

Nebraska Advertiser

JOHN L. COLHAPP, EDITOR.



BROWNVILLE THURSDAY, SEPT. 7, 1865.

County Union Convention.

A County Union Convention, composed of Delegates from the several Precincts of Nemaha County, Nebraska, will be held in Brownville, on Saturday, the 16th day of September next, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the various offices to be filled at the ensuing election.

The Union Voters of the several Precincts are requested to meet at their respective places of voting, on Wednesday the 13th day of September next, and elect Delegates to the said County Convention.

The number of Delegates to which the various Precincts are entitled, in the County Convention, are as follows:

Table listing delegates for various precincts: Brownville (9), Peru (6), Nemaha (4), Glen Rock (3), Aspinwall (3), Bedford (2), Lafayette (1), Washington (1), Douglas (2), Total (32).

By order of the County Union Central Committee.

C. G. DORSEY, Ch'm. T. R. FISHER, Sec'y. Brownville, Aug. 29th, 1865.

LATEST NEWS.

Fears of the coming of the Russian Plague are felt at San Francisco.

Fr. Laramie dates of Aug. 25th, says the Indians are all moving north with great rapidity for their villages.

The Wirz trial still continues, developing enough crime to damn the whole confederacy, the concentrated punishment for which must fall upon this Swiss scoundrel, and, perhaps, Jeff. Davis.

Smuggling has been detected on the Canada border.

The Atlantic Telegraph Cable parted, and the cable laid in 1,600 fathoms of water.

A report was current in New Orleans on the 22d that the greater portion of Shreveport had been destroyed by fire.

The following we extract from a correspondence in the Cincinnati Daily Times over the signature of "Shinkwin," who is now travelling in the West, and is well posted:

Among the places of note along the river Nebraska City holds a prominent position, having rapidly run ahead during the last year, and making quite a show now in business and population.

A report was current in New Orleans on the 22d that the greater portion of Shreveport had been destroyed by fire.

Brownville is a very pretty town in Nebraska, rising rapidly in consideration and importance. It has been improved within the last year by the erection of many fine business houses, and the Council has recently passed an ordinance prohibiting the erection of other than brick structures on the principal street.

There are many enterprising citizens here, among whom might be mentioned John L. Carson, banker; Theo. Hill, Messrs. Majors, McPherson, McLaughlin, Worthing, Hoover, Dr. Holladay &c. There are three churches in the town, and a district school, and Court-house will be completed by next spring.

Negotiations are on foot for placing a good steam-ferry on the river at this point, where the trade with Missouri is very large. The city owns three-fourths of the charter ferry privilege, and John L. Carson the other fourth, which, in case a good boat is provided, he proposes to donate to the lessee.

Brownville is surrounded by the finest land in the Territory, well settled by a good class of farmers for many miles back. The corn in this county (Nemaha) is the finest I have seen anywhere.

A dollar a bushel is paid right on the farm. Quite a business is done here by teamsters in freighting grain to Fort Kearney, where the cash price is three dollars per bushel.

As the Herd Law is, and has been, much discussed in this section; and as the 'abolition' of fences seems the main object, we copy the following from our exchange list:

The abolition of fences is now being agitated among farmers, and there seems to be no insurmountable obstacles to such a reform in many districts. It is estimated that the fences of the country constitute as much as half the value of the farms, and these have to be continually renewed.

By having strictly executed laws against stock running at large, all fences, except such as surround pastures and stock yards, may be dispensed with. Besides the saving in money, the room occupied by the fence is also saved, and the chief harbor for weeds is done away with.

A communication was recently read in the New York Farmer's Club from Livingston County, in Illinois, saying in that County the plan is in successful operation, the general practice of farmers being to dispense with fences.

Solon Robinson states that he was informed on good authority that the unfenced lands in that County are quite as high in price as the fenced farms of other counties, showing that this simple regulation will save the great expense of fencing the Western prairies.

Mr. Ely, the President, remarked that the same system is in operation in the valley of the Connecticut River, both in Connecticut and Massachusetts.

We can see no great difficulty in the way of such a reform in Nebraska, in fact we believe most of our farmers could pasture their stock with one fourth the fence required to fence their farms.

We would like to hear from some of our experienced farmers upon this subject.

