Nebraska Advertiser.

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Oldest Paper in the State.

BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1870. VOL. 14.—NO. 46.

Nebraska Advertiser.

ADVERTISING RATES.

SPACE.	One Week.	One Week.	Two Weeks.	Three Weeks.	One Month.	Three Months	Six Months	Twelve Months
Half inch	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00	$2.50	$3.50	$5.00	$ 8.00	
One inch	1.50	2.50	3.00	3.50	5.00	7.00	10.00	
Two inches	2.50	3.50	4.00	5.00	7.00	10.00	15.00	
Three inches	3.00	4.00	5.00	6.00	10.00	15.00	20.00	
Six inches	5.00	8.00	10.00	12.00	18.00	25.00	40.00	
Twelve inches	8.00	12.00	15.00	18.00	25.00	40.00	60.00	
One column	10.00	20.00	25.00	30.00	45.00	60.00	100.00	

Legal advertisements at legal rates: One square, (eight line of Agate space, or less,) first insertion, $1.00; each subsequent insertion, 50c.
Business Cards of five lines or less, $5.00.
Extray notices, each head, $3.00
☞All transcient advertisements must be paid for in advance.

Nebraska Advertiser

FURNAS, COLHAFF & CO.,
Publishers and Proprietors.

Office—No. 74 McPherson's Block, up Stair
BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA.

Terms, in Advance:
One copy, one year.....$2 00
One copy, six months.....1 00

JOB PRINTING,
Of all kinds, done on short notice and at reasonable rates.

General Business Cards.

ATTORNEYS.

JARVIS S. CHURCH,
ATTORNEY, COUNSELOR AND SOLICITOR.
Brownville, Nebraska.
Practices in the Courts of Southern Nebraska.

O. B. HEWETT. J. W. NEWMAN.
HEWETT & NEWMAN,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELORS AT LAW.
Office, No. 70, McPherson Block, up stairs.

SIDNEY FRENCH, W. T. ROGERS.
FRENCH & ROGERS,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELORS AT LAW.
Office in Court House Building.
Will give diligent attention to any legal business entrusted to their care. [48-tf]

JOB A. DILLON,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR AT LAW and General Land Agent,
Tecumseh, Johnson County, Nebraska.

THOMAS & BROADY,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY.
OFFICE—District Court Room.

WM. H. McLENNAN,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,
Nebraska City, Nebraska.

B. F. PERKINS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,
Tecumseh, Johnson County, Neb.

NYE & HUMPHREY,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELORS AT LAW,
Pawnee City, Pawnee Co., Neb.

N. K. GRIGGS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW AND LAND AGENT,
Beatrice, Gage County, Nebraska.

PHYSICIANS.

C. F. STEWART, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office in D. H. Lewis & Co.'s Drug Store.
Office hours from 7 to 9 a. m.; and 1 to 2 and 6½ to 7½ p. m.

WM. M. DAILY,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
St. Deroin, Nebraska.
Graduate of Cincinnati Eclectic College. 31-y

W. H. KIMBERLIN, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON TO NEB. EYE AND EAR INFIRMARY.
OFFICE—85 Main-st. OFFICE HOURS—7 A.M. to 6 P.M.

H. C. THURMAN,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office—No. 85 Main Street,
Office hours from 7 to 11 a. m. and 1 to 4 p. m.

H. L. MATHEWS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office in City Drug Store, Main-st.

LAND AGENTS.

R. V. HUGHES,
REAL ESTATE AGENT & NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office over Hannaford & McFall's Furniture store.

WM. H. HOOVER,
REAL ESTATE & TAX PAYING AGENT.
Office in District Court Room.
Will give prompt attention to the sale of Real Estate and Payment of Taxes throughout the Nemaha Land District.

JONAS HACKER,
LAND AND TAX PAYING AGENT.
Office with Probate Judge.
Will attend to the Payment of Taxes for Non-Resident Land Owners in Nemaha County. Correspondence solicited.

R. F. LUSHBAUGH,
RRAL ESTATE AGENT
For the purchase and sale of Real Estate in Iowa and Nebraska, Paying Taxes, etc. Office, east side of Twelfth street, near Farnham (up stairs), Omaha, Nebraska. 37-y

COUNTY SURVEYOR.

JULIUS GILBERT,
COUNTY SURVEYOR,
Post Office address,
Clifton, Nemaha County, Nebraska.

NOTARIES.

JAS. C. McNAUGHTON,
NOTARY PUBLIC & CONVEYANCER,
Office in J. L. Carson's Bank.

