Nebraska Advertiser

BROWNVILLE, THURSDAY, JUNE 11, 1868.

Agricultural Department.

R. W. FURNAS, EDITOR.

Summer Pruning or Pinching.

There is no one point in horticulture about which there has been more discussion than that of summer pruning, and those who advocate, and those who condemn it, stand in about the same relation as they did years ago—each the more confirmed in his own opinion. We consider it useful or injurious, according to the manner in which it is done, and the subject upon which it is practised.—To allow a tree to make vigorous shoots and then cut them away in summer, or to pinch the young shoots without any thought of the effect, so long as something is pinched, will, like all other haphazard work, be likely to result in serious injury. Summer pruning is done, in the first place, to regulate the form of the tree. Dwarf trees, especially, may be so managed by rubbing out a few needless shoots here, and stopping the growth of another there, that there need seldom be any pruning required. Nip out the growing point with the thumb and finger, and the branch will cease to elongate; but after a while the buds upon the shoot will push, and when these have made a few leaves, they must be pinched in the same manner. The growth from buds and grafts is often very vigorous; that from buds often runs up as a long, succulent wand, hardly strong enough to support itself, and with but little disposition to form side shoots. By pinching at the proper hight, the buds along the sides will start, and with a little attention a low-headed, shapely tree may be had, that will not need to be cut to pieces in order to bring it into proper form when planted. Another use of pinching is to throw the tree into bearing. It is now a well-received opinion that whatever threatens the life of a tree tends to induce fruiting; hence we hear of trees being made to bear by hacking them with an ax, by root pruning, etc. When the development of the tree is arrested by pinching, it usually sets about making fruit buds, instead of leaf buds. In pinching dwarf pear trees, the shoot from the bud at the end of a branch is allowed to grow, and those starting along the sides of the branch are pinched back to three leaves. If shoots start from those that have been pinched, nip them back to two leaves. The leading shoot is shortened as may be desired, after growth is over. The formation of fruit buds upon dwarf pears and apples is hastened by pinching. —*American Agriculturist.*

Town and Local Agricultural Societies.

Local Agricultural Clubs, we believe, are quite largely on the increase. There are good reasons for the establishment of these societies. They do not, of necessity, and should never interfere with the County and State Societies. The local society has a good work to do in bringing together neighbors with their products. There can be no doubt that a much larger number will become interested in improved husbandry through these than through the larger societies. Meetings and exhibitions should be arranged for different seasons, not for the autumn alone. Spring exhibitions for the sale and exchange of seeds would be productive of much good. Sheep-shearing festivals, milking trials, implement tests, and other meetings, might be occasions of great utility and interests. A fall exhibition at the town centre will draw out a full representation of everything within the borders of the town. Men who have fine cattle can take them to the exhibition without much exposure of the animals, or much pecuniary loss. They may also be brought back to their own quarters at night. These town fairs usually draw out a very good representation of all farm products, and it is not improbable that they may gradually work into periodical markets for the exchange and sale of grain, stock, fruits, vegetables, etc. Such fairs are of very great advantage in England, and we can see no good reason why they would not make a great saving of time in the exchange of products, prevent speculation, regulate prices, give the farmer a fairer reward for his labor, and make provisions cheaper to the consumers.—*American Agriculturist.*

Remedy for Gapes in Chickens.

MESSRS. LUTHER TUCKER & SON—In your issue of April 23, G. F. B. wants to know how it is that on some places they have no gapes. The reason of that is, the chickens roost on dry floors. You will find all chickens that roost on damp floors are subject to gapes. Gapes is nothing but a bad cold, settled on the lungs of the chickens. You take a young chicken when it first gets the gapes, and place it in a warm room, or under the stove, and it will get well in a few days; you must take as much care of it as a child, when they catch cold. If you let children that have a bad cold run out and expose themselves, you will have a very sick child. Some folks think there are worms in the throat of the chick; they run a feather down the windpipe to draw the worm out. It is not worms; it is nothing but phlegm that collects in the windpipe. If every farmer that has a young brood of chicks will keep them in a warm dry place every night, and keep them from running in the dew in the morning, he will have a fine healthy brood of chicks. I have raised hundreds of chicks, and never lost one by gapes. Try the experiment and see if I am not right.

