Nebraska Advertiser

BROWNVILLE, THURSDAY SEPT. 8, 1864.

FOR PRESIDENT
ABRAHAM LINCOLN
OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT
ANDREW JOHNSON,
OF TENNESEE.

FOR DELEGATE TO CONGRESS
P. W. HITCHCOCK,
OF OMAHA.

SALUTATORY.

With this number of the Advertiser begins the Ninth Volume and our course as its publisher. In this, our first meeting with its patrons, we would extend to [illegible] them our hand, and hope they may [illegible]e in the future, as they have been [illegible]ast, its true and faithful friends. [illegible]ll strive to give them full satis[illegible] by keeping our columns filled [illegible] latest and best information we can obtain, and in all we write, or select we shall be guided by an unswerving fidelity to the Union and Constitution, and the full enforcement of the Law.

The suppression of all lawless bands, whether they claim to be loyal or disloyal, we regard as an attainment, and believe it to be the duty of all good citizens to aid in putting them down, and in discouraging all revolutionary elements.

Any negotiations or treaty with the rebels would be an acknowledgment of our defeat, and so far would only humiliate and disgrace us, while it could not possibly be productive of any good.—Peace cannot be obtained by such means, but must be conquered to be permanent. If we receive ministers from them or send ministers to them we acknowledge their right to treat with us—their independance—and war waged against them afterwards would be unjustified, as it could only be one of conquest.

The State Governments of the Southern States have been usurped by traitors, and it is our duty to use every available means in the power of the Government to crush out and exterminate their organization, while we give every protection in our power to the still remaining loyal citizens in those States, and induce them to reorganize the State Governments where they have been usurped.

The war must be prosecuted with more vigor. After fighting for four years we have not been able to establish the supremacy of the Government; and now, as there is an overwhelming force being called into the field we should adopt such a policy towards the masses of the people as will serve to aleniate them from the Confederacy, and freely pardon all who voluntarily return to their allegiance, except the leaders of the rebellion who punished according to the nature of their must be offence.

The Constitution is the Charter of Liberty to the human race, and it is far better that every American of this generation should sanctify it with his blood, than that it should be overthrown; and a government based upon the last relict and worst feature of barbarism erected in its stead.

Since the outbreak of the war we have been indentified with no party, but the army; and to that alone can we ever look for peace. But in entering upon the field of politics again, it is not difficult for us to take the National Platforms of the different parties, and from them, and the men placed upon their tickets, decide where we stand.

All the disloyal element of the free States has united itself with the Democratic party, and at their late Convention at Chicago, adopted a platform by which they claim to be unswerving in their [f]idelity to the Union, yet indulge in the [illegible]st vituperations against the Adminis[tratio]n of Mr. Lincoln, and demand an [imme]diate armistic, and peace; when [we k]now that peace obtained from the [illegible]by treaty must be upon the basis [of] independence, and the cession to [them] all the territory of the border [S]tates, and making ourselves and [our c]hildren their slave catchers and de[illegible]ants. Upon this platform they have [no]minated Maj-Gen. McClellan, for the [P]residency.

As a soldier we have ever had the most profound respect for McClellan, and believe him too good a patriot to endorse one word of this platform, or one particle of the proceedings of such a conclave as the Chicago Convention has proved itself to be.

With such an element to contend with in the election in November, it is essential that all loyal men should be united on one man, and energetic in their efforts to elect him, and we sincerely regret that a small faction should devide the party, and place in the field such a man as Fremont, whose whole life has been an error that has resulted so far in nothing but total failure.

There have been some things in the Administration of President Lincoln, we though very unwise, and there are some things in his present policy we cannot approve, but he is in favor of a prosecution of the war, and in this he has our most cordial support. He is the only candidate for the Presidency standing upon a war platform, who possesses sufficient ability to fill the position, and therefore we believe it to be the duty of all Union men to give him their support.

In the politics of Nebraska we are but little posted, having never had anything to do with them until now.

With these views of politics generally, and a determination to do all in our power to keep our readers posted in regard to current issues, as well as the military situation and army news, we ask the patrons of the Advertiser, if they can support us with such principles to do so. We firmly believe that its present large circulation will be increased, and expect to find many true friends.

The Advertiser has not been reduced in size and is published at the same old price, although the cost of everything used in a printing office has been increased to nearly double.

The advance in labor, farm produce and merchandize render all classes more able to patronize a county paper now than ever before, and we hope to see them do it. Now is the best time to subscribe—at the beginning of the new volume—and all those who have been taking it, but whose time has expired we respectfully ask to come forward and renew their subscription.

To the ex-editors and proprietors we tender our kindest regards, and sincerely hope that they may find some other business more pleasant and profitable than that which they have just quitted.

THE CHICAGO CONVENTION.

The National Democratic Convention that met in Chicago on the 29th of August, was the largest and most enthusiastic meeting ever held in that city. Its proceedings were harmonious, and resulted in the adoption of a thoroughly peace platform, and the nomination of Gen. McClellan, for President, and Geo. H. Pendleton, for Vice-President.

