

Nebraska Advertiser

JARVIS S. CHURCH, Editor. BROWNVILLE, THURSDAY, APRIL 23, 1868.

The Republicans have carried South Carolina and Louisiana by large majorities.

The Right Rev. C. S. Hawks, D. D., L. L. D., died in St. Louis on the 19th inst.

It is understood that the Council Bluffs and St. Joseph railroad will be completed to within three miles of this place, on the Missouri side, by the first day of May.

The Lower House of the Ohio Legislature passed an act depriving all persons who have any "visible admixture" of African blood in their veins of the elective franchise.

Students and School Teachers should take the Advertiser, as it is the only paper in the State devoting any space especially to education. Prof. McKenzie, of the State Normal School, is the Editor of the Educational Department of the Advertiser.

A Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention has been called to meet in Nebraska City, April 28th, for the purpose of choosing fifty delegates to the National Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention in Chicago May 19th, 1868.

A. B. Durfee, W. Uber, Hon. A. E. Wynant and M. McKillop will address the citizens of Benton township at Lahue's school house this evening, the citizens of Sonora on Friday evening, and Linden Saturday afternoon at two o'clock this week.

Just as we go to press we receive full proceedings of the two conventions held at Beatrice, one electing N. Blakely and the other electing W. W. Carder as delegates for the Representative and Senatorial districts to the Republican State Convention.

PERSONAL.—During the past week we have received calls from Gov. Butler, Hon. T. M. Marquette of Cass county, Senator T. J. Majors of Peru, Hon. A. B. Fuller of Sanders county, Hon. A. W. Gray of Johnson county, and Edward Lyana, formerly of the Advertiser.

The citizens of Johnson county held a railroad meeting at Tecumseh on last Saturday evening, at which they voted to raise \$500 in aid of the survey of the Brownville and Ft. Kearney railroad through their county.

By the kindness of Dr. J. W. Blackburn, Secretary of the Brownville and Ft. Kearney Railroad, we were shown a letter from Mr. Smith, engineer of the M. & M. R. A. L. R., soliciting information which would furnish data for making some estimate of the cost of a R. R. bridge over the Missouri River near Brownville.

Farmers, Pay your Taxes in April. We see by the revenue laws of the State that all taxes become delinquent on the first day of May of each year; that it is made the duty of the County Treasurer to add ten per cent. to the amount of all unpaid taxes on the first day of May of each year, which shall be collected as other taxes are collected.

By the kindness of Dr. J. W. Blackburn, Secretary of the Brownville and Ft. Kearney Railroad, we were shown a letter from Mr. Smith, engineer of the M. & M. R. A. L. R., soliciting information which would furnish data for making some estimate of the cost of a R. R. bridge over the Missouri River near Brownville.

Taking all these things into consideration, would it not be well to settle your taxes before the first of May, for after that time you must settle them with the precinct collectors. A word to the wise is sufficient. All who heed these suggestions will have saved more than the cost of the Advertiser for one year.

The Brownville Journal.

The opinion has been prevalent among Republicans in this city for some weeks past, that the Journal would sooner or later throw off its disguise, and come before the public as an organ of the Democratic party of Nebraska.

If more is wanting to confirm the public that there is a willingness on the part of the Journal men to espouse the cause of the Democracy, it will be found in the fact that none are more zealous and persistent in finding fault with Republicans, maligning their motives and misconstruing their action in convention, than they.

It also charges that the delegates at the late county convention neither reflected their own will, nor the will of the people, in refusing to instruct the delegates to the State convention, to vote for certain men for office, and it finally winds up its leading editorial by virtually saying that there is so much dishonesty and chicanery among Republicans that they need watching.

The delegates to our late Republican county convention were composed of the true and tried men of the party in this county, and in their behalf we assert, the editor of the Journal to the contrary notwithstanding, that they are men over whom "rings" and "cliques" have no influence.

We are pained to see this fling in a pretended Republican paper at the representative men of the party. Its whole tendency is to divide rather than harmonize, and we deplore the spirit that impels any one to throw a firebrand in our midst at this inopportune moment.

The Hon. T. M. Marquette, of Platte county, visited this city the present week for the purpose of transacting some legal business which had been entrusted to his care by Lawyer Thomas, and we improved the occasion to ascertain what his prospects were for a nomination for Congress.