E. E. EBRIGHT,
NOTARY PUBLIC & CONVEYANCER,
No. 72 Main-st., second floor.
Agent for the Equitable and American Tontine Life Insurance Companies.

DRUG STORES.

McCREERY & NICKELL,
DEALERS IN DRUGS, STATIONERY, &c.
No. 32 Main-st.
Full assortment Drugs, Paints, Books, Stationery, etc., on hand, and sold at wholesale or retail.

HOLLADAY & CO.,
DEALERS IN DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c.
No. 41 Main-st.

GRAIN DEALERS.

EVAN WORTHING,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Office and Warerooms 56 Main-st.,
Dealer in all kinds of Grain and Country Produce.

GEO. G. START & BRO.,
DEALERS IN GRAIN, PRODUCE, &c.
Aspinwall, Nebraska.
The highest market price paid for anything the farmer can raise. We will buy and sell everything known to the market.

MERCHANDISE.

F. E. JOHNSON & CO.
DEALERS IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE
No. 72 Main-st., McPherson Block,

WM. T. DEN,
DEALER IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE, Forwarding & Commission Merchant,
No. 62 Main-st., Brownville,
Corn Planters, Plows, Stoves, Furniture, &c., always on hand. Highest market price paid for Hides, Pelts, Furs, and Country Produce.

HARDWARE.

SHELLENBERGER BRO'S.,
DEALERS IN HARDWARE, STOVES.
No. 74 Main-st.
Stoves, Hardware, Carpenter's Tools, Blacksmith Furnishings, &c., constantly on hand.

JOHN C. DEUSER,
DEALER IN STOVES, TINWARE, &c.
No. 79 Main-st.

SADDLERY.

J. H. BAUER,
HARNESS, BRIDLES, COLLARS, Etc.
No. 9 Main-st.
Mending done to order. Satisfaction guaranteed.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

A. ROBINSON,
BOOT AND SHOE MAKER,
No. 58 Main-st.
Has constantly on hand a good assortment of Gent's, Ladie's, Misses' and Children's Boots and Shoes. Custom work done with neatness and dispatch. Repairing done on short notice.

CONFECTIONERIES.

ISRAEL S. NACE,
CITY BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY.
No. 31 Main-st., opposite City Drug Store.
Pies, Cakes, Fresh Bread, Confectionery, Light and Fancy Groceries, constantly on hand.

BOUNTY CLAIM AGENTS.

ED. D. SMITH,
U. S. WAR CLAIM AGENT,
Washington City, D. C.
Will attend to the prosecution of claims before the Department in person, for Additional Bounty, Back Pay and Pensions, and all claims accruing against the Government during the late war.

SALOONS.

JOSEPH HUDDARD & CO.,
PEACE AND QUIET SALOON.
No. 47 Main-st.
The best Wines and Liquors kept on hand.

RICHARD HARPSTER,
ALHAMBRA BILLIARD SALOON,
No. 19 Main street,
The best Wines and Liquors constantly on hand.

CARPENTERS AND JOINERS.

GEO. W. NEELY & CO.,
BUILDERS, BRIDGE CONTRACTORS
Brownville, Nebraska.
Will take contracts for building Bridges, Raising or Moving Buildings, and all kinds of Shop and Jobbing Work. Contract work solicited. Notice of Bridge Lettings Solicited. Work guarranteed to give satisfaction, and done on short notice and reasonable terms. Shop under No. 56 Main st. 28y

MUSIC.

MRS. J. M. GRAHAM,
TEACHER OF MUSIC.
Rooms, Main-st., bet. 4th and 5th,
Mrs. Graham gives instructions in Vocal and Instrumental Music, and is agent for the best Organs and Pianos in the country from the firms of Root & Cady, Chicago, Ill., Bradbury, Steck, Chickering, Stinway, Hains Bros., Calenburg and Vaupel. All warranted for five years, and will be sold at manufacturer's prices.

BLACKSMITHS.

J. H. BEASON,
GENERAL BLACKSMITH,
Main-st Brownville, Neb.
Is prepared to do all kinds of work in iron, on short notice, and at prices in keeping with the times. 21-y

J. W. & J. C. GIBSON,
BLACKSMITHS & HORSE SHOERS.
First-st., bet. Main and Atlantic.
All work done to order and satisfaction guaranteed.

General Business Cards.

HOTELS.

REYNOLDS HOUSE,
J. N. REYNOLDS, PROPRIETOR.
Nos. 88 & 90 Main street, opposite Post Office. Newly furnished throughout; thoroughly remodeled from cellar to attic. First Class Sample Room on first floor. Most convenient House to the business part of the city. Livery accommodations convenient. Stages for all points leave this House daily, making close connections with all Railroad trains. 37-y

AMERICAN HOUSE.
L. D. ROBISON, PROPRIETOR.
Front-st., bet. Main and Water.
A good Feed and Livery Stable in connection with the House.

