# THE ADVERTISER.

R. W. FURNAS, EDITOR.

THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 12, 1859.

## Annexation Mass Convention.

In accordance with the action of the meeting held in this city relative to a State Government, a Mass Convention assembled at Nebraska City on Monday, May 2d. S. F. NUCKOLLS was chosen President, and M. W. REYNOLDS, Sec'y.

The following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, the citizens of the counties lying south of the Platte River, without reference to political sentiment, decided last Fall by a vast majority, that the early organization of southern Nebraska, together with the Territory of Kansas, into a State Government, would conduce materially to the advancement and progress of the country and the people thereof; and whereas, the people of Kansas have, by a popular vote, sanctioned the action of the Territorial Legislature, calling a Constitutional Convention, to sit at Wyandott City, on the 8th of July, A. D. 1859, and made provision for the submission of said Constitution to the people for ratification on the 3d of October, A. D. 1859, and fixed the first Monday in June as the time for the election of Delegates to attend said Convention; and whereas, we, the citizens of South Platte Nebraska, are invited to participate in the formation of said Constitution, and have every assurance that the boundaries of said State can be defined in the Constitution to be enacted, and whereas we are unalterably convinced that the pestiferous Platte River should be the Northern boundary of a great Agricultural and Commercial State. Therefore be it Resolved,

1st. That the people of Southern Nebraska, in Mass Convention assembled, without distinction of party, will elect delegates to attend said Constitutional Convention to sit at Wyandott City, in July 1859.

2d. That said delegates when elected as hereinafter provided are hereby instructed to use all honorable means to make the Platte River the Northern boundary of the State of Kansas.

3d. That to carry out the will of the People intrusted directly in affecting the desirable object—to-wit: A State Organization at an early day, it is necessary for the people south of the Great Platte River to recur to first principles and thereby reduce to practice the doctrine of Popular Sovereignty.

4th. That it is the inalienable right of every people in the formation of a State Constitution preparatory to admission into the Union, to define the boundaries of said State, and Congress has no more power or right to alter one section than another.

5th. That an election be called for the first Monday in June, for delegates to the Kansas Constitutional Convention.

6th. That the basis of representation from all the counties south of the Platte River shall be as it now is by law for the lower House of the Nebraska Legislature; provided, each county shall be entitled to one delegate.

7th. That the mode of election shall be viva voce, but in all other respects according to the laws of the Territory regulating elections, except as hereinafter provided.

8th. That the President of this Convention is invested with full power and authority, by the people in mass convention assembled, to appoint a central committee, consisting of three persons from each county south of the Platte river, whose duty it shall be to appoint judges of election in every precinct within their respective counties.

9th. That said judges, when appointed as aforesaid, shall take an oath, before some officer authorized to administer oaths, to fairly and impartially and correctly discharge their duties, and make full, true and correct returns of the poll at their respective precincts to the President of this convention within twelve days after the election is had as aforesaid.

10th. That the President of this convention take and subscribe an oath according to law, and on the thirteenth day after the election aforesaid, proceed to count the vote for delegates in the several counties, and after computing all the votes cast in each county he shall thereupon issue a certificate of election to those receiving the largest number of votes cast in their respective counties, which certificate shall be under his hand and seal, in the name of southern Nebraska, which shall be certified under the hand and official seal of the Clerk of the District Court in and for Otoe county, N. T., and the 2d Judicial district.

11th: That said certificate shall entitle the person to whom issued to a seat in the Kansas Constitutional Convention.

12th. That the President of this convention shall, after complying with the foregoing requisitions, certify the whole returns of election to the Kansas Constitutional Convention.

## Platte River Boat.

The little boat built for the purpose of navigating the Platte River, passed here going up on Sunday morning. It was a little one horse affair, and will not in our opinion amount to much.

If the Platte river is to be rendered navigable, and we believe it can, it requires a boat sufficiently large to slash around and stir up the sand, that a channel may be formed by washing.

## Omaha Post Office.

We learn that Mr. Wyman, who was removed from the Omaha Post Office a few weeks since, has been re-appointed. Those unfriendly have had the "old man" turned out several times within the two last years. But some how or other he wont stay put out. He is good on a "home stretch"—comes out well.

