Nebraska Advertiser.

J. S. CHURCH, Editor.

THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 18, 1869.

The Cincinnati *Times* says that nearly every train of cars going west is loaded with emmigrants for Nebraska.

A contract will be let by the county of Atchison, on the 10th of April, to build a bridge over the East Fork of Big Tarkio.

The Supreme Court of the State will hereafter hold terms at Lincoln, commencing on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January and July of each year.

Mrs. Lydia Beecher, mother of Henry Ward Beecher, died in Brooklyn, and the Hon. James Guthrie died at his residence in Louisville, on the 13th inst.

There is a call posted for a Republican caucus to be held in Brownville on the evening of the 2d of April next, to nominate municipal officers for the comming year.

Senator Tipton is one of the Committee on "Agriculture," on "Public Lands," and on "Pensions." Senator Thayer is chairman of the Committee on "Engrossed Bills," and one of the committee on "Military Affairs."

From the Atchison County *Journal* we learn that the officers of the city of Rockport just elected, are, E. L. Clark, Mayor; T. J. Hawthorn, Chris. Schneider, J. L. Shelters, J. D. Dopff, Geo. Troub, and Jas. O. Crossley, Councelmen; Harrison Broughton, Marshal.

Isaac W. Morris, of Illinois vice Frank P. Blair, Jr.; General Grovesnor R. Warren vice Gen. N. B. Buford, and Hon. J. M. Wilson, of Iowa, vice Carnelius Wendell have been appointed Commissioners for the Union Pacific Railroad by the Secretary of the Interior.

The travel on the Council Bluffs and St. Joe. Railroad is increasing daily. Three new coaches have been recently ordered for night service, to commence about the fifteenth of April. When this is accomplished, merchants can go down in the morning, buy their goods during the day, and return the same evening.

Senator E. E. Cunningham, from Richardson County called upon us last week. He is the same urbane gentlemen whether following his usual avocations on the farm, or watching and working for the interests of his constituency in the Senate chamber. Fraud, corruption, cliques, rings and jobbers, are not aided or abetted by any act of his. He has proved himself a true man—one that may be trusted in any capacity in which his fellow citizens may need assistance.

Monday's Omaha *Evening Times* contains the following facts concerning a sudden death on one of the trains of the Union Pacific Railroad: "As the conductor on the morning train from the westward, to-day, was collecting the tickets of the passengers, he discovered that one was apparently asleep. A light tap on the shoulder did not produce the desired effect of awaking him; but when he attempted to shake him from the supposed slumber, the horrid truth flashed on his mind—the man was dead."

From the *Gazette* (Tecumseh), we learn that Peter Robertson, the coal miner that left the coal banks near Tecumseh for better "paying diggins" in Pawnee county, has returned, satisfied that he made a mistake in leaving; that the best way to reach Johnson County, Nebraska, is by the steam ferry, at Brownville; that settlers are coming into that county in large numbers, and that many others are asking the usual questions of those seeking a new home in the west—all of which are correctly answered in the columns of that paper.

Brick Pomeroy is in trouble. This good Democrat furnished the material with which to start the Council Bluffs *Democrat*. The material was ordered by Brick of the foundry in Chicago, and now that the enterprise was not successful, the said Brick is not disposed to foot the bill. So upon the arrival of the said recusant from New York to Chicago, on his way to Wisconsin, the Sheriff, at the suit of the foundry men, lit down upon him like four thousand bricks for the $4,000 worth of material furnished, as aforesaid. Let the Doctor pass around the hat among the faithful in Brownville.

One of the closing acts of Johnson's Administration was to veto the bill for the relief of certain copper mining interests on Lake Superior, which act has become a law, the President's "objections to the contrary notwithstanding." The President takes the free-trade view, preferring to encourage the industries of foreign countries rather than to offer inducements to the mechanics and artisans of other nations to come over and develope the abundant resources of this. Preferring that our farmers, stock growers, and producers of the raw material be compelled to be to the expense of shipping their productions to Europe, and there compete with the farmers, &c., of that country, in the scramble to feed the men that furnish us with copper, woolen and cotton goods, iron and steel, and such other manufactured goods as are consumed in this country. The artisans of Europe pay from two to three dollars for every bushel of wheat consumed by them, and the farmers of America get that price for each bushel of wheat they sell them, less the price of shipping and handling, which costs the English farmer is not subjected to. Now, if the American farmer would avoid these cirnuses, he must insist upon a governmental policy whose tendency is to draw the manufactories and laborers as near our farms as possible. But Johnson opposes and Congress

Congress has enacted that the Tenure of Office Act be and remain in operative until after its next session. This affords the President a chance to purge the Government of incompetent officers without too much haste. It is quite a relief to the nation to know that we have now an administration that needs no compulsion to do right. The public mind has been on the strain so long for fear, notwithstanding the watchfulness and foresight of our national legislators, that their might be some possible unthought of way in which an unscrupulous President might thwart the loyal reconstruction of the Union, that we can now fully appreciate the inestimable blessing of an administration fully in harmony with the best interests of the nation.

