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ESTABLISHED 1856.
BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA, THURSDAY, MARCH 10, 1870.
VOL. 14.—NO. 21.

Normal Class.

OUR NORMAL CLASS.
Our Normal Class meets at 11 o'clock and fifteen minutes of each school day, "Our Normal Class" meets for a special drill. The order of exercises is more or less varied each day; but a few things are permanent, and of these we will speak.
The first thing when we meet is the appointment of a Critic and Historian. The Critic's duty is to carefully note everything worthy of notice, whether good or bad, and report in writing the day following.
This part of the exercises is interesting and very profitable.
The Historian keeps a careful record of every day's transactions, and enters them in the Historian's book. After the appointment of Critic and Historian, the Critic's report is read and handed to another member of the class for correction.
The class at present is carefully reviewing the principles of arithmetic, with a design to evolve new methods of explanation, and decide on the best. This is the main business of the class each alternate day of meeting. The other days are devoted to discussion of various subjects of interest to the common school teacher; such as "the best course of study adapted to our common schools"; "how shall we keep our schools interested?" &c., &c.
Committees are appointed from the class to compile reports and bring them before the class, which then considers each report separately, makes such amendments as are deemed best, and the committee then prepares it for the press.
In this way it is hoped that hints may be given to teachers in the regular work, and at the same time benefit those engaged in making these reports.
We shall send in the articles and ask the editors to use their own judgment in regard to publication; but if the Advertiser or Democrat can spare a part of a column weekly, headed "Our Normal Class," we will guarantee one article each week.
We have had forty teachers regularly enrolled in the Teacher's Class this term.
LADIES: Susan Margrave, Lettie Margrave, Maria Stevens, Mary McConley, Emma Brooke, Annie McKehe, Emma Crowley, Laura Neal, Mary Giles, Annie Swan, Frances Kingman, Mattie Lambert, Ella Lutz, Eunice Meador.
GENTLEMEN: Lester Blake, Harvey Minkler, Curtis Meador, John Conant, John Swan, Henry Gallup, George Howard, Leonard Kinsey.
J. M. McKEENZIE.
The Advertiser will, with great pleasure furnish part, or a whole column which shall be at the disposal of, and under the control of "Our Normal Class."—Ed.

STORAGE, FORWARDING, AND COMMISSION HOUSE OF SMITH & WILCOX.
And Dealers in all kinds of Grain, for which they pay the highest market prices in Cash.
222 Office at Store of F. E. Johnson & Co. 15-16

JACOB MAROHN, MERCHANT TAILOR.
READY MADE CLOTHING.
Ladies' wear not with.
Lower than any House in the City.
AND WARRANTED THEM TO BE GOOD.

PHILLIPS & BARNES' GREAT WESTERN.
Livery, Feed, Sale and Exchange STABLES.
Corner Main and Levee St.—BROWNVILLE.
Having purchased this Stable of A. P. Cogswell, we are prepared to furnish the best TEAMS, BUGGIES and CARRIAGES in Southern Nebraska, at LOWEST CASH PRICES.
Particular attention paid to Feeding and Boarding Horses. (4-17)

