THE ADVERTISER.

THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 15, 1875.

Mr. Gere, of the State *Journal*, was elected a delegate to the Constitutional Conveation.

A DEAD SURE THING.—That peat bed of Bray's. Persons who know what peat is, says it is the genuine article. If worked right it will be a mine of wealth to our friend Bray.—*Pawnee Republican.*

That being the case it is in order for the *Republican* to "bray without ceasing."

A gentleman in Europe writes: "I see in the American papers notices of bank bills altered from one denomination to another. This is impossible in this part of the world, through the very simple device of having bills of different values made of different sizes."

The Brownville ADVERTISER has said something about a road north from this city, and what our county should do to aid in its construction, but has not a word to say in favor of a southern outlet. — *Nebraska City Chronicle.*

We copy the above that our readers may know what a supremely *truthful* Jounal the *Chronicle* is. Nebraska City should be proud of a *thing* so reliable to conduct its great enterprises, as that paper claims it does.

Dr. A. S. Stewart now owns one-half of the Tecumseh *Chieftain* office, he having bought the interest of Fred. S. Hassler in the concern. Jno. N. Hassler and Dr. S. will continue to give the people a solid republican paper. The *Chieftain* always has that kind of a ring—just as we left it; and we would be sorry to ever hear an uncertain sound from it. We have a kind of paternal regard for our old pet.

The Pawnee *Republican*, it seems, is bound not to be convinced that that little public, open, daylight transaction which it is happy in dubbing a "land steal," was not a very statesman like act of our legislatnre, which will redound to the glory of the State. Why does the *Republican* not take up the figures and arguments offered by THE ADVERTISER in defense of the "steal," and answer them, successfully if it can, instead of ignoring all facts in reference to the matter, and standing back chattering, parrot-like, "land steal!" "land steal!"

Beecher's testimony aside from the witness' style of delivery and acting before the court, the auditors and jury, amounts to nothing more than his "statements" which all have read,—a denial of everything he is charged with. He denies, just as everybody expected he would, the testimony of those who testified against him, but then he tells his story with such dramatic effect that he most certainly will come out of court without a scratch and perfectly virtuous and happy. It is not possible for a born actor, like Beecher, to be a ladies' man or anything that way.

When Mr. Evarts asked Beecher if he ever had the conversation with Tilton as related by Tilton, as to the doubtful paternity of little Ralph Tilton, and in reference to his, Beecher's, first carnal knowledge of Elizabeth, then was an auspicious time to display his theatrical genius and bring down the house, and he succeeded admirably, as he has a Plymouth Church crowd always on hand to applaud when he rounds a dramatic point. While the question was being read, says a reporter, Mr. Beecher seemed restless, and seemed impatient to speak and made several *gestures* of *remonstrance*, and when finally he had the question, "he answered in *tones* not soon to be forgotten." Of course he denied that any such conversation had ever taken place, and they say he ought to be acquitted on account of those gestures and tones.

Notwithstanding the reputation of the grasshoppered and drouth cursed western country, the travel and imigration never were so great at this season of the year as at present. We talk of hard times and deplore the destitute condition of the people, but all our information of times, financially, with laborers of the east, lead us to believe that we of Nebraska, and the west, generally speaking, are really better off, with fairer prospects ahead, than the laborer, the mechanic and the poor of eastern cities. Speaking of the travel westward, the St. Joe *Herald* of the 10th says: "There were thirty California passengers and forty, five cars of through freight on the St Joseph and Denver Railroad yesterday."

On the same subject the Omaha *Republican* of the 10th says:

The swarm of emigrants who are arriving here daily from the east is unpreceded in the history of railroading in this section of the country. We made mention of this fact a day or two ago, in connection with which we stated that there was a lack of cars on the Union Pacific Railroad, and that the emigrants could not receive transportation westward as fast as they arrived. The railroad officials have been making every exertion in every direction to secure cars, and they have already received considerable assitance from other roads.

The spectacle presented at the Union Pacific depot every day at two o'clock in the afternoon is well worth seeing. The immense crowd of men women and children, of all ages, and representing so many nationalities, who fill the platforms, waiting the time when they can board the train, is indescribable.

So many are arriving daily that all cannot be sent west immediately; some have to wait here another day for the making up of another train. During the last few days the blockade has been so extensive that the emigrant train has been run as a special train.

Yesterday's train consisted of fifteen full cars, containing about five hundred persons. The train left this city at about 6 P. M.

Another item in the *Republican* of same date says:

Twenty-seven cars of emigrants went west yesterday. The statistics kept at the Union Pacific depot show that 7,800 emigrants went West from the 1st of March up to last Sunday night, April 4th, and about 2,500 more have come and gone since that time up to last night.

