The Advertiser.

LOCAL.

Blank Deeds, Mortgages, Executions, Replevins, Marriage License, &c. &c. &c. for sale at this Office.

MR. J. S. WILLIAMS, Who is the authorized Agent in St. Louis for this paper, will attend to making collections and purchases in that City. *Office* 97 *Chestnut Street, N. E. cor. 5th.*

BROWNVILLE, THURSDAY, NOV. 22. 1866

Authorized Agents for Prince & Co.

GEO. W. BILL & CO., are the authorized Agents in Nemaha County for Geo. A. Prince & Co's celebrated Cabinet Organs, Melodeons, etc. For price, &c., call at the *Advertiser Office.*

Cranberries just received at
SWAN & CO'S.

Extra Table Rock Flour for sale by
J. L. McGEE & CO.

Hominy, Corn Meal, Flour, Beans, etc., for sale at SWAN & BRO'S.

Choice Groceries and Queensware just received at J. L. McGEE & CO's.

Leslie's Illustrated Almanac, for 1867, is a splendid book and should be in every family. For sale by Marsh & Co.

Rosewood, Mahogeny and Walnut Furniture at McFALL & CO'S.

The choicest of everything can be had at J. L. McGEE & CO's.

H. W. Pedicord has retired from the Brownville House, and last Saturday he sold out a portion of the Furniture.

Marble Top Bureaus, Wash Stands, etc., and Upholstery, all kinds, at
McFALL & CO'S.

Go to McCreery's Drug Store for your Drugs, Tobaccos, Paints, Oils, Glass, School Books, Wall Paper, Window Blinds, etc.

The new Grist Mill, built near the old Weddel bridge by Thompson & Loveless, is now in operation for grinding Corn and will soon be ready for Wheat.

James Berry has just received a large addition to his Mammoth Stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, etc. Jim always does a liberal business with his customers, and it pays to deal at his store.

We are authorized by the ladies to say that a regular Donation Party will be given at the residence of Rev. Milton Williams, of this city, this Thursday and evening. All are invited to attend.

The brick-masons have commenced on the Court House building, and Judge Kennedy says, if the weather will permit, it shall be up and inclosed this winter. The Judge is urging things with his utmost energy.

MERCHANT'S UNION EXPRESS COMPANY.—General Express Forwarders and Collection and Transportation Agents. Elmore P. Ross, President. Wm. H. Seward, Vice President; Wm. C. Beardsley, Treasurer; J. N. Knapp, Secretary.

THEO. HIL & CO.,
Brownville, Agents

We notice that T. C. Hacker is having the lot next to Marsh & Co's Books Store excavated and will have a cellar 22X60 feet deep and walled yet this winter preparatory to putting up a two story business house next spring.

We are pleased to see that instead of sitting and lamenting over the loss of the Post Office, Marsh & Co. are striking out energetically for themselves in spite of Andy's ill will, and have just received a rousing stock of Groceries, Stationery, Notions, etc. They will keep up their Literary Depot as heretofore, and their general business now will be a great accommodation and benefit to community.

Like Magic,—The certainty and quickness with which Coe's Cough Balsam cures Coughs, Colds, Croup, and lung difficulties. Give to the children when attacked with Coughs and Colds, and rest assured they will find relief at once. Physicians say it is the best cough medicine in the world.

See the advertisement, "15,000 Apple Trees For Sale," in another column.—This is undoubtedly as fine a stock of trees as was ever offered in this section. Mr. Loveless is determined to close out the nursery as soon as possible, and those desiring trees will do well to purchase of Mr. Loveless immediately.

In passing through St. Deroin, recently, we had the pleasure of stepping into Mr. A. J. Ritter's store, and were truly surprised to see his Mammoth Stock of Goods. Mr. Ritter is an old experienced hand at the business; we found that his Goods have been selected with great judgement, adapted to the wants of the community, and marked down so marvelously low as to defy competition from any quarter. Call and see him or his gentlemanly Clerk, Peter Fraker, you will always find them on hand with a rousing stock of Goods and accommodating.

There is still a large screw loose in mail matters in the extreme western portion of this Land District, which is settling up with unparalleled rapidity. The P. O. at Big Sandy is now supplied but once a week by way of Leavenworth, Kansas. It takes three weeks and sometimes a month to communicate with this city, with which most of their trading is done, while our tri weekly to Beatrice is within thirty-five miles of Big Sandy.

Jones county is rapidly filling up with a hardy, industrious and loyal population, to incourage and foster which should be the aim of our representation in Congress. We hope the tri-weekly, or at least a semi-weekly mail will be established from Beatrice to Big Sandy.