The School Law is a subject of much enquiry. It is generally conceded that the annual meeting will be held on the first Monday in April instead of October. The school year commences from this date. A School Director is then to be elected. An enumeration of children between five and twenty-one years of age, is to be made, and the funds to be divided —one fourth pro rata and three fourths pro capita—thus favoring the week districts. The County Superintendent will be appointed by the County Commissioners in April. His duties will be to visit the schools in the county twice a year, attend the county institutes, examine teachers, to receive reports from the several districts secretaries, and make a report to the State Superintendent, and to act generally as a medium between the districts and the State officers.

The Rev. Geo. S. Alexander of Nebraska city delivered two of his lectures in Brownville last week to very intelligent audiences. The subjects were previously announced, and but for the District Court which was in session that week, would have drawn out a full house. Mr. Alexander has but recently come to this State from New England, and is decidedly one of the best speakers we have had the pleasure of listening to for many a day. His ideas are of the radical school, and although one may not readily adopt his conclusions, still he can but admire the force and clearness with which they are sent home to his comprehension. His style of delivery is animated, and at times he is truly eloquent. New thoughts and old ones ingeniously put, roll from his lips one after another in such rapid succession that his hearers are as much interested to know what is coming next as they are to fully digest what has already been said. We consider Mr. Alexander an able and rising man in the State.

On the first page will be found the report of the Congressional committee appointed to investigate the appauling frauds committed at the Presidential and general election held in New York City last November. This report conclusively shows that but for the frauds thus committed by Democratic officials, in which they were encouraged by the present Governor of New York and present Mayor of the City of New York, the State would have chosen Griswold for Governor and Presidential electors for Grant and Colfax. Naturalization papers were issued to persons who never appeared in court —to fictitious names, and to persons under assumed names, by virtue of which persons voted many times over —that the oath required by law was never taken; in short, the report presents a record of official corruption which ought to damage the character of even a New York City Democrat, and shows that the Democratic leaders were ready to adopt any measure which promised success. For the honor of America and Republican institutions, it is hopeful that the United States will not suffer such infamous rulers to administer the governments of the State and Nation after the expiration of their present terms.

Andrew Johnson dies hard. The Democracy think like the Swan, his dying song the sweetest. He condemns every effort of a loyal Congress to root out and suppress the last vestage of rebellion, and, the democracy clap their hands ane cry bravo, bravo, Johnson charges Congress with being partial to the constitution, the Union and the rights of loyal citizens, and with a want of charity and disrespect for the pretended constitutional rights of rebels and rebel sympathizers, and straightway the democracy declare him wise, sound and constitutional to the last. Andy has long since made himself famous by tossing out the constitution indiscriminately to his audience, but his last farewell address to his "must take back seats" friends is a medle of propriety in this respect. In it we find the word "constitution" but thirty times; the word 'constitutional' eight times; the word "unconstitutional" once, and the word "constitutionality once; total, forty times. He has done what he could to make treason respectable, pardoned every rebel whether convicted or unconvicted; opened the prison doors and released whisky thieves, counterfeiters, repenters, rebels and rebel sympathizers, and their friends issue to him the plaudit of well done good and faithful servant, "we fear thou art the last of our constitutional rulers," and that thine "perhaps will be the last constitutional administration the republic may ever witness." Weep, Andy weep, and let us all weep in memory of the sacred drops shed on the door at Philadelphia.

The Omaha *Republican* treats its local readers to a hand-to-hand encounter between two of the *demi monde* of Omaha, at the finale of which the weaker sister drew a revolver and shot the stronger twice, once in the glass eye, the ball glancing ploughed a furrow up between the skin and the bone of the forehead. The second shot plumbed the chignon, scattering the uncertain contents thereof over the gullfild carpet of the parlor. Maggie McCormick died on the following day from the effects of the wound in the forehead, and Mattie Lee has been arrested and had her preliminary trial before Justice Morris.

Herd Law.

To William Cluey, P. S. Martin and others of Douglas Precinct.

I have read in the Brownville *Advertiser* with regard to your resolutions declaring that you will allow your stock to run at large in defiance of the provisions of the General Herd Law recently enacted by our Legislature, who are the supreme law-making power of our State.

