THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY, FEB. 14, 1878.

The Cardinals are gathering at Rome to elect a new Pope.

The Czar has found the key of his dad—and he means to keep it.

The great prima donna Marie Roze, recently from London, is just now throwing Chicago into ecstasies.

There are now about fifty cardinals in the Roman Catholic Church. Of these thirty-eight were born in Italy.

Somebody has news that Sitting Bull is trying to inaugurate a general Indian war. Gen. Miles is going out to see about it.

Charles Baker, a saloon keeper of Baltimore, becoming jealous of his wife shot her and then himself. He died; she may get well.

A telegram from Bismarck, D. T. says the weather away up there is superb, the roads dusty and the ice harvest nearly a failure.

While Jas. Garry at Welleville Ohio on the 10th, was attempting to board a train he fell between the cars and was instantly killed.

The British fleet is before Constantinople, but the Porte refuses to let the ships enter the Bosphorus. We shouldn't wonder if Mr. Bull would get mad yet.

The Greek army returned home a day or two ago. In looking over the casulty list it was found that the army had sustained the loss of three wounded and one taken prisoner.

Archbishop Wood pronounces the miracle by father Heinan and the woman Greth at Mauch Chunk, Pa., as "a delusion and pious fraud." That is a curious kind of a fraud.

The saloon keepers of Chicago becoming alarmed at the great temperance wave now enveloping and purifying that city, have organized a league for the preservation of their business.

The *Inter Ocean* slashes George P. Rowell & Co., advertising agents and publishers of the "American Newspaper Directory," for wilfully publishing false statements regarding the *I. O's* circulation.

Russia will not agree to attend an international conference at Vienna, and will not consent to the reference of certain peace conditions to a conference. A big fight may begin before the conference does.

Lee County, Miss., gave Tilden 2,-731 votes, and Hayes 206. The present Democratic Sheriff is a defaulter to the amount of $40,000, and the county has had no Sheriff who was not a defaulter for seven years.

The Sultan has courteously invited Grand Duke Nicholas to step over into Constantinople and spend a few days as a guest. They fight, shake, form a bond of friendship, and make mouths at England and Austria.

On the 10th inst., one of the arches of the Schuylkill river bridge, Philadelphia, fell in, carrying with it nine other arches, and completely wrecking 300 feet of the bridge. The bridge was built of iron and granite and originally cost $770,000.

J. W. Iliff, the "cattle king of the plains," died at his home in Denver on the 5th inst., in the 46th year of his age. He was born in Ohio came west poor and made his first stake as a cattle driver in 1859. He was successful as a cattle merchant and leaves his wife and children an estate valued at $1,000,000

The New Orleans select jury on the farce of trying Gen. Anderson, of the Returning Board, after being out about fifteen minutes, returned a verdict of guilty. The persecuted prisoner was remanded to jail and his lawyers made a motion before the white league judge for a new trial, which, not being in accordance with the predetermined course of that court, will not be allowed.

There is great perturbance of spirit at the White House and thereabout these times. Hayes says "treachery," and Sherman says he "he regards the arrest, trial and conviction of Gen. Anderson as a great outrage under color of forms of law." And he with others send a dispatch expresive of sympathy and a belief in the prisoner's innocence; but of what good are sympathy and opinions to a man on the road to a term of years in the penitentiary, when they are powerless to reach out and save?

A great demonstration was held in Pittsburg Saturday last against the proposed changes in the tariff, 15,000 people were in procession, and marched after the music of five brass bands. Among mottos carried in the procession were "America first, England afterwards; "The importation of British iron means starvation to American freemen;" "Congress must not reduce Americans to the level of European serfs;" "We want high tariff and prosperity;" "High tariff guarantees prosperity throughout the country;" "We want protection to the last and nail it to the mast." A banner inscribed "Free trade with America," with a picture of John Bull in high feather, with the British lion at his feet, were among the noticeable features.

A committee of fifteen was appointed to memorialize congress, asking that body to prevent the proposed changes in the tarriff.

The people of the whole country, even those in the large cities, are becoming awakened and alarmed upon the temperance—or, rather, the intemperance question.

In Chicago on the evening of the 7th inst., a great mass meeting was held and participated in by the very best and most intellectual citizens. The paramount question seemed to be "what shall become of our boys?" —what shall be done to protect them from strong drink and the influence of saloons? Persons not residents of the larger cities would be astonished to know to what extent liquor is sold to and drank by minors within those cities. The great lawyer E. A. Storrs in his speech said:

There was sometimes a profound eloquence in figures, and sometimes the sublimest poetry in facts. We had a great city of 500,000 people—a city of only a quarter of a century's growth—wonderful in its present and wonderful in its promise. We had been brought face to face with some startling facts that had had their existence in greater or lesser degree all along—startling because we had been going along year after year entirely unconscious of the peril in which we stood. We had discovered that the great bulk of the criminal population of this city was made up of boys and girls.