We have not yet seen any notice of the acceptance of McClellan, yet there is no doubt that he will; but from the striking contrast between the tone of the Convention and the principles we believe Gen. McClellan to have ever acted upon, we cannot see how he is to accept the nomination without repudiating the whole thing—Convention, Platform, Party and all.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

We give below the proceedings of the Democratic Convention, held in this city on the 5th inst. It was well attended though but very little enthusiasm was exhibited, and their proceedings show a decided contrast between their sentiments and the Chicago Platform:

Pursuant to notice a Democratic Union Convention was held in the City of Brownville, September 5th, 1864.

The meeting was organized by selecting George W. Bratton, Esq., Chairman, and W. W. Hackney, Secretary.

The object of the meeting was stated to be the election of five Delegates to represent this county in the Democratic Territorial Convention to meet at Nebraska City on the 14th day of September, 1864.

On motion of H. C. Lett, a Committee of five was appointed by the Chair, consisting of H. C. Lett, T. W. Bedford, Eli H. Wilcox, S. A. Chambers and Davidson Plasters, to draft resolutions.

Whereupon the following resolution was reported and unanimously adopted, viz:

Resolved: That we are in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the War for the suppression of the Rebellion, the restoration of the Union, and the supremacy of the Constitution.

On motion of E. H. Wilcox, the chair appointed a committee of five, consisting of Eli H. Wilcox, H. C. Lett, W. W. Hackney, S. A. Chambers and Thomas Skeen, to select and present names for Delegates to attend the Territorial Convention.

Whereupon the committee reported the following names:

Dr. Holmes, Nemaha City.
S. A. Chambers, Peru.
Frank Dowler, Glen Rock.
Samuel Bennett, Melvins' Mills.
T. W. Bedford, Brownville.

All were unanimously elected.

Whereupon the following resolution was offered and adopted:

Resolved: That, should any of the Delegates elected by this Convention to the Territorial Convention, not be present at said Convention, such members as may be present are hereby instructed and fully empowered to cast the whole number of votes for this county.

The Convention then adjourned to meet Saturday September 24th, 1864, at 2 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of nominating Councilmen, Representatives and other County Officers.

GEO. W. BRATTON, Ch'm.
W. W. HACKNEY, Sec'y.

Gen. Grant has issued an order to give transportation to families that have been rendered destitute, by the campaign in Virginia, and to all persons coming into our lines.

CELEBRATION OF THE ANNIVERSARY OF THE BATTLE OF WHITE STONE HILL.

The first anniversary of the Battle of White Stone Hill was celebrated in this city on the evening of the 3d inst, by those members of the late 2d Nebraska cavalry residing in this vicinity. Adjt. H. M. Atkinsons was chosen chairman and C. P. Richardson secretary, of the Meting.

Mr. Atkinson on taking the chair said; Gentlemen I thank you for the honor you have bestowed upon me in selecting me as chairman of this meeting, of your once fellow soldiers. We have convened here this evening, to celebrate the first anniversary of the Battle of White Stone Hills, which was fought on the evening of September 3d 1864, in about latitude forty-seven longitude ninety nine in Nebraska Territory between the U. S. forces under Gen. Sully, and the Sioux Indians, in which the second Neb. cavalry bore a prominent part; in fact there were no other troops engaged save a battalion of the 6th Iowa cav. which participated near the close of the engagement. The trials, fatigue and dangers to which the regiment was exposed to during that campaign will ever be remembered by its members, and the unflinching courage displayed by the Nebarska boys on [this] occasion called forth from the cammanding General words of the highest praise and commendation. That was the greatest and most decisive battle which has been fought with the Indians for over a half a century and that victory was due to the valor of Nebraska soldiers. I need not recount the incidents that transpired on that battle field as they are familiar to you all, and will ever be cherished in your memories of the past.—While we would have prefered fighting against the rebels in arms against the Government and desired to be sent to the front for that purpose, yet had not the second Nebraska composed a part of Gen. Sully's forces some other regimet would have been take from the Fort for that purpose, although the results of the expedition may not have been commensorate with the expense incured by the Government, (although all was accomplished by it tnat was possible) yet that was no fault of yours for you was mearly discharging your duty as obedient soldiers. I hope gentlemen we may live to celebrate many anniversaries of that battle and also of the restoration of the Union.

Lieutenant Maun being called upon, said he felt proud to meet on this occasion, those preset who participated in the Battle of White Stone Hills. he would mearly remark in regard to that battle that the Idians were furnished as they never had before beep and that the Nebraska second were the men who so punished them, and had they been called into other fields of operation the rebels would have tasted of their steal.

But their government called them elsewhere and as good soldiers they went where ordered, though they wished and sighed to be sent to the South and meet the rebel foe face to face.

