Nebraska Advertiser

JOHN L COLHAPP, EDITOR.

BROWNVILLE, THURSDAY JUNE 22, 1865.

THE NEWS.

Further details are given of the occupation of Brownsville, Texas, by our forces under Gen. Brown, May 29th.—The rebel Gen. Slaughter would have surrendered but his troops would not permit it, they fearing that they would be taken as prisoners to New Orleans Before leaving they put Slaughter under guard and compelled him to distribute $20,000 in specie. They also commenced plundering the town, and were not checked until driven from the town by Mexican Liberals, refugees and others. Col. Ford escaped to Matamoras, and Gen. Slaughter is supposed to be on the Rio Grande, with about fifty followers.

The Mexican Gen. Cortinas, liberal, is reported to have whipped the imperialists under Lopez on the 3d, about twenty-five miles above Matamoras, the latter was reported driven across the river.

The inhabitants along the lower Mississippi are now laboring under the disadvantage of drought and bushwhackers.

It has been but a short time since Jeff Davis was captured in female apparel, more recently still was he confined, and now the telegraph announces that the South is thoroughly weaned from Jeff. Verily Uncle Samuel must be a skillful doctor, and may yet deliver Jeff. to the executioner.

A slight mutiny occurred on board the steamer which was to convey the 12th U. S. colored cavalry to Texas. The soldiers objected to being sent to Texas. The mutiny was however soon quelled.

On the 1st of May there were one million one hundred and forty thousand men on the pay roll. Since that time about one hundred and fifty thousand have been mustered out.

The Conspiracy Trial has come to nothing yet.

Gold on the 15th, 47c premium. 16th 44c premium and falling.

Salt Lake dates of June 12th, say Speaker Colfax and party arrived yesterday morning. They were delayed by Indian hostilities. The Indians attacked a Mormon train at North Platte Crossing in sight of them, and Eagle Creek Station, a few hours after they passed, and killed and wounded all the stock-tenders and soldiers.

Gen. Conner has sent troops to stop the Indian depredations, and will keep the mail route open.

A complete rupture has taken place between the Emperor Napoleon and the Prince Napoleon Jerome, arising from a speech made by the latter, in which he urges upon his countrymen to cultivate feelings of friendship with the loyal American nation, and at the same time speaking of "Mr. Monroe, the celebrated statesmen who has given his name to the doctrine propounding the principle that the Governments of Europe must hold no possessions in North America."

The Emperor immediately published a letter of censure, in which occurs the following: "The political programme which you place under the ægis of the Emperor, can only serve the enemies of my government. To judgements which I cannot admit you add sentiments of hatred which belong no longer to our day."

To which the Prince replies by resigning his position as Vice President of the Privy Council and the Presidency of the Universal Exhibition of 1867.

This incident goes far toward showing the temper of the Emperor towards this country. Every once in a while the telegraph announces that President Johnson will enforce the Monroe Doctrine, if this is the intention, it were well done speedily. The American people desire that this doctrine should be carried out, especially in the case of Mexico, whose government was usurped during our inability to assist her. The Mexican Emigration scheme has failed, and if ever our Government intends to strike for liberty and the Monroe doctrine, now is the time.

The latest by telegraph is that our Government will remain neutral to the Mexican war.

From recent accounts from Richmond the change from rebel to loyal hands has worked no benefit to the poorer classes. The authorities sent there from Washington act as though they were sent there solely to protect rebels, they seem acting the complete lickspittle and toady to the defunct chivelry. The rebel Mayor Mayo is reinstated and has reappointed his rebel policeman—says the Richmond correspondent of the N. Y. Tribune—who were notorious and infamous negro hunters, and who now occupy themselves in entering houses of inoffensive negroes, dragging them out and imprisoning them. The negroes of Richmond have appealed to the authorities for protection, and if they receive it not, the freedom promised them is but "an empty word, full of sound and fury, meaning nothing."

Mayor Mayo and his negro-hunting police have been ousted.