THE NEW INDIAN TERRY.
A bill to establish the Indians under civil authority by organizing a new Territory, and consolidating the Indian tribes under a Territorial Government, was introduced into the House of Representatives, January 28th, by Mr. Cullum. The boundaries proposed for this Territory are Kansas on the north, New Mexico and Texas on the west, Texas on the south and Arkansas and Missouri on the east. It is proposed that the Governor of this Territory should be ex-officio Superintendent of Indian Affairs. The legislative power is vested in a Government and Legislative Council composed of one member of each tribe or nation with a population of less than five hundred, and an additional member for each one thousand and Indians or fraction of a thousand greater than five hundred. The tribes or nations have a right to select their representatives, and if none are formally selected, it is provided that they shall be represented by their chiefs. In the proposed bill, the tribes are divided into three classes, and the first class is limited to sixty days, and the following ones to forty days. Males over twenty-one, who have advanced the first census, are entitled to vote at the first election and shall be eligible to election to the Council. The qualifications of voters at subsequent Councils are to be determined by the Governor. Tribes heretofore moving in the Indian Territory shall not be allowed representation until they have been recognized by the Territorial Council as having complied with the provisions of this act.
The judicial power of the Territory is vested in a Supreme Court and a District Court, the judges of which are to be appointed by the Senate, and confirmed by the President, and shall hold office during good behavior. These courts are required to recognize all laws, customs and usages of the Indian tribes as to the members of the tribe within the limits of the tribe, which are not inconsistent with the constitution and laws of the United States and the laws of the Congress. Delegates to Congress to be elected by the votes of those entitled to elect the members of the Legislative Council. The lands of the Territory are to be surveyed and allotted in sovereignty among the Indians, two sections in each township being reserved for schools. It is also reported, in preference to a family of five persons with bread for year. A barrel of flour will make 264 pounds of bread, and the four barrels will give 1,055 pounds. At six cents per pound this will give \$63.30 for the flour. If this estimate is too low, take five barrels of flour for each family of five persons, and the value of bread at six cents per pound will be \$78.75 a year. The 182,000 families of five persons each, constituting the population of the city, consume at this rate, bread to the value of \$14,414,400 a year. There are 400,000 families of four thousand persons each, who are drinking liquors are sold. The number in New York and Brooklyn, in 1869 was 9,570. If these receive on an average \$30 a year each for the purchase of liquors, we can imagine organic acts upon Territories; but the moment they appear at the door of the Union, the United States are immediately met with, and stripping them of every superfluous appendage, and robbing them of the entire of a State, induces and invests them, the equals of all, the Indians to be a part of the Union. Perhaps it is fortunate for me that this attack was foolishly made, for I know hereafter no one of my friends who see this will countenance any further such attacks until I have a chance to explain. I have no doubt but Mr. Balcomb will do me justice when he returns to his place as Editor of the Republican, for I am told he was away when the article appeared of which my friends complain. If records are to be mutilated, and incidental notes paraded, and final notes suppressed, articles written under misapprehension, and clinging to the face of subsequent light, because certain parties could not prevent re-election at Lincoln, I shall not be surprised to see the people, who do not intend that a pro tem Editor just back from the (embrace of Andrew Johnson shall dominate over the Republican party of the United States, or by any act of the House of Representatives passed a bill to admit her without any other conditions imposed; for the State of Virginia had adopted the Fourteenth and Fifteenth amendments to the Constitution of the United States, which you know provided that "The rights of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude." The Judiciary Committee in the Senate reported the same kind of a bill. We took up the bill and tried to pass it just as it came to us; and when an effort was made to amend it, about twenty of us voted against most of the amendments. Of this number were Carpenter, Cole, Conklin, Corbit, Fenlon, Ferry, Morrell, of Maine, Nye, Sawyer, Scott, Sherman, Stewart, Trumbull, Warner, Wiley and Williams. And while I was agreeing with the President, the House of Representatives, and so many of my distinguished associates, refusing to pile up amendments, as Virginia had done, I was surprised to see the House of Congress, in view of the action of Georgia, and other rebel States, Senator Thayer voted aye, and Senator Tipton no. Fortunately the amendment prevailed, in spite of the negative vote of Senator Tipton. In giving that vote we only have to say that Senator Tipton misrepresented the well-known sentiment of Radical Nebraska. It was kind in the Re-

