THE ADVERTISER.

Official Paper of City, County, and the United States.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 29, 1873.

COUNTY REPUBLICAN CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

Pursuant to call, the County Republican Central Committee convened at the Court House, on Saturday, September 23rd. Present as members and proxies:

Brownville—Wm. Caffrey; Peru—T. J. Majors, J. P. Burdick; Glen Rock—T. Burress; Washington—A. J. Wright; Douglas—J. B. Pifer, S. Cochran; London—Dr. McGrew, J. W. Brush; Nemaha City—J. H. Drain; St. Deroin—J. F. Cross, L. Raines; Aspinwall—H. M. Jones.

Thos. Burress was chosen Chairman, and J. B. Pifer, Secretary, and then by acclamation the gentlemen were elected permanent Chairman and Secretary of the Committee.

After a little informal business Dr. McGrew presented the following resolution:

Resolved, That the County Central Committee adjourn to meet at this place two weeks from to-day, the 6th of September.

Carried and the Committee adjourned.

THOS. BURRESS, Ch'n.
J. B. PIPER, Sec'y.

FAREWELL BRO. POLOCK.

Last week we varied from our standard rule in replying to a correspondent of the scavenger vehicle across the way, that correspondent being W. A. Polock. Our language was respectful and respectable. Polock responded in language unbecoming a gentleman, being at once false and indecent. He says he does not like us because we do not keep good company, and gives the names of three men whom he says we associate with—two white and one colored—either of whom is his superior. He says our associates drink beer and mean whiskey. We prefer such companions to that of men whose names are synonymous with licentious intrigues, man's perfidy and woman's frailty.

Polock gives evidence of a determination to "keep up with the funeral if he kills a horse," but as he has descended to the role of a blackguard we will not cope with him. We can interest our readers better. He challenges us to publish his letter, which letter we declared would show the secret of his animosity toward us. We herewith append it, as written, and then bid him good by:

BROWNVILLE, May 17th, 1873.

Messrs. Caffrey, Tisdel and Stull:

Gents:—I am told that there is a petition in circulation asking that Mrs. Ebright be appointed postmaster at this place, and that your names head the petition.

There is no vacancy in this office, nor will not be for a long time, unless I am removed. If my commission was about to expire, I would not feel hard towards any person that preferred another person for this position, but as the only way that a vacancy can occur in this office is by my removal, and as a removal implies that I am unworthy to hold the office, I cannot love those who try to have me removed. I therefore appeal to your sense of justice in this case. I do not ask as a favor to me that you withdraw this petition, if you think that I should be removed, go ahead.

Allow me, in the most respectful manner, to say that I think it is very *cheeky* in you to try to have me removed. If either of you held an office, either in the National, State or City government, I would suffer my right hand to be cut off before I would sign a petition to have you, or any other person, removed, unless you had committed some great crime. Tisdel has known me for many years, and he ought to know that I do not tamely submit to injury, and you all ought to know that it will not pay to make an enemy of an active man like myself.

I am perfectly easy as to the success of your efforts, but I do not like to be tormented every few months with efforts for my removal and was in hopes that I would have peace. If you think you are right go ahead with your petition. I do not intend to get up a counter petition. I want you to satisfy yourselves, that you are barking up the wrong tree, and then perhaps you will be satisfied. "It is a long lane that has no turn," and as you are all of you, aspirants for office, perhaps I will be able to help you, when you least expect me to. You are the first men that I ever knew, that claimed to be smart men, that tried to remove an active, persevering man, to make room for a nobody. Please show this to any of your allies who are assisting you in this enterprise. Very respectfully,

W. A. POLOCK.

SEND IN THE SAMPLES.

Those farmers who would aid the work of immigration to our State, should send in their facts as to crops, with samples of products, to the Land Department of the Burlington & Missouri River R. R. Co. This company are not only doing more to advertise Nebraska than any or all other parties but they possess better facilities for displaying samples of Nebraska's products. They are making preparations to exhibit them at all the State Fairs of the East, this fall, and I suggest that Nebraska farmers who would aid in swelling the tide of immigration to our State now, send in samples of their crops: wheat, barley, oats, &c., to this company, with statements as to whether they homesteaded, pre-empted or purchased; the cost of their land per acre; how long they have broken and under cultivation; the cost of their improvement; how much wheat, barley, oats, corn, &c., they have realized to the acre. Let them also take pains to give the results of their observation in regard to the healthfulness of the climate, the excellence of the water, the depth and quality of the soil, the quality and varieties of our native products, such as grasses, berries, plums, &c. The B. & M. Co. will take all such facts and spread them broad-cast among the people all over the Eastern States and in foreign countries. But the facts and the samples should come right along, as they are wanted immediately.