The St. Louis Democrat, of the 17th, contains the returns from 86 counties and about 3,000 soldiers, which give a majority for the Constitution of 3,317. The bulk of this majority is gained in the soldiers vote. There is but little doubt now that the Constitution is adopted, as the soldier vote now in may be taken as a fair index of what is not yet in.

Already the charges of fraud come in thick and heavy against the copperhead districts. If the letters given in the Democrat are reliable—and the Democrat gives them credit—the most barefaced and outrageous frauds were committed in Clay, Ray, Callaway, New Madrid and other rebel counties. The worst features in the frauds as stated by these correspondents is, that men supposed to be the most loyal urged upon known rebels to take the oath—thereby perjuring themselves—in order to assist in defeating the Constitution, many of the white-washed loyalists urging that the oath was not valid. Again, it is stated that the gravest frauds were committed by judges of election, in mutilating votes in the count so as to make them read against the Constitution, and then counting them so.

If these be facts, Missouri is yet far from being regenerated, even though the Constitution be adopted. No matter whether these frauds change the result or not, perjury should and must be punished ere the State can expect that prosperity which will be the result of the freedom granted by the New Constitution. If the crime of perjury is as extensive as these charges indicate, and is punished as it deserves, we may reasonably expect another exodus from there of perjured villains fleeing from justice; and, knowing that there are papers and individuals in our Territory who would desire even this kind of an emigration—in the hope of changing its political complexion to a copper color—we can safely say that all such are traitors to the best interests of Nebraska, who are willing to sink the general good in their ambition—and no better than the perjured villains and copperheads they invite.

We have received another letter from "V. A." giving extracts from a sermon delivered by Brigham Young. We can vouch for the truthfulness of our correspondent, and regret exceedingly that the "customs of the country" will not permit its publication, as it is filled with the vilest bawdy house talk, and our correspondent omits the worst passages, showing that Salt Lake Society must be rapidly approaching that borne from whence no virtue can return, and needs a thorough cleaning out.

We hope V. A. will continue his correspondence, as we can rely on what he says, and from his present location—Idaho City—a correspondence cannot help but be interesting.

It should be more generally known than what it seems to be, that the old law allowing letters not pre-paid, to be sent forward according to address, has been repealed, and that now every letter not entitled to be carried through the mails free, must have a stamp upon it, or it is sent to the Dead Letter Office.

We learn that Government contemplates colonizing all the Indian tribes between Minnesota, Iowa and the Rocky Mountains, on the northern border of Montana and Dakota. This will give them an almost unlimited hunting ground in the British possessions adjoining.

E. B. Taylor, Editor of the Omaha Republican, has been appointed Superintendent of Indian Affairs for Northern Kansas, Nebraska, Dakota, Colorado, &c.

Mr. Wheeler, of Plattsmouth, has been appointed agent for the Pawnee Indians, in place of Lushbaugh.

General Wilson has ordered the prison stockade at Andersonville to be enclosed and fenced, and a book, containing the names and descriptions of deceased privates to be kept for reference. Over fourteen thousand Union soldiers are known to be buried there.

An exchange calls for a bloodless tariff war upon England.

Gen. Slough has been appointed Governor of Colorado, in place of Mr. Evans.

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Inpuirer makes the following statements, may or may not be true:

"It is probable the regular army, or permanent military establishment of the country, will be organized on the following basis: General officers—one general, five lieutenant-generals, fifty major-generals, and seventy-five brigadier-generals. The regular army proper to be composed of nineteen regiments of infantry, six regiments of cavalry, and five regiments of artillery, all filled up to the maximum number; besides these fifty thousand colored troops will be retained with the regiments filled up to the maximum number.

"Hancock's corps will be increased to a full corpse of three divisions and three brigades, each about thirty thousand men. The veteran reserve corps, twenty-five regiments filled up to the maximum number.

"The medical staff will be increased to one hundred full surgeons, with a corresponding number of assistant surgeons.

"The infantry and cavalry regiments of the regular army comprise three battalions of eight hundred men each.