The *Republican* says the major part of this travel in search of new homes is now bound for California, but Nebraska is catching some of them, and then truly adds:

Nebraska offers far greater inducements to the emigrant than California does, and families who locate within our borders will be much better off than if they pushed on to the Pacific coast. If this year brings good crops to the Nebraska farmer, the agricultural population of this State will nearly make up for the loss by the pest of last year. There is every prospect, as we are informed, of a large crop of everythings. That being the case, the year 1875 will bring peace and plenty to the farmers of Nebraska, and thousands of new settlers to be added to the population of the State.

There is plenty of room for all here. Let them come, and find a home among us.

ONE HUNDRED YEARS AGO.

Next Monday, 19th inst., one hundred years ago, the first blood of the Revolution was shed and the first battle for freedom from the rule of King George, was fought. "There was great moral sublimity in the rising of the colonies against the parent country; for it was material weakness arrayed against material strength. There were more than three thousand British troops in Boston, on the first of April, 1775. Confident in his power, Gage felt certain that he could repress insurrections, and keep the people quiet. Yet he felt uneasy concerning the gathering of ammunition and stores, by the patriots, at Concord, sixteen miles from Boston. Toward midnight, on the 18th [April], he secretly dispatched eight hundred men, under lieutenant-colonel Smith and Major Pitcairn, to destroy them. So carefully had he arranged the expedition, that he believed it to be entirely unknown to the patriots. All his precautions were vain. The vigilant Dr. Warren, who was secretly watching all the movements of Gage, became aware of the expedition early in the evening; and when it moved Paul Revere, one of the most active of the Sons of Liberty in Boston, had landed at Charlestown, and was on his way to Concord to arouse the inhabitants and minute men. Soon afterward, church-bells, muskets, and cannons spread the alarm over the country; and when, at dawn, on the 19th of April, 1775—a day memorable in the annals of our Republic—Pitcairn, with the advanced guard, reached Lexington, a few miles from Concord, he found seventy determined men drawn up to oppose him. Pitcairn rode forward and shouted:

"Disperse! disperse, you rebels! Down with your arms, and disperse!"

They refused obedience, and he ordered his men to fire. That dreadful order was obeyed, and the FIRST BLOOD OF THE REVOLUTION flowed upon the tender grass on the Green at Lexington. Eight citizens were killed, several were wounded, and the remainder were dispersed. The last survivor of that noble band died in March, 1854, at the age of almost ninety-six years.

Confident of full success, the British now pressed forward to Concord, and destroyed the stores. They were terribly annoyed by the minute-men on their way, who fired upon them from behind walls, trees, and buildings. Having accomplished their purpose, and killed several more patriots in a skirmish there, the royal troops hastily retreated to Lexington. The country was now thoroughly aroused, and minute-men were gathering by scores. Nothing but the timely arrival of Lord Percy with reinforcements, saved the eight hundred men from total destruction. The whole body now retreated. All the way back to Bunker's Hill, in Charlestown, the troops were terribly assailed by the patriots; and when, the following morning they crossed over to Boston, they ascertained their loss to be, in killed and wounded, two hundred and seventy-three. The loss of the Americans in killed, wounded, and missing, was one hundred and three."

Extract from the letter of Beecher to Moulton, written June 1st, 1873, in which is expressed entire abandonment of all hope of keeping Tilton from developing the scandal: "I have determined to make no more resistance; Theodore's temperament is such that the future, even if temporarily earned, would be absolutely worthless, filled with abrupt charges, and rendering me liable at any hour or day to be obliged to stultify all the devices by which we have saved ourselves. It is only fair that he should know that the publication of the card which he proposees would leave him far worse off than before. The agreement was made after my letter thro' you was written; he had it a year; he had condoned his wife's fault; he had enjoined upon me, with the utmost earnestness and solemnity, not to betray his wife, nor leave his children to a blight; I had honestly and earnestly joined in the purpose."

In answer to a question by his attorney, Mr. Evarts, as to what he meant by "he (Tilton) had condoned his wife's fault," Mr. Beecher said: "I understood the matter to be simply, as I then understood it and assuredly believed it was, that his wife had transferred to me her affection. That, in consequence of such transfer, she was led to a separation between herself and her husband and to almost breaking up of the household. That I regarded as her fault so far as he was concerned and which he had forgiven."

Elizabeth had transferred her affection, her love, from her husband to another man, that man was himself. Why did he come to such an understanding? How did he find it out? What made him believe that this wife of another man loved him better than she loved her husband? More than that, that she had completely transferred her love from the one she had sworn to love to Henry Ward Beecher? Since he has been on the witness stand he has sworn that Mrs. Tilton is incapable of impure thought or action, that she was generally literally slopping over with religion, and that nothing ever did occur between him and Elizabeth in word or act that was not in accordance with the strictest rules of propriety, and that no woman's deportment could be more modest. Yet in some way or other he discovered that she had transferred her love from her husband to him. Everything was carried on between them with the greatest propriety and religious exactness; yet "in consequence of that *transfer* she was led," says Beecher, "to a separation between herself and husband." He knew all about it—all the whys and wherefores—that she loved him, left her husband on account of that love, and all these things occurred without a single impure word, action or thought occurring between them, or on the part of either. Elizabeth is as innocent as a little angel, and her broad shouldered, thick necked lover utterly incapable of an amorous thought, and as impotent for a sexual embrace as an ox! It is all a very likely story.

