

THE ADVERTISER.

T. R. FISHER, EDITOR. BROWNVILLE, SATURDAY, JULY 26, 1863.

Nemaha County.

There is just now a systematic effort being made by the Omaha Nebraska and Nebraska City News, aided by the malice of a portion of the Copperheads who have recently left this place...

Nemaha county is now, and always has been, the "banner" county in the Territory, in its agricultural development...

Our County Warrants are within five cents of par, and our City Script brings seventy-five cents on the dollar.

The News sneers at this county and town, and gives the editor of the Advertiser credit for a vast amount of influence. It is certainly news to us, as well as our readers...

We have no doubt that Nemaha county has furnished as many men for the army in proportion to the population as any in the United States.

Notwithstanding the hundreds that have left this county for the army, yet we scarcely miss them either in town or county.

The question is frequently asked, will there be a Draft in Nebraska. It is well known that we have furnished, especially in the Southern part of the Territory...

Not only has Nemaha county furnished more men to the army than any other in the Territory, but the loyal, patriotic spirit of her people is unsurpassed.

A fight occurred in that county last winter at what was called a scotch ball, in which a Union man was beaten nearly to death; a few weeks afterwards this Union man, having partially recovered...

A Copperhead sheet at Nebraska City, recently edited by A. Jax, but the last few weeks under the control of some other animal, we are not quite certain who, but we might infer from its style that it is A. Skunk...

There has been as little crime committed in Nemaha county, from its first settlement up to the present moment, as any other county of the Territory.

The telegraph brings intelligence of the death of that noble veteran, JOHN J. CRITTENDEN. Mr. Crittenden has been an active and influential statesman for the last half century.

sake of their own comfort, they will remain. Two or three weeks ago the following appeared in the News:

"From a Captain in the U.S. Volunteers we learn that Nebraska City is honored at present by the indwelling of several 'fancy men,' 'pimps,' 'blacklegs,' thieves and cut-throats who a vigilance committee some days since ordered out of Omaha."

"Nebraska City shall not be made an asylum for the outcasts of other towns nor will vagabonds find it a pleasant place to tarry in."

The Omaha Nebraska publishes a quarter of a column of questions concerning Nemaha county and the editor of the Advertiser. These questions were published for effect, not that the editor expected them to be answered.

We are not on the witness stand, compelled to reply to all the foolish queries that any body may choose to propound. However, we will attempt to gratify Mr. Reynolds with a few rays of "light."

In the first place we are in blissful ignorance of half your questions whether they are facts or falsehoods. Although it is at home, attending to his own business. Whether he was ever seen at Nebraska City; or ever attended a Democratic meeting; ever slept in his haymow; was ever out late at night, or how he ever voted, we know not.

A DIFFERENCE OF OPINION.—A gentleman residing in this county, not a thousand miles from Aspinwall, pronounces the editor of the Advertiser to be the "worst Copperhead in the county."

Another gentleman, lately a resident of Brownville, and from whom we have heard it suggested the News, Nebraska and Senex, the correspondent of the Tribune, get their information with regard to this county, pronounces us the worst Abolitionist in Nemaha County, and responsible for the murders, and all the crime committed in Southern Nebraska.

Falsehoods, like virulent poisons, frequently neutralize each other. THAT SMOKE.—We see by the papers that a few weeks back nearly or quite all of Missouri, Iowa, Wisconsin, Illinois and Michigan were enveloped in smoke.

No Draft. The question is frequently asked, will there be a Draft in Nebraska. It is well known that we have furnished, especially in the Southern part of the Territory, a large number more than our proportion of troops.

More Indian Depredations. FORT HALLECK, NEBRASKA, July 12th, 1863. MR. EDITOR: I've only time to inform you of another U.raid into this and immediate sections.

Capt. ALLEN used every means in his power to recover the animals. Sent out at once every able-bodied soldier in pursuit, under command of Lieut. BRANBY, when overtaking the Indians 18 miles off attacked and dispersed them, but did not succeed in recovering any of the stolen property.

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He was in the U. S. Senate forty-six years ago. While he was in the prime of life our country could boast of many brilliant intellects among her Statesmen.

years ago. While he was in the prime of life our country could boast of many brilliant intellects among her Statesmen. "There were giants in those days." Crittenden was always conspicuous among them.

Emperor of Mexico. The latest arrival from Havana brings intelligence from Mexico that the "Council of Notables" have unanimously declared, with the exception of two votes, for the Government to be changed from a Republic to an Empire.

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BY TELEGRAPH.

CAPTURE OF JOHN MORGAN AND ALL HIS COMMAND. DEATH OF HON. JOHN J. CRITTENDEN.

Our Forces Make Another Attempt to Storm Fort Wagner (Charleston,) and are Repulsed.