## Stage Line.

We understand that Messrs. NUCKOLLS & HAWK have taken the mail contract from Nebraska City through this place to Highland, Kansas. If so we may safely look for more regularity than heretofore.

## Brownville Ahead.

We spent two days of last week at the town of Brownville, Nebraska Territory, and as it was some ten months since our last visit, and having a few spare hours we employed our time in prospecting, or rather in looking up old acquaintances and noticing the changes in the town and surrounding country. We found our old and always agreeable friend and brother of the quill, the Hon. Rob't W. Furnas, of the *Advertiser*, at his sanctum, looking as hale and hearty as he did the first time we saw him, and, judging from his very pleasant and agreeable disposition, there is no man in the country enjoys life better and takes the troubles consequent upon a public life more coolly than Mr. Furnas. Being among the first pioneers of the country—blessed with a good constitution, fine talent and more than an ordinary amount of energy, he has done more for the town and county of Nemaha than any other man in the county, and we are pleased to say that the people have rewarded him for his labors by giving him a liberal patronage to his paper and by sending him twice to the Legislature of the Territory. We also met our old friends Col. Nixon and C. B. Smith, Esq., one the Register and the other Receiver at the Land Office for that portion of the Territory, both of whom have given general satisfaction in the discharge of the very important duties of their respective offices. We would like to mention many others that gave us a cordial shake of the hand and bade us a hearty welcome to the hospitalities of their village, but time forbids, at present.

There is one feature in regard to the business transactions of Brownville that we were surprised at, but which certainly is quite commendable on the part of the merchants; and that is the large amount of trading that is being done there by Missourians living on the opposite side of the river, and it is not confined to those residing on the Missouri Bottom, but extends over a large portion of the country. We noticed R. Hawkins, J. W. Golden and R. Dunlap there, from Irish Grove, each having a wagon load of bacon and produce, and on asking why the drove through Rockport and came eight miles across to trade at Brownville, they said they got a better price for their produce and bought goods cheaper at Brownville than they could at Rockport.

Our old friend D. J. Martin, formerly of Rockport, has opened a large stock of goods at Brownville, and seems to be getting a goodly portion of the Missouri trade. We can account for this in part when we remember that David is a fine looking bachelor, on the sunny-side of thirty years, very accommodating to the ladies, but especially to the mothers of good looking daughters, hoping no doubt by this means to obtain the favors of both mother and daughter, and by this means get a pair of white plump arms entwined around his neck as an agreeable comforter against the chilling blasts of the coming Winter. We hope you may, David.

But we wish to speak more particularly of that in which all travelers as well as the citizens are more deeply interested, and that is the Brownville Hotel owned and kept by Messrs. Wheeler & Rainey. This is decidedly the best kept hotel in the Territory, without any exception, and we speak knowingly, for we have stoped at all the principal hotels in the Territory. The house is large and conveniently arranged, the rooms are neatly furnished, the beds are clean and comfortable, the servants are accommodating, the table is well supplied with all the varieties that the season and market affords and everything is got up in good taste, the charges are moderate, and quiet and good order seems to be the ruling motto. In short we would say to the traveling community, that you will find the Brownville Hotel a comfortable stopping place.

The growth of the town is not rapid but permanent. The citizens are generally honest and industrious, and Brownville is destined to be a good point for business for a large population.

The county is the best improved, and is producing more than any other county in the Territory. There has been some seventy thousand bushels of corn sold in the county the past season. This is the surplus crop after wintering their stock, and we noticed several more farms being opened this Spring. We set Nemaha down as the banner county.

The above compliment to our City, ourself and others we take from the Forrest City *Monitor*. Mr. VANATTA, the editor, has been spending a week in our place latelp. While we acknowledge the compliment to ourself, we also do the same in behalf of others mentioned.

We may be permitted to say that the Brownville House, under its new managers, is fast becoming one of the most popular Hotels in the country. All who partake of the hospitalities of RAINEY & WHEELER speak in the highest terms of praise.

## Kansas Correspondence.

FT. SCOTT, Kansas.
April 18, 1859.

R. W. FURNAS, Esq.:

DEAR SIR—Agreeably to promise I write from this portion of the country.