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Office in Court House Building.
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ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR AT LAW.
and General Real Estate Agent.
Treasurer, Johnson County, Nebraska.
J. N. REYNOLDS.
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OFFICE—No. 96, Reynolds Hotel.
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OFFICE—District Court Room.
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Forwarding & Commission Merchant.
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DEALERS IN HARDWARE, STOVES, CUTLERY, &c.
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HARNESSES, BRIDLES, COLLARS, &c.
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WILLIAM ROSSSELL.
CONFECTIONERY AND TOY STORE.
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MRS. J. M. GRAHAM.
TEACHER OF MUSIC.
Lectures given on the Piano, Organ, Melodion, Guitar and Vocalization. Having had eight years experience as teacher of Music in New York City, she is well qualified to give instruction.
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ED. D. SMITH.
U. S. WAR CLAIM AGENT.
Washington City, D. C.
SALEHOUSES.
JOSEPH HUDDARD & CO.
PEACE AND SWEET SALOON.
No. 67 Main-st.
R. C. BEGER.
ALHAMBRA BILLIARD SALOON.
No. 48, Whittier's Block.
The best Wines and Liquors constantly on hand.

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STAR HOTEL.
STEVENSON & CROSS, PROPRIETORS.
Front-st., between Main and Atlantic.
REYNOLDS HOUSE.
NATHAN N. GREEN, PROPRIETOR.
88 & 90 Main Street, Brownville.
AMERICAN HOUSE.
L. D. ROBINSON, PROPRIETOR.
Front-st., bet. Main and Water.
COUNTY SURVEYOR.
JULIUS GILBERT.
COUNTY SURVEYOR.
Post Office address, Clifton, Nebraska County, Nebraska.
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PROBATE JUDGE AND JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
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PIONEER BOOK AND NEWS DEALER.
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BRIDGE BUILDING.
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Office in Hime's Hardware Store.
TAILORING.
CHRIS. HAUBOLDT.
MERCHANT TAILOR.
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BLACKSMITHS & HORSE SHOERS.
First-st., bet. Main and Atlantic.
DR. J. BLAKE.
DENTIST.
Office—Over City Drug Store, front room.
FRANZ HELMER.
WAGON & BLACKSMITH SHOP.
ONE DOOR WEST OF COURT HOUSE.
WAGON MAKING, Repairing, and Blacksmithing in the best manner on short notice. Satisfaction guaranteed. Give him a call. (24-17)
C. SNOKE.
BOOT & SHOE MAKER.
No. 15 Main Street, BROWNVILLE, NEB.
H. H. BRYANT.
HOUSE, SIGN, AND CARRIAGE PAINTER.
Grainer & Paper Hanger.
No. 60 MAIN STREET, Brownville, Nebraska.
J. K. FRETZ.
CARRIAGE, ORNAMENTAL AND SIGN PAINTER.
OVER HELMER'S WAGON SHOP, Brownville, Nebraska.
OFFERS his services to the public, with the confident belief that his work will meet the approval of his patrons.
Shellenberger Bros.
HARDWARE MERCHANTS
No. 74, McPherson's Block, BROWNVILLE, NEB.
SOLE AGENTS FOR CANTON CLIPPER PLOWS!! THE BEST PLOW MADE!
MEDFORD & HOWARD, ARCHITECTS & BUILDERS
Are prepared to furnish DESIGNS & SPECIFICATIONS for all kinds of BUILDINGS, PUBLIC AND PRIVATE, of the latest and most approved styles. ALSO TAKE CONTRACTS! All kinds of Job Work done on order! Shop, corner Main and Second streets, BROWNVILLE, NEB.
Cloaks, Watches, Jewelry
No. 59 Main Street, Brownville.
JOSEPH SHUTZ.
Has just opened and will constantly keep on hand a large and well assorted stock of genuine articles in his line. Repairing of Clocks, Watches, and Jewelry done on short notice. ALL WORK WARRANTED.
THE SHERMAN HOUSE.
C. M. KAUFFMAN, PROPRIETOR.
46 Main-st., Brownville.
This House has been remodeled and refurnished throughout, and affords the best accommodations in the city for the local and traveling public. It is centrally located, stages for the West, and omnibus for all States, as from the Sherman House. First class charges moderate. 15-7

