HE ADVERTISER.

OWNVILLE, SATURDAY, SEPT. 27, 1862.

LOCAL.

JOY, COE & CO.
Advertising Agents
AND DEALERS IN
and Printing Material of all Kinds
Tribune Buildings, New York, and Brown's Iron Buildings, Philadelphia.
They are authorized Agents for the
Farmer and Advertiser.

MATHER & ABBOTT,
SUCCESSORS TO H G ELY,
United States and Foreign Newspaper
Advertising Agency,
BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
authorized agents for the "NEBRASKA ADVERTISER" and "NEBRASKA FARMER."

We are very much in need of wood and at this office immediately.

At the request of many citizens we week republish the Military Law.

OHN MIDDLETON has moved his shop uilding and all—from his old stand he Corner of Main and Second streets.

The *Atlantic Monthly* is on our table. s devoted to politics as well as literae, and is decidedly in favor of the se of freedom.

Prince & Co., of Flushing, N. Y., will d their catalogue of trees and flower ds to applicants on the reception of postage stamp.

PADDOCKS, ATTENTION!—Capt. HILL uests us to state that next Saturday, October 4th,) will be the regular drill y for the members of the Paddock ards. He is very desirous that all the mbers turn out.

BREITMEYER & ROBISON have purchase the Boot and Shoe shop of Mr. Den. hey have moved to the old Post office ilding on the north side of Main street. heir business will be confined exclusive to custom-work.

LAND MARKS.—We have received the st number of a new periodical of the ame name, devoted to Agriculture and rticulture—especially the cultivation the Vine. It is published at Iona, N , by C. W. Grant, at $1,00 per year.

NEBRASKA TOBACCO.—Dr. GWIN has t in our office several specimens of tobacco raised on his farm south of town.—e has raised four or five acres of seve varieties. He will make more money om it than many will from an entire rm of 160 acres.

A LONG, BIG, RED BEET.—Our friend . Sherfey has left at our office a Beet ighing fourteen pounds, and measuring enty-three inches in length. We do t expect to see any beet beat this beet season, except the beat Judge Kinney gets at the election.

ST. LOUIS MARKETS.—There has been ry little change in the prices of grain St. Louis during the past summer.—heat is quoted at from 55 to 90 cents, cording to quality. Corn at 30 to 33. obacco is high bringing from 10 to 20 nts. Hemp 60 to 65 cents.

MME. DEMORESTS MIRROR OF FASHIONS.—We have received a copy of this eriodical. It is devoted exclusively to he Fashions, and contains thribble the umber of drawings of any other Magzine. It also contains in each number ve or six valuable patterns for different rticles of Ladies' apparrel.

"O-L-I-V-E-R P-E-R-R-Y M-A-S-O-N—it is written in the old Family Bible" who is stumping it for the "gentleman om Utah," made a speech at Omaha he other day, in which he came out even orse than he did in a certain famous ol. He, too, is one of the chief mourners among the sore-heads.

We know nothing positive as to the eport in circulation that Judge Kinney hould have said publicly that "Gage ounty *belongs* to me! Beatrice is named honor of a member of my family and hat region will do as *I* say." Stranger hings have happened, however, and drowning men" are said to "grasp at straws."

NEW GOODS.—Ponn, Den, and Berry eturned a week or more ago from the East, where they went after goods.—heir goods have since been received.—A portion of the goods of Mr. Ponn were slightly injured by the sinking of the boat on which they were shipped, and he is consequently selling them off very cheap. Mr. Strickler is now east after goods.

GEN. THAYER.—The Omaha *Nebraskian*, in speaking of the nomination of Gen. Thayer, in Richardson county, says

"The nomination is a *good one*, but ill-timed. No one has authority to use Col. Thayer's name in connection with Congress, and he would not accept the position if elected, because he is of more service to the country where he is and his employment suits him better than that of Congressmen could. The election of Col. Thayer would not be expressive of any confidence or love for him—it would be a promotion backward. His position today in the minds of our people is much higher than that of Delegate to Congress. A nomination for Congress should not be made by any one *county* or *section*."