Now, that the most pressing work of Farmers is nearly over, we again recur to the subject of establishing "Farmer's Clubs." No sane farmer can doubt the advantage of an interchange of experience with his neighbors; we often hear one farmer asking another how such a crop done, or some other question relative to farming, to get his experience; while, if they belonged to a Club, these questions could be discussed, more could join in and greater benefit would result, while the time occupied at the Club would be not one-fourth the time wasted in "bobbing around" for experience.

It is correctly reported that a late justice of the peace in this county, a man of family, and heretofore, of respectability, has eloped with the wife of a returned soldier. The soldier returned from the war to find his household affairs disturbed—in fact that the "partner of his joys and sorrows" had proved untrue, and thereupon, ordered the partner aforesaid that they would henceforth be two instead of one. She left, and about the same time the Justice of the Peace came up missing, supposed to have gone with her. So the story goes—Michigan Co. Journal, 2d.

The scene of this "tragedy" was the bottom opposite this city; the characters are correctly given—except that of the "justice," who was never much on respectability. This delectable couple, we learn, were in our city last Sunday, when the "deluded fair one" took passage for below, he agreeing to come in a few days, leaving his wife to sell out and follow him as soon as possible. A sweet-scented set, ain't it?

CANDIDATES.

The following received, which we proceed to announce:

Mr. Editor: Please announce the following:

If you want a New County Clerk and Recorder vote for Dr. McComas.

Gov. Brough, of Ohio, died at Cleveland, on the 29th. We find in the Cincinnati Commercial the following brief sketch of him:

Born in Marietta, September 17th, 1811. His father, John Brough, Sr., came from England in the same ship with the noted Blennerhassett, in 1806.

The mother was a third wife, and of American birth. John Brough was the eldest of five children. His mother died in 1821, and his father in 1822. The family scattered, each to provide for himself. He took a scientific course at Athens, setting type nights and mornings, and studying during the day. He studied law, and married Miss S. Pruder, of Athens, in 1832, and immediately engaged for a short time in publishing the Parkersburg Gazette. He afterwards published the Marietta Republican and supported Jackson for election. In about a year he went to Lancaster, and in company with his brother Charles, published the Eagle.

He was clerk of the Ohio Senate in 1865 and the three following years was elected Representative from Fairfield. He was afterward State auditor, being first elected to fill a vacancy, and then re-elected. His wife having died, he married Miss Caroline Nelson, of Columbus, and, with his brother Charles, commenced publishing the Cincinnati Enquirer, in 1848. He summed the State for Polk in 1851, after leaving the Enquirer. He was President of the Madison and Indianapolis Railroad some years, until elected President of the Bellefontaine Road. When he was elected Governor, the Directors voted to continue his salary, which he declined. Afterward they insisted on his receiving half salary, which he had, and remained President till his death. He leaves a competency for his family. Two children of each marriage survive him.

General Grant is represented as having declared that, during the trial of the assassination conspirators, evidence enough was adduced to hang Jeff. Davis for complicity in that conspiracy.

The number of men now remaining in the regular army, including officers, does not exceed forty thousand.

The following obituary of Street Cox, whose family now reside in this city, and whose death we published a few weeks ago, we find in the National Express, of Aug. 19th, published at Bedford, Iowa:

The death of the Rev. Street Cox, very briefly noticed in our last issue, seems to demand a more than passing notice at our hands. Elder Cox, we believe, was a native of Kentucky—removed to Morgan county Indiana, in an early day, where he embraced the Christian religion, and became a very devoted minister of the Gospel. About the year 1856 he, with his family, emigrated to Iowa, where, by honest industry and zealous devotion to the cause of Christ, made many warm and abiding friends. After forty years labor in the ministry, under many trials and difficulties; this ever faithful friend to God and humanity, was on the tenth inst., after a few days of very severe illness; called from works to rewards, to enjoy a goodly treasure laid up in that heavenly home, where the wicked cease from troubling, and the weary are at rest.

Up to August 24th about 25,000 applications for pardon have been received at the Attorney General's Office. All those who, in the opinion of the Attorney General, have just claims to the Executive clemency are duly recommended and forwarded to the President for his action.

It is said, on the authority of an officer of the State Department, that the signature of the President has been affixed to less than 100 of the applications received for pardon; the number daily announced as pardoned are simply the names of those recommended and forwarded from the office of the Attorney General. The President has exercised the utmost caution and discrimination in the matter of pardons, and has invariably rejected all applications unless good and sufficient reasons were produced to show the necessity for Executive clemency.