This is a bad season for regular Republican tickets in Nebraska, but it is only "tuning up" compared with the music that will be heard next fall.

Frank E. Johnson (dem.) is elected Mayor of Brownville, and J. B. Docker (dem.) Clerk.

We clip the above from the *Star*, a Democratic paper printed in Lincoln. If Democrats are elected, no difference how, the fact is thrown in your face as a Democrat victory. The truth is in these cases that if any party can claim a victory it is the Republican party, for Johnson and Docker were suggested and nominated by the Republicans and run without opposition and the principal influences brought to bear for the success, of the Mayor elect especially, were by the leading Republicans of the city. But party was out of the question in our city election. The people wanted the best men for their officers, and we believe they got them.

So far as the first paragraph above from the *Star* is concerned, we can say that rebel braggadocio is old, and contemptible as it is old. We used to *hear* that one southern man could whip five northern men, but we afterwards *learned* that the chivalry and bravery of rebels consisted more in words than in deeds.

CONSTITUTIONAL ELECTION.

	Bridge	Donohue	Ewing	Posey	Brondy
Brownville	114	98	77	100	208
Aspinwall	24	24	4	1	20
Nemaha City	31	30	19	17	21
Glen Rock	4	1	26	23	25
St. Deroin	21	21	2	2	24
Bedford	6	6	29	29	35
London	4	3	55	55	57
Peru	54	41	52	62	105
Douglas	8	23	52	40	59
Washington	..	2	18	16	17
Benton	5	10	8	6	16
Lafayette	4	5	37	33	10
Island	12	12	..	..	12

E. W. Thomas received 59 votes in Lafayette precinct.

GENERAL NEWS.

A terrific hurricane on the 8th inst struck Rolla, Mo. The *Democrat* office was blown down and C. Walters, the editor, badly hurt. Several other houses were demolished and persons hurt, but none fatally.

The same storm visited Little Rock, Arkansas, and other places south, doing more or less damage. At Little Rock several houses were wrecked and five or six persons killed.

At the third annual sale of short horned cattle held on the 9th inst., at Dexter Park, Chicago, eight best cows and heifers sold at prices ranging from $900 up to $1,280. The average price of 37 cows and heifers sold was $592. One bull, "Kessinger," sold for $2 200.

Notice of action has been given in the new six million suit against Wm. M. Tweed. The list of property attached embraces everything known to be in possession of Tweed at the time of the exposure, and which he passed into the hands of other parties.

Michael Sullivan was hanged at New Brunswick, N. J., on Friday, April 9th, for the murder of Daniel Talmage.

On the same day, in St. Louis, Mo., Patrick O'Shea was hanged in the jail yard, for stabbing his wife to death in March last.

Wm. McCannon was caught in the machinery of a wind mill at Potsdam on the 9th inst., and crushed to death.

At Logansport, Ind., on the 9th, a woman named Carrie Russel was arrested on the charge of infantcide. The child was found in the river.

The difficulty between China and Germany has been satisfactorily settled.

A terrible smash-up occurred near Fairberry, Ill., on the 8th. A freight train came in contact with a cow when ten cars became heaped in endless confusion, and several rods of the track torn up, but no one was killed, strange to say.

The government of Spain has concluded to send 15,000 soldiers to Cuba.

On the night of the 8th inst. L. R. Leye, in Philadelphia, killed his wife and then himself.

It is claimed that Jersey county, Illinois, has 60,000 acres of growing wheat.

A larger acreage of wheat, oats and corn is being cultivated in Tarrant county, Texas, this year than ever before. The wheat and oats look splendid, and promise large yields. Corn is up and growing.

Evius Larkin, of Taborville, Mo., committed suicide last week.

A child near Salem, Mo., recently swallowed some lye, and died an hour or two afterward.

Herbert Spencer indignantly denies that married life is favorable to longevity. It is evident that Herbert doesn't know old Brigham young.

THE $50,000 APPROPRIATION.

Editor Nebraska Advertiser.