"Under the proposed arrangement the total strength of the army will be nearly as follows: Regular infantry, 45,600; regular cavalry, 14,400; regular artillery, 12,000; colored troops, 50,00; Hancock's corpse 80,000; veteran reserve corps, 25,000; total, 177,000 men:"

Report of the Committee appointed to to make a statement in favor of, and objects to be accomplished by, the organization of a Board of Trade.

BROWNVILLE, NEB., June 14th, 1865.

To the Board of Trade of Brownville, Nebraska:

GENTLEMEN:—Your Committee, to whom was assigned the duty of making a statement of the arguments in favor of, and objects to be accomplished by, the organization of a Board of Trade of the City of Brownville, respectfully submit the following:

It is a matter of fact and history that every City of any commercial importance has a Board of Trade, having for its object the advancement of the commercial and general interests of the same in all departments of business, Merchantile, Mechanical and Agricultural, and these Boards are usually composed of men of all professions and employments, embracing alike the Lawyer, Merchant, Farmer and Mechanic, who unite their efforts to accomplish such objects as they may deem advisable for their prosperity; and it is by the combined exertions of the same that our cities have advanced to greatness, wealth and power, and that our agricultural lands have been converted from their wild, unproductive State, to yielding to the industrious tiller of the soil, rich and remunerative products. It is but a few years since, and within the recollection of many of the members of this Board, that Chicago was a mere swamp, with but few inhabitants, yet to-day it is termed the commercial metropolis of the West. Its rapid increase in population and accumulation of wealth, is almost without a precedent in history. At an early period of its history a Board of Trade was organized by its citizens, having similar objects in view to the one organized in this City. Under its auspices that City has grown up to be what it now is, the commercial power of the West The prosperity of that City is in a great measure due to the united efforts of its citizens through the medium of its Board of Trade, and not only was their city built up through the exertions of that body, but the agricultural lands around it were settled and enhanced in value and a good market was created for the farmers produce. The success of the Merchant, Banker and Mechanic of Chicago, was the prosperity of the farmer in its vicinity, each being dependent on the other.

Although Brownville may not possess the natural advantages for a commercial city like Chicago, yet there is no reason why it cannot be made a place of considerable importance and this county be made the first in agriculture in the Territory, by the combined efforts of the business men of this place and the farmers. To the commercial success of Brownville is necessarily incident the agricultural prosperity of the county, for with the increased population, wealth and business of the town there is, of course, a corresponding increase in the demand for the products of the farmer, each class of our citizens being mutually dependent on the other, it is therefor only by a concert of action that the interests of all can be advanced both in the city and country.

At the present time Brownville has a population of upwards of one thousand. Now, suppose it contained six or ten thousand inhabitants, would not property, not only in town, but the farming lands throughout the county be enhanced in value, and besides a surer and better market for the farmers produce would be the result; and, on the other hand, if there should be a corresponding increase in the farming community, it would afford a larger field for the merchants and business men of the city to operate in, as there would be an increased quantity of products of the soil, for which the merchant exchanges his goods. It is useless to demonstrate the identity of interest between the several classes of our citizens, for they are patent to every one, and that fact being evident, it remains for our citizens to consider the measures to be adopted to advance our mutual interests, acting in concert thro' the Board of Trade.

Your committee, under the assumption of the self-evident proposition that an increase of travel through, and settlement in our county, must necessarily be followed by an increase of trade in all departments, and of the products of the soil, thereby increasing the wealth and prosperity of all classes, would respectfully call the attention of the Board of Trade to the following objects to be accomplished, which we deem necessary as an initiatory step to success in increasing our trade and prosperity in the town and county:

We would first call your attention to the necessity for a good Steam Ferry at this place and which is not only of vital importance to the commercial and mechanical interests of the town but the agricultural interests of the county. Had we a good Steam Ferry we estimate that it would bring to this place an additional local trade from Missouri of not less than $100,000 per annum over what we now obtain, and, furthermore, there is every reason to induce us to believe that we could obtain at least one fourth, and perhaps more, of the immense emigration from the States to the mines West of us, which would in many instances prefer crossing here, both going to and returning from these gold fields, provided the facilities for crossing the Missouri river were equally as good at this as any other point in the Territory.