REBELS TRY TO DRIVE US FROM JAMES ISLAND AND ARE REPULED.

FRON GENERAL MEAD'S ARMY. LEE RAPIDLY RETREATING.

BURNING OF JACKSON, MISS. FROM ROSECRANS' ARMY.

GREAT FIRE AT HAVANA. Four Million Dollars Worth of Sugar Destroyed!

Cincinnati, July 26.—A telegram from General Shackleford, dated near New Lisbon, Ohio, says: I have succeeded in capturing General John Morgan, Col. Cluke, and the balance of his command amounting to about four hundred men.

Frankford, Ky., July 26.—Hon. John J. Crittenden died at half-past 3 o'clock this morning, of general debility and age, being seventy-seven years.

New York, July 27.—A Herald letter from Jackson, Miss., the 12th, says: The library of Jeff. Davis was captured, comprising several bushels of private political papers of the arch traitor, and several letters on secession, with dates back to '52.

The Roanoke from Havana the 22, says: An arrival from Vera Cruz the 12th, at Havana states that Mexico was declared an empire on the 10th. Maximilian, if he will accept, if not Napoleon is the select one. Salutes were fired at Vera Cruz in honor of the event.

Cleveland, July 27.—A detachment of the Ninth Michigan cavalry forced Morgan to an engagement near Salinesville yesterday morning, and after an hour's fight the rebels fled in the direction of New Lisbon.

Leavenworth, Kansas, July 25.—There was a severe fight on the 16th at Elk Creek, between twenty-four hundred federals, with twelve guns under Blunt, and five thousand rebels under Cooper.

New York, July 26.—A letter from Winchester, Tenn., the 8th, announces the capture of Huntsville with three hundred prisoners and twelve hundred horses and mules, by Gen. Stanley. Bragg's army is reported reduced by desertion to eighteen or twenty thousand.

Washington, July 26.—Richmond papers have the following: Charleston, July 19th, the ironides, five monitors, five gun mortar boats, assisted by two land batteries, fired furiously at Fort Wagner all day yesterday.

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dyke has vetoed the ordinance passed last week to pay conscripts three hundred dollars, on the ground of vagueness and illegality.

New York, July 27.—Per Roanoke. A large fire occurred at St. Domingo, in the early part of last month, destroying half a million worth of property.

The Post's Washington special says, returned prisoners from Richmond state that within twenty-four hours after the issue of Jeff. Davis' conscription proclamation, a wholesale conscription commenced. It is believed a general exchange of prisoners will soon be effected.

Chicago, July 27.—Reliable news in regard to Lee's and Meade's armies is meagre. A dispatch received at headquarters, Baltimore, says: The enemy has disappeared from our front entirely. Our cavalry were in Charleston on Friday, and scouts were out to a distance of 10 miles in every direction, without any signs of the enemy.

A Memphis dispatch of the 23d says, most of Bragg's army is at Chattanooga and Atlanta. The latter place is being fortified.

New York, July 27.—The Roanoke reported an extensive conflagration at Havana on the 22d. It is estimated that four million dollars worth of sugar were destroyed.

Headquarters Army of the Potomac, Front Royal, July 25th.—We engaged the enemy at this point yesterday. This morning he appears to have withdrawn and the whole army is undoubtedly en route to Culpepper and Orange Court House.

Washington, 27.—On the 22d Hill's corps took possession of Chester Gap. Our cavalry attempted to drive them out, but failed. We, however, checked them until Longstreet, when he and Hill came through the Gap, and are now probably at Culpepper. Ewell's corps went to Strasburg.

Washington, 27.—General Banks' official dispatch, announcing the fall of Port Hudson, says: We captured twenty pieces of heavy artillery, five complete batteries numbering 31 pieces of rifled artillery; a good supply of projectiles for lines and heavy guns; 45,000 pounds of cannon powder, 6,000 stand of arms; 150,000 pounds of small arms and ammunition besides stores of various kinds.

Fort Monroe, 28.—Richmond Enquirer of yesterday has the following: Atlanta, Ga., 28.—Rosecrans is organizing a force to attack western Georgia railroad. Active preparations being made for defense of the city and railroad to Chattanooga.

New York 28.—But few particulars of the battle on Thursday at Harper's Ferry. A telegram to the Philadelphia Enquirer says the result of the engagement is reported here as highly encouraging. The intention was to cut Lee's army in two, which was successful to the extent that Ewell's corps is reported to be entirely cut off from communication with Lee.

New York 29.—Charleston Mercury has an account of the late attack on Fort Wagner. Admits our forces held position in the fort over an hour under the most gallant fire.