As I am a practicing lawyer, it might be supposed I would rejoice at your determination as it would furnish a rich harvest for the lawyers of this county, but I will say I am farming through choice, and a law-loving and law-abiding citizen, and in the language of Holy Writ desire to eat my bread in the sweat of my brow; I desire to see my neighbor live in accordance with harmony rather than in strife; therefore I will give my opinion as a lawyer, and also as a citizen and neighbor:

You say the law is unconstitutional. In that you are mistakened. The legislature of Nebraska is sovereign, and can pass any law which does not conflict with the constitution of the State or the constitution of the United States, and the laws of Congress made in persuance thereof. There is nothing in either constitution prohibiting the legislature from passing a law declaring what shall constitute a fence, either in the whole State or a part of the same, and requiring owners of stock to restrain them from trespassing on their neighbors crops. You say said law is a "flagrant outrage" on your rights as citizens. You have the right to keep stock, but no right, either legally or morally, to suffer your stock to destroy the crop which is to feed the family of your poor neighbor; that your profit on stock raising may be increased. If you believe the law to be unconstitutional, it is your right to have a case carried up to the courts to test that question; but if you presist in carrying out your "mutual agreement" to allow your stock to run at large, the result will probably be that at the next term of our District Court, each stock raiser will have from thirty to forty suits on the docket to defend, and as one case goes so goes the rest, entailing an immense bill of costs.

The law declares that it shall be unlawful for stock to run at large, &c., which makes the act of doing so a trespass. The law also provides that the stock may be taken up and compounded and the damages ascertained by arbitration, but in my opinion the party injured, may, instead of taking up the stock, bring an action of trespass before any Justice of the Peace in the county and recover damages.

As to the merits of said law, permit me to say that the Legislature of our State should legislate for the benefit of all the people of Nebraska. "The greatest amount of good to the greatest number" is a good maxim, having always a respect for the constitutional rights of the minority.

The statistics of the State show that more than half of the farmers are farming without a fence, and one-fourth more have what are called fences, but not sufficient to turn stock. Looking therefore to the general welfare and prosperity of the State, the Herd Law is one of the most humane and just laws that the Legislature ever passed.

It has been charged against the Republican party that they cared much for the negro and but little for the poor toiling and struggling white man; but I will say, as a Democrat, that the Republican Legislature of Nebraska, in the passage of the General Herd Law, has shown to the world that the poor white man of Nebraska "is at least as good as the negro," and entitled to the protection of the law. I say this because we should give honor to whom honor is due, and in the language of our Divine Savior, "render to Cesar the things which belong to Cesar, and to God that which belongs to God.

You, as American citizens have given your opinions; I, with an honest purpose of heart, have given you my opinions, without hope of fee or reward, hoping it may do some good to my neighbors and friends with whom I wish to live in peace.

I must close for the present, but at some future time, will give my views to the effect that this law will benefit the stock raiser as well as all other classes.

Respectfully yours, &c.,
E. BURNET STEPHENS.
Bedford Precinct.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Senator Sumner has in print, and soon will deliver, a speech, taking the ground that England is entirely responsible for much more than the destruction of four ships; that the action resulted in sweeping our commerce from the seas, and in prolonging the war at leats a year. Mr. Thorne, British Minister, hearing this, said to Mr. Sumner, "That means war." The French Minister, Mr. Berthy, said, "Mr. Sumner, that means expansion of territory." The matter is making more stir in diplomantic circles than any question which has agitated them for a long time. It does not please the English here to learn that the French think, as Mr. Berthany's remarks interpreted, that England would not fight, but give up British America instead.

WASHINGTON, March 12.

The House, by an overwhelming majority, adopted a Concurrent resolution for the adjournment of Congress at noon on the last Friday in March.

Senator Morton, of Indiana, has accepted the invitation of the Board of Commissioners of the Gettysburg National Cemetery, to deliver an address on the first of July next, at the dedication of the monument, which will be completed by that time. An original poem will be delivered by Bayard Taylor, and Rev. Henry Ward Beecher will perform the duties of chaplain.

Gen. Campbell, of Gen. Schofield's staff, is to be appointed Governor of Wyoming Territory.

The President has revoked the order of Andrew Johnson, to *nolle prosequi* the case of Danl. Abel, E. B. Brown and others, of the St. Louis whisky ring, against whom indictments had been found.

Attorney General Hoare last night sent to the Governor of Massachusetts his resignation from the Supreme Court bench of that State.

The contest for Commissioner of Indian Affairs is between Gen Sanborn ex-peace commissioner, and Col. A. H. Conovari, of Indiana. Gen. Sherman having endorsed the former, his chances are the best.

Changes are to be made in the Ministers to England, Russia and Portugal.

The Senate caucus yesterday agreed upon what business shall be done this session.

BALTIMORE, March 13.

Judge Russell, of the Supreme Court of North Carolina, has issued a proclamation commanding six members of the Ku Klux Klan to surrender themselves to the sheriff of Robson county or any other lawful officer of the State; and authorizing any citizen of the State to capture and bring to justice these outlaws, and in case of a fight or resistance after being called on to surrender, to slay them without accusation or impeachment of any crime.

Assessor Webster, of New York, who so remorselessly stirred up the balls and bears on Wall street, and Collector Bailey, who similarly distressed the whisky ring, are in the city. They both say that if they receive from the new Administration the moral support to which their offices are entitled, the revenue in their respective districts will be largely increased for the current year.