JUSTICES.

A. W. MORGAN,
PROBATE JUDGE AND JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
Office in Court House Building.

TAILORING.

CHRIS. HAUBOLDT,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 62 Main-st.
Has on hand a splendid stock of Goods, and will make them up in the latest styles, on short notice and reasonable terms.

BRIDGE BUILDING.

C. W. WHEELER,
BRIDGE BUILDER & CONTRACTOR.
Brownville, Nebraska.
Sole agent for R. W. Smith's Patent Truss Bridge. The strongest and best wooden bridge now in use.

STAR HOTEL
Brownville, Nebraska.
STEVENSON & CROSS, PROPRIETORS.
General R. R. Ticket Office.
OMNIBUSSES TO ALL TRAINS.
Daily Stages for All Points West.
BEST SAMPLE ROOM IN THE STATE.

JOHN Q. A. SMITH. E. H. WILCOX.
STORAGE, FORWARDING,
AND
COMMISSION HOUSE
OF
SMITH & WILCOX.
Dealers in all kinds of Grain, for which they pay the highest market price in Cash.
☞Office at Store of P. E. Johnson & Co. 18-6m

Waldter & Lemmon,
House, Sign and Carriage

PAINTERS
No. 56 Main St.
BROWNVILLE.
Mixed Paints
FOR SALE.
GILDING
GRAINING, SMALTING,
FROSTING, KALSOMINING, ETC.
28-1y

JACOB MAROHN,
MERCHANT TAILOR,

Has received a large assortment of the Most
READY MADE CLOTHING,
which he can and will sell
Lower than any House in the City,
AND WARRANTS THEM TO BE GOOD.

M. F. BOYD,
BRICKLAYER & PLASTERER,
BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA.
Will take contracts for Brick or Stone Work, or Plastering, in town or county. Will build Cisterns, and warrant them. Good work guaranteed. 33-y

DR. J. BLAKE,

DENTIST
Would respectfully announce that he has located in Brownville and is now prepared to perform, in the best manner, ALL operations pertaining to the science of Dentistry.
OFFICE—Over City Drug Store, front room. 16t

John L. Carson, Banker,
BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA.
Exchange bought and sold on all the principal cities. Also dealer in
Gold and Silver Coin, Gold Dust, and Government Bonds.
Deposits received, payable at sight. Interest paid on time deposits by special agreement. Taxes paid for non-residents. All kinds U. S. Bonds wanted.

Clocks, Watches, Jewelry
JOSEPH SHUTZ,
No. 59 Main Street, Brownville.
Keeps constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of genuine articles in his line. Repairing of Clocks, Watches and Jewelry done on short notice, at reasonable rates.
ALL WORK WARRANTED.

CHAS. HELMER,

BOOT & SHOE MAKER.
No. 49 Main Street,
BROWNVILLE, NEB.
Has constantly on hand a superior stock of Boots and Shoes. Custom work done with neatness and dispatch.

H. H. BRYANT,
House, Sign and Carriage
PAINTER,
Grainer & Paper Hanger,
No. 60 MAIN STREET,
Brownville, Nebraska.

MEDFORD & HOWARD,
ARCHITECTS & BUILDERS
Are prepared to furnish designs and specifications for all kinds of
BUILDINGS,
PUBLIC AND PRIVATE,
of the latest and most approved styles.
ALSO TAKE CONTRACTS!
All kinds of Job Work done to order!
☞Shop, corner Main and Second streets,
BROWNVILLE, NEB. 49-y

FRANZ HELMER,
WAGON & BLACKSMITH SHOP
ONE DOOR WEST OF COURT HOUSE.
WAGON MAKING, Repairing, Plows, and all work done in the best manner and on short notice. Satisfaction guaranteed. Give him a call. [34-1y.

JOHN BAUSFIELD,
Bricklayer and Plasterer,
Brownville, Nebraska.
Is prepared to take contracts in his line, in city or country. All work done in the best of style. Also, will build Cisterns, and warrant them perfect. 25y

Nebraska Advertiser.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1870.

Republican Covention.

The Third Senatorial Republican Convention, composed of the counties of Nemaha, Richardson and Johnson, will hold a Convention at Tecumseh, Johnson county, September 10th, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of nominating a Senator. Each county will be entitled to five delegates.

J. S. CHURCH,
E. E. CUNNINGHAM } Com.
HINMAN RHODES,

Republican County Convention.

