

THE ADVERTISER

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1880.

Chief Justice Ryan, of Wisconsin died on the 20th inst.

The Chicago Times predicts that Hancock is a badly whipped old rooster.

Young man, vote for Garfield and Arthur, and start your political life in the right direction.

Leading Republicans of California say Garfield will carry that State by a larger majority than any other candidate ever received.

Miles' distillery, Sterling, Illinois, was recently destroyed by fire, and over 1,000 head of cattle were burned to death, in the cattle sheds.

The official figures, published, of the result of the Indiana election, on Governor, gives, Porter, Republican, 7,551 majority over Lander Democrat. The Greenback vote was 14,863.

State Journal: Col. Ingersoll will make five speeches in New York next week for Garfield. While the Democrats admire Ingersoll's religion they dislike his politics. It is purely a matter of taste.

With General Garfield's political creed I am utterly at variance, but this does not counsel me to an unconsidered assault upon that candidate's private honor.—Congressman Payne of Ohio.

No, that business is monopolized by such demagogues as Tipton and such guttersnipes as George R. Moore.

The law in New York regulating election tickets is that they shall be printed on "plain white printing paper," and with the caption in "plain type of the size now designated as great primer Roman condensed capitals." A severe penalty follows the violation of this law, which fact is giving the Democrats much uneasiness.

The Omaha Herald and other lesser lights of Nebraska Democracy, have struck a new lead, and in their estimation, have knocked Garfield higher than Beecher's life of Christ. They have found an old letter somewhere, said to have been written by Garfield to some man said now to be dead, in which he is charged with saying: "Individuals or companies have the right to buy labor where they can get it the cheapest." Terrible offense, that! Add "329" to it gentlemen, and publish in hand-bill form for the benefit of such ignorant asses as are unable to distinguish their own mouths from holes in the ground.

Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia, recently while speaking to a Democratic audience, complimented Gen. Garfield as follows:

As to the Credit Mobilier matter with which General Garfield has been charged, I believe he is altogether innocent of them. It will not do for the Democratic party to throw mud at General Garfield, because if they do, they will elect him. I am not here to elevate our candidate by dragging down those opposed. Although I don't think they can ever reach the elevated platform occupied by Hancock and English, I do not wish to engage in this kind of assault. Garfield I have known well since the session of Congress of 1873, and I have always regarded him of irreproachable integrity and moral character, distinguished for ability and scholarship, and one of the greatest intellects in the country. I do not oppose him on account of any moral defect or intellectual incapacity.

One of the grandest demonstrations for Garfield, occurred at Mentor on the 21st. About 1500 veteran soldiers and sailors, from Cuyahoga and adjoining counties, led by two bands of music, went to Lawfield early in the afternoon, on a special train on the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad. A cannon fired from the baggage car created excitement at every station through which the train passed and drew crowds to the depot. General Garfield was loudly cheered as soon as the veterans came in sight of his house, and the 1500 formed quite an imposing spectacle as they marched up from the railroad in fours. General James Barnett made the first speech, in which he urged all ex-soldiers to carry out, as citizens the principles for which they fought.

The Democrats claim to have had more soldiers in the field for the Union than the Republicans, and that they absolutely conquered the rebellion. If this was so why did they not take the Government into their hands instead of letting the Republicans elect Lincoln and Grant? What was the reason that McClellan and Seymour and Greeley wasn't elected? What was the reason Morton was elected Governor of Indiana, and Dix elected in New York, and that all the balance of the States were run by Republicans, and that Congress and the Senate were overwhelmingly Republican; and why didn't the Democrats reconstruct the rebel states to suit them? Why all these things, will some smart Democrat tell us, if in those days there were more Democrats than Republicans. We always knew and admitted that the Democrats fought one side of the rebellion, but never until this campaign did we know that they run both sides.

The New York Sun finally acknowledges that the nomination of English was a grievous mistake and that of Hancock but little better. The truth is that while the Democracy could have chosen a better man than English—anybody else would have been a better man—the nomination of Hancock could not have been bettered, for a political boom; and the fault is not altogether with the candidates, but with the party. The people are acquainted with the infamous record of the party and do not want to change the governing power of the country into its hands. Had the Democratic party and candidates even a good record the thoughtful business people of the Nation would not desire a change in the midst of the present financial prosperity.