The transient trade from these emigrants and freighters who could and would doubtless purchase their outfits here, both of produce and merchandise, would in all probability amount to two or three hundred thousand dollars per annum, thereby affording a large additional market to the merchant for his goods and the farmer for his produce over that which we have heretofore enjoyed.

The next object to which we invite the attention of your honorable body, is the necessity for a good wagon road from this place west to the intersection of the Leavenworth and Fort Kearney road, over which teams heavily ladened could pass with ease and safety. With such a road and the natural advantages of this place in being due east of Ft. Kearney—the intersecting point of all roads leading to the gold fields—it would invite trade from the west, and freighters of corn and produce of all kinds, merchandise included, would purchase their supplies here in place of going elsewhere. In that event every bushel of corn would be worth to the farmer as much more than it is now, as it would cost to freight the same to the nearest point on the river, having an outlet by means of a good wagon road west of same.

Another object of the Board should be the rapid settlement of the unimproved lands of the county, and the full development of the agricultural resources of the same, and also the improvement of the City.

The design of the Board is to increase the trade and resources of the town and county, and in order to accomplish that object a Steam Ferry and Wagon Road are indispensibly necessary.

Your committee believe that by proper exertion this Board can increase the trade of the town and county to fully double what it is now, and that within the period of one year, if there is a concert of action of all classes of citizens to that end, and we respectfully urge that these suggestions of your committee be duly considered and acted upon, and if practicable, that ways and means be provided to carry them out.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

L. HOADLEY,
H. M. ATKINSON,
H. C. LETT,
JNO. M'PHERSON } *Committee*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

C. G. DORSEY. S. M. RICH.

DORSEY & RICH,

Attorneys at Law,

And

COMMERCIAL COLLECTORS.

Office S. E. corner Main and First Streets,

BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA.

Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to them in the various Courts of Nebraska and North Missouri; also, to the Collection of Bounty Money, Back Pay, and Pensions; and to the Payment of Taxes. 9-49-yly

A Card To Invalids.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by his noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *Free of Charge.*

Please inclose a post-paid envelope, addressed to yourself;

Address,

Joseph T. Inman,
STATION D, BIBLE HOUSE,
New York City.

ESTRAY PONIES.

Taken up by the undersigned, living two miles above Brownville near the Missouri river, on the 5th day of June a. d., 1865, One Sorrel Mare, with white hind feet, star in the forehead, with a scar on the left hip, about 6 or 7 years old.

Also, One Roan Pony, about 3 years old, left hind leg white.

Z. W. CLARK.

Brownville, June 5, 1865. 38 5t-pd

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the Estate of James Osman, deceased are hereby notified that they are required by an order of the Probate Court of Nemaha County, Nebraska Territory, to file their claims in said Court on or before the 12th day of December, A. D. 1865 at ten o'clock A. M., when and where said claims will be examined, and adjusted. If such claims are not so filed on or before the 12th day of December 1865, they will be fotever barred.

EPHRAIM REED, Administrator.

June 12th 1865 4t pd.

SALE OF APPRAISED STOCK.

On Saturday the 24th day of June 1865, I will offer for Sale to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, at the residence of George Empson, living five miles West of Brownville, in Nemaha County, Nebraska Territory, One Estray Colt, supposed to be two years old this Spring, described as fallows: Sorrel With blaze face, Mane and Tail light Color, Branded with letter 'S.' on left shoulder, blind in right eye. Appraised at fifty-five dollars.

R. V. HUGHES, J. P.

38-3t.

SALE OF APPRAISED STOCK.

On Monday the 5th day of June, 1865, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash in hand, in the City of Brownville, Nebraska Territory One Red Steer Stag 5 years old, Swallow fork in each ear, One dark brindle Steer 4 years old upper bit in the left ear. Both appraised at $75.