D. E. J.

Washington, August 23.—It is officially announced that the Modoc captives, Captain Jack, Schonchin, Black Jim, Boston Charley, and One-eyed Jim, are to be hanged on October 3d for the murder of General Canby and Peace Commissioner Thomas.

A FEW WORDS TO W. A. P.

Editor Nebraska Advertiser.

I see in the Brownville *Democrat* of the 15th inst., a communication from W. A. Polock, also one from John H. Hindman, of Omaha. Being an "old settler," a farmer in Nemaha county, well acquainted in Brownville and Omaha, I beg leave to offer the following communication for your paper, if you think I will be safe and in no way molested by the Cabal or Star Chamber at Omaha.

I confess that it is with fear and trembling I send this to you, for who can tell what may be done or what action taken by that august body at Omaha, should the editor of the *Democrat* again send to his master, the presiding elder of the "old settlers' bribery ring" of sixteen years ago, another copy of the ADVERTISER and also a postal card, calling attention, &c., to this. Oh! shades of Cromwell, ghosts of Robespier and Dante, save me, for I tremble when I think that I might be cast into a *Lake* of justice and disinterestedness, without even a *Savage* to comfort me while being ground to atoms by a *Miller*, who gets his *water power* from the same *Lake*. Who would not "flee from the wrath to come," from Omaha and "postal cards," and seek shelter in some *Church*, or other *out building* which THE(E) *Church* so strikingly resembles.

Hindman says, "It is with some humiliation that I confess that such language may be heard in Omaha, as the following: 'I was informed that no matter as to the facts in the case, right or wrong, he (the Governor) will get fits; he will never get a jury that will give him a verdict; as old settlers have put our heads together and Judge Lake will beat him if the jury don't, and he will skin the Governor, &c.'"

This is the way they talk in Omaha, yet Hindman says, "If the Governor fears to submit his case to such men, &c., the sooner he finds an excuse for withdrawing it the better."

If this is not broad enough I leave it for others to judge for themselves. Hindman says: "Miller is a bold and outspoken man, and, as a matter of course, has made many enemies." This is consolation for you, Major, and if you publish a paper and are a "bold outspoken man," the same allowance should be made for you as for Miller, and I presume will be after you become an "old settler." Go into court and swear you have contributed to a bribery fund, and successfully bribed a legislature, and been guilty of all other acts of a corrupt nature, (see testimony of sundry witnesses in the Furnas-Herald libel suit,) then you can pass; and if anyone doubt your purity, honesty and integrity, get on your muscle, send a "postal card" to Omaha. Tell them you are an "old settler," and I will guarantee that Saint Polock will make due allowance for future communications.

As I read the epistle of W. A. Polock and reflect upon the past and again read his long article, I come to the conclusion that Polock and the editor of the *Democrat* are in the same condition that Mary, the espoused wife of Joseph, was when they went up from Galilee to be taxed.

Polock seems very sensitive and thinks it his duty to defend the "old settlers." Some people are constantly reminding you of the fact that they have lived a little longer than some one else in a particular locality; that they possess that rare merit and nothing else. Hence P's stock and trade, "I have been here longer than you." I came to Nebraska the first year after the territorial organization, and have always thought it was true worth and integrity that recommends and commends the citizen, and not the period of his residence. Polock says it is shameful to allude to "old settlers," to say that any of them are "jealous, suspicious, illiberal, drink whiskey, &c." Well, for my part, I have learned on the prairie that the "hit birds flutter, while the untouched birds pay but little attention to the shot."

Polock seems very much distressed about the party—I am sorry for him.

