

R. W. Furnas

NEBRASKA ADVERTISER

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Nebraska Advertiser.

"LIBERTY AND UNION, ONE AND INSEPARABLE NOW AND FOREVER."

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

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VOL. X.

BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA, THURSDAY, JUNE 28, 1866

NO 40

BUSINESS CARDS.

CHARLES HELLMER, Boot and Shoe

MAKERY Main St. 2 doors below Brownville House, BROWNVILLE, N. T.

CUSTOM WORK Repairing done with neatness and dispatch Terms Cash.

FRANZ HELLMER, Wagon Maker, OPPOSITE DEUSER'S TIN-SHOP, BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA.

WAGONS, BUGGIES, PLOWS, CULTIVATORS, etc., repaired on short notice, at low rates, and warranted to give satisfaction.

C. F. STEWART, M. D. OFFICE South East corner of Main and First Streets BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA.

EDWARD W. THOMAS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY, Office corner of Main and First Streets, BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA.

Mrs. M. W. Bennett, Millinery & Fancy Goods STORE, Main Street one door west of the Post Office BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA.

G. M. HENDERSON & CO., DEALERS IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE, Main Street, 2 Doors above Post Office, BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA.

MARSH & CO., [SUCCESSORS TO MARSH & ZOOK.] General News Agents and Stationers, Post Office Building, BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA.

BROWNVILLE HOUSE, COR. MAIN AND 2ND STS., Brownville, Nebraska.

H. W. PEDICORD, Proprietor. This House has been refurnished and newly fitted up and refurnished under its present enterprising Proprietor, who guarantees satisfaction to all who may patronize his House.

GRANT'S CHEAP CASH STORE, Main Street between First and Second, BROWNVILLE, N. T.

WE have in store a large and well selected stock of Boots and Shoes, Fine Quality of Spring Stock, WHICH HE OFFERS FOR SALE CHEAP FOR CASH Groceries of Every Kind, Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Soda, Allspice, Pepper, Candles, Tobacco, Matches, Starch, &c., &c., &c.

A. ROBINS N, BOOT AND SHOE MAKER, Main Between 1st & 2d Street Brownville Nebraska

TIPTON & HEWETT, Attorneys at Law, BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA.

LOUIS WALDTER, House-Sign & Ornamental PAINTER, Glazier, Gilder, Grainer, PAPER HANGER etc. All work done in a workman-like manner, and on strictly CASH TERMS.

RICHARD F. BARRET, GENERAL LAND AGENT, AND DEALER IN LAND WARRANTS & LAND SCRIPT, Personal attention given to making Locations.

CLOCK, WATCHES, AND JEWELRY!! JOSEPH SHUTZ, Has just received and will constantly keep on hand a large and well selected stock of genuine articles in his line.

WORK WARRANTED, Brownville, Neb., March 10th, 1866. 10-25 ly

NEW Clothing Store, The undersigned keep on hand a large assortment of SATTINET & CASSIMERE SUITS For Men and Boy's wear. Also, a large stock of HATS AND CAPS LINEN & WOOLLEN SHIRTS BOOTS AND SHOES.

UMBRELLAS AND CARPET BAGS, Gent's Furnishing Goods, Of all kinds which we will CHEAP FOR CASH We purchased our goods since the decline in the Markets and will sell at low figures. ATKINSON & CO. April 13th, 1865. 9-30-1y

JACOB MAKROHN, MERCHANT TAYLOR, MAIN STREET, BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA, Has just received the largest supply of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS FOR GENT'S WEAR, THE VERY LATEST STYLES Work Warranted—&—Terms Cash! January 1st 1865 p'd to Oct. 16th 1865.

Evan Worthing, Wholesale & Retail Dealer in Choice Liquors, Wines, Ale, Beer, ALSO AGENT FOR, PITTS BUFFALO THRASHING MACHINE, NEW YORK SELF RAKING REAPER, QUAKER MOWER AND BUCK EYE CULTIVATOR. WHITNEY'S BLOCK, Main Street, Brownville May, 17th 1866 10-31 ly fr. an

Meeting of School Examiners, Notice is hereby given that the Board of School Examiners of Nemaha County, Nebraska, will hold meetings for the Examination of Teachers for said County, at the office of E. W. Thomas, in Brownville, on the 1st Saturday in every month, between the hours of one and 3 P. M. Applicants for certificates are required to be present at one o'clock, precisely, or they will not be examined. No person need apply at any other time. By order of the Board, E. W. THOMAS, Clerk. April 1st, -71

STRAY NOTICE, Taken up by the undersigned, living in the Missouri Valley 3 miles above Peru, in Nemaha County Nebraska, on the 14th day of May 1866, when in the mire, one large brown Mare, blind in the left eye, small spot in the forehead, cap of knee slipped, 10 years old. May 14 1866. 36 54 THOMAS WAGGENSON.