He concluded his remarks by fervently hoping that at the next anniversary of the Battle of White Stone Hills the members of the Nebraska second now here may meet again on that day to celebrate the downfall of this accused rebelion.

Dr. Holliday being present was called upon and said although he was not a member of the regiment in reality, yet was in feeling, that during its term of service he was stationed at St. Halleck and frequently wished he had been with Sully's expedition. The Doctor made a brief review of the history of the Rebellion and hoped that ere another 3d of September we would have an undivided Union and that treason and Rebellion would exist only in the history of the past.

C. P. Richardson Lewis walter and sergt Joseph Hamilton each being called upon responded in brief, but appropriate speeches. On motion the Secretary was requested to fornish a copy of those proceedings to the *Advrtiser* for publication.

When the meeting adjourned to meet again on the 3d of September 1865.

C. P. RICHARDSON.
Secretary.

AFFAIRS IN FRONT OF PETERSBURG.

Philadelphia, Sept. 2. A special dispatch to the *Press* contains the following:

BEFORE PETERSBURG. Sept. 1. The enemy were reported to be moving artillery to their right in the afternoon.—Slight skirmishing began along the Weldon road.

The 5th corps were placed under arms and marched into the breast works.

Some deserters came into the works during the day and said we were to be attacked at four o'clock in the afternoon. with the exception of a slight skirmish along the railroad, there was no disturbance.

Our men waited with anxious expectations, but no rebels made their appearance. The silence along the entire front is wonderful and unaccountable; there is something expressive about it.

Washington, Sept. 2. The last information from the Army of the Potomac is that all was quiet yesterday. A number of shells have been thrown into Petersburg from a monster 15-inch mortar to deter the rebels from firing on our pickets, and seems to have the desired effect.

FROM WESTERN VIRGINIA.

BALTIMORE SEPT. 2.

A special dispatch to the *American*, dated Charlestown, Va., September 2, says reconnoissances have established the fact that Early, has no intention of leaving, the valley. His headquarters are at Bunker Hill, half-way between Martinsburg and Winchester. He is engaged in repairing and putting up the telegraph wire. He has already telegraphic communication with Richmond from this side of Woodstock He is also receiving reinforcements, etc.

Fitzhugh Lee is known to have received 500 horses for his cavalry, which is said to number 7,000.

New York, September 2. From the *Post's* Washington special says authentic information has been received from Sheridan that Early is withdrawing his forces, moving up the valley by way of Middleburg and Strasburg.

The *Cummercial's* Washington special says it is understood that General Sheridan has orders to hold Early in the valley as long as he can.

Bunker Hill, Sept 2. Averill's division of cavalry attacked the enemy this morning, a short distance of martinsburg, rapidly following them up, captured 2 battle flags many prisoners nearly all of one train of wagons, heard of cattle and by 4 p. m. came upon a division of the rebel infantry and engaged it. Our loss so far is light. We are within six miles of winchester, Engagement not ended.

[illegible] 5. Special to the American [illegible] near Berryville, 14th.—Crook's camp at 4 o'clock yesterday morning, and moved in three parallel columns, towards Berryville, crook on the left and the 19th corps in the center. On the night of the 8th, Crook's reached Berryville, at noon formed a line of battle while the pickets were posted on the roads leading from Berryville.

The 23d Ohio was sent out on Snicker's ferry road, 36th Ohio on the Winchester pike, Crook's command had went into camp and just finished pitching tents about 4 p. m., when heavy skirmishing heard on the picket line; the whole command was rapidly turned out and formed in line to support the pickets who had been driven from beyond some entrenchments which they had occupied. The 35th Ohio and 9th Va., formed and charged the rebels, driving them out of their entrenchments. A desperate struggle ensued. rebels being determined to regain their entrenchment—they massed no less than two divisions and hurled them with unaccustomed ferocity against our forces, which was supported by Davell's and Thorborn's divisions. They were handsomely repulsed. The conflict lasted until after sundown. The whole army was engaged all night in digging entrenchments, and a throwing up breast-works, we now occupy a strong position. Fighting so far done by Crook's command, which captured fifty prisoners stand of colors. Our loss about 300 killed and wounded.

Enem'y loss at least a third more than ours.

Heavy firing heard yesterday in the direction of Bunker Hill. supposed to be Averill advancing.

New York, 6. The Herald's Bunker Hill correspondent of the 4th, says Gen. Crook was attacked by the enemy last night but they were handsomely repulsed. We took 100 prisoners.

Herald's correspondent with Averill, 4th, writes, yesterday our operations on Sheridan's right and in the direction of Winchester, eminently successful.

AFFAIRS IN TENNESSEE.

Nashville, 5. General Rosseau telegraphs from Spring Hill late on Saturday, that Wheeler's force was across Duck river, and had joined Roddy, and were retreating towards Florence. Rosseau pronounces the raid a complete failure.

Gen Wheeler reported mortally wounded, died at Franklin yesterday.—Gen. Haskill reported killed in skirmish. Considerable damage done to the railroad. Large forces employed who will soon have it in running order.