The Hon. A. L. Morrison made a stirring address for the cause, in the course of which he said that the most dangerous classes to the best interests of the society in this community, the individuals who perpetrated the most statling crimes, who prowled around the houses and committed acts of burglary were under 20 years. That he knew by actual demonstration. And these abandoned criminals were urged on to their deeds of violence through a love for intoxicating liquor. This movement therefore, said the speaker, was one of self-defense. The question had been asked, "What shall become of our boys?" but he wished to ask, in the name of society, "Help us to save our girls." [Applause.] A boy who falls might stagger to his feet; but a girl, when she fell, was lost to society forever. There were girls not 12 years of age picked out of the gutter in this city night after night in a beastly state of intoxication. And this in a city calling itself Christian.

Mr. Storrs referred to the fact that Illinois had a stringent license law, but it was not enforced as it should be, and if it were it did not reach the case, and he thought the only remedy is to "shut up the saloons." This would be the surest and best thing that could be done for the youth of Chicago, and that which would be the salvation of Chicago boys would in a proportionate degree be a good thing for all the boys all over the land.

This, said by Server Pasha, Minister of foreign affairs to a London *News* correspondent, indicates the feeling of Turkey at this time toward England. This leading Turk said:

"I have hitherto been a partisan of England, of the English policy, of the English alliance. I believed that there were ties of sympathy, friendship, and interest between the two peoples that necessitated the alliance. I believed in England to the extent of compromising myself and my government. I see that I have been mistaken, that I was deceived, or [correcting himself] that I deceived myself. I now abandon the English alliance. I no longer believe in the English policy, the English government, or the English people. I accept the Russian policy and alliance. I am a partisan of them. I believe in the Russian policy. I am more Russian than the Russians themselves. Say this, please."

There has been a good deal of sneering at Chandler since his pungent arraignment of Hayes, but now comes Mr. Foster, Mr. Hayes' left bower, and takes the witness stand, and corroborates about every material allegation made by Mr. Chandler. And so the great, windy, chivalric, puffed up Col. Burke, who could not even answer a question asked by such a character as W. E. Chandler—has been guilty of a very thin subterfuge and a silly lie.

The Kearney *Press* says of the silver bill:

It has been rushed through congress at a break-neck speed without giving any time for deliberation. It is safe to say that of the men who voted for it in congress, not half a dozen have any intelligent understanding of the question.

Those Congressmen haven't been "constant readers" of the *Press* then, if they are so ignorant. Certainly not, or they would know all about it.

The Equalization Bounty Bill, Arrears of Pension Bill, bills granting pension to the survivors of the Mexican and Indian wars, and to extend the provisions of the war of 1812 pension act, and many other measures of the greatest importance to soldiers, are now pending in Congress. If any of these measures pass, which is hardly probable, this session, we will duly inform our readers.

Some one deploring the fact that the great and growing State of Missouri is represented in Congress almost exclusively by copperheads, the *Globe-Democrat* says that the worst of it is the copperhead is lost in the muttonhead.

Father H. F. Fairbanks, in charge of the Catholic church at Whitewater Wisconsin, is charged by leading members of the church with being entirely to "thick" with the good-looking lady teachers of the Catholic school.

Philip Lulay, formerly an engineer on the Missouri Pacific railroad, was arrested a few days ago at Percival Iowa, for making counterfeit money. A set of dies were found with him.

When the dispatch reached London that the Turks would not allow the English fleets to approach Constantinople, the e cabinet was "hastily assembled." Stand from under!

Robert Brauer, a German harness maker of Peoria, Ill., hung himself in his shop on the 8th inst.

John Morrissey is recovering his health.

Death of Pope Pius IX.

The Pope died on the 7th inst. at 12:42 p. m.

The following interesting cable dispatch was sent to the *Inter Ocean:*

AWAY FROM EARTH.

ROME, Feb. 7, 1878.

After a life of 85 years, and a pontificate of thirty-two years, and a self-imposed imprisonment of eight years; after a career of early triumphs and defeat, of joy and tribulation, of resignedly-borne bodily sufferings, Pope Pius IX, lay down to eternal rest today. Rome, with her tears for King Victor Emmanuel scarcely dried, the garb of royal mourning just laid by, is called upon to weep afresh over the death of an aged priest and king, whose benign sway was

ACKNOWLEDGED BY NIGH 200,000,000 SOULS

over the wide world. There is deep excitement among the changeful people of the ancient City of the Seven Hills. The officials of Humbert I. move solemnly about the city. There is an atmosphere of gloom about the Quirinal Palace, whence so often in the olden days the Pope, now dead had blessed the Romans, and where now the princes of the house of Piedmont have their abode. The churches are thronged by votaries, and

TEARS ARE FALLING FROM MANY EYES, AND PRAYERS ARE RISING

from many lips. Along the corso and rotunda the loungers gather in knots and chat and ask details. In the neighborhood of the Vatican and the great Basilica of St. Peter, anxious crowds are questioning everybody with the least appearance of possessing information. So often has the story of the Pope's death been told that some are incredulous still. The police and municipal guard prevent too close an approach to the Vatican. But the story is true. Death has come at last to relieve the aged pontiff from his sufferings.