New York 30.—The Times has the following: Army of the Potomac, Va., July 29.—This army to-day occupies, practically, the same it did two months ago. Recent active movements will be necessarily followed by a period of comparative inaction, during which it will be recruited and recuperated.

New York, July 30.—The Times has the following: Army of the Potomac, Va., July 29.—This army to-day occupies, practically, the same it did two months ago. Recent active movements will be necessarily followed by a period of comparative inaction, during which it will be recruited and recuperated.

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olina Colored there a day or two since. Washington, July 28.—The Secretary of War to-day issued an order that John Morgan and his commanding officers should be confined in the Columbus penitentiary till Col. Straights officers are released or exchanged by the rebels.

The statement that the rebel General officers captured at Vicksburg have been exchanged is without foundation. The rebels have no officers of equal rank to offer in exchange.

LEWIS' ARMY CUT IN TWO. PARTICULARS OF THE ASSAULT ON FORT WAGNER, ON THE 18th.

Washington, July 28.—Dispatches from reliable source confirms reports that Longstreet and Hill have passed through Chester Gap, and are now at and south of Culpepper. Buford's Cavalry opposed them, but were compelled to fall back.

New York, 28.—Rebel steamer Merimac built by the British last year, captured by the gunboat Froisquoise while attempting to run the blockade at Wilmington.

Cincinnati, 28.—John Morgan and the officers of his command arrived here last night. 156 of his officers, who have been in confinement here several days, were sent to Johnston's Island, Lake Erie.

Vicksburg 23.—Gen. Hannon has returned from Yazoo city with his command. He burned and destroyed all rebel property, and administered the oath of allegiance to a considerable number of natives. He has been ordered to New Orleans with his command.

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ditches, gained parapet; engaged in hand to hand fight nearly half an hour; had ground and did not fall back until every commissioned officer was shot down. First brigade failed, second made attempt advancing three same terrible fire. Col. Putnam led his men over into the fort, and for an hour held half of it, fighting to desperation; and as with the first brigade, it was not until he himself was shot down, nearly all of his officers wounded and no reinforcements arriving, that the man fell back. Rebel shout of victory heard above the roar of guns.

Correspondents assign no cause for the failure. A Beaufort correspondent of the 22d states prisoners say rebel loss during the fight of Saturday was 300. New York, 29.—Following extracts from letters of an officer of the Chipew, Charleston 19, says: "Work of the fleet yesterday was mere play compared with charge made by land forces in face of fire from Wagner and Sumpter. If the move had been made an hour sooner than it was, Wagner would be ours. After they got into the Fort it was so dark—those say who lived to get out again—that rebels fired on rebels, Union men on Union men, each killing many of their friends. The carnage (for I can't call it anything else) was awful."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. ISHAM BEAVIS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, FALLS CITY, NEBRASKA.

A NEW AND LARGE STOCK OF



STOVES AND HARDWARE, FOR FALL TRADE.

JOHN C. DEUSER, Main Street, Brownville, N. T.

COOK STOVES, THE LATE AND IMPROVED PATTERNS, SUCH AS

Buck's Peerless, Elevated Oven, Superior, Golden Era, New Era, &c.

ALSO COMBINED COOK AND PARLOR STOVES, OF THE LATEST STYLES. EVERY VARIETY BOX AND PARLOR STOVES.

I CALL SPECIAL ATTENTION OF FARMERS TO MY HEAVY SHEET IRON, FOR SUGAR BOILERS; ALSO MY LARGE CAST IRON KETTLES.

A VARIETY OF CHEAP LARD AND COAL OIL LAMPS

Of New and Beautiful Pattern; Lamp Chimneys, Shades, Ac. Brass, Copper, and Sheet Iron Ware; Lanterns, Stoves and Appliances.

A LARGE QUANTITY OF Tin and Stone Self-Sealing Fruit Cases VERY NICE AND CONVENIENT FOR THOSE DESIRING TO PUT UP FRUIT.

A LARGE QUANTITY OF BELLOW WARE, OF EVERY DESIRABLE ARTICLE. THE ATTENTION OF FREIGHTERS AND OTHERS IS DIRECTED TO MY COOKING SKILLETS, OVENS, &c.

Master in Chancery.

NOTICE. All those who know themselves indebted, by note or account to the undersigned, will please come forward and pay up, as one of the firm is going East after a Fall Stock of Goods and we must have the money.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Elizabeth Waters having been appointed Administrator of the Estate of Abolomon Waters, late of the County of Pawnee, N. T., deceased, Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to file the same on or before the 1st day of August, A. D. 1863, at 9 o'clock A. M. in the County of Pawnee, Nebraska Territory. On or before the 1st day of August, A. D. 1863, at 9 o'clock A. M. in the County of Pawnee, Nebraska Territory. Use set for hearing claims against said estate.

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