THE PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION.

FREEDOM TO SLAVES IN REBELLIOUS STATES.

WASHINGTON, September 22.

I, Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States of America, and Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy thereof, do hereby proclaim and declare, that hereafter, as before, the war will be prosecuted for the object of practically restoring the constitutional relation between the United States and the people thereof in which States that relation is or may be suspended or disturbed; that it is my purpose upon the next meeting of Congress to again recommend the adoption of a practical measure tending pecuniary aid for the free acceptance or rejection of all the Slave States so-called, the people whereof may not then be in rebellion against the United States, and which States may then have voluntarily adopted or thereafter may voluntarily adopt the immediate or gradual abolishment of slavery within their respective limits, and that the efforts to colonize persons of African descent, with their consent, upon the continent or elsewhere with the previously obtained consent of the Governments existing there, will be continued.

That on the 1st day of January, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and sixty-three, all persons held as slaves within any State, or any designated parts of a State, the people whereof shall then be in rebellion against the United States, SHALL THEN BE THENCEFORWARD AND FOREVER FREE, and the Executive Government of the United States, including the military and naval authority thereof, will *recognize and maintain the freedom of such persons, and will do no act or acts to repress such persons, or any of them, in the efforts they may make for their actual freedom.*

That the Executive will on the first day of January aforesaid, by proclamation designate the States and parts of States in which the people thereof respectively shall then be in rebellion against the United States, and the fact that any State or the people thereof shall on that day be in good faith represented in the Congress of the United States, by members chosen thereto at elections whenever a majority of the qualified voters of such State shall have participated, shall, in the absence of strong countervailing testimony, be deemed conclusive evidence that such State and the people thereof have not been in rebellion against the United States.

That attention is hereby called to an act of Congress entitled an act to make an additional article of war, approved March 13, 1862, which act is in the words and figures following:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled, That hereafter the following shall be promulgated as an additional article of war for the government of the army of the United States, and shall be obeyed and observed as such:

Article 1st. All officers or persons in the military or naval service of the United State, are prohibited from employing any of the forces under their respective commands for the purpose of returning fugitives from service or labor, who may have escaped from any person to whom such service or labor is claimed to be due, and any officer who shall be found guilty by a courtmartial of violating this article, shall be dismissed from the service.

Article 2d. *And be it further enacted*, That this act shal take effect from and after its passage.

Also, to the 9th and 10th section of an act entitled an act to suppress insurrection and to punish treason and rebellion; to seize and confiscate property of rebels and other purposes, approved July 17th, 1862, and which sections are in the words and figures following:

Sec. 9. *And be it further enacted*, That all slaves of persons who shall hereafter be engaged in rebellion against the Government of the United States, or who shall in any way give aid and comfort thereto, and escaping from such persons and taking refuge within the line of the army, and all slaves captured from such persons, or deserted by them and coming under the control of the Covernment of the United states, and all slaves of such on or being within any place occupied by the forces of the United States, shall be deemed captives of war, and shall be forever free of their servitude and not again serve as slaves.

Sec. 10. *And be it further enacted*, That no slave escaping into any slave territory, or the District of Columbia, from any of the States, shall be delivered up, or in any way impeded or hindred of his liberty, except for crime or some offence against the law, unless the person claiming said fugitive shall first make oath that the person to whom the labor or servitude of such fugitive is alleged to be due is his lawful owner, and has not been in arms against the United States in the present rebellion, zor in any way given aid or comfort thereto; and no person engaged in the military or naval service of the United States, shall, under any pretense whatever, assume to decide on the vallidity of the claim of any person to the service or labor of any other person or surrender up any such person to the claimant, on pains of being dismissed from the service.

And I do hereby enjoin upon and order all persons engaged in the military and naval service of the United States to observe, obey and enforce within their respective spheres of service, the act and sections above recited, and the Executive will in due time recommend all citizens of the United States who shall have remained loyal thereto throughout the rebellion, shalll, upon the restoration of the constitutional relations between the United States and the respective States and the people thereof within the relation shall have been suspended or disturbed, be compensated for all losses by acts of the United States, including the loss of slaves.