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Irishmen, Read the following:

Dr. P. F. Maley, a leading Irish physician of Cincinnati, and for fifteen years one of the Democratic leaders in that city, has come square over to the Republican party. It will be a blow that will be felt in that quarter. The following is the Doctor's letter: Richard J. Fanning, Clerk Supreme Court, Columbus, Ohio: Permit me to offer my sincere congratulations on the step which you have just taken in favor of pacification and union of all the States. I join with you in your hearty support of Garfield, Union and the Republican ticket. I feel that the hour has arrived that men should not be slaves to party, and as an Irish-American citizen I enroll myself with the party of the Union, and I am going to "vote as I shot."

A reporter for the Cincinnati Enquirer sought the Doctor for an interview. The following is the result: "Why, Doctor," the reporter asked, "isn't this rather a sudden conversion?"

"Not so sudden as you think," he replied. "I've been thinking over it seriously and constantly for a couple of months. I never acted with more deliberation in my life, and mean just what I say in the dispatch."

"How did it come about?" queried reporter.

"It came about in just this way. I became convinced that any further continuance of the power of the Democratic party in the nation simply encourages, keeps alive and perpetuates the old disunion spirit of the South. The solid South is just as unfriendly to the Union to-day as it ever was, and they seem disposed to continue in their unfriendly until they obtain absolute control. It is too absurd for me to think of giving them control. Right here in Cincinnati, where we have expended \$200,000 to build a road for them, they threaten to take their trade away unless we vote for them. Just as if the railroad was not built for them. I don't want to see any solid South nor any solid North, and until the Southern people themselves begin to vote independently and outside of the Democratic party there will always be a solid South and a solid North. We want to extend to the Southern people in the North every right due them, and we want them to extend to Northern people the same rights."

Those reasons of Dr. Maley hit the nail exactly on the head. They certainly are true and commend themselves to the consideration of every candid man.

That great old Democratic patriot, so loved and worshipped by his party, the Hon. Jefferson Davis of Mississippi, made another speech the other day, very encouraging to his party. Our Democratic friends here, scattered around like orphans away from home—away from that solid section of their party where all is Democratic, and nothing can flourish that is not Democratic—will read the following extract from that speech, with enthusiastic pleasure. The old hero said to his party:

Be patient. Be brave in the future, as you have been in the past. Be watchful, be careful, for great events are at hand; and by the martyrs' blood that has been shed, so surely shall that blood be avenged. The Bonnie blue flag shall rise again and float triumphantly over the sunny South. I do not live to see it, but I know those who will follow in my footsteps, even though my voice be silent in the grave. The South shall rise again, and from the ashes of the dead past we will carve for ourselves a glorious future, for our honor shall be vindicated and our rights established upon the everlasting basis of eternal justice.

The Omaha Bee true to the base instincts which invariably prompts its editor, is trying to belittle the work of Hon. Church Howe in this campaign. We consider it fair to estimate Mr. Howe's work by his efforts at this place. He delivered a masterly address here, and it was the means of making votes for the Republican ticket. There is no affinity between Howe and Rosewater. The former is doing a glorious work for the party and helping to swell the victory in November, and the latter is a millstone about his neck.—West Point Republican.

Rosewater has gone to the Democracy and is doing all that such a renegade can do to defeat, not only the State Republican ticket, but bolts his Republican county ticket. He is therefore deserving of no trust or confidence from Republicans.

The sensible portion of the Democratic party—not the mules—are evidently much disgusted with Hancock. The Cincinnati Enquirer, the most thoroughly bourgeois organ of Ohio, and Hancock's organ, if he has such a machine in that State, last week got off the following:

The Associated Press brought in a fresh explanation from General Hancock Saturday morning on the tariff question. I had just asked a leading Democrat what he thought of it. "I think it a d—d sight easier to defend the character of a candidate than the platform. If Hancock goes on this way, explaining that the platform doesn't mean anything though it is the solemn party declaration, the people will come to believe that we are trying to get into power under false pretenses."