During the early days of the week the Pope's condition had been so much improved that the liveliest hopes of a prolonged amelioration were entertained. So much better was his Holiness yesterday that he was able to walk a few steps, supported by two prelates.

IT IS NOW BELIEVED THAT THIS EXERTION WAS FATAL.

Last night the patient was seized with alarming signs of weakness. At 4 o'clock this morning the change in his condition was so marked that it was at once seen by the attending physician that the mortal struggle would soon be over. It was the death agony—the merciful mild death agony of the old, old man. The Cardinal Vicar and all the resident cardinals were at once summoned to the Vatican. It was scarcely day when the greater part of the college had assembled. The last sacraments were administered to the dying Pope by Cardinal Panebianci. An order was issued to prevent any person not specially authorized from having access to the Pope's apartment. Egress from the Vatican was also prohibited, the guard strictly enforcing this order. Prayers were ordered and offered in all the churches of Rome. So the morning moved slowly on, in momentary expectation of the Pope's demise. All the

NECESSARY ARRANGEMENTS WERE QUICKLY MADE.

The foreign cardinals were quickly notified. During the forenoon all the ambassadors accredited to the Papal Court called to make inquiries. King Humbert, too, not unmindful of the dying Pope's solicitude for his father during the late King's last moments, constantly sent for information. From the moment of their arrival at the Vatican the cardinals were assembled in council in the room next to that of the dying Pope, but all, together with the dignitaries of the Papal Court,

WERE AT HIS BEDSIDE AT THE MOMENT OF DEATH,

which occurred at forty-two minutes after noon. The end was peaceful.

The legislature of New Jersey is now investigating charges of cruelty in the State prison. And the evidence shows the most horrid brutality practiced. Mr. Warner, Chaplain of the penitentiary testified that he saw a man suspended from the ceiling by the hands; could not tell whether his feet touched the floor or not; he had seen them hanging to the walls of the cells; had seen half a dozen men in the center of the hall with gags in their mouths.

He testified that he saw only what he was compelled to see, otherwise he must have got himself into trouble. He saw a scar on a man's thigh, which was said to have been made by burning alcohol upon his flesh. The man was insane. He saw one man pulled up by a pulley in his cell. Others testified that prisoner's wrists were cut, from being strung up. One prisoner was crying bitterly, another so badly cut that he could not work, a third's wrists were cut to the bone.

The stretcher had been used on one Snooks in the dungeon. Snooks was soon afterward found dead in bed. The paddle and the cold water stream were likewise used. Anthony H. Perry testified that Snooks was ordered to be put in the dungeon. This was done, and the orders were to put him on a stretcher for fifteen minutes. Witness looked in at him every five minutes. The last time he found that he was dead.

George Francis Train is lecturing the women. A New Ark, N. J. dispatch says: "A house full of women waited for George Francis Train yesterday at the Grand Opera House. A woman sold the tickets, and women acted as ushers. In the boxes were many expensively dressed women. Not a man was to be seen. The combined chattering of the audience was like the buzzing of a thousand hives of industrious bees. Mr. Train gave advice on marriage and other interesting subjects. Applause and laughter greeted his remarks."

CRIMES AND CASULTIES.

A teller in the Bank of North America, N. Y., was recently discovered as being a defaulter in the sum of $100,000. The soundness of the bank is not materially impaired.

On the night of Feb. 7th, the post office at Chesterfield, Pa., was burned. Loss $3,000. Mails were saved.

A very destructive conflagration visited Royalston, Vermont, on the 6th inst.

Miss Emma Davenport, smart, handsome and well connected, and assistant postmistress at Goochland, Va., was racently arrested for purloining from the mails a silk dress. By her entreaties and tears she was only fined $100, and released.

The body of Rev. A. M. Osgood, Howell, Mass., was recently found floating in the Stonington harbor.

Augusta, Ga. on the 7th inst. was visited by rain, hail, lightning. the shock of an earthquake and a cyclone all at once. Several buildings were blown down.

Edward Hall, of Chicago, shot Charles Gregory in his saloon at Aurora last week. Rum did it.

Dr. Wm. A. Davis, an aged physician of Philadelphia, who was recently convicted of causing the death of a woman by malpractice, was stricken with paralysis just as his death warrant was about to be read to him, and died in a few hours.

Robert T. McKanny, an aged Methodist preacher, was recently murdered in Grayson county, Texas, by a young fellow named Allen Matthews.