There will also be a County Republican Convention held in the Court House in Brownville, September 24th next, at one o'clock p. m., for the purpose of nominating one Senator and four Representatives. The Precinct Caucuses to elect delegates to the said Convention will be held at the usual places of voting on the 17th day of September, at four o'clock p. m., and will send up to the County Convention delegates as follows:

Peru	9	Nemaha City	6
Glen Rock	5	Aspinwall	5
Lafayette	6	St. Deroin	4
Brownville	22	Bedford	2
Douglas	2	Benton	3
Washington	2		

JARVIS S. CHURCH, Ch'n.

Two workmen on the railroad bridge at Omaha were drowned last week.

Geo. Elliott, of Cass county, had his arm torn off by a threshing machine last week.

Eighteen car loads of seal skins from Alaska passed through Omaha last week.

Sixty thousand dollars has been raised in New York City to aid suffering Prussia.

The Omaha papers say there are over two hundred hands at work on the bridge across the Missouri river at that place.

Another Peace Commission passed through Omaha last week, on its way west to *re-treat* with Red Cloud and his coadjitors.

Mr. Calhoun, editor of the Brownville *Democrat*, was in town yesterday in consultation with democratic leaders here.—*Omaha Tribune.*

M. C. Wilbur, of Omaha, recently purchased four hundred large draught mares and one hundred mules, in California, and shipped them to Nebraska.

A convict escaped from the Penitentiary at Lincoln the other day; was re-arrested at Ashland, and on his way back escaped again, and is still at large.

Under the provisions of a Legislative act the people of this State will vote this fall on the question whether or not a convention shall be held to amend the State constitution.

It is intended that the new State Insane Hospital at Lincoln will be ready for occupancy by the first of October. Dr. N. B. Larsh, of Nebraska City, has been appointed Superintendent.

The Iowa soldiers' reunion commenced at Des Moines yesterday. We acknowledge the receipt of an invitation to attend. There will undoubtedly be a good time. Gen. Sherman and other prominent military men will be in attendance.

The ladies of Wyoming who are enjoying woman's rights in the shape of the elective franchise, have organized an independent party. One plank in their platform is, that they will vote only for men of "good moral character." All well enough. But the question is when will they find such candidates?

LETTER FROM ASPINWALL.

One Lady Instantly Killed by Lightning—Others Severly Injured:

ASPINWALL, NEB., Aug. 26.

Editor Advertiser: During the recent rain storm of Wednesday the 24th inst., the house of Mr. Wm. Boutman, two and a half miles south of Aspinwall, at four p. m., was struck by lightning, and Mrs. Missouri Allumbaugh, wife of Mr. Jasper Allenbaugh, daughter of Mr. George Boutman, instantly killed.

Mrs. Wm. Boutman also received a severe shock, rendering one arm, side and limb powerless.

Mrs. Boutman, mother of William Boutman, received a shock of the eclectic fluid, leaving her blind for a few hours only.

The deceased was a young woman, highly respected by all; and leaves a large circle of friends and relatives, and a fond husband to mourn her untimely death. G. G. START.

[Kansas papers please copy.]

HOW IS IT, AND WHY IS IT?

Calling attention to the fact that the Republicans of Ohio and Nebraska (California might be added) have so promptly and freely expressed their sympathy with Prussia, while the Democracy of Ohio have been silent on the subject, the Iowa State *Register* thus describes the why and wherefore of the difference:

"The Republican Convention of Ohio, the Republican Convention of Nebraska, and the Democratic Convention of Iowa, were all in session on Wednesday last. The first two unanimously adopted resolutions sympathizing with Prussia, and the latter said not a word about. The Republican Convention fight openly with Prussia, the Democratic act the coward, and making no public choice, fight secretly with France. The milk in this cocoanut is not mysterious, and its cream can be easily skimmed. In our civil war Prussia gave her heart to the northern army and lent the Government a thousand millions, in money, when money with it was life itself; while France was in constant sympathy with the South, and constantly begged the powers of Europe to recognize it as a nation.

LETTER TO THE ADVERTISER FROM INDIANA.

SOUTH BEND, Aug. 16.

Perhaps it will not be entirely uninteresting to hear from the National Normal Musical Institute about closing its session in South bend—the home of Vice President Colfax, who, in a recent speech before the Institute, gave it the name "National," because of the large number of States of the Union represented, and the wide spread reputation of its principal teachers.

The following is a list of their names: Carlo Bassini, Wm. Mason, Geo. F. Root, C. M. Wyman, W. S. B. Mathews, O. Blackman, P. P. Bliss, T. M. Town, Henry Harding, J. W. Ruggles, S. W. Straub and F. W. Root. Probably the best corps of teachers this country affords.