The Washington correspondent of the Independent defines the position of President Johnson on the question of negro suffrage as follows:

The President has informed no man—not even a member of the Blair family—that he is opposed to negro suffrage; but he has asserted in the presence of many Republicans his personal preference for universal suffrage. His position is no dissimilar to that taken by Dr. Eschel in New Haven last week. He is not clear in his own mind respecting the proper method of attaining the desired result. Those who are intimate with him say the rebellious conduct of a large portion of the people of Tennessee, South Carolina and Virginia is very rapidly driving him to the conclusion that the black men of the South must have the ballot before political power is accorded to the former rebels of that section. However this may be, it is certain that the President is not opposed to negro suffrage, and has authorized no man to say he is.

From a gentleman of this city, who arrived here Sunday night on the Welcome, we learn that the attempt of Gen. Sully to make peace with the Indians had proved futile. In the latter part of July Gen. Sully had a conference with some three hundred lodges of Indians, representing some two thousand warriors, who were willing to enter into a treaty of peace with the Government. Some sixty or seventy miles from Fort Rice there was a camp of six or seven thousand hostile Indians, composed of Sioux, Arapahoes, Cheyennes, and other tribes, who, in reply to a proposition of G. N. Sully to come and confer with him on the subject of peace, stated that they did not want peace; that they were ready and willing to fight, and that they desired Gen. Sully with his "little boys" to come and "pitch in" as soon as he pleased. Gen. Sully orders not to make war but to proceed to Devil's Lake, and had already started for the latter place when our informant left.

One of the Ohio Democracy met not long ago, and nominated for Governor Alex. Long of Cincinnati, who came so near being turned out of Congress for his respectable speech winter before last. The other wing met last week and nominated for Governor Gen. W. Morgan, who extinguished himself at the first attack on rick-burg. The notorious William M. Carry managed the former convention, and Vallandigham, the Grand Commander of the Knights of the Golden Circle, made a speech at the latter. These facts are all that a loyal man would desire to know about either to satisfy him that one couldn't be much worse than the other, and that both deserve to be signally beaten. "The trail of the serpent (Copperhead) is over them all."

The Episcopal Convention of Co' g has recently been in session in Athens. The reporters failed to get hold of Bishop Elliot's annual address. The Committee on Reunion of the Episcopal Church, North and South, submitted two resolutions declaring that the Diocese of Georgia will resume its connection with the Protestant Episcopal Church of the United States, whenever the Bishop shall consider such course consistent with the good faith which this diocese owes to the Bishops of the late Confederate States. This second resolution provides that deputies shall be elected to the General Council of the Church in the Southern States, with the understanding that, in the judgment of the Bishop, any contingency shall arise to render a representation in the General Convention of the United States necessary, the same deputies shall attend that body.

The New York News, which ought to be well informed in regard to all rebel movements, religious or political, says that at the approaching General Conference of the M. E. Church, South, removing all sectional features from its discipline, declaring its loyalty to the Government, will take the field in every State in the Union, as a distinct organization, fronting upon every effort to make its ministers the pimps of a party, resolved to be true to its bridegrooms, and guilty of no adulterous intimacy man-on.

The Saratoga correspondent of the Boston Post writes: I have unqualified pleasure in mentioning the fall of the waterfall—a monstrous invention of the enemy of beauty, which should have died at its birth. A rather pretty fashion of dressing the hair, which I venture to call the staple-and-ring style, is getting in vogue with the dames, while ringlets for the girls have quite superseded the ugly-plug abomination which wagged behind them, like a beaver's tail a few weeks ago. Among the really fashionable women you might as well look for a cataract in the eye as a waterfall at the back of the head.

Grand master C. G. Wintersmire, of Kentucky, has issued an appeal to the leading members of the Masonic Order in the United States, calling a Convention to meet in Louisville on the second Monday of October, to aid in bringing back the old harmony between all sections of the Union.

It is not to be disguised, says a London correspondent, that the two Americans most admired in England at this moment are Jefferson Davis and General Lee. At the University of Oxford, a few weeks ago, when the undergraduates gave free expression to their sympathies, "three hearty cheers, loud and prolonged, were given for Jefferson Davis," and there was "tremendous cheering for General Lee."

The Philadelphia Inquirer has the following from Washington: "It is known that Governor Sharkey of Mississippi has failed to keep his promises made to President Johnson, either in letter or spirit; and it is not improbable that his concern may come to a summary close before long."

Bishop Talbot, of the Missionary Episcopal diocese of the Northwest, and formerly rector of a church in Indianapolis, has been called to be Assistant Bishop of Indiana, the health of Bishop U'fold being so feeble that he requires help in his labors.