John Boyle, of Hillsboro Ohio, was arrested and jailed a few days ago for attempting to kill his wife and child.

At Youngstown, Ohio, Dr. Arthur Kelly, a practicing physician, was arrested for attempting to commit a rape on a girl twelve years old, named Nicholson. He was several years ago sent to the penitentiary for three years for a similar offense, served one year and was pardoned by Governor Hayes.

G. W. Bramer, of Rochester, Fulton county, Ind., was recently detected in making bogus money. Molds for making nickels and ten and twenty-five cent pieces were found in his possession.

An attempt was made last week near Independence Mo., to wreck a train of cars by placing timbers and ties on the track. Fortunately the engineer saw the obstructions in time to check the train and prevent damage.

Dr. St. Louis was tried at Fremont Neb., last week for murdering his wife last fall. The jury could not agree. Eight were for conviction and four for acquittal.

J. H. Bachelder, Middlebury, Vt., was recently arrested for raising a note from $3,000 to $36,000—and getting the money on it.

An old man named James Tar was knocked down and robbed of $200, in Milwaukee one night last week.

At Youngstown, Ohio, on the 7th Orville Davis and Frank Dunn were arrested, charged with arson by the North American Insurance company.

Dr. A. E. Vanbuskirk of the medical college, Ft. Wayne, Ind., is under $1,000 bonds for "body snatching."

Items of Interest.

It is said that since the opening of the Iowa State Agricultural college and farm, not one graduate therefrom has embarked in the business of farming.

Reports by counties to the Illinois state department of agriculture show that the loss in the state last year by hog cholera aggregated $1,583,415.

There were 130 failures in New York city in January; liabilities, $7,113,039; assets, $1,433,839.

Reports from the Ohio peach districts are to the effect that the peach has not suffered either from premature swelling of the buds, or from injury by severe frost.

The son of the late ex-Gov, N. B. Baker, of New Hampshire, is accused of a murder in Cheyenne. His father was Adjutant-General of Iowa for several years during and subsequent to the war.

Somebody has stirred up the oldest lumberman in northern Wisconsin, who says that the winter of 1846 beat this winter. No snow at all, and they had to send to Milwaukee to find out when the spring commenced.

Forty thousand bids have been received for carrying the mails the next four years, in nearly all that portion of the United States lying west of the Mississippi river, and extending to the Pacific ocean. The awards are to be made on March 30.

Bridal slippers or boots are trimmed with flowers.

Neckties for ladies are out of fashion; cravat bows are worn instead.

Lieut. Flipper, the only colored graduate of West Point, is to be appointed military instructor of the colored branch of the Agricultural and Military College of Texas.

Vermont's new liquor law provides that every place where liquor is sold as a beverage shall be declared a common nuisance, and the keeper shall be fined $200 or less, besides being forbidden to re-occupy the premises until he gives bonds not to offend again.

Miss Hannah Rothschild to whom Lord Rosebery will soon be married, has $600,000 a year in her own right. And that's what's the matter with Hannah.

George Francis Train lectured in Newark, New Jersey, to an audience of about 2,000 persons. He spoke characteristically, concluding as follows: "In fifteen years my hair will be as black as a raven's; in forty years I will have a new set of teeth, and in one hundred years I shall begin making a new race of men."

The New York *Tribune* declares that the President cannot fail to veto the Bland bill without disgracing himself in the eyes of the whole world. The President will possibly look upon this simply as an agonized howl from the fellow in the last ditch.

Francis Murphy has opened up the blue ribbon crusade at Washington, and, from reports, with grand results. The capital of the nation has long been notorious as a large contributor to the national whisky tax. It has been a headquarters for evil spirits, and we are glad that Murphy has attacked his majesty in his favorite den.

The New Orleans people threaten Sherman, Matthews and Garfield with indictment for the part they took in giving the State to Hayes.

Saline County *Union:* Carl Funke of Lincoln, was in Crete yesterday. Carl intimates that the Red Ribbon movement in the State has made dull times in the liquor business.

Arrangements are already being made for a banquet for 10,000 persons, upon the occasion of the triennial meeting of the Knights Templar of America, to be held in Chicago in August 1880.

A few hours before Pope Pius died he raised himself partially in his bed and said, "Death wins this time" and his last words were, "Guard the church I loved so well and sacredly."

"Greenback flatheads" is what the New York *Times* calls the silver men of the West. That is better than being a blockhead.—*Inter-Ocean*

Henry Clay said he "would rather be right than be President." Bristow would rather be President than—not. *Wilkesbarre Times.*

The President has nominated Alfred V. Dockery of North Carolina, U. S. Consul at Leeds.

A DECISION IN THE WARREN CLOUGH CASE.

The Decision of the District Court Affirmed by the Supreme Court.