Last Saturday we overheard a stranger—who had evidently just come from a fruitless hunt after stray stock—remark that "farmers who knew of stray stock in their neighborhood ought to be made pay a heavy penalty if they did not take up, post and advertise them;" said he, "here I've lost a week hunting a colt and have not found it; I would sooner have paid $25 than lost the time, and like as not the colt is within twenty miles of here now." We do not see why some men will not take up strays, when what money they invest brings an interest of 50 per cent. and is a great favor to the owner of the animal in finding it; and if no owner come the surplus over and above expenses, after sale, goes into the school fund. "Whosoever knoweth these things and doeth them not" wrongth the stock raiser or robbeth the cause of education!

His Honor, Judge Dundy, adjourned the Fall Term of the District Court for this Judicial District, in this city, last Saturday; clearing the Docket to the general satisfaction.

Laudation of individuals is not "our forte," yet we echo but the sentiments of all who know him when we frame words of commendation of Judge Dundy's integrity and impartiality as a Judge and ability as a lawyer and jurist. Our almost certain admission as a State in December will give us another to preside over our legal tribunal; yet all will regret Judge Dundy's absence, with but a frail hope that the "coming man" will give such general satisfaction. If he is "retired" in December he will take with him the esteem and best wishes of the Bar and the public.

We are warned by St. Joseph papers that bands of thieves and counterfeiters are migrating to the West and particularly along the Missouri river where they will operate. It will cost our citizens nothing to be vigilent, and may do much good.

Capt. D. W. Allison, was stopped by highwaymen on the Iowa Reservation between here and St. Joseph, last week, and robbed of $2 300.

Atkinson & Co, have received and opened their Fall and Winter Clothing, and a finer stock has rarely been brought to the West. We have looked over their immense lot of Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps, Gent's Furnishing Goods, Hosiery, etc., and can assure the public that in variety, extent, beauty and cheapness it has never been excelled in this market. Those desiring nice, fashionable, comfortable, warm, durable suits, pants, overcoats, dress coats, vests, neckties, collars, hats, caps, or anything else usually worn by the male sex, go to Atkinson & Co., who can completely or partially dress up any man or boy to his entire satisfaction both in goods and prices.

The Lady's Friend, for December, is on hand, and shows a progressiveness in embellishments and literature which cannot help but add to its prosperity and make it the best Ladies' Book in the Union. This, a Christmas number, is beyond question the finest specimen we ever saw. Its illustrations "Under The Mistletoe," and "Old Folks at Home and Young Ones Abroad," should be in every family on Christmas. Get it ladies, and judge for yourselves. For sale at Marsh & Co's. or send $2.50 to Deacon & Peterson, 319 Walnut street, Philadelphia, and get it for one year.

One copy of the *Lady's Friend* and one copy of the *Advertiser* one year $3.50! These are the best terms ever offered. Bring in the names and the cash before New Year.

The brickwork of the Peru College was finished a week ago last Saturday, and the work of enclosing it was immediately begun. The brickwork is pronounced an excellent job, it was done by our townsmen Gates & Bousfield. This will be, when finished, one of the finest buildings in Nebraska, and, we believe, the finest College. We understand that its projectors are financially slightly embarrassed; the building is a fact, yet, we believe, that a generous advance by the public—all are interested—would never more benefit this enterprise than now. Give it a lift, friends!

At the present term of the District Court of Nemaha County, Maj. Reynolds and Capt. Vandeventer applied for admission as Attorneys. His Honor, Judge Dundy, appointed the entire Bar as a Committee of Examination. After a most satisfactory examination; on motion of Senator Tipton, and the initiation of the newly initiated, the members of the Bar with quite a number of invited outsiders, adjourned to Morgan & Johnson's Restaurant and partook of a most sumptuous repast. Speeches were made, songs sung and instrumental music enlivened the occasion; and the evening wore into the "we sma' hours" unnoticed by the festive group, amid harmony and good cheer. The most noticeable feature of the occasion was a dance by the entire troupe, of which an enthusiastic eye-witness remarked "it was the best 'green corn'-ed dance he'd ever seen, and he'd seen the Pawnees do it a heap."—The occasion will be long remembered with pleasure by all who participated therein.

[OFFICIAL.]

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES

Passed at the First Session of the Thirty-Ninth Congress.

(Public Resolution No. 10.)