There are one hundred and eighty in attendance. Each morning we have devotional exercises—a portion of Scripture is read, singing by the class, and chanting the Lord's prayer and songs of praise.

The teachers' class is under the direction of Geo. F. Root, who labors to elevate the standard of teaching by simplifying it in all its varied forms. Two hours each day is devoted to this work. Some members of the class conduct the exercises part of the time, and all pass criticisms. This leads to a general study of the best modes of teaching. There are several classes in Harmony, under the best composers; and here "Thorough Bass" becomes as familiar as household-words.

One honr each day is devoted to piano forte recitals, by Mr. Mason or Mr. Mathews, of Chicago, explaining the best methods by which piano players may speedily advance to execute the compositions of Beethoven, Liszt, and others, in a manner that is emotional; and aiding teachers in looking more to the ethical part of music.

There are six classes in vocal training, under able teachers, with Prof. Bassini superintending in person. He most discerns the wants of each one in the class, and clearly points out the best course of training to develop the voice most rapidly. His method of teaching is without doubt the most progressive of the age.

The Institute gives an entertainment in the form of a concert each Friday evening in a large Opera Hall, to a crowded audience; using a Steck "Full Grand" piano for accompaniments, and C. M. Wyman of Boston, conducting the choruses in a most enthusiastic manner. The grandest performances are in the Oratorios from Hayden's Creation, which our inspiring leader brings out with clear outlines and thrilling effect.

The last grand closing concert will be given Tuesday evening. The Oratorios from the Creation will then be completed, and we predict for it a most perfect succes.

Mr. Root must feel that his labors are amply rewarded, and anticipate still greater results from the Normals.

MRS. J. M. GRAHAM.

[Thanks to Mrs. Graham for her most excellent letter.—ED.]

VOTE OF THANKS TO THE GERMANS OF AMERICA.

The North German Consul General at New York has received the following vote of thanks from Germany to the Germans of this country, for their sympathy with their native land, and the collections they are making for the German victims of the European war:

"Your warm sympathy and active help in the frivolous war with which an insolent enemy is invading us has truly benefitted us in our hearts.—When you left your native homes, you transferred the penates of patriotism to your new country. There, in the land of freedom, great by Washington's deeds, hallowed by the martyr blood of the noble, inflexible Lincoln, you have not lost the feeling of communion with us, your German brethren on this side of the ocean. In glaring flames of enthusiasm for your native land, you rise against the same Cæsarism which stretched forth its hand for Mexico, which protected the hydra of rebellion of your country, as much as it could do so, and which now intends to enrich the peaceful banks of the beautiful river Rhine with blood. Thanks to you for this love, this enthusiasm, dear compatriots. Across the ocean we reach to you, in German faithfulness, the brotherly hand. Three cheers for the common mother! Three cheers for Germania! Three cheers for the daughter, bright with freedom! Three cheers for America! Thus resolved at Cologne on the Rhine, the 25th of July, 1870, with unanimous, enthusiastic applause, by a mass meeting, held at the Gertrudenhof."

AGRICULTURAL FAIRS.

The following is a list, so far as yet known, of the State Fairs to be held this year, together with the times and places for holding the same:

Illinois (Decatur)	Sept. 26 to Oct. 1
Michigan (Jackson)	Sept. 26-23
Iowa (Keokuk)	Sept. 15-16
Indiana (Indianapolis)	Oct. 3-8
Wisconsin (Milwaukee)	Sept. 27-30
Missouri—St. Louis Ass.—(St. Louis)	Oct. 3-7
Minnesota (Winona)	Sept. 20-23
Ohio (Springfield)	Sept. 15-16
Nebraska (Brownville)	Sept. 20-23
Kansas (Fort Scott)	Sept. 27-30
Kentucky (Henderson)	Oct. 4-9
New York (Utica)	Sept. 27-30
Pennsylvania (Scranton)	Sept. 27-30
Georgia (Atlanta)	Oct. 19-26
Vermont (Burlington)	Sept. 6-9
Arkansas (Little Rock)	Oct. 11-14
North Carolina (Raleigh)	Oct. 18-21
California (Sacremento)	Sept. 12-17
Texas (San Antonio)	Oct. 5-8
Maryland (Baltimore)	Sept. 27-30
Maine (Augusta)	Sept. 20-23
Mississippi (Jackson)	Oct. 10-15
New Hampshire (Manchester)	Sept. 6-9
South Carolina (Columbia)	Nov. 9-11

It is said that if you take two letters from money, there will be one left; but a Southern editor heard of a man who took money from letters, and there was none left.