Warren Clough, convicted of the terrible crime of killing his brother Nathan, at Seward, a few years since, and who was tried and found guilty by the District court of that judicial district, and who has since that time been in jail awaiting a decision of the Supreme court, received a final answer in his case from that court yesterday. The murder was committed in the barn connected with the hotel of which the prisoner is the owner, in April, 1876. He had a preliminary examination before a coroner's jury, a true bill found against him by the grand jury, and found guilty of the crime in the District court. The Supreme court, yesterday, affirmed the decision of the lower court, and now all that remains, is for the death sentence to be passed.

The case underwent the searching scrutiny of a coroner's jury, composed of six of Seward's best men, and their verdict was to the effect that Nathan Clough came to his death from the blow of an axe in the hands of his brother Warren, and the arrest of the latter immediately followed. His examination soon took place before J. N Edwards, Esq., a Justice of the Peace in that town, and resulted in Clough being held for trial in the District Court. The grand jury readily found a true bill against the unhappy man; and, despairing of obtaining an impartial trial in Seward county, he took a change of venue to the adjoining county of York, where his trial took place nearly a year ago, and the jury, after being out a short time returned a verdict of guilty.

The sentence of the court was soon after pronounced, being the severest penalty prescribed by the law, and fixing the date of its execution some time during the month of July last.

Meanwhile, Clough's attorneys took the case to the Supreme Court, on error, and that tribunal granted a stay of execution of sentence, pending their consideration of the case.

The exceptions were argued before the full bench, during the latter days of the October, '77 term, and the points then raised have since received the careful attention of the Judges.

THE DECISION.

Soon after the opening of the Court at the Capitol this morning, Associate Justice Geo. B. Lake began the delivery of the opinion concurred in by Chief Justice Gantt and associate Maxwell, and which was to unalterably fix the doom of the convicted man. The opinion was quite lengthy and its conclusion was to deny the plaintiff's exceptions and confirm the judgment of the court below, and the case was sent back under these circumstances to it, for final sentence on the prisoner, who is now in the York county jail.

Under the aspect of the case there is scarcely a possibility that anything can be brought to intervene between the condemned man and death on the gallows. Nothing but the elemency of the Governor can save him from this expiation, and whether that can be successfully invoked remains to be developed.—*State Journal.*

Foster Sustains Chandler.

N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.

The Washington *Post* has interviewed Congressman Foster, of Ohio, in regard to the New Orleans conference between leading republicans and prominent Democrats. Mr. Foster is not a willing witness, and only tells what he can't avoid. He admits there was a conference at Wormley's—that he was present, with Henry Watterson, Ellis of Louisiana, John Sherman Stanley Matthews, Gov. Dennison, General Garfield, Major Burke, and others—that he read a letter received from Mr. Hayes showing he was in favor of the withdrawal of troops from southern states under certain circumstances. This letter he had shown previous to the meeting to Ben Hill, Chandler, of Georgia, Levy, of Louisiana, J. Young Brown, Alexander Stephens, Major Burke, and Henry Watterson. He further admitted that Major Burke read a document, pledging the Nicholls government, if it were sustained, to protect the republicans of Louisiana, and to insure them peace and happiness in the state. We are inclined to think Mr. Foster will turn out an important witness for Mr. W. E. Chandler. His interview corroborates about everything he charged in his letter to the New Hampshire Republicans.

The people of the Fourth Congressional District of California elected Pacheco, Republican to represent them in Congress. The Democrats in Congress took the matter out of the hands of the Fourth District people, and gave the seat to a Democrat.—*Inter-Ocean.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PIMPLES.

I will mail (Free) the recipe for a simple VEGETABLE BALM that will remove TAN, FRECKLES, PIMPLES, and BLOTCHES, leaving the skin soft, clear and beautiful; also instructions for producing a luxuriant growth of hair on a bald head or smooth face. Address, inclosing 3 ct. stamp, Ben Vandell & Co., 20 Ann St., N. Y. 32m6

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been permanently cured of that dread disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address E. A. WILSON, 194 Penn St., Williamsburg, N. Y. 32m6

TRANSPARENT TECHING CARDS. Instruction and amusement combined. Important to parents and teachers. 26 different artistic designs. The entire pack sent free for 25 cts. currency. Vandell & Co., 20 Ann St., N. Y. 32m6

$57.60 AGENTS profit for a week. Will prove it or forfeit $50. New articles, just patented. Samples sent free to all. Address W. H. CHIDESTER, 216 Fulton St., New York. 32m6

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentlemen, who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN, 42 Cedar St., New York. 32m6

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF NEMAHA COUNTY, NEBRASKA.—In the matter of proving the will of William R. Hall, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, that the 24 day of March, A. D. 1878, at 1 o'clock p. m., at the office of the County Judge of Nemaha County, in Brownville, Nebraska, has been fixed by the Court as the time and place of proving the will of said William R. Hall, deceased, when and where all concerned may appear and contest the probate thereof.

