THE ADVERTISER.

BROWNVILLE, NEB.,

THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 17, 1871.

REPUBLICAN MASS MEETING.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 19th.

The Republicans of Nemaha County are requested to meet at the Court House, in the city of Brownville, on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 19th.,

at 12 o'clock, M., there and then to agree upon such form or plan of organization as will enable them to cast their full vote with effect at the coming Fall election. All in favor of closing up the ranks of the Republican party of the county so as to make the enemy feel its potency in coming struggles, should present themselves. Good speakers will be in attendance.

By order of the County Central Com.

T. J. MAJORS, Chm.

THE PRESIDENTIAL OUTLOOK.

It is time to survey the field and reckon upon the chances for the campaign of 1872. Under the new apportionment there will be an electoral vote of three hundred and fifty-four (354) of which one hundred and seventy-eight (178) will be required to elect a President. The following will be the electoral scale:

Connecticut	6	Mississippi	5
Illinois	21	Nebraska	3
Indiana	15	New Hampshire	4
Iowa	11	New Jersey	9
Kansas	5	Ohio	21
Louisiana	7	Pennsylvania	26
Maine	7	Rhode Island	4
Massachusetts	13	South Carolina	7
Michigan	11	Vermont	5
Minnesota	5	Wisconsin	11
California	6	North Carolina	11
Delaware	3	Oregon	3
Georgia	10	Tennessee	11
Kentucky	12	Virginia	11
Maryland	8	West Virginia	5
New York	34	Missouri	12
Alabama	9	Nevada	3
Arkansas	5	Texas	8
Florida	3		
Total States 37			354

Let us in starting, take a retrospective view of the popular vote. In the election of 1860, the popular vote was divided as follows: Lincoln, 1,866,-542; Douglas, 1,375,157; Breckinridge, 847,953; Bell, 590,631. But in the electoral vote Mr. Lincoln had 180, Mr. Douglas 12, Mr. Breckinridge 72, and Mr. Bell 39. In 1868, the whole vote was 5,716,788, and Grant's majority was 309,588.

Much interest centres in the elections which will come off this fall. New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Iowa, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Massachusetts, Vermont, Maine, New Jersey, Maryland and California hold regular elections. Illinois elects a Congressman at large in place of Logan.

Last week Kentucky held her election, and the result shows that even in that stronghold of Democracy the Republican party has made giant strides the past three years. Leslie and the whole Democratic State ticket are elected by a majority which, according to present appearances, will fall short of 20,000. In 1868, the majority for Seymour over Grant, in Kentucky, was 76,323—nearly four to one over the Democratic majority today. In 1869, the majority for Tate, the Democratic candidate for State Treasurer, was 57,848. In 1870, the aggregate Democratic majority on Congressmen was further reduced to 31,684. This year there is a still further reduction to from 15,000 to 20,000. One more effort, there is good reason to hope, will lift the gallant old State out of the slough of Democratic despond, and assure her a brilliant future on the right side. All honor to the Republicans of Kentucky.

Week before last North Carolina, contrary to general expectation, defeated the pet measure of the Democracy, viz, the creation of a new constitution.

Ohio is sure to go Republican. A successor to Senator Sherman is to be chosen by the Legislature.

In Pennsylvania the chief interest will settle on the Legislature, which body will have to elect a successor to Senator Cameron. The State is considered safe for the Republicans.

Iowa has to elect a U. S. Senator. Of course it is safe for the Republicans by 40,000, and it is expected that Harlan will be re-elected U. S. Senator.

The Republicans of California are sanguine that they will carry the Golden State this year, and elect a Radical Successor to Senator Cole.

Wisconsin is safe for the Republicans, and Senator Howe will doubtless be his own successor.

Vermont will re-elect Senator Morrill.

Maryland will probably elect a "departure" legislature and Democratic successor to Senator Vickers.

Maine is reliable for the Republicans.

The Republicans of Montana Territory have achieved a brilliant victory in the election of Hon. Wm. H. Claggett as delegate to Congress, over the ablest young Democrat in the mountains—E. Warren Toole. Montana is finally redeemed. Light has penetrated into the gorges and valleys of the Rocky Mountains.

The elections will take place in the following order:

California and Vermont, September 4th; Maine, September 10th; Ohio, Pennsylvania and Iowa, on the second Tuesday in October; Massachusetts, New York, New Jersey, Illinois, Wisconsin and Minnesota, on the 7th of November.

The Presidential outlook was never more flattering to a party than it is to the Republicans this year. Were the election to come off this year, the Republican candidate would be certain of election, and next year it will be no trick at all for the Radical nominee to score 178 electoral votes.

MINORITY REPRESENTATION KILLED.