The damage done by the rebels to the Chattanooga road being rapidly repaired. Only one bridge destroyed.

News from Sherman's army received to-day, reports the enemy's loss at 3,000 killed and wounded. We captured 2,000 prisoners. Among one Brigadier Gen. name not given. Large lot material captured. Army full possession of Atlanta.

Louisville, 5. 3,000 rebel cavalry, under Williams and Robertson with three pieces of artillery, attacked naar by Milroy and Murfreesboro, on Saturday morning. Brisk fighting all day. Sunday the rebels retreated towards Triune, followed br Milroy, who made several attacks during Sunday.

Federal loss 10 killed and wounded.—Rebels thought to be larger. We captured 500 horses.

FROM SHERMANS ARMY.

FALL OF ATLANTY.

War department, Washington, Sept 2
To Maj. Gen. Dix: This Departmen has received intelligence this evening that Gen. Sherman's andvance entered Atlanta at noon. The particulars have not yet been received, but telegraphic communication during the night with Atlanta is expected.

E. M. STANTON.
Secretary of War.

War Department September 2. 1864
To Maj. Gen. Dix.
The following telegram from Slocum, dated this day in Atlanta, and just received, confirms the capture of that city. Gen. Sherman has taken Atlanta. The 20th corps occupied the city. The main army is on the Macon road near East Point. A battle was fought, near that point, in which Sherman was successful.

E. M. STANTON.
Sect'y. of War.

Later. A dispatch from slocum, dated the night of the 3d, Atlanta, says the enemy destroyed seven locomotives, 81 cars loaded with amunition &c., left 14 pieces of artillery, large number of small arms.

STANTON.

Baltimore 6.—Constitutional Convention completed its labors, and adjourned to-day. The new Constitution will be submitted to the people on the 12th of October.

FROM MOBILE.

THE CAPTURE OF MOBILE.

PARTICULARS OF THE SURRENDER.

Fort Morgan.—Heretofore considered the strongest fortifications in the United States, and the following is true:

Ve have taken 1,500 prisoners, 100 pieces of artillery, and and a vast anount of small aoms and munitions of war, also provisions enough to feed the garrison we shall place therein for six months.

Washington, Sept. 2.—The following is a portion of Admiral Farraguts oficial dispatch to the Navy Department:

The whole conduct of the officers of Forts Gain and Morgan presents such a striking contest in moral principle, that I cannot fail to remark upon it.—Colonel Anderson, who commanded the former, finding himself in a perfectly untenable position and encumbered with a superfluous number of conscripts, may of whom were mere boys determined to surrender the fort which he could not defend, and this determination was supported by all his officers, save one but from the moment he hoisted the white flag, he scrupulously kept everything intact, and in that condition delivered it over, whilst Jaige and his officers, with a childish spirit, destroyed the guns which they said they would defend to the last moment, but which they never defended at all, and threw away those weapons which they had not the manliness to use against their enemies.

Fort Morgan never fired a gun after the commencement of the bombardment, and the advance pickets of our army were actualy on its glacis.

As before stated, the ceremonies of the surrender took place at two in the afternohn, and that same afternoon all the garrison were sent to New Orleans in the United States steamers Tennessee and Blenville, where they arrived safely.

Very respectfully, your servant.
D. G. FARRAGUT,
Rear Admiral.

To The Hon. Gideon Wells Secretare of the Navy.

HEADQUARTERS U. S. FORCES, MOBILE BAY Aug. 23. 1864.—GENERAL: In reply to your communication of this date, received by Captain Taylor, asking for terms of capitulation, we have to say that the only terms of capitulation we can make are. Frst, the unconditional surrender of yourself and garrison of Fort Morgan, with all the public property within its walls. Very respectfully,

E. P. DRYDEN Captain U. S. N.
On the Part of Rear Admiral Farg't.

REPLY.

Sir: Your conditions in the communication of to day are excepted. I will be ready to surrender at two o'clock, and to embark as soon possible.

Respectfully, R. T. PAGE.
Brig. Gen. C. S. A.

DEATHS.

DIED.—In this city on Thursday morning Sept. 6th. Alice M. only child of A. J. and Margary Berry, aged six months, and sixteen days.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STRAY SALE.

Notice is hereby given that I will cause to be sold at public sale, to the highest bidder, in cash, at Aspinwall, Nemaha County, Nebraska, on Saturday, the 24th day of September, one stray cow, taken up by Jacob Ozart.

J. M. PAULIN. J. P.
Sept. 3. 1864. v-ix-1-3w.

ESTATE OF J. G. MELVIN.

Notice is hereby given that we, having been appointed by the Probate Court of Nemaha County Nebraska, commissioners to review, examine and adjust all claims and demands against the estate of Jas. G. Melvin, deceased, will procede to review, examine and adjust all such claims on Monday the 3d day of October A. D. 1864, at 9 o'clock a. m. at the office of the Probate Judges in Brownville in said County of Nemaha, and will adjourn from day to day until all such claims shall be adjusted.