Dated, February 7, 1878.

JOHN S. STULL, County Judge.

34w3

[No. 669.]

SHERIFF'S SALE.—Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the District Court of Nemaha County, State of Nebraska, and to me directed as Sheriff of said County, upon a decree and judgment rendered by said Court, in a case wherein R. W. Plumb was plaintiff, and Julius A. Johnson and Julius B. Johnson were defendants, I will offer for sale, at public auction, at the door of the Court House in Brownville, in said county, on

Saturday, March 23, A.D. 1878,

at 1 o'clock p. m., the following described lands, in Nemaha County, Nebraska, to-wit: The south west quarter of section five (5); the south east quarter of section six (6); the north east quarter of section seven (7); the north west quarter of section eight (8); and the north east quarter of section eighteen (18), all in township five (5), north of range thirteen (13), east, containing eight hundred (800) acres, together with all the improvements and privileges thereto belonging.

Taken on said order of sale as the property of Julius A. Johnson and Julius B. Johnson,

Terms of sale, cash.

Dated, this 11th day of February, 1878.

34w5 R. V. BLACK, Sheriff.

[No 956.]

SHERIFF'S SALE.—Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the District Court of Nemaha County, State of Nebraska, and to me directed as Sheriff of said county, upon a decree and judgment rendered by said Court, in a case wherein George W. Reed and Edward J. Reed, partners as George W. Reed & Company, were plaintiffs, and Joshua P. Burdick and Deborah Burdick, were defendants, I will offer for sale, at public auction, at the door of the Court House in Brownville, in said County.

On Saturday, March 23, A.D. 1878,

at one o'clock p. m., the following described lands, in Nemaha County, Nebraska, to-wit: Lots eleven (11), and twelve (12), in block number eighty-four (84), in the town of Peru, in said county, together with all the improvements and privileges thereto belonging.

Taken on said order of sale as the property of Joshua P. Burdick and Deborah Burdick.

Terms of sale, cash.

Dated, this 7th day of February, 1878.

34w5 R. V. BLACK, Sheriff.

[No. 1,108.]

LEGAL NOTICE.—In the District Court of Nemaha County, Nebraska.

Thomas Burress, Administrator of the estate of William J. Green, deceased, plaintiff, against Sarah Isabell Green, Ulysses G. Green and A. Viola Green, defendants.

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE.

It appearing from the petition in the above entitled cause that it is necessary to sell a portion of the lands described in the petition for the purposes named in the petion, it is therefore ordered that said defendants, and their next of kin, and all persons interested in said estate, appear in said cause before the Judge of said Court, at the Court House in Brownville, Nemaha County, Nebraska, on the

19th day of March, A.D. 1878,

at 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, and show cause, if any they have, why license should not be granted for the sale of a portion of said property described in the petition, to-wit: The north west quarter of the south west quarter of section twenty-four (24), township six (6), north of range fourteen (14), east of the sixth principal meridian, in Nemaha County, Nebraska, except a tract described as follows: Commencing at a stake eight chains and fifty links south of the north west corner of the south west quarter of said section twenty four, thence running south five chains, thence east ten chains, thence north five chains, thence west ten chains, to the place of beginning, containing five acres; also the north east quarter of the south east quarter of section twenty-three (23), township six (6), north of range fourteen (14), east of the sixth principal meridian, in said Nemaha County, Nebraska, except a tract described in a deed given by said Wm. J. Green, deceased, as follows: Commencing eighteen rods south of the north east corner of the north west quarter of said section twenty-three, thence north 68½° east twenty-three and one-half rods, thence south six and one half rods, thence south 52½° west twenty-seven rods and sixteen links, thence north fourteen rods and twenty-three links, to the place of beginning, containing one and 52-100 acres; also a tract of land lying in Nemaha County, Nebraska, described as follows: Commencing at the north east corner of the north west quarter of the south east quarter of section twenty-three, township six, north of range fourteen, east, thence south eighteen rods, thence west twenty-eight rods and two links, thence north eighteen rods, thence east twenty-eight rods and two links, to the place of beginning, containing three and 14-100 acres.

And that this order be published three consecutive weeks in the "Nebraska Advertiser," a newspaper published in said county.

Dated, this 8th day of February, A. D. 1878.

34w3 S. B. POUND, Judge.

[No. 1,104.]

LEGAL NOTICE.—District Court, Nemaha County, Nebraska

William L. Gross, plaintiff, vs. Jacob Bunn, defendant.