Last week the Minority Representation clause of the new Constitution came up for a vote and was killed, as it ought to have been, by the following vote:

Yeas.—Boyd, Eaton, Estabrook, Hascall, Kilburn, Mason, Manderson, Newsom, Stevenson, Scofield, Shaff, Thomas, Towle, Vifquain, Wakely—15.

Nays.—Abbott, Curtis, Cassell, Gibbs, Granger, Gray, Griggs, Kenaston, Kirkpatrick, Lake, Lyon, Majors, Maxwell, Myers, McCann, Neleigh, Philpott, Reynolds, Robinson, Stewart, Sprague, Thummel, Weaver, Wilson, Mr. President—25.

"Our warlike friend is making the same fatal mistake made by two or three predecessors who killed themselves off. He fancies that the editor of the *Democrat* is the whole Democratic party. He thinks that because the editor aforesaid was a rebel soldier that his views upon local politics are not sound, and that none of his friends should be elected to office."

Thus discourseth our friend of the *Democrat*. We do not look upon the editor of that sheet as the whole Democratic party, but we do consider him as the representative of that party in Nemaha County.

He professes to be unable to see wherein the connection lies between his having fought against the flag, Union and life of his country, and the local politics of Nemaha county. A man's antecedents go a great way in developing his status in society. No sane corporation would make treasurer of its valuables a man whom it was known had before appropriated to his own use and benefit the funds belonging to others. Our cotemporary should not take on so when we suspicion his political soundness, nor his friends, whose cause he so warmly espouses, complain if the taint of putresence attaches to them. His antecedents are bad, smacking of treachery to his country and violence to the starry banner, and the man or party permitting him, tacitly or otherwise, to act as spokesman and leader must admit the justice of the popular verdict, "tarred with the same stick."

Will our neighbor inform us, whether were he again surrounded by the same influences and circumstances as when he took up arms in rebellion against the old flag, he would repeat history and become a rebel soldier again?

Don't fail to Register.

There are some interesting parties—parties who have not the interest of the Republican party at heart—who are circulating the report that the meeting announced for Saturday next was arranged for by a "ring" or "clique." We earnestly urge the Republicans of Nemaha to come to Brownville on next Saturday and see for themselves. If it is called in the interests of a "ring" that "ring" is *the people*, the Republican party, and we belong to it. It is gotten up in the interest of no one member of the party nor of no set of men in the party, as will be evidenced to every devoted Republican who attends. Again we say, come to the meeting and satisfy yourselves, and if there be an African concealed in the fuel help to discover, pull out and expose him.

Don't fail to Register.

THE DEMOCRAT—REED—KEELING

Our amiable and gallant young friend of the *Democrat*, is meanly striving to shift the responsibility of the free-love tendency of his late editorials concerning the Reed-Keeling controversy to the shoulders of young Davis and Dr. Page, late of Brownville, but now of Falls City. The Reed woman has left this propinquity and so the *Democrat* goes back on her in quite an ungentlemanly manner. Our young friend ought to have been quite sure that she would not return to Brownville for it would be too humiliating to his southern chivalry if she should compel him to rewrite and review his article of last week and acknowledge squarely his part in the matter. If she ever does come back there will be a "fellow feeling" between our neighbor and the clerk of the La Barge, who a short time since was made to flee from her presence as though impressed with the fact that "Hell hath no fury like a woman scorned."

STATE FAIR—PROVISIONS FOR STOCK.

Every indication now is, that there will be an extraordinary attendance of fine stock of all kinds, at the coming Nebraska State Fair, to be held in Brownville, September 26, 27, 28 and 29th next. While the Executive Committee are sparing no pains to provide abundantly, it will be an accomodation to the Board to have entries of stock made and stalls secured as soon as possible. Entries can now be made and stalls secured. Apply either to D. H. Wheeler, Secretary, Plattsmouth, or the undersigned at Brownville. R. W. FURNAS,

Prest. St. Bd. Ag.

P. S. Will our State papers please copy and notice; also other papers friendly.

Dave Holt has sent Sol. Miller an X, for which Sol. puffs him into notoriety.—*Don Carlos' Nephew.*

It pays a good deal better to receive an X for commending an honorable action, than it does to puff scrabs for nothing, and fling your skunk-juice over every decent man in the country.—*White Cloud Chief.*

The editor of the *Chief* must bear in mind that when he alludes to the editor of the Rulo *Register* as a skunk he is plagerizing from every paper in Nebraska, and yet Sol. Miller claims a reputation for originality.

Hon. John Taffe has received a letter from the Faculty of Louisville Medical College in which he is requested to designate some poor young man from Nebraska upon whom will be conferred a beneficiary scholarship. The College stands high, and Mr. Taffe will be glad to serve some worthy young medical student by naming him.