Joint Resolution to encourage and facilitate Telegraphic Communication between the Western and eastern Continents

Whereas by and act entitled "An act to encourage and facilitate telegraphic communication between the eastern and western continents" approved July first, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, it was provided among other things, that the Secretary of the Navy be authorized to detail a vessel to assist in surveys and soundings, laying down sub-marine cable, transporting materials connected therewith; and generally afford such assistance as might be deemed best calculated to secure a successful promotion of the enterprise; and whereas the Emperor of Russia, for the purpose of cooperating with the government of the United States, under the act aforesaid, has ordered a steam corvette, the "Variag," of two thousand one hundred and six men, to assist in the achievement of said telegraph, and has placed the said steamer subject to the orders of said telegraph company, and whereas said telegraph company intend, the ensuing summer, to lay the submarine cable required at Behring's Strait, said cable and the material for the entire line being now in transit, and the vessels of the company, seven in number being ready at San Francisco and Vancouver, for the exaidition, and require immediate co-operation on the part of the United States, in conformity with said act. Therefore,

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

That the Secretary of the Navy be, and is hereby authorized and required to detail one steam vessel from the squadron of the Pacific station, or elsewhere, to assist in making surveys and soundings in that part of the Pacific coast, both of America and Asia, where it is proposed to establish said telegraph, in laying the sub merged cable and generally to afford such assistance as may be deemed calculated to secure the success of the enterprise, and to carry into effect the purpose of the act approved July first, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, entitled "An act to encourage and facilitate telegraphic communication between the eastern and western continents," so far as the same can be afforded without dismantling her, or destroying or impairing her efficiency as a vessel of war.

Approved, Feb. 26, 1866

(Public Resolution, No. 11.)

A Resolution providing for Expenses incurred in searching for missing Soldiers of the Army of the United States, and for the further Prosecution of the same.

Whereas Miss Clara Carton has, during the late war of the rebellion, expended from her own resources large sums of money in endeavoring to discover missing soldiers of the armies of the United States, and in communicating intelligence to their relatives: Therefore,

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

That the sum of fifteen thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to reimburse Miss Clara Barton for the amount so expended by her, and to aid in the further prosecution of the search for missing soldiers; and the printing necessary in the furtherance of the said object shall hereafter be done by the public printer

Approved, March 10, 1866

(Public Resolution, No. 12.)

Joint Resolution giving the Consent of Congress to the Transfer of the Counties of Berkley and Jefferson to the State of West Virginia.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

That Congress hereby recognizes the transfer of the counties of Berkley and Jefferson from the State of Virginia to West Virginia, and consents thereto.

Approved, March 10, 1866.

[PUBLIC RESOLUTION—No. 13

Joint Resolution authorizing the Secretary of War to transfer to the National Home for Soldiers and Sailors Orphans, of Washington City, certain Stores not needed for the Use of the Government.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled,

That the Secretary of War be and he is hereby, authorized to deliver to the lady directors of the National Home for Sailors' and Soldiers Orphans of Washington, for the use and aid of that societies in its benevolent objects, such blankets, bedding and other furniture and articles as may be proper for their purposes, and as are now on hand in the stores of the surgeon-general's department, and no longer needed for government account; the Secretary to determine, at his discretion, the specific amount and character of stores to be appropriated, and of which due account shall be taken. Approved, March 10, 1866

[Public Resolution No. 14]

Joint Resolution for the relief of the Sufferers by the late Explosion at the United States Arsenal, in the District of Columbia

Whereas by the late explosion at the United States Arsenal, in the District of Columbia, ten persons were killed, who were mit enlisted men, but were employes of the government in said arsenal; and whereas those who were so killed left wives and children dependent upon them for support, most of whom are now in a destitute condition: Therefore

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled,

That the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars be and the same is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasure not otherwise appropriated, and placed by the Secretary of the Treasury in the hands of Col. Benton, commandant of said arsenal, to be distributed by him among the sufferers by the said explosion, according to the equity and necessities of their several cases, and that the said commandant report the details of said distribution to Congress, with the vouchers therefor. Approved, March 17, 1866

Public—No. 29

An Act to provide Arms and Ammunition for the Defence of the Inhabitants of Dakota Territory

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled

That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby authorized and directed to issue, upon the requisition of the governor of Dakota Territory, such amount of ordinance and ordinance stores as may be necessary to the inhabitants of said Territory who may organize for defence against hostile Indians, not exceeding one thousand stand of small-arms and one hundred thousand rounds of ammunition, to be charged against the tribes due, or to become due, to the Territory under the laws for arming and equipping the militia.

Approved, April 7, 1866

(Public No. 32.)