No claims presented after the 6th day of October A. D. 1864 will be adjusted against said estate.

H. C. LETT, }
T. W. BEDFORD. } Com's.
Sebt 8th 1864. v-ix-1-3w.

ADMINISTRATORS SALE.

In pursuance of an order by the Probate Court of the County of Nemaha, Nebraska Territory, I will on:

Saturday the 1st day of October A. D. 1864: at 2 o'clock P. M. of that day, offer for sale at public auction in front of the post office in the City of Peru in said County of Nemaha, the following described real estate to wit: the West half of the North West quarter of section No. 5. Township 6, Range 15 East of the 6th P. M.: also Lots No. 1 3 and 9 in Block No. 43 and Lot No. 7 in Block No. 116 in the said City of Peru; all of the above property being situated in the County of Nemaha and Territory of Nebraska and now belonging to the Estate of Nehemiah Stites deceased.

J. M. LONGFELLOW. Adm'n.
Sept. 8th 1864. n1 3w.

STRAY NOTICE.

Taken up within the enclosed premises of the undersigned house-holder living three miles north west of Brownville in Nemaha County, Nebraska, on the 19th day of August, 1864, one Red Ox, with line back, right horn half off, ears badly torn, about eight years old.

Aug. 27th. n52-2t-pd

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that I will offer for sale at public auction at the door of the Brownville House in Brownville, Nemaha County, Nebraska Territory, that being the house in which the District Court was last held, on

Monday the 26th day of Sept. A. D. 1864,

at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, the following real estate, to-wit: The following lots situated in the City of Glen Rock, in the said county of Nemaha, to-wit: Lots 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 in block 50; lots 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 in block 46; lot 6 in block 64; the whole of blocks 68, 82, 84; lots 8 9 10 11 12 13 14. in block 100; the whole of block 108; lots 3 13 14. in block 36; the whole of blocks 29 and 15; lots 8 and 9 in block 65; lots 1 2 3 4 5 6 7, in block 139.

Also the lots and blocks situated in Brownville, Nemaha county, numbered as follows, to-wit: Lot 13, in block 29; lot 16 in block 57; lot 13 in block 44; lot 6, in block 24; lot 1, in block 34; lot 4, in block 40; lot 8 in block 64. lot 6. in block 32; lots 5 and 2 in block 58; lot 2, in block 23; lot 2, in block 27; lot 6, in block 37; lots 16 and 2, in block 60; lot 11, in block 97; lot 9, in block 65; 15 and 16, in block 6[illegible]; lot 10 in block 38; lot 13 in block 121; lots 4 and 10 in block 48; lots 8 and 3, in block 67; lots 3 and 12, in block 89; lot 6 in block 25; lot 1 in block 16; lot 14 in block 76; lot 14 in block 13; lot 2 in block 63; lot 16 in block 43; lot 1 in block 14; lot 9 and house in block 22; lots 1 2 3 4 7 in block 82; lots 8 9 7 6 10 11 in block 3.

Also the north half of the south east quarter of the south west quarter of section twelve [12] in township five [5] north of range fifteen [15] east of 6th principal meridian, containing [20] twenty acres more or less; all the above real estate was heretofore taken as the property of John McPherson on executions issued from the District Court of the said county of Nemaha, Nebraska Territory, and ordered to be sold by writ of Venditioni Exponas and to me directed as Sheriff of said county in favor of the following parties, to-wit:

R. W. Booth & Co.
A. J. Frounstine & Co.
M. E. Reives & Co.
Kelley & Harding.
Wm. R. Penick & Co.

Given under my hand this 22d day of August, a. d. 1864. W. G. GLASGOW, Sheriff.
n51-5t-$18.

MASTER'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Master in Chancery of Nemaha county, Nebraska Territory, will, by virtue of an Order of Sale issued by the Register in Chancery of the District Court of said county in said Territory, in favor of Stephen F. Nuckolls and against Heath Nuckolls Administrator of the estate of Charles M. Greever, deceased, Elizabeth Snodgrass, John G. Snodgrass, Peter Greever, Livina Greever, Susan Greever, Sarah Greever, Andrew Greever, William Greever and Samuel R. Pafford, at one o'clock p. m. on

Monday the 26th day of Sept. A. D. 1864,

in front of the Brownville House, in the City of Brownville, Nemaha county, Nebraska Territory, the place where the last term of said court of said county was held, offer for sale at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real estate, to-wit: The north west quarter of the north east quarter and lot one of section 36, and the south west quarter of the north east quarter, and the south east quarter of the north east quarter, and the north west quarter of the south east quarter, and the south west quarter of the south east quarter, and the north east quarter of the south east quarter, and the south east quarter of the south east quarter of section 36 in township 4, north of range 16 east, containing 319 acres and 30 100ths, and lots 1, 2, 3, & 4, of section number 31, and the north west quarter of the south west quarter and the south west quarter of the south west quarter, and the north east quarter of the south west quarter of section 31, township 4, north of range 17 east, containing 306 acres and 20 100ths, and half of the south west quarter of the south west quarter, and lots 2 & 3, in section 25 and the north west quarter of the north west quarter and the south west quarter of the north west quarter and the south east quarter of the north west quarter and the north east quarter of the north west quarter of section 36 in township 4 north of range 16 east, containing 311 acres and 70 100ths, all in Nemaha county, Nebraska Territory.