Cass County. The Hon. T. M. Marquette, of Platte county, visited this city the present week for the purpose of transacting some legal business which had been entrusted to his care by Lawyer Thomas, and we improved the occasion to ascertain what his prospects were for a nomination for Congress.

At Jenkin's mill is a large settlement. Mr. Jenkin is the post master, and owns the saw mill and a store. He contemplates adding a grist mill and a woolen factory. A gentleman from Marysville, Kansas, is preparing to take to this place a stock of goods, and open up a store for the accommodation of the public.

The latest advices assure us of the complete triumph of the Radical ticket in Georgia.

NEBRASKA ITEMS.

S. H. Calhoun has been nominated for Mayor of Nebraska City by the Democrats. A quarry of marble is said to have been discovered near Beatrice recently.

The Nebraska City News is endeavoring to compute or set forth the enormous amount of tax this country has now to endure as the result of the war brought upon the country by the Democracy who refused to submit to the election of President Lincoln.

The Nebraska City News is endeavoring to compute or set forth the enormous amount of tax this country has now to endure as the result of the war brought upon the country by the Democracy who refused to submit to the election of President Lincoln.

The Nebraska City News is endeavoring to compute or set forth the enormous amount of tax this country has now to endure as the result of the war brought upon the country by the Democracy who refused to submit to the election of President Lincoln.

The Nebraska City News is endeavoring to compute or set forth the enormous amount of tax this country has now to endure as the result of the war brought upon the country by the Democracy who refused to submit to the election of President Lincoln.

The Nebraska City News is endeavoring to compute or set forth the enormous amount of tax this country has now to endure as the result of the war brought upon the country by the Democracy who refused to submit to the election of President Lincoln.

The Nebraska City News is endeavoring to compute or set forth the enormous amount of tax this country has now to endure as the result of the war brought upon the country by the Democracy who refused to submit to the election of President Lincoln.

The Nebraska City News is endeavoring to compute or set forth the enormous amount of tax this country has now to endure as the result of the war brought upon the country by the Democracy who refused to submit to the election of President Lincoln.

The Nebraska City News is endeavoring to compute or set forth the enormous amount of tax this country has now to endure as the result of the war brought upon the country by the Democracy who refused to submit to the election of President Lincoln.

The Nebraska City News is endeavoring to compute or set forth the enormous amount of tax this country has now to endure as the result of the war brought upon the country by the Democracy who refused to submit to the election of President Lincoln.

The Nebraska City News is endeavoring to compute or set forth the enormous amount of tax this country has now to endure as the result of the war brought upon the country by the Democracy who refused to submit to the election of President Lincoln.

The Nebraska City News is endeavoring to compute or set forth the enormous amount of tax this country has now to endure as the result of the war brought upon the country by the Democracy who refused to submit to the election of President Lincoln.

The Nebraska City News is endeavoring to compute or set forth the enormous amount of tax this country has now to endure as the result of the war brought upon the country by the Democracy who refused to submit to the election of President Lincoln.

The Nebraska City News is endeavoring to compute or set forth the enormous amount of tax this country has now to endure as the result of the war brought upon the country by the Democracy who refused to submit to the election of President Lincoln.

The Nebraska City News is endeavoring to compute or set forth the enormous amount of tax this country has now to endure as the result of the war brought upon the country by the Democracy who refused to submit to the election of President Lincoln.

The Nebraska City News is endeavoring to compute or set forth the enormous amount of tax this country has now to endure as the result of the war brought upon the country by the Democracy who refused to submit to the election of President Lincoln.

The Nebraska City News is endeavoring to compute or set forth the enormous amount of tax this country has now to endure as the result of the war brought upon the country by the Democracy who refused to submit to the election of President Lincoln.

The Nebraska City News is endeavoring to compute or set forth the enormous amount of tax this country has now to endure as the result of the war brought upon the country by the Democracy who refused to submit to the election of President Lincoln.

The Nebraska City News is endeavoring to compute or set forth the enormous amount of tax this country has now to endure as the result of the war brought upon the country by the Democracy who refused to submit to the election of President Lincoln.