An Act granting to the State of Wisconsin a Donation of Public Lands to aid in the Construction of a Breakwater and Harbor and Ship canal at the head of Sturgeon Bay, in the county of Door, in said State, to connect the Waters of Green Bay with Lake Michigan, in said State

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled,

Teat there be, and hereby is, granted to the State of Wisconsin for the purpose of aiding said State in constructing and completing a breakwater and harbor and ship canal to connect the waters of Green bay with the waters of Lake Michigan, two hundred thousand acres of public lands, to be selected in subdivisions agreeably to the United States survey, by an agent or agents appointed by the governor of said State, subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Interior from lands subject to private enory: Provided, That said selection shall all be made from alternate and odd number ed sections of land nearest the location of said harbor and canal in said State not otherwise appropriated, and not from lands designated by the United States as "mineral" before the passage of this act, nor from lands to which the rights of pre-emptioe or homestead have attached

Sec 2 And be it further enacted, That the said lands hereby granted shall be subject to the disposal of the legislature of said State, or, if the legislature thereof shall not be in session, of shall adjourn within ten days after the passage and approval of this act, then said lands shall be subject to the disposal of the governor and board of commissioners of school, university, and swamp lands of said State, for the purposes aforesaid, and for no other, and the said canal shall be and remain a public highway for the use of the government of the United States, free from toll or charge upon the vessels of said government, or upon vessels employed by said government in the transportation of any property or troops of the United States.

Sec 3 And be it further enacted, That before it shall be competent for said State to dispose of any of said lands, to be selected as aforesaid, the plan of said break water and harbor and the route of said canal shall be established, and a plat or plats thereof shall be filed in the office of the war Department, and a duplicate there filed in the office of the Commissioner of the General Land Office.

Sec. 4 And be it further enacted, That if the said breakwater, harbor, and canal, shall not be completed within three years from the passage of this act, the lands hereby granted and remaining unsold shall revert to the United States.

Sec 5. And be it further enacted, that the legislature of said state shall cause to be kept an accurate account of the sales and net proceeds of the lands hereby granted, and of all expenditures in the construction, repairs, and operation of said canal, and of the earnings thereof, and shall return a statement of the same annually to the Secretary of the Interior. And whenever said State shall be fully reimbursed for all advances made for the construction, repairs, and operating of said canal, with legal interest on all advances until the reimbursement of the same, or upon payment to the United States of any balance of such advances over such receipts from said lands and canal, with such interest, the said State shall be allowed to tax for the use of said canal only such tolls as shall be sufficient to pay all necessary expenses for the care, charge, and repair of the same.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That said ship canal shall be at least one hundred feet in width, with a depth of water not less than thirteen feet. Approved, April 18, 1866

[Public—No. 33]

An Act to grant the Right of Way to the "Cascade Railroad Company" through a Military Reserve in Washington Territory.

Whereas the Cascade Railroad Company, a corporation duly created and organized undey the laws of Washington Territory, has constructed and put in operation a railroad on the Cascade Portage of the Columbia river, in said Territory, a portion of which said road is constructed through a Military reserve of the United States; and whereas doubts have arisen as to the right to construct such road through said reserve and the validity of the charter of said Company: Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representative of the United States of America in Congress Assembled,

That there shall be, and is hereby granted to the said Cascade Railroad Company a right of way of sixty feet in width along the line of said road as at present constructed and along the changes of location hereafter made to straighten and render said road safe, through the public lands of the United States, the military reserve, and the lands of private persons thereto, including all necessary grounds for stations, buildings work shops, depots, machine shops, switches, side tracks and wharves. And the charter of said company is hereby adopted and declared to be valid: Provided, That nothing in this act shall be so construed as to give said company the right to occupy for any purpose whatever more than sixty feet in width on the line of said road at any point or points where the space or pass between the river and bluff or mountain is so narrow as not to admit of the construction of another parallel railroad, turnpike, road, canal, or other public work for transaction of freight or passengers

Approved, April 10, 1866

[Public—No. 39.]

An Act to amend an Act entitled "An Act to provide Ways and Means to support the Government," approved March third, eighteen hundred and sixty-five.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled,

That the act entitled "An act to provide ways and Means to support the Government" approved March third, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, shall be extended and construed to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury, at his discretion, to receive any Treasury notes or other obligations issued under any act of Congress, whether bearing interest or not, in exchange for any description of bonds authorized by the act to which this is an amendment; and also to dispose of any description of Bonds authorized by this act, either in the United States or elsewhere, to such an amount, in such manner, and at such rates as he may think advisable, for lawful money of the United States, or for any Treasury notes, certificates of indebtedness, or certificates of deposit, or other representatives of value, which have been or which may be issued under any act of Congress, the proceeds thereof to be used only for retiring Treasury notes of other obligations issued under any act of Congress; but nothing herein contained shall be construed to authorize any increase of the public debt: Provided, That of United States notes not more than ten millions of dollars may be required and cancelled within six months from the passage of this act and thereafter not more than four millions of dollars in any one month: And provided further, That the act to which this is an amendment shall continue in full force in all its provisions, except as modified by this act.