Permit me through your valuable paper to say a word to the people, and especially the tax payers, of Nemaha county. First, I will revert to the fact that at the last session of our Legislature an appropriation of $50,000 was made as a charity fund to assist those who had suffered from the raid of the grasshoppers and dry weather of last summer, and I, in my ignorance, supposed that as it was an appropriation to which each tax payer of the State would be called upon to contribute, each section of the State was entitled to an equitable share according to the necessities of the case. But it seems from the light that time and recent developments have thrown upon the matter that no such thing was intended, and that while every tax payer was expected to contribute to said appropriation, the benefits were to be enjoyed by but a certain class, and the distribution of aid was to be confined to certain localities and certain organizations. The west part of our county suffered extensively, in common with the counties further west, and while the great majority were able to crowd through the winter and procure seed for this spring's sowing and planting, there are some instances where this is not the case. I have two neighbors who are of this class. They are hard working, sober, but poor men, and I thought as they had nothing in the shape of grain, not even feed for their teams, and no money to buy with, that they were entitled to a little aid from the said State appropriation, and by their urgent request I wrote a letter to Church Howe stating their cases and asking only seed for them with which to sow and plant their ground. About a week afterward I received a letter from one of the "Grange" Committee at Lincoln, stating that no aid be could procured by these men except through the P. of H., but referring them to the State Aid Society at Omaha. At their request I then wrote to the State Aid Society enclosing the letter I received from Lincoln, and stating the necessitles of the case as plainly and truthfully as I could. In about a week or ten days after I received a letter from the State Aid Society, which I here copy *verbatim:*

"*Sir:* We are not supplying Nemaha county with seed."

Now, here is the letter, and all of it, except the address. Now, as the lawyer says, I respectfully demur to this whole matter from beginning to end. In the first place it is a grave matter of doubt with me whether the Legislature has power to tax my property for the purpose of dispensing a charity. But I am willing to waive this if that charity can be equitably dispensed, but if it was intended to dispense charity to the members of the P. of H. exclusively, and that at the public expense, and to thus compel contributions from those outside this organization in the shape of taxation, I object.

Another point and I am done for the present. The said Relief and Aid Society received, as I understand the matter, one-half of the aforesaid $50,000, and were thus constituted the dispensers of the charity of the State to individual necessitous cases. Now their answer to the application heretofore named, coming as it does without any explanation or comment, I consider an insult to every tax payer of Nemaha county. We are informed emphatically that our taxes will help to replace the said appropriation to the State treasury, yet, however necessitous may be the cases of destitution in the county, no aid can be procured unless it may possibly be through the County Grange. Now, if this is the rule, the parties managing this affair will find themselves in a predicament somewhat similar to the man who put on an old pair of pants that had been hanging up for some time, and when he got them on found that a hornet's nest had been built in the seat.

TAX PAYER.

Lafayette, April 6th, 1875.

COMMISSIONERS' COURT.

Proceedings of the Board Last Week.

Be it remembered that at a meeting of the Board of County Commissioners of Nemaha county, Nebraska, begun and held at the County Clerk's office in Brownville on Tuesday, April 6th, A. D., 1875, officers present, Jonathan Higgins, President; Alexander McKinney and John H. Shook, County Commissioners; Wilson E. Majors, County Clerk; Davidson Plasters, Sheriff; when the following business was had and done, to-wit:

The official bond of J. Marlatt as Supervisor of District No. 2, Brownville precinct, was approved.

Now comes L. Feistner, H. Yelkin, John Casper, *et. al.*, and present a petition asking the location of a road. Prayer of the petitioners granted, and surveyor ordered to view and if considered practicable, locate and plat same.

Now comes A. B. Kentner, Chas. Schaffer, *et. al.*, and presents petition for the location of county road. Prayer of petitioners granted and surveyor ordered to view, and, if route is deemed practicable, to survey, locate, and plat the same.

Wm. H. Lorance was appointed road supervisor of Brownville city district, Brownville precinct.

Board adjourned until Wednesday morning.

April 7th, 1875.

Board met. Officers present: Alex. McKinney and John H. Shook, County Commissioners; Wilson E. Majors, County Clerk; D. Plasters, Sheriff; when the following business was had and done, to-wit:

Now comes W. P. Fiss, A. B. Kentner, *et. al.*, and present petition asking the location of county road. The petition granted, and J. M. Hacker appointed to view said location, and, if practicable, survey, locate and plat same.

The official bond of William H. Lorance was presented and approved.

The annual settlement of R. A. Hawley, as J. P., was approved.

A. W. Shook was appointed constable for St. Deroin precinct, vice J. F. Davis removed to Richardson county.

The following report of John Maxwell, Superintendent of Poor Farm, was approved, to-wit:

F. Goodrich, aged 75, died April 6th, 1875.
A. Chapman, received February 12, 1875, aged 78, died February 18th, 1875.
A. Walter, received March 22nd, 1875, aged 60 years; health good; insane.
Mary Robinson, aged 45; health poor.
John Robinson, aged 9; health good.
Fanny McClinter, aged 31; health good.
James Dixon, aged 3 years; health good.
Julia McClinter, aged 4 weeks; health good.
Viola Belle Baker, aged 9 years; health poor.
Males, 3; females, 5; total, 8.