The Nebraska City News is endeavoring to compute or set forth the enormous amount of tax this country has now to endure as the result of the war brought upon the country by the Democracy who refused to submit to the election of President Lincoln.

The Nebraska City News is endeavoring to compute or set forth the enormous amount of tax this country has now to endure as the result of the war brought upon the country by the Democracy who refused to submit to the election of President Lincoln.

The Nebraska City News is endeavoring to compute or set forth the enormous amount of tax this country has now to endure as the result of the war brought upon the country by the Democracy who refused to submit to the election of President Lincoln.

The Nebraska City News is endeavoring to compute or set forth the enormous amount of tax this country has now to endure as the result of the war brought upon the country by the Democracy who refused to submit to the election of President Lincoln.

IMPEACHMENT EVIDENCE.

April 16th.—Message nominating Thos. Ewing Secretary of War, received Feb. 22, not published in the Standard, dated Feb. 24th, in reference to the Senate resolutions concerning removal of Stanton, was offered as evidence, but ruled out on the ground that the President was impeached by the House, and therefore could not make up a defense after that and then put it in as evidence.

April 16th.—N. S. Cox testifies. In February witness was called to the White House. When there the President wanted witness to institute proceedings to test the constitutionality of tenure of office bill. Witness tried to have the papers for the President to act for Thos. M. Adams, but they were not given.

April 17th.—Several reporters were examined as to the correctness of the published speeches made by the President at Cleveland, Chicago and St. Louis. The corrections were immaterial. Frederic N. Gilman says he told the President that a call had been made on evening in February at a party where his son was for all the officers of the company to repair at once at General Gilman's headquarters, and so the President sent for the General to find out why it was.

April 17th.—P. M. General Randall testified that he removed Foster Budget, postmaster at Augusta, was removed for malfeasance, but did not receive any particular notice in defense of his action. General Randall said that the continued illness of Mr. Stanberry prevented counsel from saying positively as to whether he knew the order was as stated.

April 17th.—After an ineffectual attempt of the managers to introduce some further evidence in the case they announced that they were through. The court adjourned until to-morrow, when the argument on the part of manager Boutwell will be delivered. It is now supposed that the impeachment trial will be ended and verdict of Senate made this week.

Editor Advertiser: As Secretary of the Republican Mass. Convention held at Beatrice, Gage county, I write to inform you that N. Blakely was elected as delegate to the State Convention.

The prospects are bright for farmers in this portion of the State. We are all at work improving our homesteads.

State Normal School—Peru. It was our good fortune to attend the examination and closing ceremonies of the State Normal School at Peru, on the 14th and 15th inst., and we wish now to lay before our readers some few notes taken at the occasion.

Ben. O. B. Hewitt of Brownville, a graduate of Bowdoin College, Maine, and Col. O. H. Irish of the Press were appointed by the State as examiners. Mr. Irish was not present. The method of conducting the exercises consisted of general reviews of the principles passed over in the class during the term of instruction which was followed by general questions to the class by Judge Hewitt.

The spelling lesson was short. Each scholar was required to write a short composition which should contain all the words of the spelling lesson, or some assigned number of them. At the expiration their compositions are read and criticized.

The lesson selected was pronounced by one of the class. The other members wrote the words on a slate, dividing the same into syllables, marking the accented syllable, and giving the vowel the mark representing the proper sound. This was done by the class, and as the correct spelling, division of syllable, and vowel sounds were given Mr. A. having B's slate, was requested to say whether B had made a mistake in spelling, in dividing into syllables, or in giving sounds of vowels. Out of a difficult lesson of thirty words, but two or three mistakes were made and they unimportant.

A short lesson was then read by the advanced reading class. Much time and pains were taken in getting at the sense of the author and giving the etymology of words. They were drilled in the stress, power, and pitch of voice; in emphasis and inflection of the voice.

Next came a thorough examination of the Advanced Arithmetic class, from per centage, on through the book, and of the Advanced Geography class, the result of which was alike creditable to teacher and scholar. This ended the programme of the 14th.

A lecture was then announced for the evening by Judge Hewitt. The storm through the day did not subside until late in the evening, still a respectable audience assembled to hear the lecture, which was well written, and delivered in the Judge's accepted style. The subject was "The Necessity for More General and Complete Education."