The devil will not object to using the church as a cradle for some of his troublesome children.

[WRITTEN FOR THE ADVERTISER.]

SOJOURNERS.

How unutterably beautiful, how marvelously adapted to the wants of man, are the utterances of the bible. The delighted spirit becomes enraptured in the fassination of their influences. Blessed is the one who has drank deep into the inspiration of those utterances. Blessed is the man who has risen up out of the cloud and mist of external religion—which is only a light garment of form and ceremony—up into the spiritual life, which is the true religion of the soul, and causes it to cry continually, nearer my God, near to thee; which causes the spirit to rise, higher and higher, as it moves onward continually, and grasps more and more of the mysteries of life and intelligence in the ever brightening glories of the eternal ages.

Take one sentence of ideas from the old Hebrew Scriptures. It is the voice of God giving instruction through inspiration to the children of men. Hear it! "What more doth he require of thee than to do justly, love mercy, and walk humbly with thy God?" Again, Jehovah expresses in inspired words of men, his greater pleasure in moral action than in legal ordinances; for "he regardeth obedience more than all burnt offerings and sacrifices." In these two sentences is more correct philosophy of a religious life—more true philosophy in a genuine religion—than all the musty tones, issuing from still mustier brains.

Now some words from the scriptures of the new dispensation. "Love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, mind and strength; and thy neighbor as thyself, for this is the law and the prophets." This sums up all that was ever taught in the requirements of law, or in the metaphysics of moral action; and is a better light and guide to the mind, than all the bewildering books on the "Plan of Salvation" and "Scheme of Redemption," ever written by bewildered theologians. "Lay up your treasures in heaven." What wonderful meaning in those six words. An intimate relation between heavenly things and earthly things, is plainly expressed. How to lay the foundation for a joyous existence, is distinctly taught. Halos of immortality glitter all through these words.

Look at this inspired utterance:—"We are pilgrims and sojourners here, seeking a better country." Who has not felt himself in a like condition of soul with the apostle, when, in an exalted state of mind, the spirit has reached out after something better, purer, brighter, than any thing earth can give, and exclaimed, I am a sojourner on earth, and desire a higher life; a "better land." Or, when tossed upon the surging billows of trouble and trial; the angry waves threatening to overwhelm the bowed spirit; then, weary with its earthly sojourning, it cries out for rest in the beautiful land seen in vision, although Jordan rolls between.

Affection strikes its roots deep down in our hearts, and entwines itself in every part of our being; springs up into flower, fragrance and joy; our existence is made happy and glad in living for the one we love so much; his presence is necessary to our peace. The hidden influences in the mystery of life, attract us to him. The glorious yet peaceful influence of the magnetism of souls holds us in its power, and we become Christlike in that we sacrifice our own ease and comfort, and live for the happiness of the loved one.

But a strange change comes over him; a mystery hovers about him; a secret is in his eye; a paleness on his face; an unearthly tone is in his voice. At last he is very cold and still. In silence and sorrow they place him in the coffin, and lay him away in the grave; and they all say he is dead! Yes, dead! But what is it to be dead? A strange change comes over us, too. New and unthought of powers are awakened in our souls. New vision is given to our eyes. Our spirit goes out in lamentations after the dead; and the wail is heard in the skies. May-be when the soul is rapt in extatic prayer, or may-be when in the solitude and stillness of the midnight, a bright form passes before us; a soft hand touches us; a low, sweet voice says—I am here, Then the mourner for the dead becomes enraptured, like the holy prophets and seers of old, and his heart is full of thankfulness to the Father in heaven; and he is glad he is but a sojourner here, seeking a better country. And, though the ordeal may have been terrible, he has been permitted to look through the mists and clouds of earth, up into the heavens beyond. With patience he waits and works until his death-come: and he, too, goes to live with the angels and his own loved dead.

Many do not feel they are sojourners here; they "are of the earth, earthy," and are at home on the earth. But the time will come, if it is not until their feet touch the cold waters of death, that they will have a desire for a higher life—a better land.

It is a great attainment in religious experience—in moral culture—for one to realize he is a sojourner on the earth. It is an evidence he has made an advance toward heaven; that he desires a mansion in the heavens. And its influence is powerful to help him prepare himself, so when mortality has put on immortality, he may "pass through the gates into the city."

JENNETTE HARDING.
London, Nebraska.

Forty-four thousand women are employed as out-door laborers in England.

BY TELEGRAPH.

EXPRESSLY FOR THE ADVERTISER.

WAR NEWS

The French Loan all Taken.

Details of the Bloody Battles of the 14th and 16th.

Bazaine's and McMahon's Armies United.

French Refusal of Foreign Medition.

