

THE ADVERTISER.

Official Paper of City and County.

THURSDAY MORNING, NOV. 21, 1874.

The suit of Theodore Tilton against Henry Ward Beecher, has been set down for December 8th.

A recent investigation into the accounts of the Brooklyn, New York, charity commissioners shows a deficiency of nearly \$100,000.

Philp Leeser, a German, on the 20th inst., at West Belleville, Ill., fell dead on the street. His death was caused by apoplexy brought on by intemperance.

The police of New York recently made a raid on the gambling institutions of the city. Of course the gambling houses of John Morrissey and other noted Democrats were not molested.

President Grant, it is reported has sent an order to Minister Washburne at Paris to at once return to this country. It is conjectured that Washburne is wanted to take a place in the Cabinet as Secretary of State.

Wm. M. Tweed received a vote for Governor in Brooklyn.—Exchange. Tweed takes the place of Jackson, with many Democrats, for Jackson is dead, they have discovered, and Tweed is only in the penitentiary.

A very destructive fire occurred in St. Louis on the 21st inst., which destroyed Probasco's candy factory, M. Schell's and Mrs. Rose's millinery stores, Campbell's Empire straw works, the business house of Michall Bros., paper hangers. Total loss about \$125,000. W. H. Ries, a fireman, was killed.

A correspondent of the London Times writes that a very unfriendly feeling is "springing up" between France and Germany. We did not think there was a very friendly feeling existing between those countries for a few years back, and that a feeling would not have far to spring to be intensely bitter.

The National Women's Temperance Convention was in session at Cleveland Ohio last week. A resolution was adopted for the appointment of a committee to consider the practicability of establishing a paper in the interests of the woman's temperance cause.

A committee was also appointed to prepare a constitution for the Women's National Temperance League.

The Women's National Temperance Convention which was in session at Cleveland, Ohio, last week, adopted the name of "Women's National Christian Temperance Union." Anna Whittemeyer, of Philadelphia, was elected President for the ensuing year, and Frances E. Willard, of Chicago, Corresponding Secretary. The convention adjourned to meet again next November. The precise time and the place will be named hereafter by the Board of Managers.

The Columbus Journal, Neb., publishes the following important decision:

A writ of mandamus was applied for to compel the Commissioners of Antelope county to issue the bonds of a precinct of that county for the purpose of building a bridge within the precinct. The parties applying for the writ were represented by B. Butler Esq., of Schuyler, the Commissioners by Messrs. Gerrard & Whittemeyer, of this place. The writ was not allowed, the court holding, as we are informed, that a precinct has no power, under our statutes, to issue bonds for the construction of bridges.

Democratic newspapers all over the land, from the size of the New York World and Sun clear down to the Nebraska City News and Nemaha Journal, rejoice over the defeat of John A. Dix for Governor of New York. They generally admit that he made an excellent Governor, but still they were not liked since he gave that memorable and patriotic order "If any Democrat undertakes to tear down the American flag, shoot him on the spot." Those may not be the exact words he used, but Democracy always knew that that was what he meant, and that if anybody had had their spot perforated by a Union bullet it would be a Democrat, for in those days nobody but Democrats ever engaged in the unpatriotic business of trampling underfoot the American flag.

The West Point Republican, with regard to the selection of a U. S. Senator, says: We ask—and in doing so, would not reflect upon those who have gone before—that the best man of the Commonwealth, without regard to the location or political influence, be chosen to fill the trying and difficult position of U. S. Senator.

The suggestion that the best man of the State, without regard to location ought to be chosen, is really the proper way to look at the matter, for the best man would certainly be an honest man, and if honest, would represent every part of the State, without partiality or favoritism. And we have numerous objections to that suggestion, but we could not admit at present that the best man all live in any one city or section of the State. The Republican's desire that the man should be selected without regard to "political influence" was necessarily hope and expect will not be gratified. We would respectfully ask our Legislature, if it were not presumptuous and supercilious to do so, that a good Republican who has the most political influence be chosen. Political influence should be at least second in qualification to honesty and goodness. For the sake of "my constituents" we beg do not send any more woe men to represent Nebraska in the National Congress.