The thoughtfulness of the American people for the comfort and convenience of others was exemplified on a railroad car a short time ago. A lady passenger fainted, and a physician on the car, wishing some stimulant to give her, inquired if any gentleman present had a flask of whisky. A rumaging of pockets immediately took place, and forty-seven well filled flasks were offered for his use.

A new National Bank has been opened at Nebraska City, with D. J. McCann, Robert Hawke, Wm. E. Dillon, Robert Lorton, N. R. Pinney, J. P. Metcalf and W. W. Bell as Directors, and D. J. McCann as President, W. W. Bell as Vice-President and J. P. Metcalf as chashier.

Don't fail to Register.

Calhoun Goes out "With the Boys on a Little Hunt"—He Gets Lost—How he Found Himself.

Our friend across the way concluded on Thursday last, to shake from off his mind the cares of business and from off his shoes the dust of Brownville, and betake himself to the country, there to revel amongst quail, prairie chickens, and other game peculiar to this section. He was accompanied by two or three friends and admirers.

On Friday the heat prevented the "boys" from hunting much, but in the evening they rallied and started out in quest of game. Entering a thicket they became separated, and darkness setting in friend Cal. became heart, as well as foot sore. Every noise in the bushes caused his soul to quake with apprehension lest some varmint might fasten upon him. Becoming satisfied that he could not safely make his way out of the thicket and darkness, Cal. concluded to climb a convenient tree and await the coming of daylight to dispel the murky gloom which now surrounded him Accordingly he placed his gun and other loose and cumbersome luggage at the foot of the tree and commenced climbing. Now our friend is not built for climbing, and his progress was very tedious. But to stay beneath and take his chances of being devoured, was out of the question, and his desperate surroundings nerved him to the task. Once in his progress he ventured to cast his eyes downwards, and through the gloom he saw an unmistakable movement of some animate thing making its way thro' the thicket, which nearly caused him to unloose his hold, but he recovered his equinimity in season to avoid the back-set. He caught hold of a limb upon which he swung himself like his Darwinian ancestors, and apprehension lest he should be within scent of Copperheads or other detested and detestible varmint, he went up higher, and finally ensconced himself securely in the forks of the outgrowing limbs.

But, oh! horror of horrors! One of his lost companions had reached the spot upon which the tree grew half an hour before Cal., and he, too, concluded to "climb a tree," and had ascended to a point immediately fronting that selected by our hero. The former was wide awake, and saw thro' the gloom an object approaching his position, which petrified him with fear, and the suspicion that it was other than a native of the thicket never occured to him.

When Cal. had seated himself in the fork aforesaid, his anxious eyes beheld two glaring orbs flashing in front of him, and each hair stood upon end and threw his hat off. Here was a nice position for a young man. He never expected to see the *Democrat* office again, nor to feast his eyes upon our visage. What was to be done?—Prayer occurred to him, but that was'nt in his line. He had never learned how. But no other escape or hope of relief occured to him. Something had to be done, and he concluded to make a desperate effort. The eye-balls glaring at him from opposite limb seemed to remind him that time was short, and with trembling lips and fluttering heart, he commenced:

"Oh! Goodness Gracious! (I believe that is your name, the other fellow's I know.) If you only save me from this horrible death, and will light up the "sulphurous canopy" with the light of your countenance, I will renounce the Democratic faith, denounce the heresies of that treasonable party; I will foreswear lying, and never again pretend to be friendly to the Government which I fought to subvert, until after publicly acknowledging my error, instead of, as formerly, gloating over and in my infamy; I will confess that the circulation of the *Democrat* does not approach that of the ADVERTISER, and that if I strictly adhered to the advance system I would'nt have more than four subscribers aside from those to whom I am indebted. Oh! Goodness Gracious! Be that which I see before me, "a spirit of health or goblin damned," I pray thee seize him by the nape of the neck and fling him into perdition. Oh! Angels and Ministers of Grace defend me, and when again I breathe the pure air of Brownville I will not polute it with vile apostrophes to the traitorous and incestuous Jeff Davis, neither will I asperse the fair fame and name of those who in times of peril proved true to You and their Country. My blood is frozen, my soul is harrowed, and still those two eyes stare at me and seem to start from their spheres. My knotted and combined locks do part, and each particular hair stands on end like quills upon a hedge-hog. If I must go down to hell and say the Confederacy sent me thither, will that be carrying out the spirit of the "new departure?"

Just at this point in Cal's prayer, the clouds which had sportively united, separated and rolled asunder, letting a flood of light down upon the affrightened hunters, and giving to each other an unobstructed view of the source of alarm. Cal. dropped what in polite parlance is denominated "bad French," but in vulgar phraseology is known as "cusses," and then sought mother earth and a flask which he had Bill Small fill before he started. He had received his fill of hunting, and returning home crawled into his little bed. On arising he called upon us and requested that we keep "mum" relative to his trip, but we candidly informed him that duty to our readers and to the true dignity of our profession demanded that so important an item should be presented.