Normal School.

PERU, March 12, 1869.

The closing exercises of the present term of the Normal School will take place on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the 29th, 30th and 31st of the present month.

On Friday evening of the 26th inst., one division of the Philomathean Society will have its exercises, consisting of orations, essays, public debates, paper, &c.

On Monday afternoon examination of classes commences. Monday evening exhibition of the model department.

Tuesday examinations continued. Tuesday evening addresses before the Philomathean Society by Rev. B. F. Crary, D. D., editor of the *Central Christian Advocate* St. Louis.

Wednesday forenoon examinations continued. Afternoon at 1½ o'clock closing exercises by the second division of the Philomathean Society.

A cordial invitation is extended to the public to attend these exercises, especially the examinations.

J. M. MCKENZIE, Prin.

Teacher's Association.

LONDON, March 5, 1869.

The Nemaha County Teachers' Association met pursuant to adjournment. The President being absent, the members were called to order by Prof. J. M. McKenzie, and Dr. S. W. McGrew elected President *pro tem.*

The exercises were opened with music by the Normal Class, and prayer by Rev. F. M. Esterbrook.

The minutes of the proceeding meeting were read and approved; after which the regular programme for the evening was taken up. First in order was an Essay by H. Roberts. Music.

Next in order was a discussion. Question—"Is a uniformity of Text Books in our schools desirable; and how shall such a uniformity be best secured?" The persons who were expected to participate in the discussion being absent, Prof. McKenzie and C. C. Meader were appointed in their stead. Prof. McKenzie introduced the discussion, and entertained the audience at some length, with valuable suggestions; after which Prof. Martin, Rev. Folden, and several others, heartily united in the discussion.

On motion, the question was laid over, and the association adjourned to meet Saturday moring at 9½ a.m. Music.

SATURDAY MORNING.

The Association met according to adjournment, Dr. S. W. McGrew in the chair. The exercises opened with prayer by Rev. Folden. Music. Roll call. After which an opportunity was given to those who wished to become members of the association to sign the constitution.

On motion, a committee of three was appointed to draft a set of resolutions. The committee consisted of Prof. McKenzie, Rev. Folden and C. Campbell. Music by Prof. Martin. Essay by Miss Annie Morehead. Music. Discussion: question—"Method of inspiring pupils with enthusiasm in study, and habits of self-reliance." after a short discussion the question was laid over.

Mrs. C. B. McKenzie then entertained the audience with a well written essay. It was moved and carried that Mrs. McKenzie's and Miss Moorhead's essays be published in the Brownville *Advertiser*.

The committee on resolutions then submitted the following resolutions, which were read and adopted:

Resolved, That it is the sense of this association, that a uniformity of Text Books throughout the State is very desirable and necessary to the success of Education among us, and we pledge ourselves as teachers to do all in our power to bring about this important object, at the same time urging our law makers to assist in carrying this out by proper legislation.

Resolved, That we, as an association, respectfully request the County Commissioners to appoint some active, energetic young man as County Superintendent; one who is not engaged at the same time in teaching, as we believe no person can teach and attend to the duties of Superintendent properly at the same time. That we believe we need the active services of a man the greater part of the year in order to make our school what they should be; that we need a man who will grant certificates to those *fully qualified to receive them, and no others.*

Resolved, That we consider it the duty of every teacher in the country to heartily sustain the Teachers' Association, both by his presence and efforts; and that preference should be given to such teachers in our schools throughout the country.

Resolved, That the thanks of the Association are due to the kind people of London and vicinity, for the hospitable spirit manifested in receiving and sustaining the Association.

Resolved, That we extend our thanks to Prof. Martin for entertaining the Association with music. Also to Mrs. Ellis, for the use of her instrument.

On motion, Dr. McGrew, H. Roberts and Annie Moorhead be a committee to make out regular meeting of the Association.

It was moved and carried that the next meeting of the Association be held at London, on May the 7th and 8th.

The Association then adjourned.

S. W. MCGREW, *Prest.*
F. M. WILLIAMS, *Secy.*

How well Grant kept the secret of the cabinet is shown by a story concerning Mr. Borie, the Secretary of the Navy. Mr. Borie went on to Washington to see the inauguration of the new President, but without the slightest thought or desire of a call to the cabinet. He called on the new President on the afternoon of the 4th of March, and found him at work in his office. "Ah! Mr. Borie," said Grant, "have you come on, too, to spy out the cabinet?" "Not at all," replied Mr. Borie; "I came only to see you sworn in as President, and have called to offer my friendly congratulations before returning home."—"When do you return?" asked Grant. "To-morrow, in the noon train," said Borie. "Well, good-by," said the President, "make my regards to your family." Mr. Borie bowed himself out, and did not suspect he was the "man from Pennsylvania" until the next afternoon, when the train stopped at Wilmington, and he heard his name read out to an eager crowd at the depot as that of the Secretary of the Navy.