The Nebraska City Chronicle attacks Dr. Stewart, Superintendent of the Insane Asylum, as follows: "Among the blessings which the retired Gen. B. Furnas and his kitchen cabinet will bring the people of Nebraska, we may hope, will be some one in Dr. Stewart's place in the Insane Asylum, who will think more of the unfortunate inmates than of entertaining company, cabols and carriage horses, to the exclusion of patients. We have now on hand and had for months, a very crazy woman in Otoe county, whose case, she would be a troublesome patient, and take up some of the room devoted to his table and stables. The superior officials learn that the Asylum was built for patients, and not politicians, the better."

Where Dr. Stewart is known the slanders and venomous words of the Chronicle will do him no harm, and the Chronicle's unscrupulous aptness in dealing in ungentlemanly innuendoes and epithets is so well known to those acquainted with that sheet, that its intelligent fair minded readers will at least suspect the attack on Dr. Stewart as unfounded, unjust and malicious. Now, it is false that Dr. S. entertains "company, cabols," &c., to the neglect of his patients, and it is an atrocious lie that he entertains cabols or avoids any insane person because they are troublesome—nothing is further from the truth, for Dr. Stewart is a kind hearted, humane gentleman, and takes a pride in doing his whole duty. The insinuation embraced in the remark that "the sooner officials learn that the asylum was built for patients, and not politicians, the better," is the thrust of a coward, and an assassin of character, who seeks to injure his victim by vile hints and insinuations rather than by open, direct charges and specifications. If politicians were admitted there to the exclusion of patients, the editor of the Chronicle would be the first to seek entertainment, if he is reported correctly. If Otoe county has a "very crazy woman," she can be applied to the asylum, and will be in a proper manner and it is possible to find a place for her. We know that the room in the asylum is limited and much too meagre for the prompt accommodation of all who apply. This the Chronicle well knows, and were it disposed to be just it would admit the fact at once.

For President in 1876, General Sherman. How do you like it?—Tumuck Chief. Like it first rate. Shouldn't wonder if "March to the Sea" would be the man. He has some brains up in the Sunday School region as well as in the bull-pup basement.—Nebraska City News. Is it strange that a paper who used to rejoice over rebel victories and still lament over the downfall of treason should have a coolness towards bull pup? The cur department would suit that class of papers better. The editor of the News would not "like it first-rate," and could not be induced to support General Sherman, because he and Gen. Grant have always been harmonious and believe in handling wild leaguers and rebel democracy in a kind of bull pup style.

Rev. Francis X. Jaquemont, a priest of the Catholic Church, has sent his resignation to Archbishop Bagley announcing his abandonment of the Catholic faith and his return into the Presbyterian Church, in which he was born and raised. Father Jaquemont has been attending young men's prayer meetings at Dr. Leyburn's Church during the past week, and on Wednesday announced his conversion to Protestantism. He is a native of Geneva, Switzerland, and was ordained in this country in 1860. Since then he has been a missionary priest in the United States, Cuba, and in various portions of Europe, and has recently been connected with St. Peter's Church in Baltimore.

Geo. D. Cannon, the Mormon Delegate elect to Congress from Utah, is to have his seat contested by R. N. Roskin, Gentle opposition candidate, because he has been too much married to Elizas, Zellas, Marthas, Elizabeths, Sarahs, and so on. In reply to the notices of contest, Cannon states that at the election he received some twenty-four thousand votes to four thousand cast for his opponent. He denies being a Mormon, or that he has entered into relations with any woman of such character, or in such manner as to subject himself to punishment for any offense under the act of Congress of 1862.

A delegation of nine Chippewa Indian Chiefs are at Washington City. They have had a talk with the commissioner of Indian affairs and expressed a desire to cede the country now occupied by them in Dakota, and go to the White Earth country on the Missouri river or elsewhere, provided they are properly recompensed. If this cannot be done they wish the land which they occupy to be marked as their own. They begged to be excused from the discussion of the subject at present on the ground that they all had bad colds and could not talk. Another interview was arranged.