We trust that Cal. may keep the promises made in his prayer, and shall eagerly watch this week's *Democrat* for evidence of his sincerity.

The late canvass of Salt Lake City reveals the fact that Brigham Young has 39 living wives, and 65 living children. He has buried eleven wives. The age of his eldest child is 58 years—of his youngest ten months. The age of the old bigamist is 70.

Don't fail to Register.

TRIP TO THE REPUBLICAN.

Mr. Editor:—In compliance with your request for a description of our trip up the Republican Valley, I need not remind you that the experience each day was much like that of its predecessor, after we had left the old settlements.

We discovered that Johnson county was steadily improving and that many new residences were in process of completion.

In Gage county the town of Beatrice has improved more in the last two years than in all its past history, and is now a fixed and permanent fact.

The first evening out from Beatrice we went into camp nine miles west, near Cub Creek, and about seventy-four from Brownville. Here the Blakely brothers made their settlement in the first days of the Territory, and have become leading and valuable citizens.

During the next day's drive we passed over a long and sparsely settled divide, and crossing over Little Sandy, camped upon Big Sandy.

The next morning we were in the town of Meredian, on the Little Blue, and found the usual number of shops and stores for a pioneer village, and among the merchants, Mr. Ross, formely of Big Sandy. Twelve miles west we came to the youthful town of Hebron, beautifully situated on the Little Blue River. At night we camped on Spring Creek and had to use standing water.

Next day about 9 or 10 o'clock we got the first view of the Republican Valley, and by night reached Garber's settlement, at the lower stockade. The Garber's mean business, and are farmers, traders and herders, having about 200 head of fine young cattle.

By noon the next day we were at Red Cloud, in Webster county, where we found the first village west of Hebron. Here J. R. Wilcox Esq., our young lawyer friend, left us, hung out his shingle, settled on a homestead near the town, and formed a real estate partnership with Capt. Garber. On our return he announced his homestead as worth one thousand dollars.

By evening we were in camp on Thompson's creek, where seven families were found from Omaha and Nebraska City. Here is a clear, rapid mill stream, fed by springs exclusively. Still westward from this point, we crossed Turkey Creek, near where it enters the Republican River, and just below where two companies of U. S. troops are stationed, and by the evening of the day, went into camp almost in sight of the fording of the mouth of Prairie Dog Creek.

On the morning or the 11th day, out from home, having laid over two days in this time, we crossed over and followed up the Prairie Dog to the Southern boundary of the State. Remaining here for almost two days, we moved further South-west, into Norton county, Kansas.

Returning we crossed to the North shore of the Republican below the mouth of the Sappy Creek, and came down through Napoleon, in Lincoln county, and Alma City, in Harlan county. Thus we reached the point where we crossed the Republican going South a few days before.

In the proper place I forgot to mention the fact that we did not see Franklin City, in Franklin county, as we went out, nor did we discover it as we returned; and Napoleon and Alma City would have shared the same fate had not some parties informed us that they had an imaginary existance in the grass.

Buffalo were first discovered in herds about 200 miles back from Brownville; and such was the anxiety of the boys to capture the first one, that Mr. Stary, an experienced hunter, allowed his son Walter, Charley McPherson and Willy Tipton, to enjoy the first shots at the huge animals. If the season of the year had justified it, our wagons could have been filled with robes and hams in a very short time. We fared sumptuously every day upon grouse, turkey, antelope and buffalo.

The opinion of our company was in favor of the Republican Valley, as to soil, timber and water. And I believe it superior in every respect to the Valley of the Platte.

At many points the people are from 35 to 50 miles South of the Union Pacific R. R. Claims are being taken every day, and the first arriving are securing the prizes.

At about 230 miles from Brownville the waters of the Prairie Dog River, coming from Kansas, enters the Republican; and at this point Dr. McPherson selected the town site of Republican City.

Senator Tipton made a call upon the officers of the military camp on Turkey Creek, and made the acquaintance of Capt. Pollock, Lieut. Gregg and Suttler Bebee, of whose hospitality and kindness he speaks in terms of genuine praise.

Mr. Stary, son and son-in-law, and others, took homesteads adjoining Republican City.

The crop of sod corn, some of which was planted the 1st of June, looks exceedingly well, and every thing that has been planted this season is equal in growth to the best results of the most favorable years.

The pioneers of to-day will be the rich men of the future, and well will they earn their fortunes. We saw no Indians on the route, and found the people hopeful and satisfied.

Very Respectfully,

SECRETARY.

Another Report.