The Omaha Herald, famed for its "soft soap" and "slobbering" policy, is just now putting in some of its best tricks, patting Tipton on the back. Clay, Webster, Calhoun, Sumner and others, never existed, as in comparison with the modern political "flopper," in the eye of Dr. Miller. Tipton is the only man in the State who would run as Democratic candidate for Governor, and it is feared he will not "hold out to the end." Hence this extra amount of slobbering.

SELECT TELEGRAMS.

MORE DOLLARS.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—The treasury to-day purchased 340,000 ounces of fine silver for delivery at Philadelphia, New Orleans and San Francisco mints.

REGULATORS COME TO GRIEF.

NEWPORT, Me., Oct. 21.—Last night a large body of men called at a house in Bangor and demanded that the occupants leave town. The occupants answered with two shots, killing Rodney Lord, aged twenty-five, and severely wounding two others.

COMPLIMENTS TO MR. WADE HAMPTON.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 21.—On returning from Mentor to-day, the republican veterans met in this city, drew up, adopted and telegraphed the following to Mr. Wade Hampton, Columbus, S. C.: "Sir—Two hundred union veterans, members of the Garfield and Arthur Veterans Corps, of Cuyahoga County, Ohio, who have just returned from a visit to Hon. James A. Garfield, at his home at Mentor, hereby send you their compliments, and say to you that they will, on Nov. 2, 1880, vote as they shot, and that their address will be Cleveland, Ohio."

REMARKABLE CRIME.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 21.—Last night George A. Wheeler went to the police station and confessed that he had murdered his sister-in-law, Della G. Filson, at a lodging house, No. 23 Kearney street, and packed her body in a trunk. His statement was at once verified. The circumstances are remarkable. The deceased had been living with her sister and Wheeler, and the latter suddenly turned against her. He was cognizant of the fact, but concealed his guilt to avoid scandal. Later, a man by the name of George W. Peckham, who became acquainted with the family some time ago at Cisco, Fla., came to the police station and told Della. This created jealousy on the part of Wheeler, who yesterday, while Della was sitting on his lap, choked her to death.

COIN ARRIVALS AT NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, October 22.—Two millions two hundred and eighty-eight thousand nine hundred and fifty-one dollars in gold arrived from Europe, to prepare appropriation bills. The house committee on appropriations will meet in this city about the 19th of November to prepare appropriation bills and have then in readiness to be acted upon by congress next December 1st. It is expected if estimates are forthcoming that the army, navy, pension, military academy and diplomatic bills will be in an advanced state of preparation by the time congress meets.

THE CENSUS OF CHICAGO'S BUSINESS.

CHICAGO, October 22.—Chas. Randolph, secretary of the board of trade, has completed a census of the labor and capital employed in Chicago manufacturing establishments, and returned the same to the United States census bureau. There are 3,752 manufacturing establishments, employing 113,407 operatives, having a capital of \$80,000,000. The number of women employed is 15,718, and of boys and girls under sixteen years, 4,707. The half of the products made here amount to \$2,000,000. Value of material used \$1,585,000,000. Wages paid, \$377,000,000.

END OF THE WAR.

CHICAGO, October 22.—The railroad war collapsed rather suddenly to-day in consequence of an agreement reached by the presidents in New York. The roads are to be restored to their old competing lines and tickets now re-deemed in exchange for tickets on any line holders may select in the southwest.

Hon. Church Howe's Speech.

Krause's Hall was again crowded on Wednesday night, the occasion being another campaign speech to be delivered this time by Hon. Church Howe of Brownville. As Col. Smythe and L. G. Hull did not come as advertised, Mr. Howe was compelled to occupy all the time himself, though his voice was silent in the grave. The South shall rise again, and from the ashes of the dead past we will carve for ourselves a glorious future, for our honor shall be vindicated and our rights established upon the everlasting basis of eternal justice.

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DISPERATE DEMOCRATS.

They Commit Forgery to Help Their Deplorable Cause.

Garfield's Letter to the Chairman of the Republican National Committee.

Placing the Bourbon Managers in a Despicable and Disgraceful Position.

GARFIELD'S MANLY DENIAL.