The Atchinson Champion gives the official vote of Kansas, except five counties, and these are small counties on the frontier, polling light votes, almost wholly Republican. The returns received give Gov. Osborne, Republican, a majority of 12,532. The majority for the Republican candidate, or Lieutenant Governor is 18,715; for Secretary of State, 15,880; for State Auditor, 19,587; for Treasurer, 7,267. The majority for Colonel Phillips, Republican candidate for Congress from the First District, is 8,800.

The dead body of John Koch, with a bullet hole in his neck, was found near Breeze Lake, a few miles from East St. Louis, on Thursday last. Koch started out on a hunting expedition a few days before, and when found his gun and other hunting apparatus were missing and his pockets turned inside out, indicating he had been murdered. An inquest was held on the body and a verdict rendered of murder by persons unknown.

D. H. Williams, late cashier of the Connorsville, Pa., bank, was recently convicted of embezzlement and sentenced to five years in the penitentiary. The Nebraska City News learns that a St. Louis company is now at work sinking a shaft 6x5 feet at Otoe to operate the coal bed there; that a thirty-two inch vein of coal has been found 60 feet below the surface, and that the place will hereafter be known as Minersville instead of Otoe City.

The Nebraska City News took occasion last week to mention the Dearie Express, in connection with the News, as an independent paper of the same stripe the News pretends to be, and on other occasions has classed the Express with itself as a co-worker in the same independent field. We looked for the Express to snub it, which it does in the following very sensible article: The Nebraska City News thinks it worth while to make mention of the fact that the Express, with other papers, are independent Republican journals. If it is supposed by the News that the Express has any inclination to become "independent" in the sense in which this word is so often used in its application to newspapers that act with neither one party nor the other, but that, like a predatory band of outlaws, attack friends and foes alike, it is mistaken. If it supposed that we are "independent" so far as to refuse to be led by with our hand on the organ handle, ready to grind out whatever music is ordered by half a dozen men who assume to dictate the policy of a party even down to the minutest details; then it is correct. A newspaper can either surrender up its individuality and its conscience and become an inert part of a political machine, or it can, while recognizing fundamental differences between parties and acting with that party which best expresses its political convictions, retain its right to be "independent" in its criticism of men and measures put forth by its political opponents. The newspaper that serves its party best is not the one that is blind to its faults.

The Salt Lake City Tribune says: "Whenever a polygamist wife wants to locate a homestead she calls herself a 'widow.' Uncle Sam has been swindled out of thousands of acres of land in Utah by this widow dodge. We have requested the Register of the Land Office to furnish the names of these widows for publication in the Tribune." A dispatch from McClellan's Creek states that 200 Cheyennes, who recently engaged Capt. Farnsworth's command of 25 men and were defeated, encountered 98 men of the U. S. cavalry and infantry in command of Lieut. Baldwin, Chief of Scouts and after a fight lasting five hours were driven from the field. The Indians lost their entire outfit and left behind them two little girls named Germain, whose parents, brother and older sister were massacred in Kansas. The White family were moving to Colorado. Two other sisters, aged 13 and 15, are still in the hands of the Indians. Fresh and picked troops have been in pursuit of the Indians who are moving for the Staked Plains.

News from the grasshopper districts confirms all previous statements as to extent of suffering. The State Relief Society is shipping supplies daily to the afflicted districts. Gen. Ord received a telegram from Washington instructing him to ascertain what amount of men's clothing will be needed by the sufferers. We hope this action of the Secretary of War looks to the distribution of soldiers' garments to these poor people. Supplies of clothing, but not sufficient to meet their wants, have already been issued by the War Department. The St. Joseph Herald says, "Of the 175 Congressmen elected this fall, there have been but three representatives of our several millions of colored people chosen. This number will, however, without doubt, be increased to four. Only one colored man will be a member of the Senate, and his will be the seat once occupied by Jefferson Davis."