AMERICAN HOUSE, L. D. ROBINSON, PROPRIETOR, Front Street, between Main and Water, BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA.

May, 30th 1866. 10-36 ly JAMES MEDFORD, CABINET-MAKER AND Undertaker, Corner 2nd and Main Streets, BROWNVILLE, N. T.

Is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line on short notice and reasonable terms. 1-6m

Photograph Gallery, For good pictures, Photographs or Ambrotypes, call at A. & M. Stafford's Rooms above the Post Office. We are prepared to do the best of work in the shortest possible time, and on as reasonable terms as any in the West. Give us a call. Examine our work. We insure satisfaction.

We take all sorts of pictures, Of every style of faces. Both Photographs and Ambrotypes, in plain or fancy cases. A. & M. STAFFORD, 31-1st Brownville, Neb.

RESTAURANT AND OYSTER SALOON, WILLIAM ROSSELL, takes this method of informing the public that he has just opened, on Main street, between 1st and 2nd, BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA, a Restaurant and Oyster Saloon.

Also, Confectionaries, Canned Fruit, Dried Fruit, Spices of all kinds, Tea, Coffee, Sugar Tobacco, Potatoes, sweet Potatoes and everything usually kept in a retail grocery store. MEALS SERVED AT ALL HOURS. FRESH OYSTERS. x-15-ly

HOLLADAY & CO., [Successors to J. F. Morris.] Would respectfully announce to the Citizens of Brownville and vicinity, that they have purchased the large and well-selected stock of

DRUGS AND Medicines, Paints, And the entire stock formerly kept by F. Morris. And they will keep constantly on hand everything usually kept in a

FIRST CLASS DRUG STORE, and are determined not to be undersold for cash. DR. HOLLADAY will give his personal and undivided attention to the business. Prescriptions and orders carefully filled at all hours. WHITNEY'S BLOCK, MAIN STREET BROWNVILLE NEBRASKA x-28 ly 10 am

JUST OPENED AT THE CLOTHING HOUSE! ONE OF THE LARGEST STOCKS OF SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, CONSISTING OF: Cadmore Suits, Linen Suits, Merceries, Pants and Vests, Fine Dress Suits, of all Descriptions, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Gent's Furnishing Goods, Consisting of Drawers, Shirts, Hosiery, &c., &c. RUBBER GOODS, BLANKETS, TRUNKS, VALISES, and all such goods which are kept in well conducted stores. We manufacture our Goods, and sell them cheaper than any House West of 3rd Ave. N. Y. N. Y. We would be pleased to have you call and examine our stock. M. E. BRILICE.

NEW Drug Store, J. B. WELLS, DEALER IN DRUGS AND MEDICINES, Peru, Nemaha County, Nebraska Has just received a large and well selected Stock of DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISH, DYE STUFF, BRUSHES, SPONGES, FANCY AND TOILET ARTICLES, And everything commonly kept in a First Class Drug Store. Customers will find his Stock complete, which he offers for CASH at the very lowest market prices. Physicians Prescriptions Compounded with the utmost care at all hours. June 21st 1866 39

Poerty. I Saw Her but a moment.

There is a poet in St. Joseph who very evidently does not like the tilting hoop skirts about which so much is being said now-a-days. Hear him:

I saw her but a moment, 'Twas in a "tilting skirt;" How prettily she sailed along, The charming little flirt!

I saw her but a moment— Ah! 'twas a pretty sight To see her tread the crowded street With footsteps free and light.

I saw her but a moment, Yet I swore by the "Old Harry," Tho' a pretty thing to look at, She would never do to marry!

Tho' I saw her but a moment, Yet I knew she was a flirt, By the jaunty airs she put on As she swung her tilting skirt.