Sec. 2 And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury shall report to Congress at the commencement of the next session the amount of exchanges made or money borrowed under this act, and of whom, and on what terms; and also the amount and character of indebtedness retired under this act, and the act to which this is an amendment, with a detailed statement of the expense of making such loand and exchanges. Approved, April 12, 1866.

PUBLIC—No 40

An Act to reimburse the State of Pennsylvania for Moneys advanced Government for War Purposes

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

That to supply a deficiency in paying the army, under the act of March fourteen, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, and to reimburse the State of Pennsylvania for money expended for payment of militia in the service of the United States, the sum of eight hundred thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated: Provided, That before the same is paid, the claim of the said State shall be again examined and settled by the Secretary of War.

Approved, April 12, 1866.

Public—No 41

An Act to amend "an Act to incorporate the Mutual Fire Insurance Company of the District of Columbia

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

That the third section of an act entitled "An act to incorporate the Mutual Fire Insurance Company in the District of Columbia," approved on the tenth day of January, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, be, and the same hereby is, so amended as to read fifty thousand dollars, in the place of twenty thousand dollars.

Approved, April 12, 1866

PUBLIC—No. 44

An Act to establish to Collection District of Port Huron, the Collection District of Michigan, the Collection District of Montana and Idaho, and to change the Name of the Collection District of Penobscot.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

That a new collection district, to be called the district of of Point Huron, be, and the same is hereby, established in the State of Michigan, which shall embrace the mouth and entire shore of the Stint Clair river, and the counties of Saint Clair, Lapeer, Tuscola, and Saginaw, and all the territory and waters of the State of Michigan lying north of said counties and east of the principal meridian; and a collector shall be appointed to reside at Port Huron, which shall be the sole port of entry for said district. And the said collector shall receive the same compensation provided for the collectors of Pembina, Chicago, and certain other ports by the second section of the act entitled "An act to regulate the foreign coasting trade on the northern, northwestern, and northwestern frontiers of the United States and for other purposes," approved June seventeen, eighteen hundred and sixty-four. And all the territory and waters of the said State of Michigan lying west of the said principal meridian, and not included in the district of Michilimackinac, are hereby made a separate district, to be called the district of Michigan for which a collector, with the same compensation as above provided for the collector of Port Huron, shall be appointed to reside at Grand Haven which shall be the sole port of entry for said district of Michigan.

Sec. 2 And be it further enacted, That the Territories of Montana and Idaho, be, and the same are hereby made a new collection district, to be called the district of Montana and Idaho, and that a collector, with the same salary as is above provided for each of the collectors of Port Huron and Michigan, shall be appointed to reside at the port of entry in said district, which shall be designated by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the collection district of Penobscot in the State of Maine, shall hereafter be called the District of Dastine.

Approved, April 13, 1866

Public—No. 45

An Act making Appropropriations for the Naval Service for the Year ending thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and sixts-seven.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

That the following sums be, and toey are hereby, appropriated to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty seven;

For pay of commission, warrant, and petty officers and seamen, including the engineer corps of the navy, nine millions three hundred and thirty-six thousand six hundred and thirty-eight dollars.

For the payment of bounties to discharged seamen eight hundred thousand dollars For the purchase of various articles of equipment, viz: canvas, leather, iron, cables and anchors, oil, galleys, and stores, and for the payment of labor on articles manufactured in the navy yards and for outfit stores in the navigators', boatswains' and sailmakers' department of vessels, one million dollars.

For surgeons necessaries and appliances for the sick and wounded of the navy including the coast survey and marine corps one hundred and sixty-eight thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For navigation apparatus and supplies, and for purposes incidental to navogation, one hundred and nine hundred and ninety-two thousand five hundred dollars

For contingent expenses of the navy, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Bureau of Yards and Docks.—For contingent expenses that may accrue for the following purposes, viz For freight and transportation; for printing advertising, and stationery; for books, maps, models, and drawings; for the purchase and repair of fire-engines, for machinery of every description, and patent right to use the same; for coals and other fuel; oil, and gas; for cleaning and clearing up yards; for flags, awnings, and packing boxes, for pay of wachmen, for incidental labor at navy yards not applicable to any other appropriation for rent of landing at Portsmouth, New-Hampshire, for tolls and ferriages, for water tax, for rent of totes, one million seven hundred and sixts thousand dollars.