LOWELL CORRESPONDENCE. LOWELL, NEB., NOV. 21. Editor Nebraska Advertiser. In behalf of the destitute and suffering in the Republican Valley, permit me to acknowledge through the ADVERTISER the reception of a car load of supplies for them, from my old neighbors at Peru. It is especially grateful to me that they have so remembered my present suffering neighbors. The supplies were timely and appropriate and have been distributed by the gentlemen who were named by the donors with myself for that purpose. A recent trip to the valley has made me more immediately cognizant of the state of things there. A large proportion of the people are almost wholly destitute of the means of support, and must live until next harvest, if they live at all, by the generosity of the humane, or the provision of the government. Many individual instances of suffering might be given. Let one suffice. At a place where I stopped in Furnas county, a lady called who had three small children, and whose husband was absent hunting buffalo, and, with some hesitation, asked to borrow a pair of salt. Upon inquiry as to her object, she burst into tears, said she and her husband had been two days without food, and that her cow had died—as it subsequently appeared, in a diseased condition—and that she wished the salt to preserve and use some of the flesh for food. Her wants were temporarily supplied without such a resort. But how all that are destitute are to be fed and clothed for so long a time, is a question of almost appalling magnitude. Yours, A. D. WILLIAMS.

A Little Girl Rescued by a Dog. On Saturday last, Mary Keleher, aged about 11 years, daughter of Pat. Keleher of this place, was rescued from death by drowning, by a shepherd dog belonging to Dr. Dunlap. Little Mary was in pursuit of a turkey that had escaped from its coop, following the truant turkey to the river on the other side, and was crossing the river on a foot log south of M. V. Easterday's, and when about half way over, she fell into the deep water below. The dog was on the bank when she fell and immediately plunged in, reached her as she was about to sink, perhaps for the last swim to shore with her, where, with some assistance from Mary's brother, who came up as the dog neared the shore with his precious burden, the little girl was saved. Mary made a narrow escape indeed—all honor to the noble, intelligent dog.—Tumuck Herald.

Rev. A. G. White, of Fremont, left Omaha for the East Friday, to solicit aid for the Nebraska furrs. He was appointed by Gov. Furnas for that purpose, and fully supplied with credentials. Congress will meet on the 7th of December.

The West Point Republican has discarded its Chicago outside and is now printed entirely at home, which is indicative of prosperity and honest pride. The Republican is, by the way, one of the best local papers in the State. Congressman Kerr, of Indiana, is spoken of prominently in connection with the speakership of the House. N. P. Banks, of Massachusetts, is also spoken of, with better chances of success. The late election in Arizona is said to have been very exciting. A man named Bean has been elected to Congress over Stevens by a small majority, and Stevens will contest the election.

John Lindsay a hostler of New York City, beat his wife so that she died, on the eve of the 14th. Whiskey did it. Col. John W. Forney of the Philadelphia Press, will make London his home this Winter.

Two colored divines in Elbert county, Ga., got into a dispute in the pulp during church time Sunday before last. One called the other a d-d liar, a setto followed, and the "brethren" had to rush in to separate them. One would have expected them both to "step down and out" after that; their usefulness as spiritual advisers might have become somewhat impaired. But no—the services were resumed, and all went as usual. Liverpool is experimenting with a new cure for drunkenness. Every Monday morning a list of the public drunkards is published in all the daily papers, giving the names and occupations of the transgressors in full. The changes in styles for gentlemen's clothing are easily noted, viz., coats are much longer; pantaloons are larger and straight, without "spring" at the foot; vests are invariably of the same material of the coat; black and very dark gray English goods are used.

In a fire at the gas works at Mt. Sterling, Ky., a negro and a boy named Queen were burned to death. In regard to the recent dispatch sent by order of the President to the Governor of Texas, it is stated that without forming or expressing any opinion as to whether or not Stanton had violated his parole, the President and Secretary Delano, fearing he might be executed before evidence could be collected, considered it merely just to delay his execution. It is recently ascertained that during Gov. Davis' incumbency the sentence of Stanton was commuted from death to imprisonment for life. Under this commutation he has recently been placed in the Texas Penitentiary.