The afternoon of the 15th was devoted to orations and compositions, and the reading of a play and well edited paper.

The salutatory by Miss Maggie Tinkham was well written and well read. Miss Illinois Tate—subject "Books"—plainly and congenially set forth her ideas and read well. Oration by Albert Neal, subject "Nebraska." He speaks a little too fast, has the elements of a good speaker. The composition was good, and the facts true.

James Williams, subject "Education." He speaks with ease and well. The sounds of some of the letters were not given as round and full as they ought to have been. This, however, was owing to a constitutional impediment which much practice will overcome.

Annie Swan, subject "Advantage of Education" very clear in style and well read. Louis Burns, subject "Home" very good and well read. John Swan, Selected Oration. Performance well. E. W. Tinkham, subject "Every Man the Architect of his own Fortune." Delivered in a conversational style, sentiment good.

W. Hayden subject "Life is what we make it." Well spoken, intonations good. Miss Lettie Giles read the paper loud, distinct and well. It was made up of many well written pieces. The article, "Boarding around," describes an episode in the life of many a teacher.

W. E. Majors, "Circumstances Never make the Man," well spoken and well written, but he failed to convince us of the truth of his position in all respects. Emma Cowles "Geography," graphically written and well read. Alice Myers, "Earth's Battle Field," an excellent paper, and the reading good.

F. M. Williams, "The Improvement of Time." Well written and well spoken. W. Dorrington, "Resources of Nebraska." He has not lived in rural, nor will he. He has a thorough knowledge of the resources of his adopted State, and has an interesting way of communicating them to others.

Alma Bagley, "Time the Builder," shows herself a good historian and an excellent reader. Lettie Giles, "Time the Destroyer," a counterpart to the last and equally well performed. Geo. Horn, select oration. Needs practice in pronouncing his young; should practice, but considering his age does well.

Henry Burch, select oration; shows remarkable talent for so young a boy. H. Roberts, "Incentives to Intellectual Improvement." Good sentiment; a well written piece—well delivered. Miss Jane Richardson, "Hope," as well composed a paper as any read.

Thos. J. Majors, "Revolutions," a good production and delivered with spirit and animation. The school was then addressed by Prof. Moore of the Brownville High School, and Professor M. McKenzie. After which the Professor read the standing of each scholar; when the exercises closed by singing "Marching through Georgia."

We have attended the examination of many a select, academic or normal school, but none where the standard of advancement was so uniform and so high. What the several classes pretended to have passed over during the term, they knew thoroughly. It is not the rapid advancement so much as the thoroughness of drill that commends the school. What they learn one term does not have to be re-learned the next. The class is prepared at the end of a term to take an advanced position at the next commencement.

The students, who attended at the close of the term are graded as below. Those who left for any cause before the close are not mentioned in the table. The grade is from 100 to 500, 450 and upward is good. Under 400 is poor.

Table with columns: Name of the Student, P. O. Address, Standing, and Remarks. Lists names like Edgar Barth, F. M. Williams, Albert Neal, etc.

BY TELEGRAPH!

Reported Expressly for the Advertiser!

VERY LATEST!

Thayer for Secretary of Interior!

Chicago City Election!

Free Passes to Delegates to the National Convention!

Sheridan for New Orleans!

Impeachment Argument Opened!

Fessenden to have the English Mission!

New York, April 22d.

Herald's Washington special says that Sen. Thayer, of Nebraska, and Sen. Conness, of California, are the candidates for Secretary of Interior under Wade.

The Georgia and S. Carolina elections progressing quietly. Conservatives hopeful of success.

Washington, 22d.

Manager Boutwell begins his argument on impeachment before the Senate at 1 o'clock to-day. The Senate has decided that as many Managers and Counsel as desire may file written arguments.

Chicago, 22d.

In city election, yesterday, D-mocrats elected McAllister Judge of Recorder's Court and O'Hara, Clerk; by 900 majority. Republicans elected ten out of seventeen Aldermen.

Delegates to the Republican National Convention will be furnished free passes good over any railroad, which will be sent them through the Chairman of their respective State Central Committees, on application, by letter, to Chas. W. Dyer, Chairman committee of arrangements.