In the spring of '72 when we talked of making a move for the purpose of reorganizing the party, Polock was present and opposed calling the organization the "Grant Club," spoke and worked against it. No Grant for him then, nor since, except the post office. When a petition was circulated in behalf of Mrs. Ebright for the place, Polock became very angry and issued a proclamation to Judge Stull and others denouncing all who signed it as working for a mere "thing."

If that is not jealousy, illiberal and "shameful impudence," in your own elegant language, please tell us what you call it. You, the monarch, prince imperial of the post office, to denounce the worthy lady (Mrs. E.) as a mere "thing." Mr. and Mrs. Ebright worked incessantly during the campaign. Mrs. E. has impaired her health teaching school. You have grown fat in office. You allowed your name to be used and worked to elect delegates in the interest of men who would not and did not support the nominees of the Republican State Convention. Oh! how some men love the party.

"Birds of a feather flock together." If this be true who would shoot into Polock's flock thinking to hit Republicans? Polock appears very anxious for the welfare of Gov. Furnas, and wants to know why some writer did not say "as Omaha men have put our heads together, &c.," instead of "old settlers, &c." That only illustrates your "illiberal" disposition. Why slander the innocent? Who testifies in court as to their own acts and crimes, the "old settlers," or new settlers?" You must believe in visiting "the iniquities upon the children." You stick to the party as you do to office, and the first time you know of any person holding office or place in the Republican party, caught acting for or supporting any men who go back on the regular nominees of the party I will join you in "snubbing" them. And when they affiliate and associate exclusively with the opposition party, will most cheerfully bid them good by.

S.

DIED.

At Table Rock, Nebraska, August 22nd, '73, Mary Muir, relict of the late William Muir, and daughter of Daniel Brown, of Lanark, Scotland, in the 89th year of her age.

The subject of the above notice was born in Lanark, Scotland. A descendant of the Browns, a name well known in church history. She was acquainted with her grandfather, who was born in A. D. 1694. She distinctly recollects the end of the French Revolution, the rise and fall of the 1st and 2nd Napoleonic Dynasties, the second war with Great Britain, and other leading events down to the late American Rebellion. At an early age she united with the people of God, the old Scotch Presbyterian Kirk. Her religion was termed by some "Blue Presbyterianism." She thought it the blue of Heaven. Her christianity was not of the demonstrative kind; she relied on Christ's atonement—His blood to cleanse her from all sin—rather than works, although she showed her faith by her works. Always at the bed of sickness and death, ready to assist and sympathize with the suffering and sorrowing; she had trouble of her own and knew how to sympathize. "Earth hath toil and weariness for the most untiring pinions; clouds, storms and darkness," even for the most devoted christians; she found it too true in her own case, being an orphan at fifteen, only three days intervening between the death of her parents. In regard to her children, she could well adopt the language of Young:

"Insatiate Archer, could not one suffice,
Thy shafts flew thrice, and thrice my peace was slain,
And thrice ere thrice yon moon had filled her horn."

In less than six weeks three lovely children were carried to the silent chambers of the dead, aged respectively two, four and six years. In 1850 she was called upon by Providence to relinquish her youngest, aged nineteen, the child of her old age, her idol, just bursting into womanhood; this was the sorest trial of her life; it seemed that it would bring down her gray hairs in sorrow to the grave. Five years later found her a widow. She was the last of her generation. The ashes of her kindred repose in Scotland, Italy, West Indies, New York and Pensylvania, and now, after a sojourn of nearly four score and ten years, she has died in a strange land, yet comforted by the presence of her eldest daughter. Her remains rest in Walnut Grove Cemetery, at Brownville, Nebraska. More ties bound her to heaven than to earth; six of her children are safely housed in that home of many mansions. Four only are left behind. Truly a good old mother in Israel has gone to her final rest. One short week ago she was enjoying her usual health; to-day her mortal remains sleep beneath the silent clods of the valley, awaiting in hope the resurrection morn.

Thou art gone to the grave; but we will not deplore thee,
Though sorrow and darkness encompass the tomb;
The Saviour hath passed through its portals before thee,
And the lamp of his love is thy guide thro' the gloom.

Thou art gone to the grave; we no longer behold thee,
Nor tread the rough paths of the world by thy side;
But the wide arms of mercy are spread to infold thee;
And sinners may hope, since the Saviour hath died.