J. M. League, Jr., recently stole a horse near Auburn, Mo., and was arrested soon afterwards and taken to Auburn for examination. He confessed the theft and was committed for trial. The constable, with a posse of four men, started with League to take him to Troy, Mo., to the county jail. While on their way a company of masked men rode out from the brush, knocked the officer from his horse, overpowered the guard, and shot the prisoner through the breast. The horse, on which League was tied became frightened and ran off through the woods and brush. When League was afterwards found he was still alive but badly hurt and the clothes torn from his body. He will die from the effects of his wounds. He had served two terms in the penitentiary for horse stealing.

John D. Lee, now in prison at Beaver, Utah, charged with being connected with the Mountain Meadow massacre of 1857, when 120 emigrants were murdered, it is said will give the true history of the whole affair, and names of parties interested. The steamer Empire, heavily loaded with sugar, molasses, rice, etc., sunk immediately after landing at New Orleans on the 17th inst., at 4 a. m. About fourteen passengers and many of the crew were drowned, while yet asleep in their state rooms. The commander of the boat, Captain Jentreau, succeeded in saving his own life and the lives of his wife and one child, but four of his children were lost. He thinks there were about 35 lives lost in all, and can't account for the accident.

There seems to be a reign of lawlessness and blood in the coal regions of Pennsylvania. A few days ago two men were murdered at Carbondale and three severely wounded. On the day following Patrick Padden, an Irish miner, was found with two bullet holes through his head, within the limits of that city. The hair of his head, drenched in blood was frozen to the ground. He was not dead when found but died soon afterwards. Michael McNamee was found dead this morning, in the same city. Michael Bigland was found about the same time with his throat cut. A boss miner was waylaid, but the assassins only succeeded in breaking his arm. About two miles below the city, at Carbondale mines, a man, whose name is not known, was found nailed to a beam in a lonely and unfrequented place. Strong nails were driven through his coat at the wrists, and his pantaloons at the ankles, and in this position he was abandoned and left to die. But by a mere accident he was found and released. At Saratoga, on Sunday morning, a newsboy found the body of Michael Kearney lying at the foot of a steep embankment. He was dead and had evidently been thrown there. No arrests.

Small-pox and Mexican cattle thieves prevail at Brownsville, Texas, on the Rio Grande. On the 17th inst. at Seneca mines, Pittson, Ill., the roof of a mine caved in and killed Elmas Davis and Henry Jenkins and dangerously injured J. S. Williams.

The steam tug Lilly exploded her boiler, at New York, on the 17th, killing the captain and five of the crew. In Milwaukee, Wis., a stevedore named Patrick Brady, while engaged in unloading the propeller Mohawk at the Western Transportation Company's dock, missed his footing, fell into the river and was drowned. Recently a coal train on the Cairo Short Line railroad collided with an empty coal car, which had been run out on the main track from the Winona coal switch, about ten miles from Belleville. An examination also revealed that a large block of timber had been fastened to the track just over the cattle guard near by. It is believed these obstructions were placed on the track by the striking miners—the one to wreck the train which was laden with coal dug by non-striety men, and the other to ditch an empty train going south after coal. Nobody was hurt.

A negro robber was killed by a woman at Lanesby, North Carolina, on the 13th.

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

While John Duckerman and little son, ten years of age, were out hunting near Mascoutah, Ill., recently, the father's gun slipped from his hands and striking the ground it was discharged, the contents carrying away the top of his son's head producing instant death.

At Pittsburg, Pa. Gotthold Wall was murdered on the 11th inst. A coroner's jury has found that Wm. Murray committed the murder and that Frederick Meyers is accessory to the crime.

The Cincinnati Enquirer's special from Lexington, Kentucky, says the Ku Klux on Sunday night, ten miles from that place, near Athens, shot and wounded a negro slightly, and shot and probably mortally wounded Dr. Steve Easton.