Bureau of Equipment and recruiting.—For expenses that may accrue for the following purposes, namely: expenses of recruiting, traveling expenses of officers, transportation of men, printing and stationery, advertising in public newspapers, postage on public letters warfare and demurrage, apprehension of deserters, pilotage and towage of vessels, and assistance to vessels in distress, hight hundred thousand dollars

Bureau of Medicine and Surgery.—For contingent expenses of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, seventy-five thousand dollars. For pay of officers, noncommissioned officers, musicians, privates, clerks messengers, steward and nurse, and servants; for rations and clothing for officers' servants; additional rations to officers for five years' service; for undrawn clothing, and bounties for enlistment one million one hundred and seven thousand sixty six dollars and ninety-five cents. For provisions, one hundred and sixty nine thousand nine hundred and sexen dollars and fifty cents. For clothing, three hundred and fourteen thousand six hundred and sixty-one dollars. For military stores, viz: Pay of mechanics, repair of arms purchase of accourtements ordnance stores, flags, drums, fifes, and other instruments, sixteen thousand dollars. For repairs of barracks, and rent of offices where there are no public buildings, fifteen thousand dollars. For contingencies, viz: freight, toll, ferriage, cartage, wharfage, purchase and repair of boats, compensation to judge advycates per diem for attending courts martial, courts of inquiry, and for constant labor: house rent in lieu of quarters, burial of deceased marines, printing, stationery, postage, telegraphing apprehension of deserters, oil, candles, gas, repairs of gas and water fixtures, water rent, forage, straw, barracks, furniture, furniture for officers quarters, bed sacks, wrapping paper, oil-cloth, crash, rope, twine, spades shovels, axes, picks, carpenters' tools, keep of a horse for the messenger, pay of matron, washerwoman, and porter at the hospital headquarters, repairs to fire-engine purchase and repair of engine house, gravel for parade grounds, repair of pumps, furniture for staff and commanding officers' offices, brushes, brooms, buckets, paving, and for purchase of carpets and furniture provided for in this act they shall be of domestic manufacture.

NAVY YARDS

Portsmouth New Hampshire. For iron foundry, five thousand nine hundred and forty-six dollars For shop for iron-cladding, sixteen thousand six hundred and thirty-two dollars. For contenesers, seven thousand six hundred and sixty dollars For road and timber slips twenty-eight thousand three hundred and three dollars. For enlarging office building, nine thousand seven hundred and forty-eight dollars For fitting and furnishing plumbers' coppersmith's and tin shop, three thousand six hundred dollars for machinery and tools forty-eight thousand one hundred dollars. For repair of all kinds, seventy thousand dollars. For purchase of the right of drainage through the yard, now held by the city of Charlestown twenty-five thousand dollars. For one steam fire-engine, five thousand dollars. For widening main entrance, twelve thousand dollars. For tools for machine and forge shops, seventy one thousand dollars For machinery for ropewalk, thirty-one thousand dollars. For filling in a portion of timber-dock, forty thousand dollars For addition to stable, eight thousand dollars. For repairs of all dinds, eighty-five thousand dollars For quay wall, extension at sewer, one hundred thousand dollars. For continuing the work on the new machine and boiler shop, one hundred thousand dollars. For dredging channels, sixty five thousand dollars. For special repairs, twenty thousand five hundred dollars. For repairs of all kind one hundred and sixteen thousand dollars. For dredging channels four thousand and twenty-eight dollars. for repairs of dry dock, forty six thousand. For repairs of all kinds, fifty-eight thousand four hundred and eighty dollars For completing saw mill, twenty five thousand dollars. For extending south pier one hundred feet, fifteen thousand For new paint-shop, eight thousand five hundred and eighty-three dollars. For smithery, twelve thousand and sixty-two dollars For extension of iron foundery, eight thousand four hundred and forty-five dollars. For machinery and tools, ninety thousand six hundred dollars. For repairs of all kinds, sixty one thousand six hundred dollars Norfolk. For railway track and cars, eight thousand dollars. For repair of wharves, two thousand five hundred dollars For one Ames's wharf crane, three thousand dollars For machinery and tools, fifty thousand dollars For stereotuse number fourteen, forty six thousand dollars For protection of the property at Norfolk navy-yard, twenty thousand dollars or so much therof as shall be necessary. Pensacola, Florida.—For muster office, eight thousand one hundred and four dollars. For new gate to dock basin thirty thousand dollars. For pile engine, seven hundred dollars. For the preservation and necessary repairs of the property of the United States at the Pensacola navy yard, fifty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary. Mare Island, California.—For foundry and boiler establishment, eighty five thousand dollars For cisterns, buildings sixty-eight and forty-five, seven thousand three hundred dollars For quay-wall, fifty thousand dollars. For grading, twenty thousand dollars. For cistern and holder for gas works, two thousand five hundred dollars. For repair of all kind, fifty thousand dollars.