CHAS. G. DORSEY,
Master in Chancery.
Brownville, Aug 25th, '64. n51-5t-$15

MASTER'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Master in Chancery, of Nemaha county, Nebraska Territory, will, by virtue of an order of sale issued by the Register in Chancery, of the District Court of said county, in said Territory, in favor of William R. Penick and against William C. Kern, Rhoda R. Kern and Andrew S. Holladay, at one o'clock, p. m. on

Monday the 26th day of Sept. A. D. 1864,

in front of the Brownville House, in the City of Brownville, Nemaha County, Nebraska Territory, the place where the last term of said court for said county was held, offer for sale, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real estate, to-wit: The ninety acres off of the north side of the south east quarter of section 30 in township 5 north of range 16 east, being ninety rods wide from north to south and one hundred and sixty rods long from east to west, and also ten acres off of the north east quarter of the north east quarter of section 29 of said township 5-range 16, beginning at the north east corner of said section 29 and embracing a strip of land twenty rods wide from north to south and eighty rods long from east to west along the north line of said section; all in Nemaha county, Nebraska Territory.

CHAS. G. DORSEY,
Master in Chancery.
Brownville, Aug. 25th, '64. n51-5t-$12

MASTER'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Sheriff of Nemaha county Nebraska Territory and Special Master in Chancery in this case, will, by virtue of an order of sale, issued by the Register in Chancery, of the District Court of said county in said Territory, in favor of Benjamin G. Cooper and against Edward M. McComas, at ten o'clock a. m. on

Monday the 26th day of Sept. A. D. 1864,

in front of the Brownville House, in the City of Brownville, Nemaha County, Nebraska Territory, the place where the last term of said court for said county was held, offer for sale, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real estate, to-wit: the north west quarter of section number 29 in township number 4 north of range number 15 east, in Nemaha County, Nebraska Territory.

W. G. GLASGOW,
Sheriff of Nemaha county,
and Special Master in Chancery.
Brownville, Aug. 25th, '64. n51-5t-$5

MASTER'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that I will offer for sale at public auction, at the door of the Brownville House in Brownville, Nemaha county, Nebraska Territory, that being the place where the District Court was last held, on

Monday the 26th day of September, 1864,

at 1 o'clock p. m. of said day the following real estate to-wit: the south east quarter of the north east quarter of section twenty-four, and the south east quarter of the north east quarter and the south half of the north east quarter of the north east quarter of section number thirteen in town four range fifteen east, and the undivided ⅔ part of the north east quarter of section thirty-five township four range fifteen east, ordered to be sold by a decree in Chancery of said court to satisfy a judgment obtained in said court in favor of Richardson, Mellier & Co., against Alfred Opelt and Joseph Opelt and to me directed as Sheriff of said county and Special Master.

Given under my hand this 24th day of August, a. d., 1864. W. G. GLASGOW, Sheriff
and Special Master.
n51-5t-$9

MASTER'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Master in Chancery, of Nemaha county, Nebraska Territory, will, by virtue of an order of sale issued by the Register in Chancery, of the District Court, of said county, in said Territory, in favor of Kingsland & Ferguson and against Thomas M. Green, John P. Baker, John Martin and Samuel A. Chambers, at one o'clock p. m. on

Monday the 26th day of September, 1864,

in front of the Brownville House, in the city of Brownville, Nemaha county, Nebraska Territory, the place where the last term of said court for said county was held, offer for sale, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following described property, to-wit: lots number 10, 11 & 12 in block number 113, in the town of Peru, in Nemaha county, Nebraska Territory, and also the Saw and Grist Mill formerly situated on said lots and all the Machinery, Gear and Apparatus thereto appertaining.

CHAS. G. DORSEY,
Master in Chancery.
Brownville, Aug. 25th. n51-5t-$9

ESTRAY NOTICE.

Taken up by the undersigned, living two and a half miles south of Brownville, Nemaha County, Nebraska, the 14th of August, 1864, one roan stallion Pony about 3 years old last Spring, no brands or marks.

THOS. BEARD.
August 25th. n50-3t-pd

LEGAL NOTICE.