In witness thereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the city of Washington this the 22d day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and of the independence of the United States the eighty-seventh.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

By the President:
W. H. SEWARD, Sec. of State.

AN ACT

Supplementary to an act entitled an Act to organize the Nebraska Volunteers. Approved, January 23d, 1856.

Be it enacted by the Council and House of Representatives of the Territory of Nebraska: That all white male citizens of this Territory, between the ages of eighteen and forty-five, shall, on the first Monday of April, A. D. 1862, meet at the county seat of their respective counties, at one o'clock, P. M. of said day, and organize by the election of a President and Secretary, and when so organized shall proceed to enroll their names and form themselves into companies of not less than thirty-five, nor more than sixty-four persons, including officers and privates.

SEC. 2. When such persons shall so have enrolled their names and formed themselves into such companies, each company shall proceed to elect one Captain, two Lieutenants, to be denominated first and second Lieutenants, respectively, four sergeants and four corporals, each election to be by ballot, and immediately after such elections shall have been held the Secretary of the meeting shall transmit to the Adjutant General of the Territory complete returns of such election, with the names of the members of each company, signed by the President, and attested by the Secretary, and the Adjutant General shall immediately transmit to the Governor of the Territory the names of the Captains and Lieutenants so elected, and the Governor shall thereupon commission such officers.

SEC. 3. When all the returns shall have been received, the Governor shall proceed to form such companies into a regiment, or regiments, of not less than five companies each, and shall appoint and commission one Colonel, one Lieutenent-Colonel, and one Major, which three officers shall constitute the field officers of each regiment. and shall hold their offices, respectively, until the first Tuesday of April, 1863, when each regiment shall proceed, by the commissioned officers of companies therein, to elect such officers, who shall hold their offices for the term of four years, and until their successors shall be elected and commissioned.

SEC. 4. Such field officers shall appoint such other officers for the regiment as may be recognized by the millitary system of the United States, each of which shall hold his office for the same term as the officers who may appoint them.

SEC. 5. Volunteer companies may be formed within any portion of this Territory, of not less than thirty in number, which companies, when formed, shall be officered as provided in section two of this Act, and shall be commissioned by the Governor of the Territory.

SEC. 6. Each volunteer company shall, when formed, proceed to uniform themselves in any manner a majority of each company may determine, and they may either arm and equip themselves, or may receive their arms and equipments from the Governor of the Territory, as they may determine. Provided, That when ever any company shall receive their equipments from the Territory they shall receipt for the same, and such arms shall be held as the property of the Territory.

SEC. 7. Such volunteer companies shall meet for drill at least once in each month. and shall also meet at all general drill meetings of the military organization of this Territory, and all such companies or members thereof, after having so performed military service for the term of seven years shall forever thereafter, in time of peace, be exempt from the performance of military duty in this Territory.

SEC. 8. The Captain of such company shall see to it that all persons residing within their respective counties shall enroll their names in some company, either of the volunteer or regular militia; and after such companies shall have formed, any person coming within the provisions of this act, and wilfully failing and neglecting to so enroll himself or themselves shall for each week they shall so fail be fined in any sum not less than one dollar and not more than five dollars, to be recovered in any Justices' Court, in the usual manner for the collection of debts, of the proper county, on the information of any person, and the fine so collected shall be applied to the school funds of the county in the same manner as other fines going in the same fund.

SEC. 9. Any member of any company either volunteer or regular militia, who shall willfully fail and neglect to appear for drill at such times and places as may be appointed under and in accordance with the provisions of this act, shall for every such failure be fined in any sum not exceeding one dollar for each day they shall so willfully fail or neglect to appear.

SEC. 10. All clergymen in regular standing in the different religious denominations in this Territory, all post masters, county clerks, county treasurers, justices of the peace, sheriffs and constables, and all persons not of sound mind, and those who are physically disabled, are hereby exempted from the provisions of this act.