Times' Washington special says Wade will return Sheridan to New Orleans. McCulloch will go to New York to reside. Wells will remain in Washington. Fessenden will probably have the mission to England. Seward will go to Auburn and Andrew Johnson will go to

NOTICE

U. S. Land Office.

Brownville, Neb., April 16th, 1868.

In compliance with instructions from the Commissioner of the General Land Office, under date of March 27th, 1868, notice is hereby given that in accordance with the act of Congress, approved March 3rd, 1868, the Secretary of the Interior directs the restoration to Pre-emption and Homestead Entry at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents (\$2.50) per acre, all the even numbered sections heretofore withdrawn from market by direction of the Secretary of the Interior, under date of December 5th, 1867, lying within the limits of twenty-five miles on each side and along the line of the Union Pacific Railroad. This notice and after Monday the 15th day of May, 1868, will be prepared to receive applications for Pre-emption and Homestead Entries of such even sections as were not marketed on that day at the rate of \$2.50 per acre.

HENRY M. ATKINSON, Register.

JOHN L. CARSON, Receiver.

Adjoined Sale of Lots

Lincoln, Nebraska.

THE UNREDEEMED WILL OFFER

For Sale at Public Auction, at Lincoln, Nebraska, at 10 o'clock

Tuesday, June 9th, 1868.

About Three Hundred Lots in said town, being the number unused at the time of the advancement of the sale last fall. The lots are appraised, and will be sold to the highest cash bidder above the appraisement.

Lincoln is the Capital of Nebraska, and was created by authority of the Legislature. It is situated in the most fertile region of Nebraska, and at a point apparently destined by nature to be the junction of not less than four of five trunk lines of railway. It is adjacent to the most valuable saline region in the West, of which the capacity for immensity profitable working has already been satisfactorily tested.

About one thousand lots were sold at public sale last fall, at prices which ran from 25 to 40 per cent. above the appraisement; and this spring, so rapid has been the settlement and growth of the town, under fair and certain prospects, that many lots have since been sold at prices from Three to Six Hundred per cent. in advance of their cost. The State House, built during the winter of the sales last fall, is approaching completion. It will be ready for occupation by September, at which time the State Government will be removed to Lincoln. At the June sale there will also be offered a Section of School Land, adjoining the city, in tracts of a few acres each.

DAVID BEHLER, T. P. KENNEDY, Commissioners.

JOHN GILLESPIE, Commissioner.

THEO. HILL & CO., Dealers in

DRY GOODS,

Groceries,

HARDWARE

Ladies' Gent's and Children's

BOOTS

and SHOES,

Queensware,

GLASSWARE,

Hats

and Caps

Agricultural

IMPLEMENTS,

FURS,

NOTIONS,

CARPETS,

Forming, perhaps, the most complete and extensive stock of goods to be found in the Missouri River.

Never having been out of the Stock or fair dealing, they merit the confidence and patronage of

ALL!

LOOK! LOOK! LOOK!

\$50.00 FOR 25 CENTS.

By subscribing for a beautifully illustrated book, something new and interesting, entitled

Ups and Downs in City Life.

Something for every body to read. It describes every character in a city of high or low standing in society, and is sure to please every body that reads it. It contains 200 pages of the print, and 30 beautiful life-like cuts.

\$22.000 have been Appropriated to be given away to subscribers, as follows:

First Prize, \$50.00 in Greenbacks.

Second, " 40.00 "

Third, " 30.00 "

Fourth, " 20.00 "

Fifth, " 10.00 "

And 200 Prizes of \$5.00 each, all in Greenbacks.

To every number of books a Prize is enclosed in the book, and all books are put up in strong wrappers, so they are safe through the country.

Prizes of Books—One book \$5.00; Five books, \$1.00; Fifteen books, \$2.50; 25, 5.00; 50, 10.00; 100, 20.00; 200, 50.00.

MONROE, ATKINS & CO., Publishers and Bookbinders.

111 & 113 Broadway, N. Y.

MAY'S COLUMN.

JUST OPEDED, \$20,000 WORTH OF

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS,

TO BE SOLD AT NEW-YORK PRICES.

D. MAY, Bedford & Conner's Old Stand.

RIGHT MAN AT THE RIGHT TIME.

NEW-YORK DRY GOODS HOUSE.

NEW-YORK DRY GOODS HOUSE.