A correspondent of the New-England Homestead says vermine may be driven from hen houses by the following plan. 1st. Give the hen-house a thorough white-washing, nests, boxes, roosts, and everything about the premises. 2d. Sprinkle sulphur in the nest boxes three or four times during the year. 3. Keep the floor constantly covered with sand or gravel, and clean out at least once a month. 4th. Rub lard under the wings of the hens.

To be virtuous and happy, take the *Nebraska Advertiser* and read the Agricultural department.

The Independent Farmer.

Let sailors ring the mighty deep,
Let soldiers praise their armor,
But in my heart this toast I'll keep,
The Independent Farmer:
When first the rose in robe of green
Unfolds its crimson lining,
And 'round his cottage porch is seen
The honeysuckle twining,
When the banks of bloom their sweetness yield,
The bees that gather honey,
He drives his team across the field,
Where skies are soft and sunny.

The blackbird clucks behind his plow,
The quail pipes loud and clearly;
Yon orchard sides beyond its bough
The home he loves so dearly;
The gay old barnes, whose doors enfold
His ample store in measure,
More rich than heaps of hoarded gold,
A precious, blessed treasure;
But yonder in the porch there stands
His wife, the lovely charmer,
The sweetest rose on all his lands:
The Independent Farmer.

To him the spring comes dancing gay,
To him the summer blushes,
The autumn smiles with yellow ray,
His sleep old winter hushes;
He cares not how the world may move,
No doubts or fears confound him;
His little flock are linked in love,
And household angel 'round him;
He trusts in God, and loves his wife,
Nor grief nor ill may harm her,
He's nature's nobleman in life—
The Independent Farmer.

W. W. P.

Preparing for the Exhibitions.

That our horticultural shows, on the whole, do a great deal of good, we do not doubt; that the system of offering prizes for the best—meaning usually the largest—specimen of this and that, without regard to the way in which it was produced, tends much to the advancement of general horticulture, we very strongly doubt. A glance at the list of prize takers will show that year after year certain persons are sure to take the prize for certain things. Those who devote themselves to growing special fruits and flowers will, of course, attain greater perfection than the novice, but the novice does not know that the fruits, etc., which have carried off the prize that he hoped to gain were prepared long beforehand for the exhibition. Prizes are offered, and people who know how, set themselves at work to win them. It is mainly a trial between experts, and as a general thing the amature or commercial cultivator has no chance. An illustration of preparing for the exhibition occurred within our knowledge: two boys, 10 and 12 years old, saw the schedule of a fair, and decided to try, one for the premium on beets, and the other for that on carrots. A few plants of each were assigned to the boys; they gave them plenty of room, fed them with liquid manure, and tended them daily. The consequence was that the premiums for the "three best beets" and "three best carrots" were awarded these boys, to the exclusion of those who had probably grown an acre or more of either, and selected the best of their produce. Now, what these boys did is what must be done by any one who competes for prizes—he must prepare for the exhibition. If it is for the "best quart of strawberries," take a row that should yield a bushel, and after the fruit has set and is large enough to show whether it is perfect, pick off all but two or three berries to a stem. Mulch the plants water them, coax them with liquid manure, and if the berries are ripening up too soon, put up a cloth to shade them. Doubtless a quart of enormous berries will result, that will take the prize. The committee will ask no questions, perhaps not to taste of the watery, flavorless monsters, but the growers will go out as the prize strawberry cultivator. If contending for the prize of squashes, grow but one squash to the vine, feed it and water it, and a prize squash will result. The prize for Dahlias, and roses, and other flowers, are obtained in a similar manner. Pot plants are often "garnished," that is, the plant, whether fruit or flowers, is made to appear more prolific, by skillful attaching branches of fruit or flowers. We mention this practice, not to commend it, but to warn committees that it is done. So far as these decisions show what manuring, watering, thinning, and high culture generally, will do, they are in that respect well, but so far as indicating what may be done in general culture, they are useless.

Remedy for Poll-Evil in Horses.

A correspondent of the Germantown Telegraph says: "Some persons regard poll-evil as incurable. It is sometimes called *fistula*. No matter how long the sore has been running, it can be cured in a brief time, and at a cost not exceeding ten cents. One dime spent in muriatic acid will be sufficient to effect a radical and permanent cure of the most stubborn fistula. The sore should first be thoroughly cleansed by some abstergent fluid, and for this purpose pure water is perhaps as valuable as anything that can be used, and drop eight or ten drops of the acid in twice a day, till it has the appearance of a fresh wound; then wash clean with soap suds made of castile soap, and leave it to heal, which it will speedily do if the acid has been used long enough. Should it, however, heal slowly, apply the acid a second time, and in the manner above described, taking care to wash out the pipe thoroughly, and it will be found an infallible remedy in the most inveterate disease of this sort; but it must be remembered that in order to do so, the acid must be applied till the corrupt or diseased flesh is all burned out."