SEC. 11. The fines under the 9th section of this act may be collected in any manner provided by any general militia law as shall be adopted by such company or regiment for such purposes, and shall be applied to the payment of any necessary expenses of such company or regiment, and shall be placed in the hands of the captain of the company or adjutant of the regiment, and they shall be liable to be court martialed for a misapplication of the funds so raised, either by expending them for his own benefit, or otherwise not ordered by a vote of the company, or by the field officers of the regiment.

SEC. 12. The provisions of this act shall not be so construed as to apply to any county or counties where company or companies are already organized so as to remove any officer or officers from the offices he or they may hold.

SEC. 13. The Governor of the Territory be and he is hereby authorized to appoint an adjutant general of the Territory, one quartermaster general and one paymaster general, each to rank respectively as Colonels of Cavalry; and he is also authorized to appoint five aids-de-camp with the same rank, to continue in service until the expiration of the term of service of the Governor unless by him sooner removed.

SEC. 14. The Governor is also hereby authorized to appoint a Brigadies-General for the division north of the Platte river, which person so appointed shall hold his office for one year from the date of such appointment, and until one shall be elected as provided by law, and the Governor shall commission the person so appointed, and Brigadies Generals have power and they are hereby authorized to appoint one assistant Adjutant General and two Aid-de-camps with the rank of Colonel, and one inspector, or quartermaster and ode paymaster with the rank of Majors.

Approved, Jan. 1st, 1862.

Legal.

PROBATE NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I have appointed Monday, the 20th day of October, A. D. 1862, at 10 o'clock, A. M. for hearing the final settlement of William B. Philips, as Administrator of the estate of John Noyes, deceased.

Witness my hand and official seal, this 24th day of September, 1862. C. W. WHEELER,
n11-3w-$2,00 Probate Judge.

PROBATE NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Levi Johnson, Administrator of the estate of Henry Hoover, deceased, has applied to the Probate Court for an extension of time to make final settlement of said estate.—Said application will be for hearing on the 20th day of October, 1862, at 2 o'clock P. M.,

Witness my hand and official seal this 24th day of September, 1862, C. W. WHEELER,
n11-3w-$2,00 Probate Judge.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Alfred Opelt, vs Hugh Brownlee, } District Court Nemaha County Nebraska Territory.

By virtue of an order of sale to me directed in the above entitled case, I will on Saturday, the 8th day of November, 1862, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., of said day, at the door of Den's Hall in Brownville, the place where the said court was last held, for said Nemaha county, offer for sale and sell to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, the following described real estate, to-wit: north half and southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section number 24, in township number 4, north of range number 15, east of the 6th principal meredian, in Nemaha county, Nebraska, taken as the property of Hugh Brownlee to satisfy said demand. J. W. COLEMAN, Sheriff.
Brownville, September 27. n11-5w-$6.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Stephen F. Nuckolls, plaintiff, vs. The Nemaha Valley Bank; Stetson L. Swan, assignee of I T. White; Isaac T. White and William Hoblitzell, partners as I. T. White & Company; Benjamin R. Pegram and Samuel H. Riddle, partners as B. R. Pegram & Company; Samuel E. Rogers and Benjamin B. Barkalow, partners as Rogers and Barkalow; William Hoblitzell; Gurdon H. Wilcox; Elisha B. Smith; William H. Hoover, Agent of the County of Nemaha, Nebraska, and the County of Nemaha, Nebraska, defendants.

Each and all of the above named defendants will take notice that on the 17th day of September, A. D., 1862, the said plaintiff Stephen F. Nuckolls, filed a petition in the District Court of Nemaha County, Nebraska, on the Chancery side thereof, wherein they are made parties defendants. The object and prayer of said petition is to obtain a decree for the sale of the following described piece of land, lying in the city of Brownville, in said county of Nemaha, to-wit:

The eastern portion of Lot number one, in Block number one, as laid off and described in the Record Platt of said city, beginning at the North East corner of said Lot, and running thence West twenty feet, thence South seventy feet, thence East twenty feet, thence North seventy feet, to the place of beginning, and the building thereon situated; and to apply the proceeds of such sale to the payment of a judgement obtained by the said plaintiff against the said Nemaha Valley Bank at the April term, A. D. 1859, of this Court. Plaintiff also seeks to debar and foreclose each and all of said defendants of all right, title or interest they may have or claim in or to the said premises. Each of said defendants is required to answer under oath the allegations of said petition on or before the 3d day of November, A. D 1862.