NEW STOCK OF Dry-Goods and Groceries at LONDON.
A. W. ELLIS.
To accommodate the public in and about London, has just received, and opened up in that place, a new stock of DRY-GOODS, GROCERIES, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &c., which he is selling at prices which defy competition from the river towns.
PATRONIZE HOME, and assist in building up a point in the interior, especially where you can get goods just as cheap, which is the case at the store of Mr. J. L. CARSON, BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA.
Exchange Bought and Sold on all the principal cities. Also dealer in Gold and Silver Coin, Gold Dust and GOVERNMENT BONDS.
Deposits received, payable at sight. Interest on all deposits, by special agreement. Taxes paid for non-residents. All kinds of U. S. Bonds wanted.
A LARGE AND SPLENDID ASSORTMENT HEAT STOVES JUST RECEIVED AT Shellenberger Bros., 74 Main St., BROWNVILLE, NEB.
PHELPS HOUSE.
Opposite the Depot.
W. M. STEVENS, PROPRIETOR.
As good accommodations and good stabling are offered as can be had in the West. (24-17)

he makes the above course, the general work, yet, once a week he ought to spend at least one hour in the afternoon in general exercises, such as writing compositions on their States, speaking pieces, &c., &c.
ANNIE MOORHEAD, Committee.
Educational Institute.
HILLSDALE, Feb. 18, 1870.
Indefinite met as announced in programme; minutes of the previous meeting read and approved.
After the usual preliminaries, the programme was taken up, and Prof. McKenzie being absent, the opening address was delivered by W. P. Shocke, which was, first, practical; second, logical, and third, brief; thus uniting these three great requisites in one address, and commencing the attention of all present.
The citizens of Hillsdale and vicinity were present and manifested the same interest as at the previous meeting, showing that it was not curiosity that brought them out, but a desire to hear and encourage.
The topic discussed was entered into with the same energy that has marked all the proceedings of the society, and others than teachers joined in the discussion, evincing a desire to make the institute a more than success.
A class drill on reading by Prof. McGrew closed the exercises of the evening, and the society adjourned to meet at nine o'clock P. M. to-morrow.
February 18, 1870.
Society met and proceeded to business.
The preliminaries being disposed of, the address by H. M. Jones, Esq., was called for and delivered in good style, and listened to with pleasure.
The subject—"The Classic Poets," was one of interest, and displayed much talent.
A class drill on orthography by J. L. Slocum followed, and the discussion of the various methods of teaching that branch, brought on a discussion to the proper age at which children should be admitted to the public schools, which was engaged in spiritedly by the most of the members.
Then came a class drill on arithmetic by W. P. Shocke, in which mental and practical arithmetic were both considered.
This closed the practical work of the session.
Committee on resolutions report as follows:
WHEREAS, We, the members of Aspinwall Precent Teachers' Institute, have had the privilege of another meeting, and have had a profitable and agreeable session; therefore be it Resolved, That we strongly recommend that similar associations be organized in all parts of this and adjoining counties.
Resolved, That our thanks are due Prof. McGrew for his zeal and labors in furthering the interests of the association.
Resolved, That Capt. Vandevanter and others of St. Jerome are entitled to our thanks for assistance, and are cordially invited to become members of the society.
Resolved, That the citizens of Hillsdale and vicinity are tendered our regards for their liberality and hospitality as well as their presence and encouragement at our meeting.
The following programme was adopted for the next session, March 11th and 12th, at the Schokey school house, two miles west of Aspinwall:
First, music; second, address by Prof. Rich of Brownville; third, class exercises on the various branches by all the members; fourth, miscellaneous business. Evening session 7 P. M. March 11th; morning session 10 A. M. March 12th.
Each member was requested to prepare a list of words which are habitually not pronounced.
Adjourned to meet as above indicated.
M. W. COOK, Sec.