We have been traveling Westward and Southwest for thirteen days, and have had splendid weather ever since we started. Have met large herds of Buffalo, killed all we wanted and more than we could eat or save. Walter Stary has shot three calves, caught one alive and shot three old ones. Capt. Alex. Stary caught three calves which he will bring home with him. Mr. Collier shot one Buffalo, one Badger, and one Antelope. Capt. Stary and son furnishes the camp in wild turkeys, prairie chickens and grouse in numbers too large to be mentioned. During the time we have been out we have passed over some of the finest land it has ever been my pleasure to behold. After you pass Red Cloud you come to the garden spot of the West, and as you go West for one hundred miles or farther it continues to grow finer and of a No. 1 soil. Emigrants are coming in every direction, from Iowa, Wisconsin, Missouri, Cheyenne and from all parts of the world. It looks strange that where only a year ago roamed the buffalo on the great neutral hunting grounds of all the Indian tribes, the home of the "prairie dog," antelope, elk and wild turky, is fast becoming the home of the white man. Fine fields of corn dot the view all along the Republican Valley until you reach Napoleon at the mouth of "Sappy." Corn planted on the sod in June is now producing fine roasting-ears, and will turn out from 40 to 50 bushels to the acre. Splendid potatoes, cabbage, water-melons, tomatoes, and all kinds of garden sass can be had all along the Valley. I never knew until now that Nebraska contained so much fine farming and grazing land, and it will pay any one to go up the Valley to appreciate the wealth and grandeur of his own State. "That great sandy desert" is played, the alarm of Indians decreases as you go west, the settlers all along the Valley of the Republican, Prairie Dog and Sappy rivers are pouring in in such vast numbers that the "Lo" family would stand a poor chance. Soldiers from Ft. Hays in Kansas patrol the south side of the Republican every three weeks, and three companies of U. S. cavalry are stationed at Turky Creek, and afford ample protection.

Senator Tipton is one of the boys on a trip of this kind, ever ready for a joke or fun of any kind, and has diligently enquired of the wants of the people all along this beautiful Valley Their great want is "mail facilities." They all extended to him a warm and hearty welcome, and so well pleased is he with and surprised at the vast amount of people who are coming in the Valley by thousands that the Senator wants to go again. He says the wash pan is the most useful article a man can take on a Western trip, it can be used as a vessel for milk, bread, butter and to wash in—always clean. Willie Tipton and Perry enjoyed the trip and will have great stories to tell their Washington juvenile friends. Corwin Tipton met with quite an accident. It was announced that we would arrive in the buffalo country on the morrow—we were then camped on Mill Creek—Con. concluded he would try his horse in the manual of buffalo drill. He had gone scarcely 8 yards before his horse threw him about fifteen feet, and sprained his ankle so that we were compelled to leave him at Mill Creek in good hands. During our stay at Mill Creek, Capt. Stary and son, Mr. Collier and myself concluded to cross over the river and hunt some antelope. We succeeded in finding some 20 in a herd. Walter Stary and I started after two young antelopes, chased them some 5 miles and drove them up by Capt. Stary, where he started after them again with fresh horses. The Captain chased them some ten miles and would certainly have caught them had they not hid in the high grass and a hard rain setting in compelled him to abandon the chase. Eph Caldwell, Mike Aveny and brother were compelled to return at Red Cloud on account of a lame horse. John R. Wilcox has located at Red Cloud and stuck out his shingle as attorney at law, &c.

1st night out camped on Little Nemaha.

2nd day passed through Tecumseh and camped four miles west, good water, &c.

3rd day. Passed through Vesta, a small village containing a post office, saw mill, stone blacksmith shop, &c. The surrounding country is improved and rolling. Camped at Beatrice. The town is situated on Big Blue River, a beautiful, clean, rock bottom stream, containing fine fish, pickeral &c. Has fine water privileges, has a population of about 1,000 persons, eight residences, court house, school house, built of brick and the finest building stone in the State, has all that is necessary to make life comfortable, and nearly all the privileges of the east, a live paper, published by our friend Coleman. While there we met our old Brownville friends, C. G. and George Dorsy, J. B. Webster, Dr. Cowles, &c., all looking fine. Caught a mess of pickeral in Blue River.

4th day out. Passed over a rolling prairie and camped on Big Sandy, a beautiful, clear stream, good mill power.

5th day. Passed over the ridge, come in sight of the flourishing town of Meridian three miles from Sandy, situated on Little Blue River, contains some 20 houses, a post office, stage office, two good hotels, one grocery store, mill, brick yard, law office, two dry good stores, flouering mill, bakery and drug store, the later presided over by our Brownville friend, Mr. Davis, brother-in-law to Mr. Lew Hill. The town is some two or three years old. Traveled ten miles and camped for noon, at Hebron, a young old city, contains some ten or twelve houses, a newspaper, post office, one dry good store, one grocery store, one drug store, blacksmith shop. The Hack stops at this place and the settlers are obliged to carry the mail by private subscription from there up the Valley of the Republican. Our members in Congress should see to it, that the people are supplied by government. The girls at Hebron have a croquet ground, and enjoy themselves hugely. Leaving Hebron we travel up Spring creek some twelve miles and camped on Spring creek. Here you see the effect of opening land to speculators, not a house from Hebron until you strike the Republican Valley—distance some 25 miles—all owned by speculators. Country broken and bad water, grass short.