E. W. THOMAS,
H. M. ATKINSON,
n10-4w-$9,25 Attorneys for Plaintiff.

PROBATE NOTICE.

Whereas the time limited by law for the final settlement of the estate of Chas. M. Greever, deceased, has expired, and Heath Nuckolls, as Admisistrator of said estate, on the 5th day of September, 1862, filed his final settlement of said estate. Notice is hereby given to all persons interested, that I have appointed the 1st day of October, 1862, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the hearing of said settlement, at my office in Brownville, in Nemaha county, Nebraska Territory, where all persons interested may attend and object, or his account will be taken as true and allowed.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Probate Court of Nemaha County, Nebraska Territory, this 11th day of September, 1862.

C. W. WHEELER, Probate Judge.
September 13, 1862. n9-3w-$3,50

PROBATE NOTICE.

Whereas the time limited by law for the final settlement of the estate of Joseph Deroin, deceased, has expired, and Heath Nuckolls, as Administrator of said estate, on the 5th of September, 1862, filed his final settlement of said estate. Notice is hereby given to all persons interested, that I have appointed the 2d day of October, 1862, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the hearing of said settlement at my office in Brownville, in Nemaha County, Nebraska Territory, where all persons interested may attend and object, or his account will be taken as true and allowed.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Probate Court of Nemaha County, , Nebraska Territory.

C. W. WHEELER, Probate Judge.
September 13th, 1862. n9 3w-$3,50

PROBATE NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Wednesday, the 17th day of November, A. D., 1862, is the time set for hearing and adjusting claims against the estate of W. C. Neal, deceased, late of the county of Pawnee, Nebraska Territory. H. G. LORE, Probate Judge.
Pawnee City, Aug. 27, 1862. n8-12w-6,50

EXCELSIOR
BURR STONE MILLS,
(FOR FARMERS AND MILLERS,)
AND
ANTI-FRICTION
HORSE POWERS.

TOOK TEN FIRST PREMIUMS at WESTERN STATE FAIRS last year, and are justly considered superior to all others. The mill may be driven by *horse, water,* or *steam power*, does its work as well as the flat stone mills in milling establishments, and requires but *one-half the power* to drive the largest sizes. They are very compact, perfectly simple, and for farm use will last THIRTY YEARS, and COST NOTHING for repairs.

PRICES—$100, $140, & $170.
Flour Bolt for smallest Mill $50 extra.

THE HORSE POWER

Has proved itself to be the best ever invented.—The friction is reduced by IRON BALLS, so arranged in all the bearings, that the whole weight of the castings runs upon them. THREE POUNDS DRAUGHT, at the end of a ten feet lever, will keep the power in motion! thus permitting the ENTIRE STRENGTH of the horse to be used on the machine to be driven. ONE HORSE will do as much work on this power, as TWO on the endless Chain Power. IT IS PORTABLE, and may be used IN THE FIELD as well as in the house. More than TWENTY-FIVE PER BENT of horse flesh is saved over ANY OTHER NOW IN USE. It is simple in construction, and not liable to get out of order.

Price of power for 1 to 4 horses..... $125
Price of power for 1 to 4 horses..... 175

The $125 Power will drive any Threshing Machine. Every Machine is guaranteed to give satisfaction, or the money will be refunded.

REFERENCES.

B. F. GRIFFIN, Manhattan, Kan.
Philadelphia, Penn.

GENTS.—With two horses on your Anti-friction Power, we drive your No. 1 Mill, grinding 15 BUSHELS OF CORN PER HOUR, and cut a large quantity of hay at the same time. I have never seen a power that runs with so little friction, and consequently with so little strain upon the horses.