Report of the State Superintendent.
TO THE EDITOR OF THE STATE JOURNAL:
The opinion that there will be but a small amount of Appropriated Funds for the summer schools, seems to prevail throughout the State. District Boards are consequently preparing to close their schools until fall. I desire that the people may not be misled in this matter. The amount of school moneys now in the treasury is larger than at any previous time, as will be seen from the annexed statement furnished to me by the Hon. James Sweet, State Treasurer. Will you please publish the facts.
Truly yours,
S. D. BEALS,
Sup't Public Instruction.
Lincoln, Feb. 28, 1870.
Statement of School Moneys received at the State Treasurer, since Nov. 15th, 1869, which will be subject to appropriation in
Counties: 2 Mill tax, school funds, when paid in tax, interest.
Dixon 16 14
Jory 100 22
Douglas 238 45
Scott 100 20
Burt 100 20
Gardner 100 20
Otoe 472 96
Wash. 42 30
Madison 184 44
Dakota 154 44
Wash. 274 00
Cass 755 73
Cedar 161 00
Franklin 318 05
Nebraska 328 00
Seward 109 50
Lincoln 8000 00
Amount \$1218 92 \$36,728 86 \$880 00
Total 832,211 90

Mr. Tipton's Letter to Judge Wheeler.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 4, 1870.
Dear Sir: You say, as a friend of mine, that you are indignant about an attack upon me by the Republican at Omaha, and hence desire to know how I came before the Senate, and how it was disposed of, and how my colleague voted. All these facts are of record, and I shall only group them together for your information. On the 15th, dated February 10, 1869, on the subject, and ordered the President to enforce it. He said, in his annual message of this session, "The Legislature of the United States, by its resolution, and by all the reconstruction acts of Congress, and abetted from all doubtful authority. I recommend that her Senators and Representatives be promptly admitted to their seats, and that the State be fully restored to its place in the family of States."
Acting on this recommendation, the House of Representatives passed a bill to admit her without any other conditions imposed; for the State of Virginia had adopted the Fourteenth and Fifteenth amendments to the Constitution of the United States, which you know provided that "The rights of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude." The Judiciary Committee in the Senate reported the same kind of a bill. We took up the bill and tried to pass it just as it came to us; and when an effort was made to amend it, about twenty of us voted against most of the amendments. Of this number were Carpenter, Cole, Conklin, Corbit, Fenlon, Ferry, Morrell, of Maine, Nye, Sawyer, Scott, Sherman, Stewart, Trumbull, Warner, Wiley and Williams. And while I was agreeing with the President, the House of Representatives, and so many of my distinguished associates, refusing to pile up amendments, as Virginia had done, I was surprised to see the House of Congress, in view of the action of Georgia, and other rebel States, Senator Thayer voted aye, and Senator Tipton no. Fortunately the amendment prevailed, in spite of the negative vote of Senator Tipton. In giving that vote we only have to say that Senator Tipton misrepresented the well-known sentiment of Radical Nebraska. It was kind in the Re-

It costs more than bread.
A few days ago, a policeman remarked: "There are three glasses of liquor drank in this city for each loaf of bread that is eaten. Suppose the loaf of bread, at ten cents, there is paid for drinks thirty cents; or three times as much for liquor as for bread!"
It is estimated that four barrels of flour will support a family of five persons with bread for year. A barrel of flour will make 264 pounds of bread, and the four barrels will give 1,055 pounds. At six cents per pound this will give \$63.30 for the flour. If this estimate is too low, take five barrels of flour for each family of five persons, and the value of bread at six cents per pound will be \$78.75 a year. The 182,000 families of five persons each, constituting the population of the city, consume at this rate, bread to the value of \$14,414,400 a year. There are 400,000 families of four thousand persons each, who are drinking liquors are consumed. At existing houses, at clubs, and at the hotels are expended large sums for wines and strong spirits. Thus the use of liquor costs you a year's pay, as against bread.—New York Post.
Minting the Currency Plates.
There are now in the vaults of the Treasury Department thirty-four boxes of canceled steel plates and other materials for the printing of American, National and Continental Bank Note Companies in the printing of Government stamps, money and bonds. The Secretary has requested Senator Thayer to act as Chairman of a Committee to examine the contents of the boxes, and compare them with the schedules of those furnished by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, and the Internal Revenue. The committee will be composed of the following: Hon. G. A. Hays, of New Jersey; H. Hammond, of the Internal Revenue office; L. D. Moore, of the Register office; Souwick Quinther, of the Treasurer's office and A. S. Pratt.—N. Y. Times.
A sharp-tongued Texas woman aggravated her lord to such a degree that he deserted his home in Houston and fled to Galveston, where he wrote the following interesting letter:
GALVESTON, January 7, 1870.
My Loving Friend:
I am comin om nex week an have forgiv you for jawin me. I'll come on the 7 o'clock train an shall stay here hereafter & try to be a altered man. I want peace and so do you, why shouldn't we love each other, as we used when we first fitted together in the wholly bands of madlock regulars. I want peace and so do you, but if you ever law me agin for cuttin I min one I'll wallop you like they law we min we'll wesse as grant says.
Boswell complained to Johnson that the noise of the company was making his head ache.
"No, sir, it is not the noise that made your head ache; it was the sense we put into it," said Johnson.
"Have you never had an effect upon the head?" inquired Boswell.
"Yes, sir," was the reply, "on heads that are not used to it."