WASHINGTON, March 15.

Congress passed a joint resolution to protect the interests of the U. S. in the U. P. R. R.—recognizing the late meeting of stock-holders at New York, and approving the adjourument to Boston, and declaring none but the U. S. Circuit or District Court could either enjoin the company or appoint a Receiver.

Robt. M. Douglas, son of the late Stephen A. Douglas, has been appointed Assistant Secretary to the President.

A bill is before the Senate granting suffrage to women in Utah.

One of the orders issued by the Secretary of the Navy, undid the dirty job done by Mr. Wells at the Portsmouth navy yard about a year ago, when he court-martialed and dismissed Engineer Sawyer for saying, in a disquission with other pesons, that Andrew Johnson had violated his pledge to the people and ought to be impeached. Sawyer is restored to rank and gets all his back pay.

Section 19 of the New School Law reads as follows: The annual meeting of each school district shall be held on the first Monday in April in each year, and the school year shall commence on that day, provided that the provisions of this act shall not be so construed as to vacate the office of moderator, treasurer or director in any organized school district, but simply to shorten their respective terms of office from October to April of the same year.

ATCHISON, March 16.

Major Fanning, Chief Engineer of the Atchison and Nebraska Railroad Company, has just returned home, after making an examination of the Nemaha Valley Railroad route from White cloud, Kansas, to Lincoln, Nebraska. He reports the route a very easy one, there being a valley for near ninety miles, and only for a short distance is there a grade of fifty-three feet to the mile. The Country is settling up rapidly, and the people on the line of the proposed route are anxious for its speedy construction.

OTTAWA, March 13.—Notice is given in the *Official Gazette* that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, during its next session, for an act to incorporate a company to construct a tunnel under Detroit river.

MARRIED.

At the resididence of John Watson, Esq., North Star, Mo., by the Rev. Geo. H. Davis, Rector of Christ's Church, Brownville, Neb., Bruce Earl, of Edward, St. Lawrence County, New York, to Miss Emma Ann Perkins, of Lowell, Mass.

DIED.

On the 10th inst., of Pneumonia, Mrs. Leah A. Nelson, aged 65 years, 8 months, and 15 days.

On Thursday night, March 11th, 1869, at his residence, five miles west of this city, of Chronic Inflamation of the stomach, James W. Coleman, aged 41 years, 8 months and 17 days.

The subject of this notice was born in Ohio, June 27th, 1827; came to Missouri after his majority, and resided in Holt County several years. He came to Nebraska and settled in this county in October, 1859, taking a claim just above the city when it was but a howling wilderness, being one among the earliest pioneers of Nebraska. As a settlement sprang up he became one of the leading and most influential citizens, occupying many positions of honor and trust—for be it remembered the emoluments of office were few and far between in those days—acquitting himself creditably in all. He was high sheriff of this county for four years—1856-7, and 1861-2. In 1857 he gave up farming and moved to this city, owning for a while a portion of our Ferry and keeping a livery stable. While here he never was lacking in public spirit and enterprise, in fact showing more than resulted in his financial good.

Within the past few years he has engaged himself particularly in farming, and has held the position of Vice-President of the Agricultural and Mechanical Association of this County since its organization two years since, in which position his death leaves a vacancy. As a citizen he was law abiding and loyal; as a parent, kind and affectionate, always solicitous for the welfare of his family. He leaves a wife and three children, and a host of warm friends, to mourn the irreparable void made by his demise, and a whole community to regret the loss of a good man from its midst.

The day of his funeral, last Sabbath, was the most inclement of the season, and illustrated forcibly the following eloquent passage written by Dr. Bushnell:

"We have cleared away the snow, and hewn a passage down through the solid pavement of the frost, and then in that intolerable place we come to bury our departed friend; our heart shudders in convulsive chill at the forlorn last offices we are come to perform. While our feeling is protesting, the solemnity, so-called, goes on, and before we have gotten our consent the "tribute of respect" is ended. The frozen chips of earth, loosened again by blows, are piled on the loved one's rest, and we turn to go. 'Will it storm to-night? The wind, alas! is howling even now in the trees, and the sleeting ins already begun. O God, it shall not be! We were going to be fools, we see, but now the spell is broken. Our departed is not in that grave, and we scorn to say our farewell over it. Let the snows fall heavy, if they will, and the winds rage pitiless and wild as ever, ours is shall be to thank thee, Father, Lord of the warmer clime, that our dead one lives with thee."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

School Meeting Notice.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Qualified Voters and Resident Property Holders of Brownville City School District, will be held at the School House in said city, on Monday, the 5th day of April, A.D. 1869, at 2 o'clock p.m. The proper business of the meeting is—

1st. To elect a School Director for the term of three years.

2d. To consider what further levy of taxes is necessary to support the School, and meet the obligations of the District.

3d. To see what can be done toward enclosing and improving the School House lot.

4th. To attend to any other matters which the interests of the district may require.