Select Story. JUST IN TIME. A TALE OF EARLY ILLINOIS

"Good evening, Mell. Well, how do you do?" "Tolerable, Jake; how is your mother?"

"She's well—how's yours?" "Not very well, I'm sorry to say; for now, you see, I have to tote all the water, wash all the dishes, and pail the cow. Oh! it's too much for me; I won't stand it much longer; I'll have a home of my own, and then I'll do as I please. Jake, why don't you get married?"

"Shaw! I don't know, Mell; reckon it's because I can't get no one to splice with me."

"You've knowed better than that, ever since you've been comin' to see me. I wish I had as good a chance as you've got."

Though Jake was a backwoodsman, and they had the reputation of withstanding everything, this last remark from his fair companion brought a deep color to his swarthy cheek.

"Law! what makes you turn so red?" continued Mell, pointing her finger at him, and laughing bewitchingly.

This made Jake only turn redder and redder. He seemed to be in the last stage of embarrassment; he tried to stammer out something, but could produce no sound that resembled a word of the English language. At last after he had cooled off a little, and got his tongue and lips in working order once more, he said:

"Mell I swon, you're too bad to accuse me of turnin' red! I'm no redder'n you. Law! did I tell you what a great wolf-hunt I had yesterday?"

"No," she replied, with a sorrowful look, which one might imagine was caused by untimely change of the subject. No doubt the thought she was fetching him to a point; and indeed it was time, for he had been courting her for two years, and as yet had not got ready, been willing, or found courage enough to propose. Mell was willing, perhaps too willing, and her patience was becoming very much wearied. She had tried to please him in every way she could, but it made no difference; and now, as a last resort, she had determined to bring him to the point at all hazards. After listening to a wonderful day's adventures among the wolves, to relate which took Jake about two hours, and agreeing that he had performed feats worthy of an Indian, she began:

"Jake, you've been coming to see me for a long time."

"Yes," said he. "We know one another well enough."

"Yes!" he exclaimed, somewhat surprised. "Then, any question you want to ax me, I'll answer correctly."

"But I have nothing to ax," said Jake. "What! been comin' to see me two years, and don't want to ax me anythin' yet?"

"Not as I know on."

"Well, then, you needn't come again!" said she, angrily. "I'll marry Bill Baker, if he ever comes to see me again. I sacked him for you, but it's the last time."

Jake flew into a passion, on hearing Bill Baker's name mentioned—jumped up, kicked the stool over, and broke home like a racer.

Bill Baker soon heard the news, started over to his sister's to put on his buckskin suit, and "lumbered for the neck of woods" where Mell lived. He found her as bright as ever—put in his claim,

The Herald on the Soldiers.

The Omaha Herald of the 20th contains an article on the persecution of democratic soldiers and officers, during the late war by radical commanding officers. The editor of the herald ought to know all about these things; he followed the army in Arkansas for some time, picking up little things left (?) by the soldiers, and very kindly taking care of the citizens, cotton for them. He seems to have great admiration for Gen. Steel.

We never saw a rebel in Arkansas that did not. Gen. Hurlbut also was in high esteem with them all, for as we learned from a lady of Batesville, for their goodness in allowing them to purchase things prohibited by War Department orders, to supply their friends in the rebel army with, and otherwise aiding the rebellion. General Steel was in high favor with all the cotton thieves in Arkansas, and we find that at least one of them has soul enough to feel grateful to him for the opportunities given them. We admire Dr. Miller for his fine redeeming features. We don't blame him for praising Gen. Steel, he ought to do so. He manifests great dislike for Gen. Livingston, so did all the rebels we knew in Arkansas. He was just as lenient these as the army Regulations and the circumstances would permit, and no more so. Rebels "could" do nothing with him, but he fought and commanded for his country, and subordinate officers got themselves into scrapes when ever they attempted to shield either a rebel or cotton thief, consequently all the rebels and Dr. Miller hate him, and the latter lets no opportunity for misrepresenting him pass unimproved. The herald says it spits upon the stereotyped charge of its editor's contempt for soldiers, but that does not remove it. It still sticks faster than wax, and has been stereotyped by the gentleman himself, by every act since he edited a rebel sheet; in St. Joe, to the penning of the article above mentioned, including cotton speculations.—Neb. City, Press.