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Has just opened and will constantly keep on hand a large and well assorted stock of genuine articles in his line. Repairing of Clocks, Watches, and Jewelry done on short notice. ALL WORK WARRANTED.
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NEW STOCK OF Dry-Goods and Groceries at LONDON.
A. W. ELLIS.
To accommodate the public in and about London, has just received, and opened up in that place, a new stock of DRY-GOODS, GROCERIES, READY-MADE CLOTHING, &c., which he is selling at prices which defy competition from the river towns.
PATRONIZE HOME, and assist in building up a point in the interior, especially where you can get goods just as cheap, which is the case at the store of Mr. J. L. CARSON, BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA.
Exchange Bought and Sold on all the principal cities. Also dealer in Gold and Silver Coin, Gold Dust and GOVERNMENT BONDS.
Deposits received, payable at sight. Interest on all deposits, by special agreement. Taxes paid for non-residents. All kinds of U. S. Bonds wanted.
A LARGE AND SPLENDID ASSORTMENT HEAT STOVES JUST RECEIVED AT Shellenberger Bros., 74 Main St., BROWNVILLE, NEB.
PHELPS HOUSE.
Opposite the Depot.
W. M. STEVENS, PROPRIETOR.
As good accommodations and good stabling are offered as can be had in the West. (24-17)

Report of the State Superintendent.
TO THE EDITOR OF THE STATE JOURNAL:
The opinion that there will be but a small amount of Appropriated Funds for the summer schools, seems to prevail throughout the State. District Boards are consequently preparing to close their schools until fall. I desire that the people may not be misled in this matter. The amount of school moneys now in the treasury is larger than at any previous time, as will be seen from the annexed statement furnished to me by the Hon. James Sweet, State Treasurer. Will you please publish the facts.
Truly yours,
S. D. BEALS,
Sup't Public Instruction.
Lincoln, Feb. 28, 1870.
Statement of School Moneys received at the State Treasurer, since Nov. 15th, 1869, which will be subject to appropriation in
Counties: 2 Mill tax, school funds, when paid in tax, interest.
Dixon 16 14
Jory 100 22
Douglas 238 45
Scott 100 20
Burt 100 20
Gardner 100 20
Otoe 472 96
Wash. 42 30
Madison 184 44
Dakota 154 44
Wash. 274 00
Cass 755 73
Cedar 161 00
Franklin 318 05
Nebraska 328 00
Seward 109 50
Lincoln 8000 00
Amount \$1218 92 \$36,728 86 \$880 00
Total 832,211 90