23-2t O. B. HEWETT, Director.

Registrar's Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED REGISTRARS will sit in the office of H. V. Hughes, Esq., Brownville, Nebraska, on the 29th, 30th and 31st days of March, A.D. 1869, commencing at the hours of 9 o'clock a.m., of each day, for the purpose of making a registration of voters for the municipal election, to be held in the city of Brownville on the 5th day of April, A.D. 1869, at which time all persons who claim to be voters are requested to attend for registration.

G. W. FAIRBROTHER, } Registrars.
R. V. HUGHES. }

Election Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Monday, the 5th day of April, A.D. 1869, there will be held in and for the City of Brownville, in Nemaha County, State of Nebraska, an election for the following city officers, viz:

ONE MAYOR,
FIVE ALDERMEN,
ONE CITY CLERK,
ONE CITY TREASURER,
ONE CITY ASSESSOR,
ONE CITY MARSHAL,
ONE CITY ENGINEER,
ONE CITY ATTORNEY,

which election will be opened at 9 o'clock in the morning, and will continue open until 6 o'clock in the afternoon of the same day.

G. W. FAIRBROTHER,
Mayor of Brownville.
J. C. MCNAUGHTON, Clerk. 23-2w

A. F. & A. M. and I. O. O. F.

THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Masonic and Odd Fellows Building Association are hereby notified that an assessment of twenty-five per cent. of the amount subscribed has been levied, and that amount is required to be paid to the Treasurer of said Association on or before the 15th day of April next.

By order of the Board.
JONAS HACKER, Treas.
March 11th, 1869. 23-3w

Notice to Contractors.

THE UNDERSIGNED will receive sealed proposals up to April 5th, 1869, for furnishing the material, and doing the mason and carpenter and joiner work, to enclose a building on Main street, of the following dimensions:—The building to be 40x80 feet of brick, resting on a solid stone foundation three feet thick at bottom, and two feet thick at top, laid in mortar. The brick work to be forty feet high and eighteen inches thick for first story, with open front, and three floors and 2x14 joice.

Bids will be received for any or all of said work and material, reserving the right to reject any or all of said bids.

For further specifications apply to the undersigned. 23-2 JAMES M. HACKER, Secy.

BLACKSMITHING!

I AM NOW PREPARED, WITH the best of Workmen and Machinery, to manufacture all kinds of

Buggies,
Wagons,
Harrows, etc.,

and to repair all kinds of

MACHINERY.

AN EXPERIENCED HORSE-SHOER always ready to accommodate the public.

☞ *SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.* ☜

J. H. BEASON,
One Door West of Court House,
march4-6m Brownville, Neb.

Proposals for Railroad Ties.

OFFICE OF THE MIDLAND PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.
NEBRASKA CITY, NEB., February 25, 1869.

PROPOSALS will be received at this office, up to March 20th, 1869, for

50,000 Railroad Cross Ties,

To be 8 feet long and 8 by 7 inches if hewed, 8 by 8 inches if sawed.

All ties to be hacked, and to be of sound White, Post Oak or Burr Oak. Black Walnut or other hard wood timber, in the opinion of the Engineer or Superintendent of the company.

Said ties to be delivered on track at depot grounds near the ferry in Nebraska City, and to be cross-piled for inspection.

Proposals will state price per tie and time of delivery. 21-3t E. M. BOLLES, Secretary.

JOB WORK, Neatly and Plainly Executed, at the Advertiser Job Rooms.

A CARD.

FOR

THE SPRING TRADE

OF

1869.

Many Merchants who have, in these cold Winter days, ample time to look over their stocks and their books, and balance in their own mind how much they are actually worth, will, no doubt, come to the conclusion that they want to make more, and have more of the "NEEDFUL" at the close of 1869. To strive for wealth is eminently proper, and he is the wisest who can do it, in the most honorable manner, with the least expenditure, computation, vexing trouble, and wasting care. To do business profitably and pleasurably, a Merchant has to observe three rules.

1st. To buy the

RIGHT GOODS!

At the RIGHT PRICES!!

2d. To meet his obligations punctually, "paying prompt" pleads for the interest of that Merchant with the eloquence of a Daniel Webster.

3d. To cut down his expenses, as "a dollar saved is a dollar earned," and it enables one to sell so much cheaper.

We speak in praise of these rules, for we have tried them, and find them to be the only means to a successful mercantile career.

BEHOLD! We are not occupying a grand up-town Brick, with shelves full of Winter Stock, but are comfortable housed at

27 Main Street,

Between Levee and First,

PRICE REGULATOR.

Our two floors are heavily laden with most desirable goods, consisting of

Dress Goods,
Hosiery and Gloves,
Embroideries,
White Goods,
Handkerchiefs,
Shirt Fronts,
Collars & Suspenders

Trimmings, Buttons,
Zephyr Wool and Woolen Yarns, } in all Colors,
Corsets and Skirts,
Coat's and Clark's Threads,
American Best Spool Cottons,
[of which we have all numbers and colors,]
Sewing and Embroidery Silks,

Wallets & Purses,
Ruffings & Tape Trimmings,
Star, Crochet & Skirt Braids,
Alpaca Braids, and a full line of Silk, Milan and Alabama Braids.