EXPENSES.

Stevenson & Cross, provisions and hardware	$107 08
Theo. Hill & Co., clothing	61 99
Body Bros., meat	6 25
J. L. Roy, coffin and furniture	24 00
J. L. Roy, coffin	15 00
J. Q. A. Smith, wood	67 50
Alex. McKinney, wheat	19 50
F. E. Johnson, merchandise	2 75
Total	$303 98

Adjourned to Thursday morning,

April 8th, 1875.

Board met. Present: Alexander McKinney and J. H. Shook, County Commissioners; Wilson E. Majors, County Clerk; Davidson Plasters, Sheriff.

The official bonds of William Jewell, as supervisor in Lafayette precint, and A. W. Shook, as constable for St. Deroin precinct, were approved.

Now comes J. Gilbert, surveyor and makes a favorable report on the vacation and location of county road through and near the town site of Hillsdale, as petitioned for. Report accepted and road ordered platted.

The report of Thomas Burress, as Justice of the Peace, was approved.

The annual reports of the following supervisors were received and approved:

William Jewell, district No. 2, Lafayette precinct; John Ashley, district No 4, Glen Rock precinct; Emmor Lash, district No. 2, Peru precinct; Peter White, district No. 3, Lafayette precinct.

Now comes C. H. Thomas, J. B. Epler, *et. al.*, and present petition for location of road one-half mile on a line due north, running between the northeast quarter of section three and the northwest quarter of section two, township six, range 14. Approved, and J. Gilbert, surveyor, ordered to view and if route is considered practicable, survey, locate and plat same.

Now comes H. M. Jones, J. P. Caroy, and others, with a petition asking the location of a road. Petition granted, and J. M. Hacker was appointed commissioner to view, &c.

Now comes William Skillet, M. Milks, *et. al.*, and presents a petition for the vacation and re-location of road. Petition granted and county surveyor ordered to view, and if practicable survey, locate and plat same.

Now comes J. H. Drain, W. H. Hoover, *et. al.*, with petition asking the erection of some small bridges along township line between townships four and five. It was ordered that Alex. McKinney examine and take such action as he may deem advisable.

Now comes John Goheen, A. C. Leeper, *et. al.*, and ask that the place of voting in Sheridan precinct be changed. Petition granted.

The petition of E. A. Welty, Peter Fraker, *et. al.*, asking the appointment of H. R. Robins, was approved.

The petition of Elanor Hawkins asking that she be released from paying taxes on land occupied by railroad, was granted.

Now comes H. C. Bahlken, F. Caspers, *et. al.*, and present petition asking that license be granted to G. Weirs to sell malt and vineous liquors in Benton precinct. The bond was approved and license granted on the payment of $250.00, for six months.

Adjourned until Friday morning.

April 9th, 1875.

Board met. Present: Alex. McKinney and John H. Shook, County Commissioners; Wilson E. Majors, County Clerk; Davidson Plasters, Sheriff.

The annual settlement of J. Marlatt was received and approved.

The following order was made, to-wit: It is hereby ordered by the Board that the road commencing at the northeast corner of section 30, running south on section line between sections 29 and 30, tp. 5, range 14 east, be and the same is hereby declared opened.

Petitions were presented from the citizens of Nemaha City, Aspinwall and St. Deroin precincts, asking that an election be ordered for the purpose of voting bonds in aid of the extension of the M. P. R. R. Prayer of petition granted and election ordered. See propositions.

By order of County Commissioners.
WILSON E. MAJORS,
County Clerk.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A. W. NICKEL,

DRUGGIST AND BOOK SELLER

has every thing in his line at the

LOWEST PRICES.

North Side Main St.

PROPOSALS FOR PRINTING —FOR THE— CITY OF BROWNVILLE.

NOTICE is hereby given that bids will be received at the office of the City Clerk of said city, up to the next regular meeting of the City Council on the 3rd day of May, 1875, for doing the public printing of said city.

The Council reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the City Council.
42w J. B. DOCKER, City Clerk.

MARSHAL'S NOTICE.

On and after the 1st of May the Cattle and Hog Ordinance will be strictly enforced.

By order of the City Council.
42w3 J. B. McCABE, Marshal.

G. G. TAYLOR'S PHOTOGRAPH PARLOR

over Witcherley's Barber Shop,

Brownville, Nebraska.

PICTURES TAKEN IN ANY STYLE, LARGE OR SMALL

Picture Frames IN GREAT VARIETY, ALWAYS ON HAND.

CITY BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the City Council of the City of Brownville will sit as a Board of Equalization at the City Council Chamber, on

MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY EVENINGS,

April 19th, 20th and 21st, 1875, to correct assessment for the year 1875.