Butter Making.

I keep twenty-three cows of the native stock, with a slight mixture of Durham; their feed was the fall feed in my mowing fields, with pumpkins in the morning; the cream was gathered in thirty-six hours after milking, the cream then set twenty-four hours, then was churned. When the butter came, it was put in a wooden bowl and washed with spring water until the milk was washed out and the water ceased to be colored, and remained clear; then the Ashton salt is worked in by hand at the rate of one ounce to a pound of butter; the butter is then set away to stand twenty-four hours; then it is worked over by hand, taking a small quantity at a time, and working out all the brine; then it is pounded down in a tub; the tub is filled within a half inch of the top, then it is covered with a cloth, over which is spread a thin layer of salt.

Cream is not churned the day it is skimmed, as it will sometimes have a peculiar taste, which it does not have after standing 24 hours. In the fall the pans are filled two-thirds full, and the cream rises as well, but in summer it should be more shallow.—*Cor. St. Albans (Vt.)*

D. M. SHELLENBERGER W. D. SHELLENBERGER.

SHELLENBERGER BRO'S

McPHERSON'S BLOCK.

HARDWARE, STOVES, TINWARE
HARDWARE, STOVES, TINWARE
HARDWARE, STOVES, TINWARE

50,000 Miles Fence Wire,
50,000 Miles Fence Wire,
50,000 Miles Fence Wire,

PITTSBURG IRON & NAILS,
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PITTSBURG IRON & NAILS,

Mechanic's Tools,
Mechanic's Tools,
Mechanic's Tools,

CHARTER OAK STOVES.
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CHARTER OAK STOVES,

Canton Clipper Plows,
Canton Clipper Plows,
Canton Clipper Plows,

Sole Agent in Southern Nebraska, and Atchison and Holt co., Mo. for

CHAMPION REAPER & MOWER
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The Best in the World.
The Best in the World.
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Besides a full assortment of everything kept in a first class

Hardware
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STOVE STORE

Which will be sold as low as the lowest

FOR CASH

To all who favor us with a call. 26-1y

At the Sign of the

Big Bed Stead.

Is the place to buy

FURNITURE
AND
UPHOLSTRY!!!

M'Fall & Co.,

keep constantly on hand a complete assortment of

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Show Cases and office work made to order

And anything and everything required to set up plain or fancy housekeeping.

All of their ware is either manufactured or put up under their special superintendence, which enable them sound articles at smaller prices than eastern manufactuted goods.

OUR HEARSE

is at the service of the public at any time it may be needed, and is gotten up in as fine style as any farther east.

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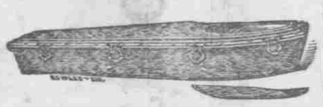


of all sizes constantly on hand, at eastern prices.

We are doing business on strictly cash principles. *At a small profit*, and by attention to business and the wants of the community, expect in the future as in the past to receive the patronage of the public generally.

M'FALL & CO.

FAIRBANKS'
STANDARD
SCALES,
OF ALL KINDS.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.
226 Lake Street, Chicago.
209 Market Street, St. Louis.
BE CAREFUL TO BUY ONLY THE GENUINE.

Brooms, Salt, Axes, Powder, Shot and Lead at SWAN & BROTHER'S

M. W. WARNER'S
PATENT ATMOSPHERIC
Portable and Stationary
SODA FOUNTAIN
Manufactured and sold by the Patentee,
508 North Forth St., St. Louis, Mo.

This Fountain is admirably adapted for use in small towns and at public gatherings. Full directions go with each, and recipe for making syrups.

Price $75. Send for descriptive pamphlet.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The REV. EDWARD A WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address REV. EDWARD A WILSON, No. 165 South 2nd St., Williamsburg, New York

Fresh Layer Raisins, Currants, Citron &c, at SWAN & BRO'S.