Attempted Assassination of Marshal McMahon.

Bazaine Said to be in a Prussian Net—McMahon Marching North from Chalons.

Chalons Burned by Order of Bazaine.

Rumor of the Enforced Abdication of Napoleon, and the Establishment of a Provisional Government.

French Farmers Destroying Provender in the Path of the Prussians.

NEW YORK August 23.

A private cable dispatch, dated London August 23, noon, says: A special Paris dispatch says the armies of King William and Steinmetz are reported as too severely crippled up to assume the offensive, and it is given out on high authority that Bazaine was reinforced from Chalons, on Sunday, for the purpose of giving battle to the enemy near Metz. He is confident of victory, when he will march on the army of the Crown Prince, and rescue Paris.

A report has reached London of a French victory.

The appalling Prussian losses have sent a thrill of horror throughout Germany, and recruits are only to be had among the country people, and working men, nearly all of whom are .aw. Bazaine professes to be master of the situation.

PARIS, August 23.

The Sadela saya seven hundred and fifty million francs of the loan is already more than taken, by anticipation.

It seems certain that there is a project before brought before the Great powers of Europe, having for its object the dismemberment of France.

Many prizes have been arranged by the French Navy Department in order to encourage gallantry. Some are said to be extremely valuable.

Paris journals blame Prince Napoleon for leaving France. On his return it was supposed he had been on a mission to Victor Emanuel, but such a report is now denied.

The archbishop has directed the clergy to contradict the report that the Pope felicitated the King of Prussia.

NEW YORK, August 23.

The success of the Prussian armies have caused a revival of the question of the Hohenzollern canditure, and there are rumors that Gen Prim is in favor of submitting the subject to the people by plebiscitum.

PARIS, August 24.

Upwards of one thousand millions have been subscribed by the national loan of seven hundred and fifty millions. The funds have gone up.

The morning jouanals here publish dispatches to the effect that the Prussians had fired upon and killed some Belgium soldiers along the frontiers.

La Presse says ambassadors from Russia, Italy and Austria, in reply to their offers to negotiate for peace, have been informed that peace is impossible, so long as a Prussian soldier treads on French soil.

LONDON, August 24.

The following dispatch, from Paris, contains the very latest from the seat of war.

Metz is entirely isolated, and the Prussians are strong in the West, in that vicinity.

Gen. Faillay, who was in command at Chalons, is still there, but by a new disposition is superseded.

Gen. McMahon is strongly posted on the plains before Chalons, with heavy detachments at St. Medined, Verdun and Rheims. McMahon has 175,000 men under his command, well supplied with arms, food and ammunitions. Artillery Sharp Shooters hastening to Chalons.

CARLESRUHE, August 24.

Much indignation is expressed at the action of the French garrison of Straasbourg in firing on Kehl and other defenseless towns. The commander at Kehl has strongly protested against it.

NEW YORK, August 24.

A correspondent describes the scene of the battle of the 16th as one seldom equalled. Thirty miles of ground was covered with dead and wounded of both sides. The cannonading from the German side, and the rattle of the needle gun were terrific. The defeat of the French was total. Their long columns could be seen pouring towards the north in the effort to evade pursuit, by way of Briey. The loss on both sides is immense, and many French prisoners were taken. The King himself is personally attentive to the French wounded.

A French peasant, taken while killing a wounded German, was hanged at Gorsee. Out of the one thousand inhabitants of the neighborhood, scarcely any remained.

CHICAGO, August 24.

The Prussian dispatches say there will be no fighting for two weeks; but Prussian dispatches say that Bazaine and McMahon having formed a junction, an attack will be made on the Prussian lines within forty-eight hours.

The battle of the 14th, Sunday, is described as bloodier than that at Sadowa. In the morning a party of Germans had pushed forward on the position of the French, who retired as they advanced.

The French subsequently received strong reinforcements and entrenched themselves behing earthworks extending around the city, at a distance of two or three miles in a circle, including the villages of Borney, Colobrog, Montoy, Maissville and Nouilly. On the side of the Germans, there were encamped in the immediate neighborhood, the 7th and 1st army corps, which, with the 8th army corps, which was farther to the rear, along the highway from St. Avold to Metz, formed the first army under Gen. Steinmetz, which is the extreme right of the German combined armies. The number of German troops actually in battle was 45,000. The French had a great deal of artillery and cavalry, and the Germans had but little.

The Germans carried all the breastworks against the murderous fire of the French, who were always compelled to retire before them. But the murderous chassepot told heavily on the Germans, who in the engagement lost many more than the French. It was the superior courage of the Germans which caused the enemy to retire. They did this slowly contesting every inch of ground until they were driven almost against the very walls of Metz. Every account agreed that the battle was more sanguinary than any during the campaign of 1866. No unwounded prisoners were taken on either side.