HOSPITALS.

Boston. For repairs of builldings, roads, fences, cemetery, walls, stable and furniture, painting, glazing, grounds, and miscellaneous item, ten thousand dollars.

New York For repairs of hospital buildings and appendages, roads, fences, walls, stables, and furniture, painting, glazing, cemetery grounds, fences, walls, and furniture, ten thousand dollars.

Laboratory, New York. For repairs of buildings and appendages, purchase and repairs of instruments, apparatus and machinery, painting, glazing furniture, and miscellaneous items, three thousand five hundred dollars.

Washington. For completing building authorized by act of Congress approved March fourteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, including cost of enclosing premises, grading sidewalks, laying curbstones, together with the necessary out-buildings and their appurtenances, thirty thousand dollars.

Norfolk. For repairs of buildings appendages, roads, fences, rebuilding sea-wall, rainting and glazing spouting and repairing roof, wharves and bridges, brick pavement, furniture, floors of basement, improving grounds, and for miscellaneous items, twenty thousand dollars.

Pensacola For repairs of buildings. appendages, painting, glazing, furniture, and miscellaneous items, ten thousand dollars.

Mare Island. For repairs of building, oppendages, painting, glazing, fupniture and miscellaneous items, seven thousand five hundre dollars

MISCELLANEOUS.

For pay of superintendent, naval constructors, and all the civil establishments of the several navy yards and stations, one hundred and forty-six thousand two hundred and thirty dollars. And the pay of the clerk of the yard and first clerk to naval storekee per at each of the navy yards at Portsmouth, New Hampshire, and Philadelphia, shall be twelve hundred dollars per anum. For testing the use of petroleum as a fuel under marine boilers, five thousand dollars. For the construction of a levee on the river-front of the government property at Mound City, Illinois, seven thousand dollars. To pay mileage of visitors to the Naval Academy, one thousand dollars. For expenses of Naval Academy, viz: for pay of civil officers, professors, watchmen and others, contingent expenses, improvements and repairs, one hundred and ninety-eight thousand four hundred and twenty nine dollars. For the erection of a machine-shop at toe Naval Academy, twenty thousand dollars. For the increase of the library at the Naval Academy, two thousand dollars:

For the enlargement of the chapel at the Navy Academy, and for the erection of mural tablets therein to commemorate the memory of nevy officers who have sacrificed their lives in the service of the country, seven thousand dollars.

NAVAL ASYLUM, PHILADELPHIA.

For furniture and repairs to same, one thousand dollars. For house-cleaning and whitewashing eight hundred dollars For furnaces' gates, and ranges, seven hundred dollars For gas and water rent, eleven hundred dollars. For improvement of grounds, three hundred dollars For wharves and lots, eight hundred dollars For painting houses and Walls, two thousand dollars For repairs of all kinds, one thousand dollars For support of beneficiaries, forty-eight thousand dollars.

Sec. 2 And be it further enacted, That so much of the first section of the act making appropriations for the naval service, approved May twenty first, eighteen hundred and sixty four, as appropriates tow hundred and fifty thousand dollrrs "for bounties for destruction of enemies' vessels, as per act of July seventeenth eighteen hundred and sixty-two," be abended so that said appropriation shall apply to all cases of destruction of enemies vessels during the recent rebellion, and at the same rate provided in the act to which reference is made

Sec. 3 And be it further enacted, That no portion of the amounts herein appropriated shall be paid in violation of the provisions of the act entitled "An act to prescribe an oath of office, and for other purposes," approved July 2d eighteen hundred and sixty two.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That so much of the second section of an act entitled An act to regulate the pay of the navy of the United States, approved march three, eighteen hundred and thirty-five, as prohibites, any allowance to any officer in the naval service for rent of quarters, or for furniture, or for lights or fuel, or transporting baggage, and all acts and parts of acts authorizing the appointment of navy agents, be and the same are hereby, repealed.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That the examination of candidates for admission to the Navy Academy shall be held at such stated times as the Secretary of the Navy may direct.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That the office of assistant in Bureau of Ordinance be, and the same is hereby, abolished.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That hereafter no vacancy in the grade of professor of mathematics in the navy shall be filled

Sec. 8 And be it further enacted, That the act approved August thirty-first, eighteen hundred and fifty-two, for surveys and, reconnoissances, for naval and commercial purposes, of such parts of Bebring's Strait of the north Pacific ocean, and of the China seas, as are frequented by American whale ships and by trading vessels in their routes between the United States and China, be, and the same is hereby, revived, and the Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorised and required to recommence and continue surveys and reconnoissances in the Pacific ocean, not yet fully examined by using such vessels officers, crews, outfits, and supplies of the navy, as may be necessary and available for that service.