Sugar Loaf Syrup, Serghum, and N. O. Molasses at SWAN & BRO'S

Stoneware, Baskets, Washboards, Lanterns &c. SWAN & BROTHER'S

Beans, Hominy Meal, Potatoes, Flour Apples & SWAN & BROTHER

F. A. TISDELL, Jr. & Co.,

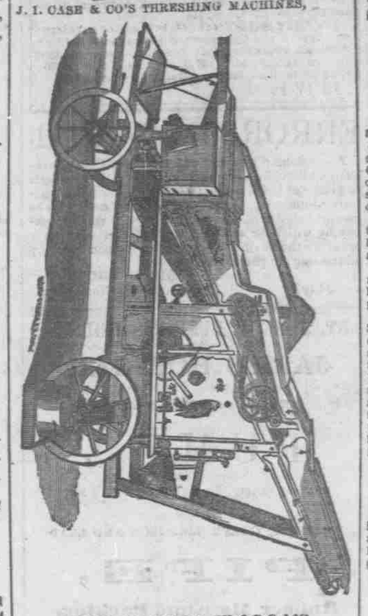
Keep constantly on hand all kinds of

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS!

SKINNER'S PREMIUM GANG PLOW, warranted the most perfect Plow made,
WALKING AND RIDING CULTIVATORS,
SHOVEL AND STIRRING PLOWS,
MOLEBOARD AND SOD BREAKING PLOWS,
WAGGONS, REAPERS AND MOWERS,

CAYUGA CHIEF DROPPER

J. I. CASE & CO'S THRESHING MACHINES,



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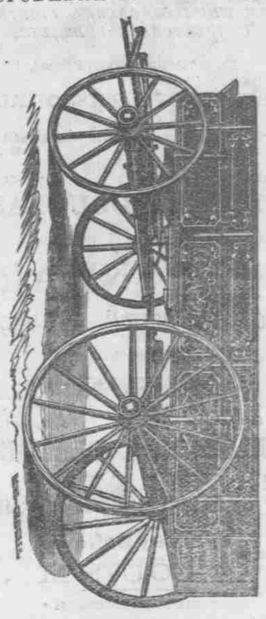

HAND AND POWER CORN SHELLERS, WAGGON THIMBLES, a good assortment always on hand,
SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS, all sizes and kinds,
WOOD AND IRON PUMPS,
FANING MILLS,

and everything the Farmer wants.
Call and see us, on 1st, between Main and Atlantic,

BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA.

BEN. ROGERS,

Livery, Feed, and Sale Stable,

Main Street

BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA.

Dealer in all kinds of Stock. Horses Bought, Sold and Exchanged. Stock boarded by the day or week.

The Proprietor have recently erected an entire new, large and commodous Stable on Main Street near the old Brownville House. Their Stock is all fresh and Vehicles new. The public can be accommodated at all hours, day or night.

A Stock corrall with an abundant supply of pure water atached to the Stable. 41-1y

JACOB MAROHN,

Merchant Tailor,

Main Street opposite McPherson's Block,
BROWNVILLE NEB.

READY MADE CLOTHING.

ALSO AGENT FOR

SINGER SEWING MACHINE

PIONEER PAINT SHOP
LOUIS WALDTER,
HOUSE
SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL

PAINTER
Grainer, Gilder, Glazier,
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White Washing and Kalcemining done.

All work done in a workmanlike manner on the shortest notice.

TERMS CASH!

SHOP on Main street, Shellenberger's Old Stand. (11-22-y1y)

THE BRINKERHOFF
Corn Sheller
SEPARATOR AND CLENER.

PATENTED APRIL 12th, 1864. PATENTED FEB. 28th, 1865.

Manufactured and Sold by

J. GARSIDE & CO.,

ATCHISON, KANSAS.

THE trial of this machine at various County and State Fairs, and the judgement of every one who sees and uses it, unite in pronouncing Brinkerhoff's Corn Sheller the best ever invented. With it a man can shell his crop of corn at his leisure without an assistant, and thereby save in a short time more than the cost of a Sheller.

This Corn Sheller has taken the first premium for three years past at the New York State Fair, when but partially perfected. It has since been brought to a degree of perfection, which makes it complete.

The following is the report of the Judges on this machine, at the great trial of Agricultural Implements held at Auburn, N. Y. in July, 1866, under the auspices of the New York State Agricultural Society:

Among the machines on exhibition was a Hand Corn Sheller, Separator and Cleaner, exhibited by J. Brinkerhoff, Auburn, N. Y. We have carefully examined and thoroughly tested this machine, and have no hesitation in pronouncing it the BEST CORN SHELLER WE EVER SAW. It readily adapts itself to ears of any size or shape, shells clean, and with great rapidity and ease, and the same operation separates the corn from the cob, and the chaff from the corn, and delivers the corn ready for market; and it requires but the labor of but one person to operate it. The whole affair is simple in construction and durable.