NEW YORK, October 23.—The following dispatch was received to-day at republican national headquarters: MENTOR, O., October 22, 1880.—To Hon. M. Jewell and Hon. S. W. Dorsey: I will not break the rule have adopted by making a public reply to your campaign; but I authorize you to denounce the so-called Morey letter as a bold forgery both in its language and sentiment. Until its publication I never doubted the existence of the employers' union of Lynn, Mass., nor of such a person as H. L. Morey.

(Signed) JAMES A. GARFIELD.

The national republican committee furnished the following: MENTOR, October 23, 1880.—Hon. Marshall Jewell: Your telegram of this afternoon received. Publish my dispatch of this evening if you think best. Within the last hour the mail has brought me a lithographic copy of the forged letter. It is the work of some clumsy villain who cannot spell nor write English nor imitate my handwriting. Every honest and manly denunciation in Ohio, who is familiar with my handwriting, will denounce the forgery at sight. Put the case in the hands of the ablest detectives at once and hunt the rascal down. (Signed) J. A. GARFIELD.

The Republicans and General Shields.

CHICAGO, Oct. 20, 1880.—Democratic speakers here, and elsewhere, I suppose, are claiming that the Republicans are now bent back on that old patriot, General James Shields, because he was an Irishman and a Democrat. How is it?

AN IRISHMAN. A Democratic caucus of members of the House, held on April 3, 1878, two names were proposed for the office of doorkeeper, General James Shields, a Union soldier of Missouri, and General Charles W. Field, a Confederate brigadier of Georgia. The vote stood 69 for Field and 30 for Shields. The member of Speaker Randall the nomination of Field was made unanimous. When the question of election came up in the House, General Butler, who was not then a Democrat, for the purpose of putting the Democrats on the record squarely, introduced a resolution that the "House proceed to the election of a doorkeeper, and that the tried Union soldier, Brigadier General James Shields, of Missouri, be chosen to that office." This caused a lively commotion. Congressman Clymer, speaking for the Democratic caucus, proposed as a substitute resolution that the "House proceed to the election of a doorkeeper, and that the tried Union soldier, Brigadier General Charles W. Field, of Georgia, be chosen to that office." This caused a lively commotion. Congressman Clymer, speaking for the Democratic caucus, proposed as a substitute resolution that the "House proceed to the election of a doorkeeper, and that the tried Union soldier, Brigadier General Charles W. Field, of Georgia, be chosen to that office." This caused a lively commotion.

Confederates..... 0 51
Border Democrats..... 0 30
Northern Democrats..... 1 0
Republicans..... 100 0
Totals..... 101 123
The Democrats are constantly inviting comparison of records and figures, and in every case they come out at the little end of the horn, as in the above.

Dr. Miller Plays Crawlfish.

Sometime ago the Herald authoritatively announced that a prominent democrat was willing to bet \$1,000 that Hancock would be elected president. The democrat who wished to take the bet and meant business could call on or address Dr. Miller. Yesterday Col. Matt. Patrick deposited \$1,000 in the First National bank and informed Dr. Miller that he was prepared to take the bet. Dr. Miller sent word that the gentleman did not now desire to make any such wager. Col. Patrick now invites any one to put up \$1,000 on Hancock against the \$1,000 he has deposited in the First National bank, and the democrat who wishes to make a heavy bet that New York will give a republican majority—Omaha Republican.

A home illustration of what would be the effect of a Democratic "tariff for revenue" is published by the Troy Times. At Hart's Falls the party of the "Cable Fax Mills" pay their female spinners from \$1 to \$1.10 per day. The same service in Great Britain brings 40 cents per day. The smallest of girls in the Cable Mills get the pay of a full-grown man or woman in an English mill. The payroll of the mill at Hart's Falls amounts annually to \$100,000. With a tariff for revenue only it would be \$40,000, supposing the volume of business should remain the same as it is now. The officers of that company, as well as the operatives, are thankful for a protective tariff and the news from Indiana.

The five counties of Ashtabula, Trumbull, Lake, Geauga, and Portage compose the Nineteenth District, which General Garfield has so long represented in Congress, and instead of repudiating him as has been charged, they endorse his nomination by a majority larger than was ever given to a candidate before—a majority of 12,726.