Thou art gone to the grave: and its mansion forsaking,
Perchance thy weak spirit in doubt linger'd long;
But the sunshine of heaven beam'd bright on thy waking,
And the sound thou didst hear was the seraphim's song.

Thou art gone to the grave; but we will not deplore thee,
Since God was thy ransom, thy Guardian, and Guide;
He gave thee, he took thee, and he will restore thee,
And death has no sting since the Saviour hath died.

Brownville, Aug. 23, 1873.

COM.

THE FACULTY OF THE STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.

General T. J. Morgan has declined the call to the Presidency of the State Normal School at Leavenworth, Kansas, and remains at the head of the school.

Miss E. C. Morgan retains her place as preceptress. She is a lady of fine culture, of pleasing manners, of a long and successful experience in teaching. An effort was made to induce her to go to Kansas, but fortunately for Nebraska it did not succeed.

Prof. James Bellangee, teacher of mathematics, is a graduate of Michigan University. He taught mathematics in the Agricultural College of Illinois, at Champaign, for two years. He taught very successfully in the Normal last year.

Miss Mary H. Burt is a graduate of the Oswego, New York, Normal School, and has had two years experience in teaching. Last year she was at the head of the Model School at Peru. She has been promoted to the position of teacher of Primary Methods, and is admirably qualified for the position.

Prof. W. E. Wilson, who has been elected teacher of the Natural Sciences, is a graduate of West Virginia Normal School, and also of Monmouth College, Ill. He has a good reputation as a teacher and a scholar.

Prof. Albert Nichols, the new principal of the preparatory department, is a graduate of Lawrence University, Wis. He has been for three years principal of the graded school of Ashland, Neb., where he was universally esteemed.

Miss E. E. Johnston, the teacher of the Model School, is a graduate of the Davenport, Iowa, Training School. After graduating she taught three years in the school, and is highly recommended by the Principal.

Miss Dickerman remains teacher of instrumental music, the same position which she has filled for the last year. She pursued her musical studies in New York City, is a good performer and a successful teacher. She will also teach gymnastics.

Yours,
J. M. MCKENZIE.

In a private letter from our friend J. B. Redfield, of Omaha, whom Dr. Miller of the Omaha *Herald* quotes on the State *Journal* printing bill, he says "Dr. Miller quotes me as authority frequently on this question, and yet I have not passed a word with him on the subject."

SHERIDAN ITEMS.

— Grover & Baker Sewing Machines both shuttle and elastic, are sold by J. H. Dundas, at Sheridan.

— Messrs. C. & G. Albright of Tecumseh, are here looking after the interest of their father, on the farm joining Sheridan.

— Some people are lost in wonder over the "water witch" who walks over dry land with a forked stick and tells where water may be found.

—Wesley Dundas has just received a fresh stock of Groceries. He sells low for cash; he does not promise a man 11 pounds of sugar for a dollar, and then give him 8.

— Some of the Grangers are dissatisfied with "Brother Bagley." They say he is telling tales out of school, and think that his "important resolution" is a for a personal end.

— The camp meeting at John Delay's was largely attended last Sunday. Hopes are entertained that the camp meeting will bring down copious showers of rain, before it shall close.

— The Editor of the ADVERTISER, remarked to us several weeks ago that nearly all his news came from Sheridan, as all the accidents happen in this vicinity. We sincerely hope we may not have much more of such news to write.

— Lost on the Tecumseh and Brownville road near Sheridan, one small black pocket book containing several blank checks on first national bank Clarinda, Iowa, and nearly one hundred dollars in money. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it with the postmaster at Sheridan.

— We regret to see the idea so prevalent among teachers and parents in this county, that some of their pupils and children are naturally dull, and consequently cannot learn like those that are "naturally bright." This idea is doing more to retard the cause of education than a combination of all the "poor school houses," "inefficient teachers" short terms of school" "lack of funds," etc., with which the educational enterprise has to contend.

— On Sunday we went with Dr. M. Grew to visit the wounded in this vicinity. Mr. John Skillin had his shoulder badly strained, and his arm, shoulder, and side terribly bruised. Thanks to the skill of Drs. Matthews and McGrew, and the unremitting care of his wife and many friends, he is fast recovering, and will probably entirely recover the use of his arm. Geo. Ottens we found as comfortable as could be expected, not near so badly hurt as was supposed at first, he has a severe cut in the muscle of the left arm, which is healing fast, a long and ugly cut or rather tear in his left leg. The Dr. thinks he will entirely recover in a short time.