R. V. HUGHES, J. P.

38-3t.

Great Distribution

BY THE

EUREKA GIFT ASSOCIATION,

195 & 197 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

OF

Rosewood Pianos, Melodeons,

FINE OIL PAINTINGS, ENGRAVINGS,

Silver Ware, Fine Gold and Silver Watches, and

ELEGANT JEWELRY,

CONSISTING OF

Diamond Pins, Diamond Rings, Gold Bracelets, Coral, Florentine, Mosaic, Jet, Lava and Cameo Ladies' Sets, Gold Pens with Gold and Silver Extension Holders, Sleeve Buttons, Sets of Studs, Vest and Neck Chains, Plain and Chased Gold Rings, &c., &c.,

VALUED AT

$500,000

DISTRIBUTION is made in the following manner: CERTIFICATES naming each article and its VALUE are placed in SEALED ENVELOPES, which are well mixed. One of these Envelopes, containing the Certificate or *Order for some Article*, will be delivered at our office, or sent by mail to any address, without regard to choice, on receipt of 25 Cents.

On receiving the Certificate the purchaser will see what Article it *draws*, and its value, and can then send One Dollar and receive the Article named, or can choose *any other* one Article on our List of the same value.

☞ Purchasers of our SEALED ENVELOPES, may, in this manner, obtain an Article *Worth from One to Five Hundred Dollars.*

FOR ONE DOLLAR

which they need not pay until it is known what is drawn, and its value.

Entire Satisfaction Guaranteed in all Cases,

THE EUREKA GIFT ASSOCIATION

would call attention to the fact of its being the Original and Largest Gift Association in the Country. The business continues to be conducted in a fair and honorable manner, and a large and greatly increasing trade is proof that our patrons appreciate this method of obtaining rich and elegant goods.

During the past year this Association has sent a very large number of valuable prizes to all parts of the country. Those who patronize us will receive the full value of their money, as no article on our list is worth less than One Dollar, retail, and there are NO BLANKS.

Parties dealing with us may depend on having prompt returns, and the article drawn will be immediately sent to any address by return mail or express.

The following parties have recently drawn valuable prizes from the Eureka Association, and have kindly allowed the use of their names:—

Andrew Wilson, Custom House, Philadelphia, Penn. Oil Painting, value, $100; James Hargraves, 820 Broadway, New York, Oil Painting, value, $100; E. F. Jones, Barret, Marshall Co., Kansas, Melodeon, value $200; Patrick J. Byrnes, Waterbury, Ct., Gold Watch, value 125.00, J. P. Shaw, 224 East 24th St. New York, Piano, value, 350.00; Mrs. Chas. J. Nevis, Elmira, N. Y., Piano, value, 300.00; Miss Lucy Janeway, Elmira, N. Y., Cluster Diamond Ring, value, 200.00; Mrs. K. Pennoyer, City Hotel, Nashville, Tenn. Melodeon, value, 125; Oscar M. Allen, Co. B. 142d reg. Ind Vols., Nashville, Tenn., Watch, value, 85.00; Rowland S. Patterson, Co. D. 10th Iowa Vet. Volunteers, Oil Painting, value, 100; Mrs. Abbey J. Parsons, Springfield Mass., Melodeon, value, 150; James L. Dexter, City Surveyor, Syracuse, N. Y., Gold Watch, value, 150.00; Mrs. James Fly, 137 Wooster Street, cor. Bleeker, N. Y., Oil, Painting, value, 100; Mrs J. C. Coles, Grand Rapids, Michigan, Silver Castor, value 40.00; Dr. J. R. Sinclair, No. 4 Main Street Utica N. Y., Framed Engraving, value, 25.00; Hon. Luther Detmold, Washington, D. C., Oil Painting, value, 100.00.

Were we permitted, we might add many names to the above list, but many persons object to our so doing, we therefore publish no names without permission.