By order of the Council.
42w1 J. B. DOCKER, City Clerk.

COUNTY BOARD OF EQUALIZATION

NOTICE is hereby given, that the County Commissioners of the County of Nemaha, State of Nebraska, will sit as a Board of Equalization, at the office of the County Clerk of said county, on

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday,

April 19th, 20th and 21st, 1875, to correct the assessments for the year 1875. All persons interested are invited to attend.

By order of the County Commissioners.
WILSON E. MAJORS,
42w1 County Clerk.

JUDKINS' FLOUR & FEED STORE

Main street, first door west of Carson's Bank,

Brownville, Nebraska.

LINCOLN NEW METHOD AND SPRING WHEAT

FLOUR

BRAN, SHORTS,

CHOPPED & MIXED FEED, CORN, &c.

IOWA SEED CORN.

I do not propose to UNDERSELL, but to SELL AS LOW as any house in the city.

W. A. Judkins.

TO THE FARMERS —OF— NEMAHA COUNTY.

All parties desirous of obtaining a LOAN for 3 YEARS at twelve per cent per annum, in connection with Life Insurance, can do so by calling on

J. FITCH KINNEY, Jr.,

at the Star Hotel, Brownville, where he will remain for sixty days from the 1st of May, 1875.

HOMEWOOD MILLS RUNNING DAY AND NIGHT

Having in my employ Mr.

HENRY SHIFFER,

acknowledged to be the best miller in the State, assisted by Mr. Henry Emerson, I am prepared to furnish GOOD FLOUR in any quantity. Every sack warranted.

My Flour is for sale at all the principal stores in Brownville.

GEO. HOMEWOOD.

Sheridan Mills, April 1st, 1875.

GRAIN, SEED AND FEED STORE

First Street, bet. Main & Atlantic.

CORN, OATS, WHEAT, RYE, BRAN, SHORTS, AND Chopped and Mixed Feed.

ALWAYS ON HAND.

500 Bushels Iowa SEED CORN.

Good Grain & Stock Scales Connected with the store.

CORN BY THE WAGON LOAD,

HUDDART & McCOY.

J. HUDDART & CO., PEACE & QUIET SALOON,

No. 51 Main Street,

BROWNVILLE, NEB.

BEST WINES & LIQUORS *KEPT ON HAND.*

BILLIARDS.

We have fitted up in fine style a Billiard Parlor and put up therein two tables fresh from the manufactory, to play upon which we invite gentlemen fond of the exercise. The Billiard Parlor is located in the story over the saloon.

SPECIAL ELECTION NOTICE, ASPINWALL PRECINCT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT BY virtue of the following order of the County Commissioners of Nemaha County, an election will be held in the manner, for the purpose, and at the time and place specified in said order, which is as follows, to-wit:

In the matter of the submission to a vote of the legal voters of the precinct of Aspinwall, in the County of Nemaha and State of Nebraska, of the question whether the precinct shall issue its bonds for aid in the construction of railroads in and through said precinct.

Several petitions, signed by many of the voters of this precinct, having been this day presented to and examined by this Board, and the Board being satisfied from said petitions, and otherwise, that it is the wish of a large portion of the voters of this precinct, and that it is expedient and proper that this question hereinafter mentioned should be submitted to the vote of the voters of this precinct;

Now, therefore, by virtue of the authority in us vested by law, we the County Commissioners of Nemaha County, in the State of Nebraska, do order that a special election be held in and for the said precinct of Aspinwall, on the

19th day of May, A. D. 1875,

at the usual place of voting in said precinct, for the purpose of voting on the following question, that is, to-wit:

Shall the County Commissioners of said County of Nemaha issue the bonds of the said Precinct of Aspinwall to the amount of Eighteen Thousand three Hundred Dollars, ($18,300 00), for the purpose of aiding the extension and construction of the Midland Pacific Railroad from the City of Brownville, in the county of Nemaha, to the south line of the State of Nebraska; said bonds to be made payable to the Midland Pacific Railway Company or bearer, twenty years after date, with interest at the rate of ten per centum per annum, and payable annually, with interest coupons thereto attached. Said bonds to be executed and dated July 1st, 1875, with interest and principal payable in the City of New York.

And shall the County Commissioners cause to be levied annually on the taxable property of said precinct, in addition to the other annual taxes, an amount of tax sufficient to pay annually the interest on said bonds; and after the expiration of ten years from the time of issuing the said bonds, shall they cause to be levied annually, until said bonds are paid, an additional tax sufficient to pay one-tenth part of the principal of said bonds, and to apply the same to the payment thereof.

Provided, the tax to be so levied shall not exceed the amount of tax authorized by law to be levied to aid in the construction of works of internal improvements in the State of Nebraska.