6th day. Came in sight of, and traveled up the Republican Valley as far as Guide Rock, or Lower Stockade, as it is sometimes called. One year ago Capt. Garber and three brothers came up the Valley from Iowa and located. They were the first white men up the Valley to stay all winter. The buffaloes were one year ago thick as the grass. Now you have to go up eighty miles to get a sight at them. At Mr. Garbers we purchased butter and milk, water-melons, potatoes, beets, &c. The Capt is a true Western man, and ever ready to accomodate persons who may come up the Valley. The Republican Valley is some 2½ to 3 miles wide, timber plenty, splendid streams of water, pouring every mile or so in the Republican.

7th day. Passed through Red Cloud. The town is situated on the bluffs two miles from the river, contains some ten or fifteen houses, hotel, store, &c. Camped on Mill Creek. Seventeen families are located at the place, fine stream of water, good mill power.

8th day. Stayed at Mill Creek.

9th day. Camped at mouth Prairie Dog.

10th day. Crossed Republican and went up Prairie Dog. Camped at W. Parish's.

11th day. At camp on Prairie Dog.

12th day. Traveled up divide.

13th day. At camp on divide between Prairie Dog and Republican.

14th day. On Sappy, crossed the Republican at Napoleon, Maj. Vifquain's town, traveled down the Republican to the mouth of Prairie Dog. There Dr. McPherson laid out the town site of "Republican City." Capt. Stary, his son Walter and Norra Collier, all loeated at the same place. There are some twenty or thirty miles of bottom land around the town site, splendid water power, timber, &c. Blue stem five to seven feet high, buffalo grass two and one half feet high, &c. More again.

"JOHNNY."

The Chicago *Times* publishes an account of an accident at a funeral: "The parlors where the coffin was resting were exceedingly full of people, so that the unusual weight upon the floor caused it to give away during the address of the Minister, and precipitated the whole crowd, coffin, minister and mourners, into the cellar. The room below was used as a pantry or store room and dairy, and contained a number of pans of milk, jars of butter, jam, preserves, etc., so that almost every one was accomodated with a liberal daubing of one or more of these articles. The Chicago lady who informed the writer of the catastrophe, was particularly fortunate, managing to get one foot into a jar of butter, another into a pan of milk, while a shelf of honey was deposited in her lap. To add to the confusion the coffin was broken by the fall, and the corpse landed in a barrel of soft soap."

Subscribe for the ADVERTISER.

MARRIAGES.

At the Reynold's House, Brownville, on Wednesday, the 9th inst., by Rev. J. W. Martin, J. N. RUSH to REBECCA J. NEFFTON, both of Highland, Nemaha County, Neb.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Registrar's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested that I will be at the office of Thomas & Brady, Brownville, Nemaha County, Neb., from Monday morning August 21st., to Saturday evening, Aug. 26th., for the purpose of registering the names of those qualified to vote at the Special Election on September 9th., 1871.

R. V. HUGHES,

44 Registrar Brownville Precinct.

AUTHORIZED BY THE U. S. GOVERNMENT.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF Brownville, Nebraska.

CAPITAL, $100,000.00. Authorized Capital, $500,000.00

Is now prepared to transact a general Banking Business, Buy and sell Coin and Currency Drafts on all the principal cities of the UNITED STATES AND EUROPE.

Money loaned on approved security only. Time Bills discounted, and special accommodations granted to depositors. Deposits RECEIVED, GOVERNMENT BONDS, STATE, COUNTY AND CITY SECURITIES and COUPONS allowed on time certificates of deposit.

Officers and Directors.

Wm. T. Don, President. JNO. L. CARSON, President. H. M. Atkinson, A. R. DAVISON, Cashier. R. A. Handley, J. C. McNAUGHTON, Asst. Cashier. Wm. E. Shellenberger, Frank E. Joubion. 41y10

FURNAS NURSERIES!

Brownville, Neb.

FURNAS, SONS & CO.

We offer for sale this fall

200,000 APPLE TREES,

OF OUR OWN PROPAGATION,

GROWN in NEBRASKA

COME AND SEE OUR STOCK

GROWING IN THE NURSERY

We have a full collection of all well known hardy Western varieties; also

RUSSIAN

"IRON CLADS,"

AND

CRABS.