Cleveland Leader says: "The people of the Nineteenth are the most intelligent and best educated of any district in the country. The postage paid for newspapers and periodicals by the people of this district is greater than that of any other farming district in the whole Union."

List of Letters

Remaining in the postoffice at Brownville, Nebraska, for week ending Oct. 23, 1880: Madison, R. E. Smith, John. Mody, A. M. Wright, Mary J. Patterson, J. W. Wright, Frank. Persons calling for any of the above will please say advertised.

T. C. HACKER, P. M.

The largest pile of cloaks can be seen by calling on J. L. McGee.

Howe and the Democrats.

The people of this county have seldom heard so good a political speech as was given us Tuesday evening by the Hon. Church Howe, of Nebraska. Mr. Howe directed his remarks particularly to the Democrats. In talking to them he applied no epithets, but sought to reason with them. The harder did he press them with facts and reasons the more enthusiastic did the Republicans become, and

FARMERS READ THIS!

SCOTT'S HOG CURE

Is a Never-failing Remedy for Sick Hogs,

SCOTT'S CARBONIZED HORSE AND CATTLE POWDER

Will Cure your Sick Horses and Cattle.

SCOTT'S CHARCOAL, IRON, ETC.

Cures Chicken Cholera And all other Diseases of Fowls.

Try Them. Sold by Druggists.

STATE MATTERS.

The "Bennet Rifles," a militia company of Otoe county, have recently been furnished with forty stands of Springfield muskets, by the State. The commissioned officers are L. P. Derby, captain; A. P. Varney, 1st lieutenant, and E. N. Cobb, 2d lieutenant.

The Episcopal ladies of Lincoln are assisting the poor and needy of the city.

The grand lodge of Odd Fellows held its annual meeting in Lincoln last week. The attendance was unusually large.

Dave May, of Lincoln has for some time been, apparently hot to bet five thousand dollars on Hancock. F. G. Owen went to that pile, but when it came to the pinch Dave "took water," and now the papers are boring him.

Adolph Schenier, a young German recently from his native country, and well educated, robbed his employer, L. Barr, of Lincoln, a jeweler, and left.

The bricklayers of Lincoln are yelling "more work," but the lime has given out, and it is feared work will have to be suspended.

State Journal: We'll venture to say that the finest lot of hogs that have arrived in Chicago for some time arrived in that city yesterday. They were born, raised, brought up, fed and fattened on the prison farm by Capt. Nobes, and sold to E. Lipsey at \$3.60 per 100 lbs. The lot numbered just 150, and the average weight, when they left this city, was 270 pounds each.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

The Oregon State Legislature has passed resolutions in favor of submitting an amendment favoring womanhood suffrage to the people. The vote in the Senate for the amendment was 21 to 9 and in the House 32 to 27.

Seven eclipses are to take place this year—four of the sun and two of the moon and one of the democratic party.

Rats, mice and insects will avoid a place that has been sprinkled with chloride of lime.

The south contains only fifteen per cent of the population of the United States, and only seven per cent of its wealth; and yet it aspires, through the aid of northern "doughfaces" as it calls its northern allies—to govern this country.

The democrats are in the blues! Their most unswerving organ virtually throws up the sponge. The republicans are tuning with their country-going-to-the-devil cry. It does not seem possible to reassure people.—New York Herald.

When Mr. William Henry Smith, manager of the associated press, gets through telegraphing Mr. Barnum's democratic editorials to the papers in his service, we hope he will stop.—Omaha Republican.

It has become painfully evident that to trust those who usually pass as the leaders of the democracy with the management of the campaign is to lose the state of New York, and thus to lose the election.—New York Sun.

Wade Hampton may possess his soul in peace. He has his seat in the senate, by one means or another, and no amount of gore can ever make his title clear. He is a sharer in the net profits of the kinkus business. He cannot undo a shameful past by firing his revolvers at the facts.—New York Times.

It is perfectly clear that the Constitution does not stand in the way of Congress pensioning every rebel soldier who declines to fight for the Union, or include every other rebel, if he pleases.—Senator Edmunds.

A man who promises two things which are diametrically opposite cannot be depended upon for anything. General Hancock has applauded a free-trade platform and written a protection letter. The people don't know where he really stands, and he hasn't the slightest idea himself. The people will take a man for President who, having knowledge, has opinions, and sticks to them.