OFFICIAL.

Laws of the United States Passed at the Third Session of the 42d Congress.

CHAP. CCXXXV.—An Act to declare the true Intent and Meaning of the act approved June eighth, eighteen hundred and seventy-two, amendatory of the General Bankrupt Law.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That it was the true intent and meaning of an act approved June eighth, eighteen hundred and seventy-two, entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An act to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States,' approved March second, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven," that the exemptions allowed the bankrupt by the said amendatory act should, and it is hereby enacted that they shall, be the amount allowed by the constitution and laws of each State, respectively, as existing in the year eighteen hundred and seventy-one; and that such exemptions be valid against debts contracted before the adoption and passage of such State constitution and laws, as well as those contracted after the same, and against liens by judgement of decree of any State court, any decision of any such court rendered since the adoption and passage of such constitution and laws to the contrary notwithstanding.

Approved, March 3, 1873.

CHAP. CCXXXVI.—An Act to extend for four Years the Act establishing the Board of Commissioners of Claims, and the Acts relating thereto.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the second, third, fourth, fifth and sixth sections of the act entitled "An act making appropriations for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy two, and for other purposes," approved March third, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, and the act entitled "An act to authorize the commissioners of claims to appoint special commissioners to take testimony and for other purposes," approved May eleventh, eighten hundred and seventy-two, be, and the same are hereby, extended and continued in force for four years from the tenth day of March, anno Domini eighteen hundred and seventy-three.

SEC. 2. That the commissioners of claims shall not receive any petition for the allowance of any claim or claims unless such petition shall be presented to and filed with them on or before the third day of March, eighteen hundred and seventy-three; and all claims not so presented shall be deemed to be barred forever thereafter.

Approved, March 3, 1873.

CHAP. CCXXXVII.—An Act to amend an Act entitled "An Act making Appropriations for the Support of the Army for the Year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy," approved March third, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the sixth section of an act entitled An act making appropriations for the support of the army for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy," approved March third, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, is so far modified as to authorize and permit the President of the United States to nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint one assistant adjutant-general with the rank, pay and emoluments of a major in the said department.

Approved, March 3, 1873.

CHAP. CCXXXVIII.—An Act to amend an Act entitled "An Act to establish the Department of Justice, and for other Purposes."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the twelfth section of the act entitled "An act to establish the Department of Justice, and for other purposes," approved June twenty-second, eighteen hundred and seventy, is hereby amended so as to read as follows: "That it shall be the duty of the Attorney General to make to Congress, at the commencement of each regular session of Congress, a report of the business of the said department for the last preceding fiscal year, and of any other matters appertaining thereto, that he may deem proper, including a statement of the several appropriations now, or which may hereafter be placed under its control, the amount appropriated, and a detailed statement of the amounts used for defraying the expenses of the United States courts in each judicial district; also the statistics of crime under the laws of the United States and a statement of the number of causes, civil and criminal, pending during the preceding year in each of the several courts of the United States.

SEC. 2. That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to furnish to the Department of Justice, from time to time, as they may be published, a sufficient number of the Statutes of the United States, and the reports of the Supreme Court of the United States, to be by him distributed to such officers of the courts of the United States as are now or may hereafter be by law entitled to receive them; and all laws or parts of laws authorizing the distribution of such statutes and reports of the Supreme Court to the officers of the United States by the head of any other executive department of the government be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

SEC. 3 That a register of such books shall be kept, under the authority of the head of the Department of Justice, showing the quantity of each kind received by him in pursuance of this act; and it shall be his duty to cause to be entered in such register, and at the proper time, when, where, and to whom the same, or any part of them, have been distributed and delivered, and to report the same to Congress in his annual report.

Approved, March 3, 1873.

CHAP. CCXXXIX.—An Act fixing the Times for the election of Representatives from the State of California to the forty-fourth Congress.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That on the first Wednesday in September, in the year eighteen hundred and seventy-four, there shall be elected in each congressional district in the State of California one representative to represent said State in the forty-fourth Congress of the United States.