Said bonds to be delivered to the Midland Pacific Railway Company, or their order, as follows, to-wit:

One half the amount of said bonds when said Midland Pacific Railway Company shall have grad d their road bed from the City of Brownville, in the county of Nemaha, to the south line of said Aspinwall precinct. The other half of said bonds to be delivered to said Midland Pacific Railway Company, or their order, when said Railway Company shall have tied, bridged, and ironed their road bed from said City of Brownville to said south line of said Aspinwall precinct, and run trains thereon for business, and shall have located one of its regular stations for business on the line of said company's railroad in Aspinwall precinct.

Provided, that should said railway be built or located as above mentioned through said Aspinwall precinct on the route known as the river route, then, that said station for business shall be located on the line of said company's railroad in the town of Aspinwall.

Provided, that the railroad be so constructed before December 31st, A. D 1876.

And provided, that no interest accumulated on said bonds prior to the time the company shall be entitled to receive them, shall be paid to said Railway Company; but the coupons therefor shall be cut off by the County Commissioners and cancelled.

And provided, further, that said Midland Pacific Railway Company, on receiving and accepting the bonds herein mentioned, shall release the County of Nemaha from all obligations to pay or deliver to said Railway Company any County or St. Deroin precinct bonds heretofore voted to aid in building the Trunk Railroad.

The ballots voted at said election shall have written or printed thereon the following words, to-wit:

Those in favor of the said Bonds and Tax, the words—

"For Bonds and Tax—Yes."

Those opposed to the said Bonds and Tax, the words—

"For Bonds and Tax—No."

The said election shall be opened at nine o'clock in the forenoon, and shall continue open until six o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

By order of the County Commissioners of Nemaha County, State of Nebraska, and that the County Clerk give notice accordingly.

ALEX. McKINNEY, } Commis-
JOHN H. SHOOK, } sioners.

Attest:
WILSON E. MAJORS, Co. Cl'k. 42w5

NOTICE OF SPECIAL ELECTION, NEMAHA CITY PRECINCT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE legal voters of Nemaha City precinct, in the County of Nemaha, and State of Nebraska, that there will be an election on

Friday, the 21st day of May, A.D. 1875,

at the usual place of voting in said Nemaha City precinct, in the county of Nemaha, Nebraska, for the purpose of voting upon the following proposition, to-wit:

Shall the Board of County Commissioners of the county of Nemaha, in the State of Nebraska, issue the bonds of the said precinct of Nemaha City, county and state aforesaid, to the amount of Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred Dollars ($18,400 00), for the purpose of aiding the extension and construction of the Midland Pacific Railway from the City of Brownville, in the County of Nemaha, Nebraska, in a southwardly direction to the south line of the State of Nebraska. Said bonds to be made payable to the Midland Pacific Railway Company, or bearer, twenty years after date, with interest at the rate of ten per cent. per annum, and payable annually, with interest coupons thereto attached, said bonds to be executed and dated July 1st, 1875, both interest and principal payable in the City of New York.

And shall the said Board of County Commissioners of said county of Nemaha cause to be levied on the taxable property of said precinct, an amount of tax sufficient to pay the interest accruing on said bonds annually, not otherwise provided for by law; and after the year A. D. 1885, cause to be levied annually an additional amount of tax sufficient to pay the principal of said bonds not otherwise provided for by law.

Provided the tax to be so levied shall not exceed the amount of tax authorized by law to be so levied to aid in the construction of works of internal improvements in the State of Nebraska.

Said bonds to be delivered to the Midland Pacific Railway Company, or their order, as follows, to-wit:

One-half the amount thereof when said Midland Pacific Railway Company shall have graded their road bed from the City of Brownville, in the County of Nemaha, in a southwardly direction to the town of Nemaha City, in said precinct, or within five hundred feet of said town of Nemaha City; the other half thereof to be delivered to said Midland Pacific Railway Company, or their order, when said railroad company shall have tied and ironed their road bed from the City of Brownville, in a southwardly direction as aforesaid, to or near the town of Nemaha City, as aforesaid, and run regular trains thereon for business, and shall have located one of its regular stations for business on the line of said Railway Company's railroad within five hundred feet of the said Nemaha City.

And provided, further, that the said railroad shall be so constructed before December 31st, in the year 1876.

And provided, further, that no interest accumulated upon said bonds prior to the time the company shall be entitled to receive them, shall be paid to said Railway Company, but the coupons therefor shall be cut off by the County Commissioners of said county and cancelled.

The ballots voted at said election shall have written or printed thereon the following, to-wit:

Those in favor of the said Bonds and Tax, the words—

"For Bonds and Tax."

Those opposed to the said Bonds and Tax, the words—

"Against Bonds and Tax."

Which election will be open at 8 o'clock in the morning, and will continue open until 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

By order of the County Commissioners.