I have been quite disappointed in my expectations as to the improvements in Kansas. I find very little of the country is settled, after leaving the Missouri River a few miles; a great many cabins are to be seen scattered in the prairie, but all vacant, and no improvements around them. Rather desolate looking I assure you when compared with your portion of Nebraska. I have not seen in all my rambles in Kansas such agricultural improvements and advancement as in your county, Nemaha.

Considerable emigration is starting out from Leavenworth; but not half what is reported. You may judge from prices that the demand is not geat at Leavenworth. I saw good cattle selling for $60 per yoke, and excellent flour retailing at $3 per sack. Leavenworth, however, is a "fast town," and no mistake.

The better portions, by far, of Kansas, are the Indian Reservations, and the manner in which they are managed cannot fail to seriously retard the progress of the country in and around. I understand the same course is being pursued in regard to the Half-Breed Reservation between the Nemahas in your Territory, viz: a few posted and scheming men secure the lands as fast as the Half-Breeds get titles, and thus the lands pass into the hands of speculators, who neither improve or sell on terms that men with limited means, and who would improve, can purchase. Really these lands after being assigned to the Indians are in no better shape than before, and are doomed to stand still for years.

After leaving the Missouri River, going South in the direction of Ft. Scott, I am again disappointed in the country. The land is good for a distance of thirty or forty miles, with some fair improvements; after which I find some of the poorest land I ever saw, in fact, the lands are not worth taking at Government price.

Peace reigns in this region again. I see a number of Montgomery's men, who tell me the "war" is at an end. One, in speaking of affairs remarked, he had made enough to take him from the country, and he'd be d— d if he didn't leave the c—d hole, as it was the meanest country a white man ever made an effort to live in. Not far from truth thought I.

Ft. Scott is situated in or near the center of Kansas, south from the Missouri River, and about four miles from the Missouri State line. It makes a poor appearance; the buildings are mostly of wood and in bad repair.

After all, Friend Furnas, I think Nebraska far preferable in every respect to Kansas.

My next, and more in detail, will be from Ft. Smith. TRAVELER.

## News Items.

The War Department has received a heavy mail from Gen. Johnston, commanding the forces in Utah. The complications and difficulties between Federal and Judicial officers is fully explained, and his crurse in responding to the Judiciary, as a co-ordinate branch of the Government, is fully sustained and justified.

It appears that Governor Cumming was acting under special instructions from the State Department, and directly opposite to the instructions of Col. Johnston and the judicial officers. The Cabinet has had the subject under consideration.

Gen. Johnston's dispatches change the aspect of affairs there, and it is not known what course the Administration will pursue as between the federal and judicial officers.

The English have taken possession of another island in the Red Sea, which they claim to have purchased from an Arab Sheik. The name of this last acquisition in Kramakan. It lies north of Perim, near the Arabian shore, and it is said to be almost wholly surrounded by submarine banks, rendering easy of defence.

The Kansas City *Journal*, of the 30th, says:

James M. Sexton, Esq., just returned from a trip into the Territory, says he met not less than a thousand people for Pike's Peak, in a distance of forty miles on the Santa Fe road.

Dickens has been engaged to write for the New York *Ledger*. What the deuce will Dickens do next?

It is yet a disputed question whether the peach crop has been entirely destroyed by the late unfavorable weather. At Cincinnati it is reported that the peach crop, though injured, was not altogether blighted, and the trees, or a portion of them, will bear good fruit, if not in such abundance as usual. In this vicinity we hear a like account; and in the neighborhood of Alton it is not a settled question. We shall learn differently in a few days.—*St. Louis Republican.*

We have recently passed through the entire length of East Tennessee, and into Middle Tennessee, and were pleased to observe the promising appearance of the wheat crop along the line. Our prospects are that we shall have an immense yield should no misfortune befall the growing crop. In Virginia, Georgia, Alabama and Kentucky the indications are quite favorable.—*Knoxville Whig.*

A gentleman who arrived in this city last evening from the East informs us that he never saw the crop of winter wheat look better in his life than it now does, through Northern Ohio and Indiana. The roads in that direction he reports as dry and settled, the farmers busy at their spring work, with every prospect of generous crop the ensuing summer.—*Chicago Demecrat.*

The New York *Tribune* says that it utterly scouts the fashionable assumption that such exposures as those of the Key tragedy and Sickles trial are demoralizing. On the contrary, it regards them as the thunder-storms by which the moral atmosphere is improved if not absolutely purified.