Approved, March 3, 1873.

CHAP. CCXL.—An Act to authorize the Unlading of Steamships at Night.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That it shall be the duty of the collector of customs (with the concurrence of the naval officers, if there be one,) of any port at which a steamship from a foreign port or place may arrive, upon or after the issuing of a general order, to grant upon proper application therefor, a special license to unlade the cargo of said vessel at night, that is to say, between sunset and sunrise; but before any such special license is granted the master, agents, or consignees of the vessel shall execute and deliver to the said collector a good and sufficient bond, to be approved by him, conditioned to indemnify and save the said collector harmless from any and all losses and liabilities which may accur or be occasioned by reason of the granting of such special license: And provided, That any liability of the master or owner of any such steamship to the owner or consignee of any merchandise landed from said vessel shall not be affected by the granting of such special license or of any general order, but such liability shall continue until said merchandise is properly removed from the dock whereon the same may be landed; and the collector, under such general regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe, shall fix a uniform and reasonable rate of compensation for like service, to be paid by the master, owner, or consignee whenever such special license is granted, and shall collect and distribute the same among the inspectors assigned to superintend the unlanding of the cargo.

Approved, March 3, 1873.

CHAP. CCIXL.—An Act to provide for the Preparation and Presentation to Congress of the Revision of the Laws of the United States, consolidating the Laws relating to the Post-roads, and a Code relating to military Offenses, and the Revision of Treaties with the Indian Tribes now in Force.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That a committee of three of the committee of the House of Representatives on the revision of the laws, with committee on the part of the Senate, is hereby authorized, by resolution, to be filed in the Department of Justice, to accept on the part of Congress, the draft on revision of the laws of the United States prepared by the Commissioners to revise the statutes, so far as the same has been reported by them, and be hereafter reported by them, at the expiration of the time designated for performing that service, to wit: the fourth day of May, eighteen hundred and seventy-three, and to discharge said commissioners, from and after which all acts and parts of acts declaring the duties, powers, rights, and privileges of said commissioners, are hereby repealed; but nothing herein contained shall be construed as an approval or adoption by Congress of any part of the work of the commissioners.

SEC. 2. That the committee of the House of Representatives on the revision of the laws together with such committee as the Senate may join, be, and they hereby are, authorized to contract with some suitable person or persons, learned in the law, to prepare a bill revising and embodying in one act all the laws authorizing post-roads in force at the expiration of the present session of Congress; and also to prepare a bill codifying and regulating the laws in regard to military offenses, according to the recomendation made by the President of the United States in his annual message communicated to Congress at the present session, and also to prepare a revision of all the Indian treaties now in force as law:

SEC. 3. That said committee are also authorized to contract with some suitable person or persons under the supervision of said committee and such regulations as may be by them prescribed, to prepare the revision of the statutes already reported by the commissioners, or which may be reported before said fourth day of May, in the form of a bill, to be presented at the opening of the session of Congress in December next, embodying all the laws revised and the bills and provisions herein provided for, with proper indexes, so that the same may be in form to be acted upon forthwith by Congress at said session.

SEC. 4. That said committee is further authorized to have such revisions and bills printed by the congressional printer from time to time, uniform with the revision already reported, and to distribute them, and also the consolidation and codification of the postal and military laws and treaties herein provided for, to members of Congress and others competent to judge of their merits, in order for their correction by such persons.

SEC. 5. That any moneys appropriated for the payment of the work herein provided for shall be disbursed by the Department of Justice from time to time only so far as that Department shall be satisfied that the work has been well and faithfully performed, and as said Department shall be satisfied that the work will be fully done and completed by the commencement of said session of Congress in December next.

Approved, March 3, 1873.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice to Builders.

TENDERS will be received for building a School House in School District No. 28, in Nemaha County, by the School Board, up to the 9th of September next. Tenders will also be received by the same board for laying the stone wall for the School House.

Address JOSEPH B. PIPER,
46w2 Sheridan, Neb.

NOTICE.

AN erroneous opinion seems to prevail that a co-partnership exists between Jno. F. Murphy and W. T. Moore, of Brownville. I hereby give notice that said Moore has not been authorized to use my name as his partner, and I will not hold myself responsible for any of his transactions.