To Jacob Bunn, non-resident defendant:

You will please take notice that on the 24 day of February, 1878, the above named plaintiff filed his petition in the District Court, Second Judicial District, within and for Nemaha County, Nebraska, demanding judgment against you for the sum of seventeen hundred twenty six and 03-100 dollars, and interest from December 31st, 1877, for so much money before that date had and received to the use of said plaintiff by you, and for so much money before that date loaned and advanced you by the plaintiff at your special instance and request. Also take notice that your lands situated in said County, to-wit: All of sections number thirty-four (34) and thirty-five (35), township number six (6), range twelve (12), east, have been attached at the suit of the plaintiff herein, to await the judgment in said action.

Also take notice, that unless you plead, answer or demur to the petition so, as aforesaid filed, on or before Monday the 1st day of April, 1878, the allegations thereof will be taken as true, and judgment and order of sale rendered accordingly.

E. F. WARREN, Attorney for Plff.

34w5

[No. 1,103.]

LEGAL NOTICE.—District Court, Nemaha County, Nebraska

Charles F. Gross, plaintiff, vs. Jacob Bunn, defendant.

Jacob Bunn, non-resident defendant, will please take notice, that on the 24 day of February, 1878, the above named plaintiff filed his petition in the office of the Clerk of the District Court, Second Judicial District in and for Nemaha County, Nebraska, demandmanding judgment against the said defendant for the sum of twelve hundred, thirty-seven and 22-100 dollars, and interest thereon from the 31st day of December, 1877, for so much money before that date had and received by the defendant to the use of said plaintiff, and for so much money before that date loaned and advanced by plaintiff to defendant at his special instance and request. Also take notice, that your real estate in Nemaha County aforesaid, to-wit: The west half of section number six (6), township number five (5), range number thirteen (13), and the north west quarter of section number twelve (12), township number five (5), in range twelve (12), east, have been attached at the instance of the said plaintiff, to await the judgment in said action.

Also, take notice that unless you plead, answer, or demur, to the petition of the plaintiff as aforesaid filed, on or before Monday, the 1st day of April, 1878, the allegations thereof will be taken as true and judgment and order of sale rendered accordingly.

E. F WARREN, Attorney for Plff.

34w5

$45 PREMIUM WATCH AND CHAIN—Stem-winder. Free with every order. Outfit free. J. B. Gaylord & Co., Chicago, Ill.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

[No. 1,113.]

LEGAL NOTICE.—Jacob Bunn non-resident of the State of Nebraska, will take notice that on the 9th day of February, 1878, Susie L. Gross, as plaintiff, filed her petition against him as defendant, in the office of the Clerk of the District Court, Second Judicial District, in and for Nemaha County, Nebraska, demanding judgment against him for the sum of one thousand, sixty-nine and 19-100 dollars, and interest from the 31st day of December, 1877, for so much money before that time received by said defendant to and for the use of the plaintiff, and for so much money before that date loaned and advanced to defendant by the plaintiff. Also take notice that a writ of attachment has been issued in said action at the instance of the plaintiff, and your real estate in Nemaha county, to-wit: The north half, and the south east quarter of section number two (2), in township number five (5), range number twelve (12), east, containing four hundred and eighty acres, has been attached to await the judgment in said action.

Also take notice, that unless you, the said defendant, plead, answer or demur to the petition of the plaintiff so as aforesaid filed, on or before Monday, April 1st, 1878, the allegations thereof will be taken as true, and judgment and order of sale will be entered accordingly. E. F. WARREN,

34w5 Attorney for Piff.

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF NEMAHA COUNTY, NEBRASKA.—In the matter of proving the will of Oliver H. P. Kite, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that Saturday, the 2d day of March, A. D. 1878, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the office of the County Judge of Nemaha County, at Brownville, Nebraska, has been fixed by the Court as the time and place of proving the will of said Oliver H. P. Kite, deceased, when and where all concerned may appear and contest the probate thereof.

February 6, 1878.

JOHN S. STULL, County Judge.

33w3

[No. 1,106.]

LEGAL LOTICE.—LUCRETIA P. BAGLEY: You are hereby notified that on the fourth day of February, 1878, Horace Bagley filed his petition in the District Court in and for Nemaha County, Nebraska, in which petition said Horace Bagley prays to be divorced from you, on the ground of your willful absence from him for two years last past, without any cause or justification therefor on his part whatever.

You are required to answer said petition on or before the 11th day of March, 1878.

HORACE BAGLEY.

Wm. T. Rogers, Att'y. 33w4.

[No. 1,109.]

LEGAL NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given, that a petition has been filed in the District Court of Nemaha County, Nebraska, wherein Mary Grant is plaintiff and Wenzel Grant is defendant. The object and prayer of said petetion is to obtain a divorce from the bonds of matrimony.

Said defendant is required to answer or otherwise plead to said petition on or before March 18, 1878.

S. A. OSBORN, Attorney for Plaintiff.

33w4

[No. 1,102.]