A man named Stanley was recently murdered near Bonville, Ind., and the body thrown into a cistern near Horn Coal Mine.

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KANSAS.

Reports from the State Board of Agriculture—Reliable Reports of the Destitution.

ATCHISON, November 21.—The Daily Champion publishes from advance sheets of official reports made to the State Board of Agriculture, some statistics showing the destitution, existing in several of the frontier counties of the State. There are seventeen counties in which an aggregate of 161,000 acres have been planted in corn, and of these counties of this cereal; five of these counties produced an average crop of wheat, rye, oats, barley and buckwheat, and are abundantly able to relieve any individual cases of destitution in their midst. Other twelve counties having an aggregate population of 23,887, as shown by the State census taken last June, are all on remote frontiers, and settlement within them has all been made within the last three years. The eight in which the greatest destitution prevails, viz., Lincoln, Norton, Osborne, Phillips, Pawnee, Rice, Rock and Smith, have been populated within the last year or two, and the great majority of their population settled within their limits either last spring or the preceding fall. These eight counties have an aggregate population of 17,476. The settlers generally had their first crop planted in the spring, and all their means in building their houses and putting in their crops. The drought and grasshoppers wrought the total destruction of everything they had planted. Leaving them totally destitute, they are without either food, clothing or fuel to sustain them until they can produce something on which to live, and must be sustained by charitable contributions of people in other sections of the State and country at large.

The Champion computes the number of destitute in the State at from 30,000 to 25,000, but of these many are located in the older counties where the crops will be the exception of corn were a fair average, and the fortunate citizens are able and willing to help their destitute neighbors, but in eight counties destitution is very general. In these counties the population will need more or less assistance. At least 15,000 people must be assisted during the winter and until another crop is grown.

Dr. Converse has promised the citizens of Brownville an extension over the Frank railroad of the station in January, over which the Brownville papers express much joy. Brownville has long desired and deserved a railroad, and our congratulation would be much more hearty if our people could join the exultants by rail over the B. F. K. & P. R. R., at the "junction," and assist in the jubilee. Alas, we know not our future in the way of railroads, yet we do know that our only hope for the future is another railroad.—Tumuck Herald.

The National Grange was to have met in Charleston S. C. on the 14th inst.

President Grant gave \$500 to the Shelter for Homeless Women in Chicago during his recent visit there.

Prince Charles Bonaparte has been elected President of the Council General of Corsica.

The Illinois State Farmers' Association is to meet at Springfield, December 1st.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HAGAR'S WINE, LIQUORS AND CIGARS. SHERMAN HOUSE. BROWNVILLE, NEB.

Special Election, Proclamation. In the Matter of the Submission to the Voters of Nemaha County of the Question Whether the Boundaries shall Issue Bonds.

By law, the authority in us vested by the Constitution and laws of the State of Nebraska, State of Nebraska, do hereby certify that the first election held in and for the said County of Nemaha, on the 1st day of December, A. D. 1874, at the several precincts voting in the general election in the said county, for the purpose of electing the following proposition, to-wit: That the Board of County Commissioners of the County of Nemaha, of the State of Nebraska, issue the bonds of the said County of Nemaha, in the amount of One Hundred and Thirty-two Thousand Dollars, for the purpose of aiding in the construction of the Midland Pacific Railroad from the town of Peru, in the north line of said county; and the said bonds to be made payable to the said Pacific Railway Company or bearer, twenty years after the date of issue, at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, and that the interest coupons thereon be attached, executed and dated January 1st, A. D. 1875, both interest and principal payable in the city of New York.

And shall the said Board of County Commissioners of the County of Nemaha, of the State of Nebraska, issue the bonds of the said County of Nemaha, in the amount of One Hundred and Thirty-two Thousand Dollars, for the purpose of aiding in the construction of the Midland Pacific Railroad from the town of Peru, in the north line of said county; and the said bonds to be made payable to the said Pacific Railway Company or bearer, twenty years after the date of issue, at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, and that the interest coupons thereon be attached, executed and dated January 1st, A. D. 1875, both interest and principal payable in the city of New York.