Mr. Tipton's Letter to Judge Wheeler.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 4, 1870.
Dear Sir: You say, as a friend of mine, that you are indignant about an attack upon me by the Republican at Omaha, and hence desire to know how I came before the Senate, and how it was disposed of, and how my colleague voted. All these facts are of record, and I shall only group them together for your information. On the 15th, dated February 10, 1869, on the subject, and ordered the President to enforce it. He said, in his annual message of this session, "The Legislature of the United States, by its resolution, and by all the reconstruction acts of Congress, and abetted from all doubtful authority. I recommend that her Senators and Representatives be promptly admitted to their seats, and that the State be fully restored to its place in the family of States."
Acting on this recommendation, the House of Representatives passed a bill to admit her without any other conditions imposed; for the State of Virginia had adopted the Fourteenth and Fifteenth amendments to the Constitution of the United States, which you know provided that "The rights of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude." The Judiciary Committee in the Senate reported the same kind of a bill. We took up the bill and tried to pass it just as it came to us; and when an effort was made to amend it, about twenty of us voted against most of the amendments. Of this number were Carpenter, Cole, Conklin, Corbit, Fenlon, Ferry, Morrell, of Maine, Nye, Sawyer, Scott, Sherman, Stewart, Trumbull, Warner, Wiley and Williams. And while I was agreeing with the President, the House of Representatives, and so many of my distinguished associates, refusing to pile up amendments, as Virginia had done, I was surprised to see the House of Congress, in view of the action of Georgia, and other rebel States, Senator Thayer voted aye, and Senator Tipton no. Fortunately the amendment prevailed, in spite of the negative vote of Senator Tipton. In giving that vote we only have to say that Senator Tipton misrepresented the well-known sentiment of Radical Nebraska. It was kind in the Re-

It costs more than bread.
A few days ago, a policeman remarked: "There are three glasses of liquor drank in this city for each loaf of bread that is eaten. Suppose the loaf of bread, at ten cents, there is paid for drinks thirty cents; or three times as much for liquor as for bread!"
It is estimated that four barrels of flour will support a family of five persons with bread for year. A barrel of flour will make 264 pounds of bread, and the four barrels will give 1,055 pounds. At six cents per pound this will give \$63.30 for the flour. If this estimate is too low, take five barrels of flour for each family of five persons, and the value of bread at six cents per pound will be \$78.75 a year. The 182,000 families of five persons each, constituting the population of the city, consume at this rate, bread to the value of \$14,414,400 a year. There are 400,000 families of four thousand persons each, who are drinking liquors are consumed. At existing houses, at clubs, and at the hotels are expended large sums for wines and strong spirits. Thus the use of liquor costs you a year's pay, as against bread.—New York Post.
Minting the Currency Plates.
There are now in the vaults of the Treasury Department thirty-four boxes of canceled steel plates and other materials for the printing of American, National and Continental Bank Note Companies in the printing of Government stamps, money and bonds. The Secretary has requested Senator Thayer to act as Chairman of a Committee to examine the contents of the boxes, and compare them with the schedules of those furnished by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, and the Internal Revenue. The committee will be composed of the following: Hon. G. A. Hays, of New Jersey; H. Hammond, of the Internal Revenue office; L. D. Moore, of the Register office; Souwick Quinther, of the Treasurer's office and A. S. Pratt.—N. Y. Times.
A sharp-tongued Texas woman aggravated her lord to such a degree that he deserted his home in Houston and fled to Galveston, where he wrote the following interesting letter:
GALVESTON, January 7, 1870.
My Loving Friend:
I am comin om nex week an have forgiv you for jawin me. I'll come on the 7 o'clock train an shall stay here hereafter & try to be a altered man. I want peace and so do you, why shouldn't we love each other, as we used when we first fitted together in the wholly bands of madlock regulars. I want peace and so do you, but if you ever law me agin for cuttin I min one I'll wallop you like they law we min we'll wesse as grant says.
Boswell complained to Johnson that the noise of the company was making his head ache.
"No, sir, it is not the noise that made your head ache; it was the sense we put into it," said Johnson.
"Have you never had an effect upon the head?" inquired Boswell.
"Yes, sir," was the reply, "on heads that are not used to it."

General Business Cards.
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