LIST OF LETTERS. Remitting in the Post Office at Brownville September 7th 1865. These letters, if not called for, will be kept in the office for 5 weeks, and then sent to the Dead Letter Office at Washington. Two cents will be charged on all unclaimed letters.

Persons calling for the above letters will please say they are Advertisers. A. D. MARSH, P. M.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that at the next general election to be held in the several Precincts on Tuesday the 10th day of October, A. D. 1865, the name of the elector to be placed upon the list of the County of Nemaha, Nebraska, whether they will vote a tax of two mills on the dollar valuation of the property within said County, to be placed upon the list of 1865, to aid in the construction of a building for County purposes.

The manner of voting will be as follows: those in favor of said tax will place on their ballots the words "for tax," and those opposed to said tax will place upon their ballots the words "against tax."

By order of the County Commissioners WILLIAM H. HOOVER, Co. Clerk. September 1st 1865. 31 5c

SALE OF APPRAISED STOCK. On Saturday, September 23rd 1865, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, in the City of Brownville, Nemaha County, Nebraska Territory, One steady cow, red and white cow with the points of the horns turned in, no other marks or brands. Supposed to be five years old. Appraised at \$25. R. V. HUGHES, J. P.

SALE OF APPRAISED STOCK. On Saturday, September 23rd 1865, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, in the City of Brownville, Nemaha County, Nebraska Territory, One Steady cow, with dark red head, white neck, letter "H" on her hip, crop off of the left ear right ear torn off. Supposed to be six years old. Appraised at \$25. R. V. HUGHES, J. P.

STATEMENT OF THE AMERICAN Insurance Company, FREEPORT, ILLINOIS.

WE, HIRSH BRIGHT, President, and CHAS L. CURRIER, Secretary of the American Insurance Company, of Freeport, Illinois, hereby certify that said Company is possessed of a capital of at least \$100,000, and that the same is secured by real estate worth at least \$100,000, and not encumbered to more than one-fourth of said amount.

HIRSH BRIGHT, CHAS L. CURRIER, STATE OF ILLINOIS, J. S. STEPHENS COUNTY, Personally appeared before me, Clerk of the County Court of said County, Hiram Bright and Chas. L. Currier, to me known as the President and Secretary of the American Insurance Company, who being duly sworn according to law, severally depose and say that the above certificate subscribed to by their respective names is true in substance and in fact, as shown by the records of said Company.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 18th day of July A. D. 1865. D. H. SAUNDERS, Clerk of County Court, Stephens County. By A. W. BROWSTER, Deputy.

CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORITY. To expire on the 31st day of January, 1866. Insurance Department, Office of Territorial Auditor, OMAHA, NEB. Aug. 17th 1865. WHEREAS, George W. Wilson, Assistant Gen. Agent, for the American Insurance Co. located at Freeport, in the State of Illinois, has filed in this Office a copy of the Act of Incorporation of said Company, and a Statement under oath, showing its Condition, as required by the Fourteenth Section of a Law of the Territory of Nebraska, entitled "An Act in Relation to Insurance Companies," Approved February, 1852; That therefore, he is known, by these presents, to be a resident of the Territory of Nebraska, do hereby certify that said American Insurance Company is authorized to transact business of Insurance in the Territory of Nebraska, under the Laws of this Territory, until the 31st day of January, 1866.

Therefore, be it known, by these presents, that I, William E. Harney, Assistant of the Territorial Auditor, do hereby certify that said American Insurance Company is authorized to transact business of Insurance in the Territory of Nebraska, under the Laws of this Territory, until the 31st day of January, 1866. A liberal discount allowed to dealers. Sent for descriptive Circular to W. E. HARNEY, Territorial Auditor, J. W. BLISS, Agent.

Ayer's Ague Cure.

JUST OPENED CINCINNATI BRANCH CLOTHING HOUSE Seeman & Ehrlich, MAIN STREET, BROWNVILLE, IED. A General Assortment of

CLOTHING! CLOTHING! CLOTHING! Gentleman's Furnishing Goods, Boots, Boots, Boots, Shoes, Shoes, Shoes, HATS AND CAPS, RUBBER GOODS, And everything usually kept in a First Class Clothing House.

Being connected with one of the Largest and most Complete Wholesale Clothing Houses in Cincinnati, Ohio, their stock will always be kept up with the FINEST GOODS AT THE LOWEST PRICES. Special attention paid to Wholesaleing to Country Merchants and Ranchmen, and to Out-fitting Emigrants.