Letters from various parties throughout the country acknowledging the receipt of very valuable gifts, may be seen on file at our office.

LIST OF ARTICLES

To be Sold for One Dollar Each

Without regard to value, and not to be paid for until you know what you will receive.

10 Elegant Rosew'd Pianos, worth from	$250.00 to 500.00
10 Melodeons, Rosewood Cases	125.00 to 225.00
50 Fine Oil Paintings	25.00 to 100.00
200 Fine Steel Engravings, Framed	12.00 to 25.00
100 Music Boxes	12.00 to 45.00
100 Silver Revolving Patent Castors	15.00 to 40.00
100 Silver Fruit and Cake Baskets	15.00 to 35.00
500 Sets Silver Tea & Table Spoons	15.00 to 30.00
100 Gold Hunting Case Watches	75.00 to 150.00
150 Diamond Rings	50.00 to 200.00
250 Ladies' Gold Watches	60.00 to 85.00
450 Silver Watches	25.00 to 50.00
2,500 Vest and Neck Chains	5.00 to 25.00
2,000 Pairs Ear Rings, (new styles)	1.00 to 5.00
3,000 Gold Pencils and Tooth Picks	3.00 to 8.00
3,000 Onyx, and Amethyst Brooches	4.00 to 10.00
3,000, Lava and Florentine Brooches	4.00 to 6.50
1,000 Masonic Pins	4.00 to 6.50
2,000 Fine Gold Watch Keys	3.50 to 6.00
5,000 Children's Armlets	2.50 to 8.00
2,500 Sets of Bosom Studs	1.50 to 5.00
2,500 Enamled Sleeve Buttons	2.50 to 10.00
10,000 Plain Gold and Chased Rings	1.00 to 5.00
5,000 Stone Set and Seal Rings	2.50 to 10.00
5,000 Lockets, all sizes	2.00 to 7.00
10,000 sets of Ladies' Jewelry	5.00 to 20.00
4,000 Watch Charms (each)	3.00 to 5.50
5,000 Gold Pens, Silver Ex. Cases	4.00 to 6.00
5,000 Gent's Breast and Scarf Pins	3.00 to 20.00
4,000 Ladie's New Style Belt Buckles	4.00 to 6.50
2,000 Chatalaine and Guard Chains	8.00 to 20.00
1,000 Gold Thimbles	5.00 to 7.50
2,000 Sets Ladies' Jet and Gold	10.00 to 25.00
10,000 Gold Crosses	1.50 to 6.00
6,000 Oval Band Bracelets	6.00 to 20.00
4,000 Chased Bracelets	8.00 to 16.00
2,000 Ball Earrings, all colors	3.00 to 5.00
5,000 Fine Gold Pens	2.00 to 3.50
2,000 New Style Jet & Gold Eardrops	3.00 to 7.00
2,000 Gold Pens with Gold Mounted Ebony Holders	3.00 to 5.00

☞ A chance to obtain any of the above Articles for One Dollar by purchasing a Sealed Envelope for 25 cts.

☞ Five Sealed Envelopes will be sent for $1.00; Eleven for 2.00; Thirty for 5.00; Sixty-five for 10.00 One Hundred for $15.00.

Agents Wanted Everywhere.

Our patrons are desired to send United States money when it is convenient. Long letters are unnecessary. Letters should be addressed to our Box 5760, Post Office, for greater safety.

Orders for SEALED ENVELOPES must in every case be accompanied by the CASH, with the person sending, and Town, County and State plainly written. Letters should be addressed to the Managers as follows:

GOODWIN, HUNT & CO.,
Box 6706 Post Office, New York.

SALE OF APPRAISED STOCK.

On Saturday the 1st. day of July 1865, I will offer for Sale to the highest bidder for Cash in hand, at the residence of Robert Gilmore living two miles west of Brownville in Nemaha County Nebraska Territory, one Estray Steer, supposed to be 4 years old, described as follows:

Pale Red color with some white in the face and under jaw. No other marks or brands perceivable. Appraised at Thirty Dollars.