A FULL LINE OF

READY-MADE CLOTHING

AND FURNISHING GOODS.

IN FACT, everything that belongs to a first class Clothing, Hosiery, Fancy Goods and Notion House, which has been purchased for CASH, in the very best advantage, and will be sold at a very small advance to Cash and Prompt Paying Customers, whose patronage we respectfully solicit; for it is our cherished aim to make their transactions with us both profitable and pleasant.

A. MAY & CO.'S

CLOTHING AND DRY GOODS

Price Regulator.

No. 27 Main Street,

Between Levee and First,

BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA.

N. B. *ORDERS BY MAIL or otherwise will receive prompt attention, and are invoiced at the same price as if personally selected.*

17-tf

CHAS. E. MCPHERSON'S

REAL ESTATE AGENCY

BULLETIN

OF

CHOICE LANDS

FOR SALE IN THE

NEMAHA LAND DISTRICT.

Having secured the services of Mr. G. W. BROWN, a first-class Civil Engineer and Surveyor, am ready at all times to survey Town Lots in this city, adjoining towns, or in any county in this Land District. Any one wishing town lots or lands surveyed correctly, at *REASONABLE RATES*, will find it to their advantage to call upon Mr. Waters, at the

Great Western Real Estate Agency

OVER

Rainey & Lewis' Store Room.

50,000
Cottonwood Trees!

FOR SALE AT A

BARGAIN

IN LARGE OR SMALL QUANTITIES.

BROWNVILLE.

A No. 1 Brick House, 7 Rooms, 2 lots, near business part of the City, on Water Street. Price $2,000. Terms easy.

House and two lots on Main street, five rooms plastered, good well and stable. Will be offered for the small sum of $1,300 cash.

House and one lot for sale. House is well plastered and near business part of town. Price $950.

House and four lots—splendid situation—garden fenced—fine view of River and Town. Price $500.

House and two lots on Water street, one Block from Main street, for $1,800. A bargain.

20 DESIRABLE

TOWN LOTS

NEMAHA COUNTY.

386 Acres of Land

ON

McKISSICK'S ISLAND!

200 acres fenced and under cultivation; 90 acres Timber; two Houses on the Farm; a splendid Stock Farm; at $15 per acre. Terms liberal.

North East quarter of South East quarter of Section 4, Town 4, Range 14.

South East quarter of South East quarter o Section 4, Town 4, Range 14.

North West quarter of South East quarter of Section 4, Town 4, Range 14.

120 Acres, nine miles from Brownville, and west of Nemaha City, on the line of the Brownville and Ft. Kearney Railroad, at a bargain. $500 down, the rest on one, two and three years time.

120 Acres No. 1 Prairie Land, good water, at $5 per acre.

40 Acres in Section 9, Township 4, Range 13.

40 Acres in Section 27, Township 4, Range 14.

North-East quarter Section 5, Township 6, Range 14, 120 acres; 65 acres broke, good one and a half story house 14x28, kitchen 12x14, good well at the door, stock water on the place, 20 acres of Timber, for $4,000.

RICHARDSON CO.

322 Acres—South West Quarter Section 12, Town 3, Range 15, and Lots 5 and 6 in Section 13, Town 3, Range 15, 4½ miles west of Aspinwall. Splendid prairies. $5,50 per acre.

160 Acres in Town 3, Range 14.

640 Acres near Salem, at a bargain.

160 Acres in Section 11, Town 3, Range 14.

160 Acres in Section 35, Town 3, Range 15.

40 Acres in Section 26, Town 3, Range 15.

PAWNEE COUNTY.

East half of South West quarter of Section 20, Town 2, Range 11.
South East quarter of South West quarter of Section 17, Town 1, Range 11.

North West quarter Section 6, Town 2, Range 11.

North West ¼ of North West quarter Section 26, Town 2, Range 11.

160 Acres with some Timber and a Coal Mine opened on the place, splendid Prairie, No. 1 water.

JOHNSON COUNTY.

North East Quarter of Section 1, Town 4, Range 15, east; and North East of South East Quarter of Section 12, Town 4, Range 16, east. Water and Timber. Two miles and a half from Tecumseh. $6 per acre.

640 Acres in Town 6, Range 16; splendid No. 1 Land; running water on the place; four miles north west of Tecumseh; splendid farms around the place; at the low sum of $3,50 per acre.

400 Acres out of Section 32, Town 5, Range 16; at $5 per acre.

80 Acres No. 1 Prairie.

900 Acres in Town 6, Range 12.

160 Acres with splendid Spring of water, running water through the place; No. 1 House, 14x20; 30 acres broke last spring, for $1,600.