HEAD-QUARTERS CELEBRATED Charter Oak STOVES. THE EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING COMPANY, ST. LOUIS, MO. MANUFACTURERS OF COOKING & HEATING STOVES; TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, AND ALL KINDS OF TINNER'S STOCK.

PELOUBET ORGANS AND MELODEONS. DEALERS, TEACHERS, CHURCHES, SCHOOLS, C. PELOUBET, BLOOMFIELD, NEW JERSEY. J. M. PELTON, 841 Broadway, N. Y. C. MEYER, 722 Arch St., Philadelphia. J. A. TUCKER, Jackson, Michigan. W. W. KIMBALL, 142 Lake St., Chicago. Wholesale Agents.

GOSLING'S Brilliant, Easy Shining, Leather Preserving BLACKING A Composition of Neat's Foot Oil and Pure Ivory Black.

WHEATON'S OINTMENT Will cure the Itch in 48 HOURS! It cures the Itch, Weasels, Scabies, Salt Rheum, Clebs, Chills, and all Eruptions of the Skin. PRICE 50 CENTS.

North Missouri Railroad. ONLY ALL RAILROAD ROUTE To St. Louis and all points East, North and South via St. Louis. Baggage Checked Through, and handled Free of Charge. Ticket Agents of H. & St. Jo. Railroad will not discriminate, and passengers will have to choose their own route. Fare by this route is the same to New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore, Cincinnati and all points East, as by way of Chicago, or any other route.

ISAAC H. STURGEON, PRY & CO'S SUPPLY, No. 10, N. W. WHEELER, General Ticket Agent, St. Louis, Mo. L. M. DUNN, General Western Agent, P. H. EARLEY, Agent, St. Joseph.

New Store Deary & Co. Stock of GROCERIES Sugars, Teas, Coffee, Rice, Tobacco, Cigars, Soap, Dried Fruit of all kinds, Nuts, Candies, Molasses, Salt, Pickles, and every Article usually kept in a first class Grocery Store in

Whitney's Block, Main Street, Brownville, Nebraska. Invites the public to call and examine their Stock, before purchasing elsewhere as they are complete. August 31st 1865.

Real Estate for Sale. West half of north west quarter of Section 25, east half of north east quarter of Section 26, Town 5 Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 27, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 28, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 29, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 30, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 31, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 32, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 33, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 34, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 35, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 36, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 37, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 38, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 39, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 40, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 41, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 42, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 43, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 44, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 45, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 46, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 47, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 48, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 49, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 50, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 51, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 52, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 53, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 54, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 55, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 56, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 57, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 58, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 59, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 60, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 61, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 62, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 63, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 64, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 65, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 66, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 67, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 68, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 69, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 70, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 71, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 72, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 73, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 74, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 75, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 76, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 77, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 78, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 79, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 80, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 81, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 82, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 83, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 84, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 85, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 86, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 87, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 88, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 89, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 90, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 91, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 92, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 93, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 94, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 95, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 96, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 97, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 98, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 99, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 100, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 101, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 102, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 103, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 104, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 105, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 106, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 107, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 108, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 109, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 110, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 111, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 112, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 113, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 114, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 115, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 116, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 117, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 118, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 119, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 120, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 121, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 122, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 123, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 124, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 125, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 126, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 127, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 128, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 129, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 130, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 131, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 132, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 133, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 134, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 135, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 136, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 137, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 138, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 139, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 140, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 141, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 142, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 143, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 144, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 145, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 146, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 147, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 148, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 149, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 150, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 151, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 152, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 153, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 154, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 155, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 156, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 157, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 158, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 159, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 160, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 161, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 162, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 163, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 164, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 165, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 166, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 167, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 168, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 169, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 170, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 171, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 172, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 173, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 174, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 175, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 176, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 177, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 178, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 179, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 180, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 181, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 182, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 183, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 184, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 185, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 186, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 187, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 188, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 189, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 190, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 191, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 192, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 193, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 194, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 195, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 196, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 197, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 198, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 199, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 200, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 201, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 202, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 203, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 204, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 205, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 206, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 207, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 208, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 209, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 210, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 211, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 212, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 213, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 214, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 215, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 216, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 217, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 218, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 219, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 220, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 221, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 222, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 223, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 224, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 225, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2 of Section 226, Township 5 North Range 14, east 1/2