Milton Myers, William Hays Lemon Plasters administrator of the estate of George W. Myers, deceased, Susan Myers, David Myers, James Myers, Ally Myers and Lydia Wadkins, heirs of George W. Myers deceased, will take notice that John R. Ullery, administrator of the estate of George Lewis is deceased has filed a bill in chancery in the District Court of Nemaha County, Nebraska Territory, the object and prayer of which is to set aside as fraudulent, a deed made by the said Milton Myers August 9th 1859, to the said George W. Myres, to the following described land situated in said County of Nemaha to wit the North West quarter of Section 25 in Township 5 North of Range 13 East of the 6th principle Meridian, and to obtain a decree of said Court for the sale of said land and the application of the proceeds in payment of a judgment obtained, March 9th 1860 in favor of the said estate of George Lewis and against the said Milton Myers and Wm. Hays.

Defendants are required to answer said petition on or before the 25th day of September 1864.

E. W. THOMAS.
Atty. for plaintiff.
Brownville, Aug. 11, '64, 4w 7,50

LEGAL NOTICE.

Sigmund Sessler of the State of Kansas, will take notice that A. G. Perry has commenced action in the District Court of Nemaha County, Nebraska Territory. The object of said action is to obtain a judgment against the said Sessler for the sum of seventy-four Dollars and seventy- five cents, with interest from February, 1st, 1861; also for the further sum of twenty-five Dollars with interest from October, 1st, 1861 both at the rate of ten per cent per annum.

Said sums are claimed to be due said Perry on two certain promissory notes made by said Sessler payable to the order of A. G. Perry, the first dated Feb. 1st 1861, and due three months after date; the second dated July 1st 1861 and due three months after date.

Said Sessler will further take notice that on the filing of the necessary affidavit that said Perry has caused an order of attachment to issue out of the said Court and that the following real estate in said of Nemaha, County Nebraska Ter. has been attached, to wit; the North East fractional Quarter of Section 3 Township 4 North of Range 14 East of the 6th Principle Meridian.

Said Sessler is required to answer or demur to said petition on or before the 26th day of September 1864.

J. M. BOLINGER.
E. W. THOMAS.
Atty. for Plaintiff.
Brownville, Neb. Aug. 11, 1864 4w 7,50

MASTER'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Master in Chancery, of Nemaha county, Nebraska Territory, will, by virtue of an order of sale issued by the Register in Chancery of the District Court of said County in said Territory, in favor of [illegible] McMillan and against Robert Hemp and [illegible] up, at one o'clock p. m. on

Monday the 26th day of September [illegible]

in front of the Brownville House, in the City of Brownville, Nemaha county, Nebraska Territory, the place where the last term of said Court [illegible] county was held, offer for sale at public [illegible] the highest bidder for cash, the following [illegible] real estate, to-wit: the northeast quarter of [illegible] twelve in township five north of range [illegible] in Nemaha county, Nebraska Territory.

CHAS. G. DORSEY, Master in Chancery.
Brownville, August 25th, 1864.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Benjamin Chapman, administrator of the estate of George W. Simpson deceased and Sarah Simpson, Alice Simpson, Benjamine F. Simpson, Martha C. Simpson Thos. B. Simpson, and John A. Simpson heirs of George W. Simpson deceased complainants,
vs
Thomas R. Simpson, defendant.

[illegible] son, of the state of Texas, will take notice [that the] above named complainants, of Nemaha [County, Neb]raska Territory did on the 10th day [of] 1864, file their bill of complaint [in the District] Court of said County of Nemaha, Nebraska Territory, in Chancery against the said Thomas [Simp]son. Setting forth that on the 24 day of [illegible] George W. Simpson executed to said [defendant a] deed of the following real estate to wit [the North] East quarter of Section one in Township [illegible] of Range 15 east in said County and [Territory]. That said deed was executed in pursuance [of a ver]bal agreement between said George W. S[impson and] defendant Thomas R. Simpson, for the [sale of said] land and that it was executed on the [considera]tion that said defendant would [illegible] deed at the time it was executed and [pay] the purchase money of said land [illegible] [deliv]ery of said deed. That defendant Thomas [R.] Simpson absconded and moved to [illegible] as, within the lines of the rebels [without] paying the purchase money of said [land or] a small part and that no actual delivery [of said deed] was ever made to said Thomas R. Simpson [defen]dant.

The said complainants pray that [said deed] be rescinded, set aside and declared [void]. And the said Thomas R. Simpson [is notified that] he is required to appear and answer [said] Complaint on or before the 29th day [of Septem]ber 1864.

CHARLES G. [illegible]
Sol. for Compl[ainants].
Brownville, Aug. 11, 64 4w [illegible]

LEGAL NOTICE.

Katherina Rataichak, by her next friend, David H. McLaughlin
vs
The unknown heirs of Henry Smith, deceased, Henry E. Dummer, and Henry M. Atkinson.
} In the District Court of Nemaha County Nebraska Territory. In Chancery. Foreclosure of Mortgage.