Since our last issue we have had a second edition of winter, there having been several frosts, but on Monday morning last the heaviest frost appeared. The ground was frozen and all kinds of vegetation which had shown itself was destroyed.—*Murfreesboro (Tenn.) Telegraph.*

Two barrels of green peas, the first of the season, were sent to Baltimore by the steamer last evening. They were raised on the farm of S. W. Wilson, Esq., near Wilmington, N. C.—*Portsmouth (Va.) Transcript*, April 16.

The Republicans have elected one hundred and eleven members to the next House of Representatives. Minnesota, Oregon and California are the only free States that have not elected members.—If the Republicans should get the two Minnesota members, they would still lack six of having a majority in the next House. The Oregon and California members they can not get. It is now certain that the Southern Americans will hold the balance of power in the next House. They can decide the question of the organization.

The Southern Bank, Ill., is winding up. The circulating notes are redeemed in specie by the State Auditor.

The State Security Bank at Gemoken, and the Merchants' Bank of Madison, Wisconsin, are also winding up. The bills are redeemed at par in Madison.

Robert Smith, Esq., of Mobile, offered the Messrs. Dowell, in New Orleans, $10,000 for their distinguished colt Planet. On the same day, Mr. Hunter, of New York, the owner of Nicholas, offered the same sum for him. The owners of the colt took Mr. Smith's offer into consideration, being determined if they sold, to have him kept in the South. Mr. S. made the offer for a friend, probably Judge Hunter, who desired to own the horse for breeding purposes.

In 1840 Illinois was the eleventh State; now she stands next to Ohio, and third on the list. The following is the vote of the leading States in 1855: New York, 595,424; Pennsylvania, 460,166; Ohio, 383,496; Illinois, 238,393; Indiana, 230,000; Massachusetts, 165,000; Kentucky, 146,060; Tennessee, 143,000; Virginia, 150,000; New Jersey, 100,000.

Mr. Bordeau, U. S. Commissioner at the Sandwich Islands, has sent to Mr. Everett $141, contributed by American ladies at the Islands, as a donation to the Mt. Vernon fund.

Rev. Dr. Chapin's society, in New York, have voted him a salary of $6,000. He earns about $3,000 by lecturing, and is not in his pulpit more than half the time.

Mires, the Paris banker, lately gave a ball which cost $25,000. He commenced life by selling old stoves—then, as now, a *grate* financier.

John Savage, late editor of the Washington *States*, has been appointed Secretary of Legation and will accompany Gen. Jones to Bogota.

Dr. Wm. Sawyer, the oldest surviving graduate of Harvard College, died in Boston, April 18 aged 89. He graduated in 1788. By his death, the Hon. Josiah Quincy, Sr., becomes the oldest living graduate.

## Married.

On the 34 inst., at the residence of H. W Parker, Esq., in Austin, Clay county, N. T., by Rev. Wm. Mason, FORDYCE ROPER, Esq., to Miss JULIA S. FOOTE, formerly of Greenfield, Highland Co., O.

The newly married couple have our thanks for the usual accompaniments, and our best wishes for their success in life. This is the first marriage in Clay county.

Our Devil, who is celebrated for "cute ideas," suggests: "If somebody has not 'put their Foote into it' they are surely 'Roped in.'"

## LETTERS HELD FOR POSTAGE.

Barbara Staniford, Stanton, Kansas
Sarah Blee, Cleveland, O
Sarah Markham, do do

A valuable letter has been returned from the General Post Office, at Washington, from Henry Redfern to David Cam, bell. J H MAUN, P M

SADDLE AND HARNESS
MANUFACTORY!
JOHN W. MIDDLETON,
BROWNVILLE, N. T.