ALEX. McKINNEY, } Commis-
JOHN H. SHOOK, } sioners.

Attest:
WILSON E. MAJORS, Co. Clerk. 42w6

HAGAR'S BILLIARD SALOON.

W. S. HAGAR Dealer in WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS. SHERMAN HOUSE, Brownville, Neb. BILLIARD, PIN POOL TABLES the best in the city.

ASK Your Grocer for Shaffer's Flour.

SPECIAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION. ST. DEROIN PRECINCT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT BY virtue of the following order of the County Commissioners of Nemaha County, an election will be held in the manner, for the purpose, and at the time and place specified in said order, which is as follows, to-wit:

In the matter of the submission to a vote of the legal voters of the precinct of St. Deroin, in the county of Nemaha, and State of Nebraska, of the question whether the precinct shall issue its bonds for aid in the construction of railroads in and through said precinct.

A petition, signed by many of the legal voters of this precinct, having been this day presented to and examined by this board, and the board being satisfied from said petition, and otherwise, that it is the wish of a large portion of the voters of this precinct, and that it is expedient and proper that the question hereinafter mentioned should be submitted to the vote of the voters of this precinct.

Now, therefore, by virtue of the authority in us vested by law, we the County Commissioners of Nemaha County, in the State of Nebraska, do order that a special election be held in and for the said precinct of St. Deroin, on the

21st day of May, A. D. 1875,

at the usual place of voting in said precinct, for the purpose of voting on the following question, that is to say:

Shall the County Commissioners of the said county of Nemaha issue the bonds of the said precinct of St. Deroin to the amount of Four thousand Three Hundred Dollars ($4,300 00), for the purpose of aiding the extension and construction of the Midland Pacific Railroad from the City of Brownville, in the county of Nemaha, to the south line of the State of Nebraska.

Said bonds to be made payable to the Midland Pacific Railway Company, or bearer, twenty years after date, with interest at the rate of ten per centum per annum after date, and payable annually, with interest coupons thereto attached. Said bonds to be executed and dated July 1st, 1875, with interest and principal payable in the City of New York.

And shall the County Commissioners cause to be levied annually, on the taxable property of said precinct, in addition to the other annual tax, an amount of tax sufficient to pay annually the interest on said bonds; and after the expiration of ten years from the time of issuing the said bonds, shall they cause to be levied annually until said bonds are paid, an additional tax sufficient to pay one tenth part of the principal of said bonds, and to apply the same to the payment thereof.

Provided, that the tax to be so levied shall not exceed the amount of tax authorized by law to be levied to aid in construction of works of internal improvement in the state of Nebraska.

Said bonds to be delivered to the Midland Pacific Railway Company, or their order, as follows, to-wit:

One half the amount of said bonds when said Midland Pacific Railway Company shall have graded their road bed from the City of Brownville, in the County of Nemaha, to the south line of said St. Deroin precinct. The other half of said bonds to be delivered to said Midland Pacific Railway Company, or their order, when said Railway Company shall have tied, bridged, and ironed their road bed from said City of Brownville to said south line of said St. Deroin Precinct, and run trains thereon for business, and shall have located one of its regular stations for business on the line of said company's railroad in the village of St. Deroin, in said St. Deroin precinct.

Provided, That the railroad be so constructed before December 31st, A. D. 1876.

And provided, That no interest accumulated on said bonds prior to the time the company shall be entitled to receive them, shall be paid to said Railway Company, but the coupons therefor shall be cut off by the Commissioners and cancelled.

And provided, further, That said Midland Pacific Railway Company, on receiving and accepting the bonds herein mentioned, shall release the County of Nemaha from all obligations to pay or deliver to said Railway Company any County or St. Deroin precinct bonds heretofore voted to aid in building the Trunk Railroad.

The ballots voted at said election shall have written or printed thereon the following words, to-wit:

Those in favor of the said Bonds and Tax, the words—

"For Bonds and Tax—Yes."

Those opposed to the said Bonds and Tax, the words—

"For Bonds and Tax—No."

The said election shall be opened at nine o'clock in the forenoon, and shall continue open until six o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

By order of the County Commissioners of Nemaha County, State of Nebraska, and that the County Clerk give notice accordingly.

ALEX. McKINNEY, } Commis-
JOHN H. SHOOK, } sioners.

Attest:
WILSON E. MAJORS, Co. Clerk. 42w6

THE Furnas Nurseries

Brownville, Neb.,

Presents the finest and most select varieties of fruit trees to be found anywhere in the west. The selections are based upon nineteen years actual experience. Only such varieties as are known to be adapted to Nebraska soil and climate are cultivated. The trees have had no other stimulant than that naturally derived from the soil in which they grow. They are choice in all respects.

We have no travelling agents. Orders will be filled at the nursery, and satisfaction