There will apparently be a conference of the European powers, but it is generally conceded that war is unavoidable. This will not seem strange to any one who reflects that there is a universal wish in Europe to reconstruct the map, as it is called. That can be done only by peaceful negotiations, or by war. But what chance is there among the conflicting claims, and hot passions and ambitious of the various powers, that a harmonious redistribution could be made? The wisest heads are clearly of the opinion that it is hopeless, and that it may not be possible to hold the dogs of war in leash until the Congress dissolves.

Meanwhile the number of troops on a war footing is enormous. The Northern Army of Austria alone under General Benedek, upon the frontiers of Prussia and Saxony is composed of 350,000 men and 600 guns. The Austrian force in Venetia is 130,000 men, while the Austrian reserve comprises 800,000 men. Venetia is being rapidly fortified. The Italian Army will contain more than 600,000 men, of whom 250,000 are already in the first line, and are inspired with the utmost enthusiasm. The Prussian force is immense, and Europe is already a camp on more.

There are two elements which have not been much considered, but which may prove to be of great importance. These are Russians and the Republicans. The people of Europe at this time would hardly allow the struggle to be merely a dynastic combat. They would seize the moment of universal tumult to demand further rights; and when a war once begins of the necessary proportions of this, it is impossible to forestall the end or the results. A great deal more than was meant will be both won and lost! Harper's Weekly.

A patron of a village newspaper once said to the publisher: "Mr. Printer, how is it you have never called on me for the pay for your paper?"

"Oh," said the man of types, "we never ask a gentleman for money."

"Indeed," replied the patron, "then how do you manage to get along when they don't pay?"

"Why," said the editor, "after a certain time we conclude that a man who fails to pay for his paper is not a gentleman and then we ask him."

"Oh, ah, yes! I see. Mr. Printer, please give me a receipt (hands him two dollars), and please make my name all on the books."

A California paper says a large lake has been discovered in that State, from the waters of which can be obtained a large quantity of borax without much trouble, and in a state of almost absolute purity. Considering the fact that the world is now dependent on the lagoons of Tuschany for its borax, and the contingency that this foreign supply may at any time be cut off, this discovery is of no little importance.

The Itherville (La.) Pioneer says that eight parishes in that state are now inundated. Two-thirds of the population of Grosse Tete and Grand River are now without necessary food, and the plow half have no provisions at all.

The "right" wing of the Fenian army is returning home, and the "left" is left in Canada.

NEBRASKA.

The editorial correspondence of the Kansas State Journal, dated Nebraska City, June 6th, contains the following:

Nebraska has a population of about 42,000. Its population in 1860 was 20,000, showing a steady and very gratifying increase. The inhabitants are industrious, orderly and enterprising, composed almost exclusively of the agricultural classes. The reports in Agricultural Department at Washington shows that the farmers of Nebraska for 1865, raised larger crops to the acre, and received a higher price per bushel for their produce than an average of three-fourths of the States in the Union. As a grain producing region it is unsurpassed. Both fall and spring wheat is grown here with success. Corn especially in the rich valleys of Leauquicourt, the Platte, the Weeping Water, the Nemaha, the Blue and Salt Creek, yields abundantly, and is always a sure crop. There has never been a failure in crops from the first settlements in 1854 to the present time. A successful experience of twelve years has fully demonstrated the capacities of this Territory for grain growing. There is abundance of pasturage for stock and upon the rich and excellent prairie grasses stock thrive finely, and the growing of wool, and the raising of cattle could but be a very remunerative business were it not for the considerably greater time required to feed in the course of the year than is required in more southern latitudes. The severe winter, the piercing winds, the broader valleys and greater amount of timber in latitudes farther south, will never allow Nebraska to successfully compete with southern Kansas in growing wool and raising stock. The eastern portion of the Territory, for a distance of 150 miles back from the river, is capable of supporting quite a dense population. This comprises all the really valuable lands in the Territory

MARKETS. Nebraska will always possess a reasonably fair market for all surplus produce. Two or three different railroads will in the course of the next three years strike her eastern border. These with the Missouri river and a line of railway south to St. Joseph, Missouri, furnishes excellent facilities for eastern transportation, which, however, will probably never be made available to any considerable extent for the shipment of exports, as there will always be a western demand for all surplus that Nebraska can raise.

ITS GEOGRAPHICAL POSITION. The geographical position of Nebraska, if not the best, is better than a ma-