Sec. 9 And be it further enacted, That for the purpose of settling the accounts of disbursing officers of the navy, where payments for contingent expenses have been made from the appropriation for "the pay of the navy" prior to the passage of the act making appropriations for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and sixty-three four, the Secretary of the Treasury of the Territory be, and he is hereby, authorized to transfer from the appropriation for the pay of the navy to the appropriation for contingent, the sum of two hundred and forty-five thousand and nine hundred and four dollars and twelve cents.

Approved, April 17, 1866

PUBLIC—No. 46.

An Act to reimburse the State of Missouri for Moneys expended for the United States in enrolling, equipping and provisioning Militia Forces to aid in suppressing the Rebellion.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled.

That immediately after the passage of this act the President shall by and with the advice and consent of the Senate appoint three commissioners, whose duty it shall be to ascertain the amount of moneys expended by the State of Missouri, enrolling, equiping, subsisting and paying such State forces as hale been called into service in said State since the twenty-fourth of August, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, to act in concert with the United States forces in the suppression of rebellion against the United States. And the said commissioners shall be authorized and required to sit as a board at some place in the State of Missouri, and shall be authorized to call witnesses before them and examine them under oath. And said commissioners shall be authorized to employ a clerk at the rate of compensation not to exceed fifteen hundred dollars per annum.

Sec 2 And be it further enacted, That in making up said amount, for the convenience of the accounting officers of the government, the commissioners shall state separately the amounts expended, respectfully, for enrolling, equipping, arming subsisting and paying said troops, and from the aggregate amount they shall deduct the amount of direct tax due by the said State to the United States under the act entitled "An act to provide increased revenue from imports, pay interest on the public debt, and for other purposes," approved August fifth, eighteen hundred and sixty-one.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That in the adjustment of accounts under this act the commissioners shall not allow for any expenditure or compensation for service at a rate greater than was at the time authorized by the laws of the United States and the regulations prescribed by the Secretary of War in similar cases.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That so soon as said commissioners shall have made up said account and ascertained to balance, as herein directed, they shall make written report thereof, showing the different items of expenditure stated, to the Secretary of the Treasury, and shall transmit all the testimony taken by said commissioners to the Secretary of the Treasury the account shall be found to be just and coorect, the some shall be paid.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners to be appointed as aforesaid shall, before proceeding to the discharge of their duties, be severally sworn that they will carefully examine athe accounts existing between the United States and the State of Missouri, and that they will, to the best of their ability, make a just, true, and impartial statement thereof, as required by this act. They shall receive such compensation for their services as may be determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, not exceeding ten dollars per day for each day actual service

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That the sum of million seven hundred and fifteen thousand and eight nine dollars and sixty-six cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated to carry this into effect.

Approved, April 17, 1866.

[Public—No. 47]

An Act to authorize the President of the United States to transfer a Gunboat to the Government of the Republic of Liberia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of United States of America in Congress assembled,

That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby authorized to transfer to the government of the republic of Liberia any one of the gunboats now or hereafter included in the navy of the United States, her armament, tackle, apparel and furniture, which may be acceptable to that government, and can, in the judgement of the Secretary of the Navy, be conveniently spared for that purpose, and upon a valuation to be fixed by him.

Sec 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Navy is authorized and directed to enter into a contract With any person duly empowered by government of that republic, by which that government shall engage to repay to the United States the value of the gunboat to be transferred: Provided, That the contract shall stipulate for the full reimbursement to the United States of the value of such gynboat in annual installments, not exceeding ten in number, with interest on each at six per centum per annum from the date of the contract.

Approved, April 17, 1866.

[Public No. 48]

An Act to provide that the Soldier's Individual Memorial shall be carried through the Mails at the usual rate of Printed Matter.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled,

That the ornamental records of the personal services of federal officers and soldiers, composed partly of written and partly of printed matter, but containing no private communications, and known as the "soldier's individual memorial," shall be allowed to pass thro' the mails upon the pasment of the usual postage on printed matter.

Approved, April 17, 1866.

[Public—No. 63.]

An Act to authorize the Sale of Marine Hospital and of Revenue Cutters.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled.

That the Secretary of the Treasury be and he is hereby authorized to lease, or to sell at public auction, to the highest and best bidder, for cash, after due notice in the public newspapers, such marine hospital buildings and lands appertaining thereto as he may deem advisable, and he is hereby empowered to make, execute and deliver all needful conveyances to the lessee or purchasers thereof respectively, and the proceeds of such sales are hereby appropriated for the marine hospital establishment; Provided, That the hospitals at Cleveland, Ohio, and Portland, Maine shall not be sold or leased,