LEGAL NOTICES.

LEGAL NOTICE.—Julian Metcalf, Trustee of Mortimer C. Metcalf, in the matter of Horace Metcalf, vs. the Unknown Heirs and Devisees of Peninsula Metcalf, deceased, in Probate Court, Nemaha County, Nebraska. Notice is hereby given that on the 15th day of March, A.D. 1869, at the Clerk's Office of the District Court of Nemaha County, Nebraska, Julian Metcalf, Trustee of Mortimer C. Metcalf, filed his petition in said Court against the above named defendants, which is to procure a judgment of the Court for the sale of the following described real estate, to-wit: The undivided three-fourths of the following described real estate, to-wit: The south half of the north west quarter of section 25, town 6, north range 15 east of the principal meridian, and the south half of the north east quarter of the said section 25, town and range aforesaid, containing one hundred and sixty acres, more or less, according to the United States survey thereof, and the undivided three-fourths of the following described real estate, to-wit: Lots numbered seven (7) and eight (8) in section 30, township 6, north range 14 east of the principal meridian, and the undivided three-fourths of the north west quarter of the north west quarter of section 29, town 6, north range 14 east of said principal meridian—the same being all of the real estate owned by the said Peninsula Metcalf at the time of her death, and which descended to the said Julian Metcalf, as the heir at law of the said Peninsula Metcalf, deceased, and that the said Julian Metcalf was authorized by the above named Court, after giving notice, to sell the above described real estate, and make a final settlement of the affairs of the said Peninsula Metcalf, deceased, and that the said Julian Metcalf has filed his petition in said Court for that purpose, and obtained that relief to which he is entitled by the prayer of his petition, as will more fully appear reference being had to said petition, or a copy thereof to said petition on or before the first day of April, A.D. 1869, said defendants will be required to answer said petition, and in default thereof, the same will be taken as true, and judgment rendered accordingly.

BEALS & DEL. Att'ys for Pl'ff.
21-4t

NOTICE OF INCORPORATION.

Pursuant to the requirements of the statute in such case provided, Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that we have associated and incorporated at Brownville, Nebraska, County of Nemaha and State of Nebraska, a Stock Company, under the name of "The Masonic and Odd Fellow's Building Association of Brownville, Nebraska." The place of business of said Company is at Brownville, in said county of Nemaha, and State of Nebraska. The said Company has been formed for the purpose of erecting and owning a building to rent for lodge room purposes, and to occupy by the said orders of Masons and Odd Fellows their Lodge rooms, with an actual capital stock of six thousand dollars, with authority to the Board of Managers to increase the stock by further subscription, to nine thousand, which may further be increased, to be paid in installments, as required by the Board of Managers. The corporation is to commence on January, 1869, and terminate upon the completion of the building of said Association, unless sooner dissolved by the stockholders. Provisions are made for the management and care of the property.

The highest amount of Liability to which the said Corporation at any time can be liable, is that of four thousand dollars.

The affairs of said Corporation are to be conducted by a Board of Managers, consisting of a President, Secretary, Treasurer, and two Directors.

By order of Board of Managers.

O. B. HEWETT, President.
JAS. M. LOCKIN, Secretary.
JONAS HACKER, Treasurer.
Directors.
GEO. W. DOSSETT,

21-4t

LEGAL NOTICE.—McLennan & Archbold, vs. Wm. Vincent and George Herlson. District Court, Nemaha County, in September Term, 1868.

To Wm. Vincent and George Herlson: You are hereby notified that the above named plaintiffs have commenced an action against you in the above named court, for the recovery of one hundred and fifteen dollars, as due as balance on attorney's fee, that your property, to-wit—the east half of the north west quarter, and the north west quarter of the south west quarter, of section 25, town 6, north range 15 east of 6th principal meridian—has been attached in said cause; that you are required to appear before the 26th day of April, A.D. 1869, and answer the petition of the said plaintiffs in this cause, Judgment will be rendered against you for the amount above named, together with costs, and the said attached property sold to satisfy the same.

MCLENNAN & ARCHBOLD,
Plaintiffs.
22-3

ESTRAYS.

STRAY NOTICE.—Taken up by the undersigned, on his farm, two miles west of Brownville, one three year old roan steer. Crop and slit on left ear, and underbit on right ear; and one dark bear a year old, short mostly red and white.

22-3t ROBERT GILLMORE.

$500 REWARD!!

FOR A PEN EQUAL TO

GOODSPEED'S GOLDEN FOUNTAIN.

IN FLEXIBILITY, DURABILITY,

Noncorrosiveness and Economy!!

IT WRITES 100 LINES AT ONE DIP.

All who use them will use no other. They are equally well adapted to the wants of all writers, and never fail to give perfect satisfaction. $1.0 per doz guarranteed to agents to sell these pens and other useful articles we furnish. Sample Boxes 5 cents by mail