R. V. HUGHES, J. P.

38-3t.

ESTRAYED OR STOLEN.

From the Subscribers on the morning of the 5th inst. One bright bay horse 7 years old, dark heavy Tail short thick Mane when parts in the middle, broad square built, about fourteen and a half hands high, in trotting favors one of his hind feet. also one dark roan mare about same hight, light slim body, long legs, heavy mane, light tail, supposed to be 10 years old. When they left the Mare had a lariat rope trailing which had two knots in it.

Twenty-five dollars reward will be paid to any one taking up said animals or for information which will lead to their recovery by the subscribers. address.

P. E. & J. M. BEARDSLEY,
Weeping Water P. O.
Nebraska Territritry.

Mammoth Stock.

OF NEW AND WELL SELECTED

Dry Goods,

Just received at

John A. Ponns

CHEAP

DRY GOODS AND GROCERY STORE,

N. W. Cor. Main and First Streets.

Latest Style Ladies Dress and Fancy Dress Goods, Summer Shawls, Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Iron, Nails, Flour, Bacon, Queensware, Hardware, Furniture, Sash, Doors, Window Glass, &c.

Which he will sell

CHEAP FOR CASH.

Call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere. 8-42-1y

NEW SKIRT FOR 1865

The Great Invention of the Age

Hoop Skirts

J. W. BRADLEY'S New Patent DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (or double) SPRING SKIRT.

WESTS' BRADLEY & CORY, (late J. I. & J. O. West,) Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers, 97 Chambers and 79 and 81 Reade Streets, New York.

THIS INVENTION consists of DUPLEX (or two) Elliptic Steel Springs, ingeniously Braided Tightly and Firmly together, edge to edge, making the toughest, most flexible Elastic and Durable Spring ever used. They seldom Bend or Break like the Single Springs, and consequently Preserve their Perfect and Beautiful Shape Twice as Long as any other Skirt.

The WONDERFUL FLEXIBILITY and Great Comfort and pleasure to any Lady wearing the Duplex Elliptic Skirt will be experienced particularly in all Crowded Assemblies, Operas, Carriages, Railroad Cars, Church Pews, for Promenade and House Dress, as the Skirt can be folded, when in use, to occupy a small place as easily as a Silk or Muslin Dress.

A Lady having enjoyed the pleasure, comfort and great convenience of wearing the "Duplex Elliptic Steel Spring Skirt" for a single day, will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For Children Misses, and Young Ladies, they are Superior to all others.

For Sale in all First-Class Stores in throughout the United States

Inquire for the Double Elliptic Skirt.

9 38-10-8;

LEEPER & KIDDER'S

Two Horse,

CORN

Cultivator.

Patented February 12, 1861.

This well known and valuable Implement for Corn raising, that all good and practical Farmers will have, that has met with such remarkable sale and favor, is being manufactured by the undersigned at

Rockport Landing Atchison Co Mo.

and are now prepared to fill all orders they may receive for the coming season. We have made some valuable improvements since last season. We have reduced the bulk or size of the machine, and make it in better proportion, and retain all the valuable points.

We Claim the Folliwing Important Points:

1st. The Plowman can ride and plow without labor.
2d. Any person who can drive a team can manage it.
3d. Crooked rows of Corn are plowed as easily and throughly as straight ones, the plowman sitting so as to observe the corn and see if the work is well done.
4th. It has the most perfect and natural foot motion of any plow mad, and does not cramp or tire the Plowman.
5th. The Plows while in motion are moved with perfect ease.
6th. The Plows are adjustable to any depth any desired space between the plows is readily obtained.
8th. Adjustible shields to prevent young corn from being covered.
8th. It is admirably adapted to plowing in small grain.
9th. Every Cultivator is well made and good material, and warranted to do good work.

MORGAN & MEAD.

☞ Orders addressed to the above at North Star Mo., or Brownville Neb. Ter. 33 3m 45.