W. P. COOPER,
Supt. 13th & 15th St. Pass. R. R. Co.

CLOSTER, N. J., Jan. 29, 1862.

MESSRS. BENNET BROTHERS, GENTS.—I am very much pleased with the Power. It runs easier than any other Power in this vicinity; and with the same horses will do nearly, or quite twice as much work. I run my Thresher at 1,500 revolutions per minute, and a 24 inch Cross-cut Saw, at 1,200 revolutions.

Yours truly, PETER J. WHITE.

☞ON ALL ORDERS RECEIVED BEFORE OCT. 1ST., 1862, THE FREIGHT WILL BE PREPAID TO CHICAGO, OR ANY OTHER PORT ON LAKE MICHIGAN.

☞Liberal discount to dealers. Agents wanted. State, County, and Shop Rights for sale.

For further information send stamp for Illustrated Circulars to BENNET BROTHERS,
42 and 44 Greene-St., New-York.
August 9th, 1861, n4-3m

Hats, Boots and Shoes.

I have just received a New Supply of Hats, Boots and Shoes, which I will sell cheaper than they were ever offered here before. Call and see me.

DAVID SIEGEL.
Brownville, April 10, 1862—n40-tf.

1862. 1862.

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES!

THEODORE HILL,

Is receiving, and will continue to receive during the summer, one of

THE LARGEST

AND

BEST STOCKS

OF

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

FROM

New York, Philadelphia and St. Louis.

That has ever been exhibited in the Western Country, embracing all the latest styles and novelties of the times. His stock embraces

Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Hardware,
Cutlery,
Queensware,
Hats and Caps,
Shakers,
Boots and Shoes,
Doors and Sash,
Glass and Putty,
Fine Furniture,
&c., &c., &c.

Among his Dry Goods will be found

Prints, Ginghams, Lawns, Bareges, Brown and Bleached Muslins, Demees, Striped Sheeting, Cottonades, Hosiery, Gloves, The Latest Styles Hoop Skirts, Notions, &c., &c.

He has much the Largest Stock of QUEENSWARE in the Upper Country.

THEODORE HILL,

Agent for the Hannibal & St. Joseph Rail Raod Packet Line of Steamboats.
May 22, 1862. n46-tf.

Furniture! Furniture!!

The most complete stock of Furniture ever offered in this upper country just received by T. HILL.
Brownville, April 26th. 1861.

McCORMICK'
Reaper and Mower
MANUFACTURED AT
Chicago, Ill.

This celebrated machine is by all odds the *BEST GRAIN AND GRASS CUTTER IN THE WORLD.* Notwithstanding the misrepresentations of those interested in other machines, C. H. McCormick & Bro. manufacture at the rate of 8,000 per year. Many changes have been affected during the past season, and for 1862 the "McCormick" is presented with greater attractions than ever before. As a reaper,

THE ECONOMY OF POWER
IN THIS MACHINE, ITS
Strength, Durability, and Simplicity,

give it preference over all others New improvements added, have materially lessened the direct draught, and so obviated the *side* draught that many assure us that it does not now exist. The draught of the Reaper is so light that in numerous instances the large four horse machine is worked with but two horses.

FOR MOWING,

The Machine of 1862 will stand any test that may be applied. Our Guard and Patent Cleaner effectually prevents choking, no matter what the condition of the grass, while our new divider point separates baldly lodged and tangled clover or grass, where other machines fail.

There is also a great advantage in our serrated sickle edge over the smooth, as it does not require sharpening so often, thus saving time. Our sickle will frequently run through an entire harvest without once grinding, while the smooth edge must be ground once each day, if not oftner. With a smoth edge the draught increases as the knife becomes dull. Our draught is uniform, and in the repeated trials during the season of 1860 61, proved far lighter than single Mowers, cutting at the same time from twelve to eighteen inches wider.