42-3t

BRIDGE NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that proposals will be received at the County Clerk's Office, up to 12 o'clock, M., of

October the 3d., A. D. 1871,

for the erection of a bridge across the Little Nemaha River, at Sander's Mill, in Nemaha County, Nebraska.

Proposals will be received for the erection of either a Wooden or Iron Bridge, One Hundred Feet in length, with abutments of spiling twenty-five feet in length and ten inches at top, four spilings at each end of bridge.

Each proposition to be accompanied with plan and specifications of Bridge as proposed to be erected by the bidder, the Board reserving the right to reject any or all bids.

By Order of the Board of County Commissioners July term, 1871.

43td JAMES M. HACKER, County Clerk.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between Louis Waldter and A. W. Lemmon, under the firm name of Waldter & Lemmon, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

The books and accounts of the late firm are in the hands of Louis Waldter, who is alone authorized to settle the same. Those indebted to the old firm are requested to call on him, at the old stand, and those having accounts against the late firm are also requested to present the same for settlement.

Louis Waldter will still carry on the Painting business at the old stand, Mr. Lemmon remaining in his employ.

Thanking the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, a continuance of the same is respectfully solicited.

LOUIS WALDTER,

A. W. LEMMON.

Brownville, July 20th., 1871. 42w3

Kansas Pacific Railway.

Short, Favorite and Only

ALL RAIL ROUTE!

—TO—

DENVER, GREELEY, ERIE, CHEYENNE, NEW MEMPHIS, RENO, IDAHO SPRINGS, GOLDEN CITY, GREEN CITY, CENTRAL CITY, ELKO, VILLA LAFONT, MARYSVILLE, EVANS, GEORGETOWN, SALT LAKE CITY, LONGMONT, SACRAMENTO, COLORADO SPRINGS, SAN FRANCISCO.

And all points in

Kansas, Colorado, the Territories, and the Pacific Coast.

188 MILES the Shortest Line from Kansas City to Denver.

210 MILES the Shortest Line to Pueblo, Trinidad, Santa Fe, and all points in New Mexico and Arizona.

Remember that this is the Great Through Line, and there is

No Other All Rail Route

to any of the above points.

There is no tedious omnibus or ferry transfer by this route, as the Great Rivers are all Bridged,

PULLMAN PALACE CARS,

run through from KANSAS CITY to DENVER Without Change.

Passengers by this route have an opportunity of viewing the fine Agricultural Districts of Kansas, and can stop over at Denver and visit the rich mining, agricultural and grazing distrits of Colorado.

Close connections made at Kansas City with all trains to and from the East, North and South.

Be sure to ask for Tickets via. Kansas City and the Kansas Pacific Railway.

EDM'D S. BOWEN, Gen'l Supt.

BEVERLY R. KEIM, Gen'l Ticket Agent.

GENERAL OFFICES, Kansas City, Mo.

Treasury Department, Office of Comptroller of Currency

WASHINGTON, July 12th., 1871.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the

"First National Bank of Brownville,"

in the City of Brownville, in the County of Nemaha, and State of Nebraska, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress entitled, "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3rd 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking under said Act.

Now therefore I, John J. Knox, Acting Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BROWNVILLE," in the City of Brownville, in the County of Nemaha, and State of Nebraska, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof witness my hand [SEAL] and Seal of office this 12th day of July, 1871.

JNO. JAY KNOX,

Acting Comptroller Currency.

No. 1846. 41-2m

Office of John L. Carson,

BANKER,

BROWNVILLE, NEB., July 26, 1871.

BEING about to consolidate this, (the oldest Banking Establishment in Nebraska,) into that of the

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

I desire to return my sincere thanks to a generous public for the universal CONFIDENCE AND PATRONAGE bestowed on the OLD, and ask a continued and increased support to the NEW.

The First National Bank of Brownville, Neb.,

In which I shall remain as President and one of the working force.

I respectfully request that all paper DUE OR MATURING, be promptly paid, or satisfactory arrangements made with the new Bank for renewal.

JNO. L. CARSON,

41-tf 235 Main Street.

BROWNVILLE

NURSERY,

—AT—

Brownville Nebraska.

C. M. Kauffman,

PROPRIETOR.

CALL AT THIS NURSERY for your Nursery Stock. Farmers are assured that it will be to their interest to do so. All will be served impartially to order, and positively at less rates. Of Ratchman more Fruit Trees, Shrubbery, Evergreens, and

HEDGE PLANTS,

can be bought for the same money than at any other Nursery in the country. 42tf

VALUABLE LANDS FOR SALE.