HEREBY informs the public that he has located himself in this City, and is prepared to serve those in want of anything in his line. He has selected his stock with care and will manufacture a No. 1 article of everything offered. He deems it unnecessary to enumerate; but will keep on hand evey article usually obtained in Saddle and Harness shops.
JOHN W. MIDDLETON.
Brownville May 12. no46-6m

Regular St. Joseph, and Omaha Packet.
WILLIAM CAMPBELL,
J B HOLLAND, Master. J A STEVENS, Clerk.
WILL leave St. Joseph every Tuesday on arrival of 6 o'clock train, for Boston, Iowa Point, Forest City, White Cloud, Rulo, Winnebago, Arago, St. Stephens, BROWNVILLE, Sonora, Linden, Nebraska City, Rock Bluff, Bethlehem, Plattsmouth, Pacific City, St. Marys, Bellvue, Council Bluffs and Omaha.
Coming up—arrives at Brownville on Wednesday evening, or Thursday morning. Going down—leaves Brownville on Friday evening or Saturday morning.
Take passengers through to St. Louis in 48 hours via Hannibal & St Joseph R R
Tickets for sale on the boat for all points East, North and South.
CRANE & HILL, Agents,
no46-tf Brownville, N. T.

1859. Missouri River. 1859.
SEASON ARRANGEMENTS.
Regular St. Louis and Sioux City Packet.
OMAHA.
For Fort Randall, Niobrarah, Sioux City, Dakota, Omaddi, Decatur, DeSoto, Cresscent city, Florence, Omaha, Council Bluffs, Bellevue, St Marys, Plattsmouth, Nebraska city, Linden, BROWNVILLE, White Cloud, Iowa Point, Amazons, St Joseph, Atchison, Sumner, Leavenworth, Kansas, Lexington and all points below.
THE well and widly known light draught freight and unexceptionable passenger steamer OMAHA, has resumped her regular trips in the above trade (and all intermediate points on the Missouri river) and continue them punctually and regularly through the entire season
The Omaha having undergone a thorough renovation, both inside and outside, expressly for the above trade, is now in the most perfect and complete order in every department: and we trust by a strict attention to business the wants of shippers and comfort of passengers to merit a continuance of the very liberal patronage bestowed upon us in past seasons.
ANDREW WINELAND, Master
J JEWETT WILCOX, Clerk
CRANE & HILL, Agents,
Brownville, N T
May 12 no46

## FOUND.

A MEMORANDUM BOOK, which the owner can have by calling at this office, describing and paying for this advertisement.

## CITY ORDINANCES.

PROVIDING FOR CITY STREET COMMISSIONER AND CITY ATTORNEY.

Section 1. *Be it Ordained by the Council of the City of Brownville, Nemaha county, N. T.*, as follows: That in addition to the officers of the City of Brownville provided for by law, that there shall be a City Street Commissioner and City Attorney.

DUTY OF CITY STREET COMMISSIONER.

Sec. 2. That the duty of the Street Commissioner shall be to keep open and repair the streets of the city, see that the work required of the citizens of the city and lot holders therein by the city be fully performed, and all such other act or acts as he may be required to do by ordinance or order of the city.

DUTY OF CITY ATTORNEY.

Sec. 3. That the City Attorney shall act as the legal adviser and counselor of the city and be authorized to represent the city in all courts of law and equity in this territory.

DUTY OF MARSHALL.

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of the Marshall, aside from those duties imposed on him by statute, to collect all monies that may be due the city from any person or persons, and that he pay the same over to the treasurer he taking his receipt therefor.

Sec. 5. The Marshall before entering upon the duties of his office shall make and execute unto the city a good and sufficient bond with sufficient securities to be approved by the Mayor in such a sum as the council may order, providing that he will pay all monies which he may receive belonging to the city to the city Treasurer thereof, and that he will well and truly perform the duties of marshall of the city.

Sec. 6. The Marshall shall observe all ordinances or orders of the city which may impose on him a duty and require his services.

DUTY OF ASSESSOR.

Sec. 7. It shall be the duty of the Assessor to take a list of all the taxable property both real and personal in the city, and attach thereto the true value thereof, such list and assessment to be made and filed with the recorder of the city annually on or before the first day of June.

DUTY OF RECORDER.

Sec. 8. It shall be the duty of the Recorder to file a bond with securities to be approved by the Mayor in such a sum as the city by order may require; providing that he will well and truly perform the duties of his office, which bond is to be given before he enters upon the duties of his office,

Sec. 9. It shall be the duty of the Recorder to see that all ordinances which may be passed by the City Council be published for two successive weeks in some weekly newspaper printed and published in the city and that he preserve the proper evidence of such publication.

DUTY OF TREASURER.