The unknown heirs of Henry Smith, deceased, and Henry E. Dummer will take notice that Nathrina Rataichak, by her next friend, H. McLaughlin did, on the 9th day of [illegible] 1864, fill his petition in the District Court of [Nema]ha County Nebraska Territory, against the unknown heirs of Henry Smith, deceased, [Henry E.] Dummer and Henry M. Atkinson defendants [set]ting forth that Henry Smith executed [and deliver]ed to complainant, a mortgage [on] the North East quarter of Section [illegible] [in Township] 4 north of range 14 East in Nemaha County, [Nebras]ka Territory, to Secure the payment of [a certain] promissory note for $300. That the said [Henry] Smith has died, since the execution of [the] said mortgage and that his heirs are [unknown to] complainant. That said defendant, Benjamin [Dum]mer, is trustee in said mortgage and [illegible] as such has some interest therein. [And] that the said unknown heirs of Henry [Smith de]ceased may pay the said sum of $300, with [in]terest due thereon, or that said premises [may be] sold to pay the same, and that said defendants and each of them may be foreclosed of all [equity of re]demption and interest whatever in said [premises]. And the said unknown heirs of Henry Smith [deceas]ed and Henry E. Dummer are notified [that they] are required to appear and answer [said petition on] or before the 26th day of September 1864.
Aug. 9th 1864.

Chas. G. [illegible]
Sol. for Com[plainant].
Brownville, Nebraska. Aug. 11, '64 4w [illegible]

NOTICE.

On Monday the 21st day of August [illegible] o'clock P. M., of said day, will be offered [at] public Auction at the house of [illegible] in Lafayette Precinct, one Stray Pony taken up last October.

Nemaha county, N. T., July 30th, [illegible]
NATHAN SQUIR, Justice [illegible]
n5-48-3t$2.50

BROOMS Blacking brushes, Scrub[bing] [illegible] Whisk Brooms, Blacking, Matches [illegible] Paper, &c., &c.,
McLAUGHLIN & S[illegible]

Probate Notice

To all whom it may Concern: Notice is [hereby] given that there has been application [made] to the Probate Court of Gage county [by] James P Mumford Administrator of the [estate of] James H L Mapes late of said Gage [county] that Monday the 5th of September [illegible] set to hear and determine said applica[tion].

ALBERT TOWLE, Probate [Judge].
Beatrice, Neb., July 27, 1864. [illegible]

BENNET, PIETERS & C[O.]

Red Jacket
Red Jacket
Red Jacket
STOMACH BITT[ERS]
STOMACH BITT[ERS]
STOMACH BITT[ERS]

The proprietors of this justly celebrated [illegible] brand of Stomach Bitters do not deem [it necessary in] order to give their goods a fictitious [or] inflated value, to take a tithe of all other [illegible] proclaim in small capitals that they [illegible] Our Bitters do not need this, as we [illegible] the public on their merits, and invite [at]tention to the goods we allow our [illegible] as we do, that our reputation [illegible]. "Red Jacket" is taken from the original [illegible] the native child of the forest, and [illegible] a few herbs by Dr Chapin, since [illegible] the taste, they now have a peculiarly [illegible] ing, and recuperative influence, especially [illegible] tient rising from the bed of sickness, [illegible] distress after eating, dizziness, and all [illegible] ing from Torpid Liver or indigestion.

They strengthen and invigorate the [illegible]
They are unequalled for general debility.
They are a sure cure cure for dyspepsia.
They give a good and healthy appetite.
They assist digestion.
They are the best stimulant in existence.
They are a sure cure preventive for Fever [illegible]
They relieve constipation.
They cure Nervous Headache.
They are perfectly pure and palatable.
They make the debilitated strong [illegible] strength the exhausted.

Aged persons and delicate females will [illegible] can save large doctor bills by using them.

We take pleasure in calling attention to [our] extensive catalogue of Bulk and cased Goods, [consist]ing in part of

Strawberry Wine,
Cherry "
Blackberry "
Raspberry "
Ginger "
Muscat "
Claret "
Lemon Cordial
Peach Brandy,
Apple Brandy,

Champaigne, Catawba, California Port, Sherry and Madeira Wines, Gins, Rums, Brandies and Rye Whiskies, which are perfectly pure [and] only to be tried to be appreciated. [illegible] gists and dealers throughout the country [illegible] our goods and take no other.

Circulars to the trade supplied on application.
Proprietors, 21, River St. [illegible]

Sold by W. H. McCREERY, [illegible]
BROWN & PROUTY, [illegible]
GADE Co.
Brownville, June 2. 1864. no 39-1y

BERKLEY & NEE[ID]
Wagon Makers.

HAVING RECENTLY FITTED UP [their] shop with new machinery—such as a [illegible] circle-saw, etc., are prepared to turn out [all] article of WAGONS, WAGON BEDS, [illegible] NEW AND IMPROVED CULTIVATORS, and [every article] in their line that may be called for, from a [illegible] wagon down to the smallest repairs [at] rates than they can be had at any point [illegible] West of this place.

Brownville, April 21st, 64.

DRIED Apples, Dried Peaches, [illegible] soap, Candles, etc., etc.,
At McLaughlin & [illegible]