Our Mower can be used with or without the reel, this is important, as without the reel it weighs but about 670 pounds.

In addition to the very liberal warrantee given to all purchasers, we would say as heretofore, that farmers who may desire it, are at liberty to work our machine through the harvest, with any other, and keep and pay for the one preferred.

Pamphlets with full description of improvements, testimonials, &c., can be had by application to

THEO. HILL, Agent,
Brownville, N. T.
May 15, 1862. n45-tf

NEW GOODS

JUST RECEIVED AT PRICES

TO SUIT

THE TIMES.

JOHN A. PONN

Is now receiving and opening out his Spring Stock of Goods, consisting of

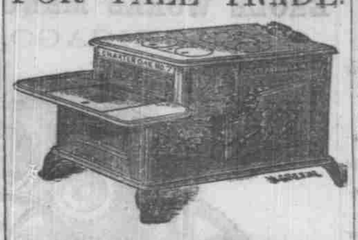
Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Hats and Caps,
Boots and Shoes,
Iron and Nails,
Flour and Bacon,
Queensware,
Hardware,
Furniture,
Sash and Doors,
Window Glass,
etc., etc., etc.

Which I will sell cheap for

CASH OR PRODUCE.

Call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.
Brownville, April 24, 1862, n42-6m

FOR FALL TRADE.



JOHN C. DUESER,

MAIN STREET, BROWNVILLE, N. T.,

Takes pleasure in announcing that he has now on hand, a large and select stock of every article in his line,

COOK STOVES,

Of all the improved patterns, viz: Plymouth Rock, Charter Oak, Valley Forge, Elevated Oven, &c., &c., &c.,

HEATING STOVES,

Box and Parlor Stoves of an endless variety, some of which are entirely new designs, viz: Combinet *Cook and Parlor Stoves*, something very nice for small families.

I CALL ESPECIAL ATTENTION OF FARMERS TO MY

HEAVY SEEHT IRON,

for Sugar Boilers, and

LARGE CAST IRON KETTLES,

A VARIETY OF CHEAP

LARD AND COAL OIL LAMPS

Brass, Copper, and sheet iron ware; Lanterns, Shoveis and Japanned Ware, &c., &c.

SELF-SEALING FRUIT CANS!

OF the latest and most improved Styles, cheap for cash.

I am prepared to put up guttering and spouting, and all other work of my line at the shortest notice, and in a workmanlike manner, which I warrant to give satisfaction.

August 2, 1862.

HELLO, STRANGER!

WHERE DID YOU GET THOSE

NEW GOODS?

AT

J. BERRY & CO'S.,

THE VERY CHEAPEST HOUSE IN

BROWNVILLE.

J. BERRY & CO.,

Have just received, and are now opening, at their stand on Main street, one of the largest stocks of

DRY GOODS

AND

GROCERIES

ever offered in this market. Remember the place,

J. BERRY & CO'S.,

No. 11, Main street,

BROWNVILLE, N. T.

May 29, 1862. n47-tf

"FAST HORSES."

CITY LIVERY STABLE

AND

FEED STORE,

BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA.

BENJAMIN ROGERS,

ANNOUNCES to the public that he has purchased the entire interest in the Livery Stable and Stock formerly owned by Rogers & Brother. He is now prepared to accommodate the public with

Carriages,
Buggies,
Sulkies,
Saddle Horses,
&c., &., &c.

THE TRAVELING PUBLIC

Can find at his Stable ample accommodations for horses, mules or cattle.

BENJAMIN ROGERS.

N. B.—The partnership heretofore existing between Benjamin & Joshua Rogers is dissolved.

JOSHUA & BENJAMIN ROGERS,
May 29th. 1862. n47-tf

WHO SELLS THE CHEAPEST GOODS IN BROWNVILLE?
DEN
SELLS THE CHEAPEST GOODS IN MARKET.

WHERE IS IT THAT YOU PURCHASE THOSE FANCY PRINTS?
AT DEN'S.

WHERE DO YOU BUY YOUR CHEAP MUSLINS?
AT DEN'S.

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