Sec. 10. It shall be the duty of the Treasurer to receive and safely keep all the monies belonging to the city and to pay all orders drawn on him by the Council and signed by the Mayor and Recorder, and shall execute and file such bond as the Mayor and Council shall approve of and may from time to time require, and shall at any time during his term report when by the Council required the amount of money in the treasury, and at the expiration of the term of his office shall make full returns to the Council and shall hand all books papers and monies belonging to the treasurer to his successor when ordered so to do by the Council.

DRAWING WARRANTS AND THEIR PAYMENT.

Sec. 11. City orders shall not be drawn unless so ordered and directed by the City Council which order and direction shall appear upon the minutes of the meeting ordering the same, the said orders shall be signed by the Mayor and Recorder and made payable to the person for whom drawn.

Sec. 12. That all orders shall be numbered respectively as issued and dated on the day issued, which orders so issued and dated shall be paid by the treasurer in their order respecting number and date if so requested by the holder or holders thereof.

Sec. 13. The City Treasurer shall when any city order be presented to him for payment and not paid by him endorse on the back of the same a statement signed by him stating the presentment for payment, the time when and the reason why not paid, which said order shall thereafter bear interest at the rate of ten per cent. per annum, if the order itself does not bear interest.

Sec. 14. The City Recorder shall deliver to the Treasurer every three weeks a list of the orders issued, their number, date, who given to, for what amount and whether for intereit or not, which list shall be carefully preserved by the Treasurer.

PROVIDING FOR WORK ON STREETS.

Sec. 15. That all able bodied male inhabitants of the city over the age of twenty-one and under sixty years of age shall work at least two days in each year under the supervision of the Street Commissioner upon the streets of the city at such work as said commissioner shall designate or pay for each day so failing one dollar and fifty cents provided said commissioner shall give seven days notice to them before the day of working which notice shall be in writing.

Sec. 16. The Recorder shall furnish the Commissioner with a list of all hands subject to work on said streets and should the Recorder overlook the name or names of any person or persons it shall be the duty of the Commissioner to put the missing names on the list.

Sec. 17. All persons failing to work by himself or a legal substitute shall be returned by the Commissioner to the Mayor who shall issue his summons to the person so failing and unless they render to the Mayor a good and sufficient excuse he shall assess a fine against them which shall be one dollar and fifty cents with costs of suit for each day so failing.

Sec. 18. The said Commissioner shall within six months after he has received the list of the persons from the Recorder, return the same to the City Council with a report of all his proceedings respecting the same, who have worked, what money has been paid, how expended and how many of the delinquents have been fined and caused to pay the same.

ADDITIONS TO THE CITY.

Sec. 19. That those additions to the City of Brownville known as the western division and Brown's addition, by the recorded plats of the said additions shall constitute and be known as a part of the City of Brownville.

THE AMOUNT TO BE TAXED ON CITY PROPERTY.

Sec. 20. That five mills on the dollar valuation of all taxable property be levied for the purpose of improving the streets and alleys of the city, and for such other purposes as the city may direct.

PROHIBITING MAKING UNNECESSARY NOISE IN THE STREETS, &c.

Sec. 21. If any person or persons shall at any time disturb the peace and quiet of the city or any people residing therein by lewd and unnecessary hollowing, quarreling, challenging to fight or fighting or in any other manner, shall upon conviction thereof be fined not more than twenty-five, nor less than one dollar.

PREVENTING AFFRAYS, RIOTS, ROUTS AND UNLAWFUL ASSEMBLAGES.

Sec. 22. If any persons shall be guilty of committing any affray, unlawful assembling, rout or riot within the corporate limits of the city they shall each be fined a sum not less than five, or more than fifty dollars.

PREVENTING KEEPING GAMBLING HOUSES, &c..

Sec. 23. If any person shall by himself, herself, servant or their agents, for his or her profit keep, have, exercise or maintain within the corporate limits of the city, a common gaming house, table or room, or in any houseor place occupied by him or her, procure or permit any persons to frequent or come together to play for money or other valuable thing at any game, every offender, upon conviction before the Mayor, shall be fined not exceeding one hundred nor less than five dollars.

PREVENTING OBSTRUCTING STREETS, &c.

Sec. 24. If any person or persons shall wilfully and wrongfully obstruct, injure, cause or procure to be obstructed or injured any streets or alleys in this city, or any bridge therein, or shall continue the same so as render it inconvenient or dangerous to pass, they shall be fined in a sum not less than one or more twenty-five dollars.