JEFF DAVIS CAPTURED

IN

Petticoats!!!

RAINEY & CO.,

AT THE

STAR STORE,

Have just received and will sell

CHEAP FOR CASH

the following No. 1 articles in their line.

Dry Goods,

Consisting of Ladies' Dress Goods, Domestics, Woolen Goods, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

GROCERIES,

Choice Coffee, Sugar, Tea, Molasses, Syrup, Fish, Dried Fruit, and everything that makes up a complete Grocery outfit.

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

Choice Pocket and Table Cutlery, Nails, Farm and Garden Implements, &c., &c.

Queensware, Glassware,

Wooden Ware Stone Ware, &c., &c., &c.

A lot of New Patent

IRON CORN SHELLERS

Which does its work clean and at the rate of 150 bushels a day, and is the durable Sheller ever made, being all iron, the wear tear and repairs can amount to very little.

May 18th, 1865. 35 9-3m

ST. LOUIS ADVERTISEMENTS.

From Williams' Advertising Agency, 97 Chesnut St.

Hastings, Wilkerson & Co

No 85 Main Street,

Saint Louis, Mo.

Wholesale Dealers in

FANCY DRY GOODS

NOTIONS.

—AND—

FURNISHING GOODS,

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☞ Orders carefully and promptly filled.

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Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

A CARD.

There are times in the lives of individuals as well as communities, which hang more of uncertainty, perhaps sudden death, than would to at others, at least, to the limited cernment of weak humanity.

Whether it be that portion of the just entered upon, or that carrying the active duties of life, or still that part just about to lay them forever, each are exposed to peculiar oftentimes unlooked for dangers. a time has, even now, come upon nation and this people. The ones" have always to run a gauntlet ills before they arrive at man's but now that the country has need of fenders, those who had escaped the of childhood are exposed to new dangers —the terrors of the battle-field or insidious diseases of the hospital camp. Even to those who pursue peaceful pursuits of home, danger in the shape of an explosion, a collision a run-away, or some sudden disease, so, "even in the midst of life, we are death."

Now, the moral of all this, (and should be pondered well,) is that er the young, matured or aged, who have friends to love them and for them when dead, should suffer other day to pass carlessly by without curing (if it has not already been done) *good, faithful likenesses*, in some form other, either by the portrait painter the photographist.

There are some now busily prepared for a season, with its pleasures at sea-side, or some far off fashionable city, without a thought of danger, when perhaps, there is not in existence a *shadow of some beloved face* in the family circle to remind them of its brightness that face that *one moment's sudden calamity* might hide away from their sight forever!

How many are thus procrastinating and putting off this sacred duty, for some trifling excuse, that shall one day prove a source of the most poignant regret.

Scarce a day passes that some one in deep affliction does not come to me with "If I had one of your photographs of my wife as she was in life, I should prize it above any earthly treasure," or "if we only had some kind of a picture of our little one just gone to heaven, it would be an inexpressible source of comfort to us,"—and so on, indefinitely.

Good Pictures cost something, but when tried in the way that tests their true value, money becomes as ashes in comparison.

The subscriber would respectfully announce to the Citizens of this place and vicinity, that he has made arrangements to remain with them for a short season; so that all will have a chance to procure one of his beautiful and enduring pictures, which he is so skillful in taking.

Having practiced the Art during the past ten years, and being in constant reception of all improvements, he feels confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with a trial.—His pictures for cleanness and brilliancy of tone are unsurpassed by those of any Artist in the country.

A word to Mothers: To those who have infants, he would say that they now have an opportunity of obtaining pictures which may be a comfort and solace, should Death remove the little ones from them, as he pays particular attention to making pictures of children.

Pictures guaranteed as good in cloudy weather as in fair.

To any person wishing to learn the Art, he offers instructions, at as low price as can be obtained elsewhere.

CHARLES H. WALKER.

Practical Operator to the American Peopie. Now to be found at the Gallery of W. M. C. Perkins, Brownville, Nebraska Territory. 34-37.

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