J. S. GOULD, Pres N. Y. State Ag. So.
B. P. JOHNSON, Sec. " " "
S. ROBISON, Ag. Ed. N. Y. Tribune,
S. E. TODD, " " Times.

Report of Agricultural Fair Committees, and opinion of Agricultural and other Journals, might be cited at great length, but we content ourselves with the following letter as capping them all:

(*Copy of Letter from U. S. Agent for Paris Universal Exposition.*)

U. S. Agency for Paris Universal Exposition. No. 46 Park Row, Times Building. NEW YORK, Dec. 8th, 1866.

MR. J. BRINKERHOFF, Esq., Dear Sir:—My Advisory Committee, appointed to select Implements for Exhibition at the Universal Exposition in Paris, in 1867, have selected and recommended to me, your CORN SHELLER as the best in America.

I have accepted their report, and will forward your Sheller, if delivered here, ready for shipment on or before January 1, 1867. Yours Truly,

J. C. DERBY, U. S. Agent, &c.

Price $25 and $30,

According to finish and size of balance wheel.

Sample shellers shipped on receipt of the price and warranted to give satisfaction, or the Machine will be taken back and the money refunded upon notice within a reasonable time. Address

WM. T DEN, Ag't,
18-23-dnm f Brownville, Nebraska.

STAMPED WARE

WE ARE NOW MANUFACTURING, IN CONNECTION WITH THE

ST. LOUIS STAMPING COMP'NY,

A new line of TINNED & POLISHED WROUGHT IRON-WARE, suitable alike for

HOUSEHOLD
MINERS' OR CAMP USE.

And take pleasure in calling the attention of Stove, Hardware and general dealers to the many desirable qualities of this NEW WARE, not only as an article of trade, but of UTILITY, combining as it does, NEATNESS, CONVENIENCE and LABOR SAVING in the care of utensils that are in every day use, in the most important of all HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENTS. We desire and request every housekeeper to see our TEA KETTLES, SAUCE PANS, DIPPERS, DISH PANS, WASH BASINS, POLISHED FRY and STEW PANS, as we are sure they have only to be seen to be appreciated.

Many of the articles are made entirely of one piece of wrought iron which, during the process of manufacture, receives several coatings of block tin; this leaves a surface, when finished, perfectly smooth, easily kept clean and entirely protected against rust. The cost is but little more than common tin ware, and every article will do ten times the service. The shape enables us to pack the various sizes in nests so as to occupy but little space, and being but a little heavier than tinware, the cost of transportation is very small. At present our assortment consists in part of

Tea Kettles, Camp Kettles, Mess Pans, Dish Pans, Sauce Pans, Dish Kettles, Fry Pans, Ladles, Dippers, &c., &c.

We are now preparing a new Catalogue and Price List, and believe Stove and Hardware Dealers will find it to their interest to send for a copy of each before purchasing elsewhere. Address

Excelsior Manufacturing Co.,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

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SHELLENBARGER BRO'S,
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HUMPHREYS'

HOMŒOPATHIC SPECIFICS

HAVE PROVEN, FROM THE MOST AMPLE experiance, an entire success; Simple—Prompt—Efficient, and Reliable. They are the only Medicines perfectly adapted to popular use—so simple that mistakes cannot be made in using them; so harmless as to be free from danger, and so efficient as to be always reliable. They have raised the highest commendation from all, and will always render satisfaction.

Nos.		Cents.
1,	Cures Fevers, Congestion, Inflamations	25
2,	" Worms, Worm-Fever, Worm-Colic.	25
3,	" Crying-Colic, or Teething of infants,	25
4,	" Diarrœa of children or adults.	25
5,	" Dysentery, Griping, Billious Colic	25
6,	" Cholera-Morbus, Vomiting,	25
7,	" Neuralggia, Toothache, Faceache,	25
9,	" Headaches, Sick-Headache, Vertigo	25
10,	" Dyspepsia, Billious STomach	25
11,	" Surpressed, or painful Periods.	25
12,	" Whites, too profused Periods.	25
13,	" Croup, Cough, difficult Breathing,	25
14,	" Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions	25
15,	" Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions.	50
16,	" Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	50
17,	" Piles, blind or bleeding	50
18,	" Opthalmy, and sore or weak Eyes.	50
19,	" Catarrh, acute or chronic, Influenza	50
20,	" Whooping Cough, violent Coughs	50
21	" Asthma, oppresed Breathing	50
22	" Ear Discharges, impaired Hearing	50
23	" Scrofula, enlarged Glands, Swellings	50
24	" General debility, Physicial Weakness	50
25	" Dropsy, and scanty Secretions	50
26	" Sea-Sickness, sickness from riding	50
27	" Kidney-Disease, Gravel	50
28	" Nervous Debility, Seminal Emissions involuntary Discharges	1,00
29	" Sore Mouth, Canker	50
30	" Urinary Weakness, wetting bed	50
31	" Painful Periods, with Spasms	59
32	" Sufferings at change of life	1,00
33	" Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dace	1.00
34	" Diphtheria, ulcerated Sore Throat	50