JNO. F. MURPHY.
Brownville, Neb., Aug. 18th, 1873. 45w3

AGUE! HOFFMAN'S HOP PILLS.

These Pills do not contain Quinine or Minerals. They are sugar-coated. *Price 50 Cts. Per Box.*

They cure Fever and Ague, and Dumb Ague and Ague Fevers speedily. They are simple, harmless, and always reliable. Directions in four languages accompany them.

"McLain's Candied Castor Oil is delicious: and McLain's Candied Vermifuge Bonbons are perfectly elegant. Children are glad to take them."—*Salt Lake Herald.*

For sale by
A. L. KERR & CO.,
45m6 ST. DEROIN, NEB.

NEBRASKA ADVERTISER
1856.
COMPLETE
BOOK & JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT,
1873.
BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA.

NEBRASKA STATE FAIR
1873.

STATE BOARD AGRICULTURE.

Lincoln, Sep. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 & 6.

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ENTRIES FREE.

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OFFERED AS PREMIUMS.

Send to Secretary for Premium List.

Usual R. R. accommodations on Nebraska Rail Roads, and one fare and one-fifth charged on the C. B. & Q. R. R., from Chicago, for the round trip. Tickets good to return until September 20th.

R. W. FURNAS, Pres't.
D. H. WHEELER, Sec., Lincoln, Neb.
Plattsmouth, Neb. td

PAT. CLINE,

On Hand a Choice Stock of Ready Made Goods which he will sell VERY LOW FOR CASH.

Manufacturer and dealer in Ladies' and Gents' FIRST CLASS BOOTS AND SHOES.

No. 37 Main St., BROWNVILLE, NEB.

Stock and Implements
FOR SALE.

THE weather again preventing a public sale my stock and implements are for disposal at private sale, and will be sold at prices in keeping with the times.

Horses,
Cattle,
Hogs,
Farm Implements
Bees, &c.

Apply to A. W. Furnas on the farm.

35tf R. W. FURNAS.

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LOW RESERVOIR
CHARTER OAK STOVES
Are Suited to all Climates,
AND FAMOUS FOR BEING
BEST TO USE!
CHEAPEST TO BUY!!
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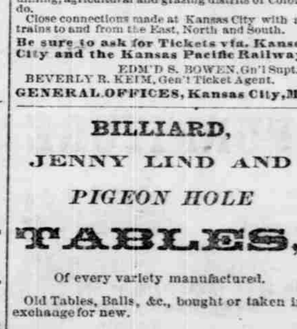

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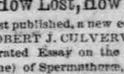

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Legal Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that in an order before E. M. McComas, Probate Judge and ex officio Justice of the Peace of Nemaha County, Neb., wherein C. M. Kauffman is plaintiff, and P. W. Warner is defendant, the said Judge and Justice of the Peace on the 25th day of August, A. D. 1873, duly issued an order of attachment for the sum of $— with interest from April 29th, 1873, and costs, which defendant's interest in a certain crop of wheat has been attached, and the trial said action is adjourned to October 8th, 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M.

C. M. KAUFFMAN,
46w3 Plaintiff.

Legal Notice.

WILLIAM H. KIMBERLIN, of St. Joseph, in the State of Missouri, will take notice that John S. Stull and Theodore L. Schick, partners doing business under the firm name of Stull & Schick, of the County of Nemaha and State of Nebraska, did on the 14th day of August, A.D. 1873, file their petition in the District Court, within and for the County of Nemaha, in said State of Nebraska, against the said William H. Kimberlin, defendant, setting forth that the said William H. Kimberlin was indebted to the plaintiffs in the sum of one hundred dollars for attorney's fees, and praying judgment against the said William H. Kimberlin for that sum.

Said defendant will also take notice that an attachment has been issued in said case by which there has been attached lots 5, 6, 8, and undivided half of 7, in block 2, in Brownville proper, in the city of Brownville, Nemaha County, Nebraska, and that plaintiffs will pray an order from said court that the same may be sold to satisfy the plaintiffs claim; and said William H. Kimberlin is notified that he is required to appear and answer or demur to said petition on or before the 2nd day of October, A.D. 1