Should this proposition be carried by a majority of the votes polled, then no bonds of the County of Nemaha heretofore issued, and the construction of the said railroad from the town of Peru, in the north line of said county, and run regular trains thereon for business, and shall have the delivery of the said bonds, and the interest coupons thereon, to the said Pacific Railway Company, on or before the 1st day of January, A. D. 1875. And shall the said Board of County Commissioners of the County of Nemaha, of the State of Nebraska, issue the bonds of the said County of Nemaha, in the amount of One Hundred and Thirty-two Thousand Dollars, for the purpose of aiding in the construction of the Midland Pacific Railroad from the town of Peru, in the north line of said county; and the said bonds to be made payable to the said Pacific Railway Company or bearer, twenty years after the date of issue, at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, and that the interest coupons thereon be attached, executed and dated January 1st, A. D. 1875.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

ESTRAY COLL. TAKEN UP BY THE OFFICER OF THE CITY OF BROWNVILLE, NEB. Suppose to be about 200 lbs. weight.

JOHN W. RICHARDSON, Esq., Attorney at Law, in and for the County of Nemaha, Nebraska, do hereby certify that the first election held in and for the said County of Nemaha, on the 1st day of December, A. D. 1874, at the several precincts voting in the general election in the said county, for the purpose of electing the following proposition, to-wit: That the Board of County Commissioners of the County of Nemaha, of the State of Nebraska, issue the bonds of the said County of Nemaha, in the amount of One Hundred and Thirty-two Thousand Dollars, for the purpose of aiding in the construction of the Midland Pacific Railroad from the town of Peru, in the north line of said county; and the said bonds to be made payable to the said Pacific Railway Company or bearer, twenty years after the date of issue, at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, and that the interest coupons thereon be attached, executed and dated January 1st, A. D. 1875, both interest and principal payable in the city of New York.

Attachment Notice. STATE OF NEBASKA, ss. In and for the County of Nemaha, Nebraska, do hereby certify that the first election held in and for the said County of Nemaha, on the 1st day of December, A. D. 1874, at the several precincts voting in the general election in the said county, for the purpose of electing the following proposition, to-wit: That the Board of County Commissioners of the County of Nemaha, of the State of Nebraska, issue the bonds of the said County of Nemaha, in the amount of One Hundred and Thirty-two Thousand Dollars, for the purpose of aiding in the construction of the Midland Pacific Railroad from the town of Peru, in the north line of said county; and the said bonds to be made payable to the said Pacific Railway Company or bearer, twenty years after the date of issue, at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, and that the interest coupons thereon be attached, executed and dated January 1st, A. D. 1875, both interest and principal payable in the city of New York.

Probate Notice. In the Matter of the Estate of J. J. RICHARDSON, deceased. NOTICE is hereby given that a petition praying that the estate of J. J. RICHARDSON, deceased, be admitted to probate be granted to her of said county, and that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased, do appear before me on the 21st day of December, A. D. 1874, at 10 o'clock A. M., to show cause why the prayer of the petition should not be granted.

UNION HOTEL. JOSEPH O'PELT, Proprietor. NEED STABLE IN CONNECTION. CANNON HOUSE. JULIUS NEUBAUER, Proprietor. LINCOLN, NEB. This is the most commodious and centrally located Hotel in the City of Lincoln, Neb. Well furnished and the most comfortable and convenient for the traveler.

J. HUDDART & CO. PEACE & QUIET SALOON. BROWNVILLE, NEB. BEST WINES & LIQUORS KEPT ON HAND.

ELEPHANT AND SALE STABLES. B. ROGERS, Proprietor. G. S. DUNN, JEWELER.

Brownville, Neb. CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELRY. Repaired, and Jewelry Manufactured to Order. ALL WORK WARRANTED.

SCHOOL BOOKS. J. L. ROY, Dealer. FURNITURE. Undertaking a Specialty. METALIC AND WOOD BURIAL CASES.