6). The south half of block seven (7), the west half of lots five, six, seven, eight, nine and ten, (5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10) in block one, (1) in Brownville, Nebraska, together with all the improvements and privileges thereto belonging.

Taken on said order of sale as the property of Annie Anderson, widow of Josiah Anderson, deceased, William Anderson, Henrietta Anderson, Lydia Parsons and —— Parsons, her husband.

Terms of sale, cash.

Dated, this 1st day of November, 1880.

20w5 JOHN M. KLECKNER, Sheriff.

[No. 1271.]

SHERIFF'S SALE. NOTICE IS HEREBY given, that by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the District Court of Nemaha County, State of Nebraska, and to me directed as Sheriff of said County, upon a decree and judgment rendered by said Court, in a case wherein E. G. Robinson was plaintiff, and Mattie J. Martin, David Elliot Martin, Francis Noble Martin, and Martha J. Martin, Administratrix of the estate of Perry M. Martin, deceased, were defendants, I will offer for sale, at public auction, at the door of the Court House in Brownville, in said County, on Saturday, December 4th, A. D. 1880, at 1 o'clock p. m., the following described lands, in Nemaha County, Nebrask, to-wit: Lot No. 1 (1) in block one hundred and eighteen (118) in the town of Peru, Nebraska, together with all the improvements and privileges thereto belonging.

Taken on said order of sale as the property of Mattie J. Martin, David Elliot Martin, Francis Noble Martin, and Martha J. Martin, Administratrix of the estate of Perry M. Martin, deceased.

Terms of sale, cash.

Dated, this 20th day of October, 1880.

JOHN M. KLECKNER, Sheriff.

[No. 1278.]

SHERIFF'S SALE. NOTICE IS HEREBY given, that by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the District Court of Nemaha County, State of Nebraska, and to me directed as Sheriff of said County, upon a decree and judgment rendered by said Court, in a case wherein The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company was plaintiff, and J. P. Miller, B. L. Harding and Nellie L. Harding his wife, Christopher Keiser and Benjamin Lombard, Jr., were defendents, I will offer for sale, at public auction, at the door of the Court House in Brownville, in said County, on Saturday, December 4th A. D. 1880, at 1 o'clock P. M., the following described lands, in Nemaha County Nebraska, to-wit: The Northwest quarter of section nine (9) in Township five (5) North of Range thirteen (13) East, together with all the improvements and privileges thereto belonging

Taken on said order of sale as the property of J. P. Miller, B. L. Harding and Nellie L. Harding his wife, Christopher Keiser, and Benjamin Lombard, Jr.

Terms of sale, cash.

Dated, this 26th day of October, 1880.

19w5 JOHN M. KLECKNER, Sheriff.