PARIS, August 24.

It is reported that a Prussian spy, near Rheims, mistaking a General officer for Marshal McMahon, fired at him twice. He missed his aim but hit, and dangerously wounded a soldier, standing by the side of the officers. The spy was instantly secured.

BRUSSELS, August 21.

I did not succeed in reaching Bazaine. The Prussians are everywhere and guarding every pass. At McKange, Grandevery and Richmond, the railroad is cut, and the way from Montmedy to Thionville is equally out of order. Bazoine is not at Verdun. He is shut up in a Prussian net between the Grandevery, the river Orne, and the road from Metz to Etam.

McMahon left Chalons, burning the camp, for Rheims. There he left the Emperor and part of the troops, and went in a northerst direction, but I cannot yet ascertain whether it is a movement or reconnoisance. As far as I can see, the spirit of the troops is excellent but I never saw before so much incompetency or disorder in ma neuvering, I feel pretty sure the leaders do not say anything because they do not know any better. Gen. Lebrun assumes command of the 12th corps, vice Trochu.

LONDON, Augtst 24.

A dispatch from Rome says there is a general movement of Italian soldiers to the Pontifical frontier, under Gen. Cozenez. It is belief that Victor Emanuel is unable to control the feeling in Italy for the possession of Rome.

PARIS, August 25.

The mills, in the valleys of the Ferne and Marne, and all their contents that could not be removed have been purposely burned.

Extensive preparations continue for the reception of the wounded. Eour large ambulances are kept ready in the Tuilleries Garden. The Empress yesterday, personally visited the hospital and inspected the arrangements.

It has been decided by the committee of defence, that, upon the approach of the enemy, all corps in the departments of the Seine and Marne, and in the environs of Paris must be destroyed, so greatet haste is urged on the farmers to store their produce in the government warehouses in the city, before the enemy can sieze them.

All the animals of the Zoological Garden have been removed, though part of them are retained in the city, and part sent to Belgium.

LONDON, August 25.

A special dispatch from Berlin says that since last Tuesday Metz has been completely surrounded by a strongly entrenched force of Prussians, No attempt at a sally had been made up to noon yesterday.

Paris is utterly without news from the seat of war.

The entrenchments around Metz are completed.

It is believed a deputation from the Corps Legislatiff has gone to the Emperor to demand his abdication.

It is said that an organization foa a Provisional Government for France is imminent.

In the absence of official news from the armies, it is believed that the Prussians will not hurry an attack upon Paris, but turn their attention to the reduction of Metz, and the destruction of Bazaine's army, leaving the Crown Prince to cut the French communication with Paris, and with McMahon, and to check any forwrrd movement on his part for the relief of Metz. It is further believed that the Prussians are strong enough to disregard McMahon's reinforcements, composed, as they are, of raw troops.

The Indian goods selected by Commissioner Parker will fill about sixty cars, and amount in value to between $450,000 and 500,000. There were a great many bidders for the awards of the contract to supply with them, among whom were A. T. Stewart and H. B. Claflin. The prices paid averaged some 25 per cent. less than last year, resulting partially from the fact that the bids were for each of them separately. The largest single award was for about $100,000 worth of blankets, and was given to a Philadelphia house. The largest award for miscellaneous dry goods was secured by H. B. Claflin & Co., of New York.

A little three year old got a pin in her throat and frightened her mother. After the pin was safe in her mother's hand the following conversation took place:

"My little darling must not take pins in her mouth, for they might kill her, and then we should have to take our little girl and put her in the ground where mamma would never see her any more."

"But I'd do up to heaven," says the child, "and oo could see me."

"Yes, when I died, ducky."

"Well,' said the precocious youngster, "oo could stick a pin in oor throat."

The mother lost her gravity.

A trout has recently been caught in Lake Winnepiseogee, measuring thirty-four inches from tip to tip, and weighing twenty-nine and a half pounds.

The Marriage Question—What Josh Billings Thinks of It.

Marriage iz a fair transaction on the face of it.

But there iz quite too often put up jobs in it.

It iz an old institution; older than the pyramids, and az phull of hyeroglyphics that nobody can parse.

History holds its tung who the pare wuz who fust put on the silken harnuss, and promised tew work kind in it, thru thick and thin, up hill and down, and on the level, rain or shine, servive or perish, sink or swim, drown or flote.

But whoever they wuz, they must have made a good thing out of it, or so many of their posterity would not have harenssed up since and druv out.

There is a grate mo