LEGAL NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to James B. McCormick, that a petition has been filed in the District Court of Nemaha County, Nebraska, in an action wherein Emily H. Billingsly is plaintiff, and he, the said James B. McCormick, is defendant. The object and prayer of the said action and petition is to find that there is due the plaintiff from defendant the sum of sixteen hundred dollars, with interest at ten per cent per annum from December 14, 1874, compounded, and the further sum of ten per cent. of all thereof as attorney's fees, on two promissory notes, due respectively in two and three years after date, and each dated December 14, 1874, and for eight hundred dollars, and ten per cent. interest, and ten per cent. attorney's fees, made by said defendant to order of John McPherson, and by said McPherson assigned to plaintiff as collateral. Also to foreclose a mortgage of even date of said notes made to secure the same by said defendant to said McPherson, on the following described real estate, situated in said County of Nemaha, to-wit: The south east quarter of the south east quarter of section number thirteen (13), in township number five (5), north of range fifteen (15), east, containing forty acres, excepting a tier of blocks off the east side of said tract as numbered in the town plat; also a strip of land off the east side of the south west quarter of the south east quarter of said section, to make in the aggregate forty acres, received by deed am. purchased from Margaret J. Jacobs, dated November 25, 1864, recorded November 25, 1864, on deed record No. 3, page 361; also a strip of land on the north east quarter of the south east quarter of said section thirteen that lies south of Water street, said strip running west to the west boundary line of the above described eighteen acre tract and no further, and being same land conveyed to Laura Cogswell by deed dated July 9, 1872, recorded July 17, 1872, on deed record No. 10, page 193, of Nemaha County. The said object and prayer is to further sell the said premises to pay said debt, and for other equitable relief.

Said defendant is required to answer or otherwise plead to said petition on or before March 18, 1878.

J. H. BROADY, Attorney for Plaintiff.

32w4

[No. 1,101.]

LEGAL NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to William H. Harris, Tabbitha J. Harris, and Adam E. Trayer, that a petition has been filed in the District Court of Nemaha County, Nebraska, in an action wherein Franklin E. Johnson and Homer Johnson are plaintiffs, and said William H. Harris, Tabbitha J. Harris, and Adam E. Trayer, are defendants. The object and prayer of said petition and action is to foreclose a mortgage on the following described real estate, situated in Nemaha County, Nebraska, to-wit: The east half of the north west quarter, and the north west quarter of the north west quarter, of section twelve, town five, range fifteen, made by said William H. Harris and Tabbitha Harris to said plaintiffs August 9, 1875, to secure a note of said William H. Harris to plaintiffs, dated August 4, 1875, for $400, with interest at twelve per cent. per annum from date until paid, and ten per cent. attorney's fees, and due one year after date, on which there is now due four hundred dollars with interest at twelve per cent. per annum from November 4, 1875, and ten per cent. of all thereof as attorney's fees; and the object and prayer aforesaid is further to declare the said mortgage the first and prior lien on said premises, and sell said premises to pay said sums of money.

The said defendants are required to answer or otherwise plead to said petition on or before the 18th day of March, 1878.

J. H. BROADY, Attorney for Plaintiff.

32w4

[No. 706.]

SHERIFF'S SALE.—Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the District Court of Nemaha County, State of Nebraska, and to me directed as Sheriff of said County, upon a decree and judgment rendered by said Court, in a case wherein Luther Hoadley was plaintiff, and Julius A. Johnson was defendant, I will offer for sale, at public auction, at the door of the Court House in Brownville, in said County, on

Saturday, March 16, A.D. 1878,

at one o'clock P. M. the following described lands, in Nemaha County, Nebraska, to-wit: Lots ten (10), eleven (11) and twelve (12), in block fourteen (14), and lot ten (10) in block nineteen (19), all in the city of Brownville, together with all the improvements and privileges thereto belonging.

Taken on said order of sale as the property of Julius A. Johnson.

Terms of sale, cash.

Dated, this 5th day of February, 1878.

33w6 R. V. BLACK, Sheriff.

[No. 1,050.]

SHERIFF'S SALE.—Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the District Court of Nemaha County, State of Nebraska, and to me directed as Sheriff of said County, upon a decree and judgment rendered by said Court, in a case wherein H. B. Blood was plaintiff, and Samuel H. Townsend and Susan E. Townsend were defendants, I will offer for sale, at public auction, at the door of the Court House in Brownville, in said County, on

Saturday, March 9, A.D. 1878,

at one o'clock P. M., the following described lands in Nemaha County, Nebraska, to-wit: Lot six (6), in section thirty-six (36), in township seven (7), north of range fifteen (15), east, containing fifty-four (54) acres more or less, together with all the improvements and privileges thereto belonging.

Taken on said order of sale as the property of Samuel H. Towdsend and Susan E. Townsend.

Terms of sale, cash.

Dated, this 23rd day of January, 1878.

32w5 R. V. BLACK, Sheriff.

[No. 834.]