"By a Large Majority."

Major Samuel V. Reid, an ex-confederate soldier, a resident of Covington, Ky., and a commission merchant in Cincinnati, in the Cincinnati Commercial of Tuesday, October 14, 1880, gave expression to his opinion as follows on the result of the October elections:

"I am for revolution. I fought them before, and I am ready to march out and fight them again. The musket will have to settle this business at last. These blankety blanked sons of blanks are hiring niggers to vote against us, and I tell you the people won't stand it much longer. The principles of the southern democrats lived in Washington, and they lived in Lee and they live yet. The whole country is gone to hell. I would like to migrate to the Rocky mountains, and never see a white man as long as I live."

This reminds us. In response to a telegram electing a prominent democrat of Nebraska City, asking for the democratic figures in Indiana, the editor of our "only religious" contemporary replied: "Gone to hell by a large majority"—Omaha Republican.

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NEMAHA CITY.

B. Bell Andrews. L. M. Foster

FOSTER & ANDREWS, Physicians & Surgeons, Nemaha City, Neb.

All calls promptly attended night or day

Dr. Andrews makes Chronic and Surgical Diseases of women a specialty. Also, Medical and Surgical Diseases of the eye. Having had special training in surgery, and a large and varied practice in acute and chronic diseases, tumors, bone disease, old ulcers, granulated sore eyes, strabismus and ophthalmia, female weakness, and diseases of the heart, lungs, throat etc. References of operations performed, and cures effected in cases pronounced incurable. Fees reasonable.

Drain Bros. Nemaha City, Neb.

Have a new and full stock of BOOTS, SHOES, HARNESSES, HATS, NAILS & QUEENSWARE.

They also keep A full and complete line of FAMILY GROCERIES, SUGARS, TEAS and COFFEES of various grades. Canned goods, Best Brands of FLOUR, and everything else in the GROCERY LINE.

Drain Bros. sell for

CASH DOWN or for such Country Trade as they want, and as to prices, they Defy Competition. Call and see.

J. P. Crother. BOOTS, SHOES, AND HARNESSES

Made and repaired as well as can be done anywhere, and at short notice. AND VERY REASONABLE TERMS.

New RESTAURANT —AT— NEMAHA CITY, —BY— Louis Stroble.

First door south of the lumber yard. Call and get a square meal for 25 cents. A good stock of confections also kept on hand. Mr. and Mrs. Stroble having had much experience as restaurateurs, are well qualified to please their patrons.

DAVID A. MORTON. Blacksmith, Nemaha City, Nebraska.

Machine repairing and horseshoeing a specialty. JOHN S. MINICK Nemaha City, Neb.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE FAMILY GROCERIES CANNED GOODS, CONFECTIONS, Etc.

Keeps a varied stock of everything the people want. Call and see him. J. B. REES, LIVERY AND FEED STABLE.

Good buggies and horses, charges reasonable. Best of care taken of transshipment. NEMAHA CITY, NEB.

LIVERY!

W. E. O'PELT, Opposit Lumber Yard, Main St.

GOOD RIGS —AT—

REASONABLE RATES. Special Accommodations for

Commercial Men, —AND— Driver Furinshed

when desired.

Horses boarded by the day or week, and Farmers' teams fed and cared for at fair rates.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED 9 PER CENT. INTEREST.

ON 5 YEARS TIME, WITHOUT COMMISSION

Address or call on John F. Lyon.

At MARSH HOUSE, Fridays and Saturdays of each week.

Privilege given of paying off loans, or any considerable part, at any time. 25¢ time interest falls due.

UPHOLSTERING AND CANING

Neatly and promptly done by MIKE FELTHAUSER, CABINET MAKER, and CARPENTER and JOINER

Shop 3 doors east of Post Office. BROWNVILLE, - - - NEBRASKA

For Sale.

ONE HALF INTEREST IN THE SHERIDAN MILL.

For particulars call on or address. GEO. HOMEWOOD, Sheridan, Neb.

REPAIRS. I executed as usual. Bring your old watches in for repair and have them in the best manner at reasonable charges.</