FAMILY CASES.

Of 35 large vials, morocco case, containing a specific for every ordinary deseas a family is subject to, and a book of directions, $10 00

Smaller Famiy and Traveling cases, with 20 to 28 vials, $5 to $8

Specifics for all Private Deases, both for Curing and for Preventave treatment, in vials and pocket cases, $2 to $5

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McCOMAS & Co.,
7-y1 Brownville, Neb.

Natural Leaf, Fine Cut, Grape Juice and Navy Tobacco, at SWAN & BRO'S.

Fresh Tomatoes, in two and three pound cans, at SWAN & BRO'S.

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GENERAL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES AND PROVISION

We have on hand a large and well assorted st of Staple and Fancy

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To which we are making constant additions, which we are selling at prices low as any establ ment west of the Mississippi river.

IN THE QUALITY OF OUR GOODS WE CHALLENGE COMPETIT

FLOUR OF THE MOST APPROVED BRANDS.
HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR COUNTRY PRODUCE.

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REAPERS,
CORN SHELLERS,
Blacksmith's Drills
SAW GUMMERS,
HAY RAKES,
Portable and Stationray
ENGINES,

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FORKS
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Farm and School
BELLS,

Constantly on Hand or Ordered at Short Notice.

We will Sell Lowest Po ble Cash Pri

EACH ARTICLE WARRANTED!!

WE would call particular attention to our Self-Raking or Dropping Reaper, which for easy draught, agement, work, etc., is fast superceding all others. Price of combined Machine $180. Also,

THE EGLE BRICK MACHIN

For which the undersigned are OLE AGENT for the TATE OF NEBRASKA. Price $210. We invite all who intend makin Brick the coming season to call and exam the Machine. We feel confident that all who once see the Machine in operation and learn the ease with it is managed, price, capacity, quality of work, etc., will throw aside the old way of making Brick by hand all objections to Brick Machines. We WARRANT the Machine to be well made, of good mate and durable with proper care. That with one Team and Five Hands it will make

15,000 Brick per Day, of a Better Quality than can be Made by Hand!

We do not, as other machines, claim more than the Machine can do, but what we claim we WARRANT!

For Sale by

12-216m H. T. MINICK, NEMAHA CITY, NEB.

ROBERT TEARE & CO.

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Dry Goods,
Groceries & Nails,
Boots & Shoes,
Crockery & Glassware
Hats & Caps,
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Hosiery & White Goods,

And every other kind of Goods kept in a Western Store, which we will se at the Lowest Market Price, and to prove it,

DROP IN AND SEE US.

Corner Main and Second Streets--McPherson's Block,

BRWNVILLEE, NEBRASKA.

D. A. CONSTABLE,

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Importer and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Iron

STEAL and HEAVY HARDWARE.

Wagon, Carriage, and Plow Woodworks.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS. On hand and to arrive Comprising in part,

Springs, Axes, Axels, Shovels and Spades, Files and Rasps, Chains, Carriage and Tire Bolts, Nuts and Washers, Nails, Horse nails, Horse & Mule Shoes, Saws, etc. etc.

Castings and Hollow Ware, Sugar Kittles Andirons, Skillets and Lids Stew pots, Bake ovens, Fruit kettles and Sad Irons.

Blacksmiths' Tools, Anvils, Stocks and Dies, Bellows, Sledge and Hand Hammers, Vises, Pincers, Rasps, Farriers' Knives, Tuyere Irons, Wrenches, &c.

Outfiting Goods,

Ox Yokes, Axle Grease, Ox chains, Wogon Jacks, Ox Shoe nails, Shovels and Picks, Gold Pans, etc.

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