BY VIRTUE of the provisions of the second article of the treaty between the United States of America, and the Sac and Fox of the Missouri and Iowa Tribes of Indians, concluded March 6th, 1861, ratified and confirmed by the President, March 26, 1863, and acting under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, I hereby invite sealed proposals for the purchase of all the lands hereinafter described, to-wit:

E hf of sw qr, se qr, nw qr, and e hf of section 13; ne qr, of section 24; nw qr. of section 29; e hf se qr. of section 29; lots 1 and 2 and ne qr. of section 34; se qr. nw qr. and ne qr. of section 35, and ne qr. of section 36, all in Town 1, Range 14.

Lot 2 of section 1, e hf. se qr. of section 15, nw qr. ne qr. of section 16; s hf. ne qr. and w hf. sw qr. of section 17; sw qr. ne qr. se qr. sw qr. se qr. nw qr. and w hf. nw qr. of section 13; e hf. ne qr. e hf se qr. ne qr. nwqr. and n hf. lot 1 of section 19; se qr. ne qr. and s hf. sw qr. of section 20; se qr. and w hf. of section 21; ne qr. and n hf. se qr. se qr. of section 22; ne qr. of section 27; w hf. nw qr. of section 26; e hf of section 27; se qr. and w hf. of section 28; s hf. of section 29; n hf. lot 1 of section 30; s hf. of section 31; ne qr. of section 32; ne qr. and w hf. of section 33; ne qr. of section 35, and sw qr. of section 36, all in Town 1, Range 15.

W hf. nw qr. of section 29, and w hf of section 30, all in Town 1, Range 16.

Such proposals must be for parcels or tracts not exceeding in any case one hundred and sixty (160) acres each. Should any proposal be for any tract having upon it improvements of any kind which were made by or for the Indians or for government purposes, the proposals therefor must state the price bid for the land and the improvements separately.

These lands comprise the upper portion of what are known as the "Sac and Fox of the Missouri Trust Lands."

All bids must be accompanied by the deposit of a sum equal to ten per cent on the amount of each bid, which sum, in case the land is awarded and balance not paid, will be forfeited by the bidder. Should any bid be rejected, the sum deposited will be returned to the proper party.

No bid will be entertained for a less sum than one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre, upon each and every tract bid upon.

Patents will be issued and transmitted to purchasers as soon after full payment as practicable.—Payments must be made in cash.

The right to reject any and all bids is expressly reserved.

All bids must be sealed and addressed to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, and endorsed "Bids for Sac and Fox of the Missouri Indian Trust Lands."

Persons or parties whose bids are accepted will be notified of such acceptance as soon thereafter as practicable.

If within forty days after such notice has been duly mailed payment in full is not made to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs of the amount bid, the land for which such bid was made will be again subject to sale.

Deposits to accompany bids may be made in any public depository of the United States or solvent National Bank, evidenced by a certificate of deposit, transferred to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Washington, D. C.

Bids will be received until the 1st day of October next, after which, as soon as practicable, they will be opened, examined and acted upon.

H. R. CLUM,

Acting Commissioner.

Washington, D. C. July 20th, 1871. 42d

GEO. W. NEELY & CO.,

BUILDERS AND

Bridge Contractors,

BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA.

Will take contracts for building Bridges, Raising or Moving Buildings, and all kinds of Shop and Jobbing Work. Contract work solicited. Work guaranteed to give satisfaction, and done on short notice and reasonable terms.

Have also the right to erect the

Smith Patent Truss Bridge

In Nebraska, Iowa, Kansas and Southern Missouri.

NOTICE OF LETTINGS SOLICITED. 32y

CHARTER OAK STOVES

SOLD BY

W. D. Shellenberger,

74 Main Street, Brownville.

LANTERNS, of all descriptions, for sale by W. D. Shellenberger, No. 74 Main street, McPherson Block, Brownville, Neb. dtwtf

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

PROBATE NOTICE.—NOTICE is hereby given that R. W. Sheldon has made application to the Probate Court of Nemaha County, to be appointed Administrator with the will annexed of the estate of George W. Arnold, late of said county, deceased, and that I have appointed the 6th day of September, 1871, for hearing said application and appointing said administrator.

43w3 A. W. MORGAN, Probate Judge.

LEGAL NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that there has been filed in the Probate Court of Nemaha County, Nebraska, a paper purporting to be the last will and testament of George M. Henderson, deceased, and the said Court has appointed September 1st., 1871, at 10 o'clock, A. M., in said Court, as the time and place for the probate and proving of said will, where and when all concerned may appear and contest the probate of said will.

43w3 A. W. MORGAN, Probate Judge.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—District Court of the United States for the District of Nebraska, in the matter of William D. Lewis, Bankrupt, District of Nebraska, SS.

A warrant in Bankruptcy has been issued by said court against the estate of William D. Lewis, of the county of Nemaha, and State of Nebraska, in said District, has been duly adjudged bankrupt upon petition of his creditors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or to his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the credit