PREVENTING SELLING CORRUPT MEAT, &c.

Sec 25. If any person shall within the city sell knowingly and wilfully any diseased, corrupted and unwholsome provisions whether for meat or drink, without making the same fully known to the buyer, shall be fined upon conviction thereof not less than five nor more than fifty dollars.

PREVENTING KEEPING HOUSES OF ILL-FAME.

[Sec 26 If any person or persons shall keep within the limits of the city any house of ill-fame for the purpose of prostitution and lewdness, and any person or persons who shall knowingly lease any such house to any person or persons for such a purpose shall upon conviction thereof be fined in a sum not less than ten nor more than one hundred dollars.

PREVENTING THE INJURING OF ORNAMENTAL TREES, FENCES, &c.

Sec. 27. If any person shall maliciously cut down, injure or distroy any fruit or ornamental tree or trees, vine or shrub of another, standing or growing permanent or in use within the city, or maliciously in the city break down, sear, deface or injure any fence, hedge or ditch enclosing land belonging to another, or throw open or down any gate or bars not his nor under his charge and leave them open whereby an injury is done to another, upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than five nor more than one hundred dollars.

PREVENTING FIRING GUNS, &c., ON SUNDAY.

Sec 28 If any person shall upon Sunday, in the corporate limits of the city, discharge any gun, pistol or other fire arms to the disturbance of the citizens of the city, upon conviction thereof shall be fined in a sum not less than one nor more than ten dollars.

PREVENTING GAMBLING.

Sec. 29. If any person or persons shall, for money or other valuable thing, play at any game with cards, dice, checks or at billiards or with any other article or instrument thing or things what ever, which may be use, for the purpose of playing or betting upon, or wining or losing money or any other thing or things article or articles of value, or shall bet on any game which others may be playing; every person so offending shall be fined; upon conviction thereof, in a sum not more than fifty, nor less than five dollars.

PROVIDING FOR ARREST.

Sec. 30. It shall be the duty of the Marshal and his deputies when any of the offences are committed are that prohibited in the ordinances of the city, by any person or persons in their presence, to arrest, or cause to be arrested the offenders and bring them before the Mayor, and there file a complaint before him setting forth the offence for which he or they may be arrested.

MAKING COMPLAINT.

Sec. 31. It shall be the duty of the Marshal when he has reason to believe or does believe that any person or persons have broken any of the ordinances of the city, to make or cause to be made a proper complaint thereof before the Mayor.

PROVIDING FOR WARRANT.

Sec. 32. Whenever any person shall make in writing and under oath a proper complaint before the Mayor, setting forth that any person or persons have broken any of the ordinances of the city, he shall immediately issue his warrant, directed to the Marshal of the city, directing him to arrest the offenders and forthwith to be brought before him to be dealt with according to law.

DUTY UPON ARREST.

Sec. 33. Upon arrest of the offender or offenders the same proceedings shall be had before the Mayor as in the trial in any case before a justice of the peace in accordance with the laws of this Territory; Provided, however, that the offender or offenders shall not have a jury of more than six men.

Sec. 34. When any person shall be arrested and brought before the Mayor by the marshal without warrant the same proceedings shall be had as in other cases.

Sec. 35. If any person or persons shall be fined, as provided by ordinance of the city in any sum, they shall pay all the costs of the prosecution.

PROVIDING FOR THE COMMITMENT OF PERSONS FOR NON-PAYMENT OF FINE.

Sec. 36. When any person or persons shall be fined for the breaking of any of the ordinances of the city and shall not pay the fine and costs that shall be assessed against him or them, they shall be by the Mayor committed to the hands of the Marshal by a written instrument setting forth the fine imposed and costs imposed on the person or persons so committed, and all that may be necessary for the Marshal to have.

DUTY OF MARSHALL.

Sec. 37. The Marshal shall, when any person or persons be committed to his custody by the Mayor as provided by ordinance for non-payment of any fine and costs that may be imposed on him or them, cause him or them, if able, to work upon the streets of the city where the street commissioner may direct until the said fine and costs are paid, allowing one dollar and a half for each day he or they may work or be imprisoned.

ORDINANCES REPEALED.

Sec. 38. That all ordinances inconsistant with this ordinance past up to this date date, are hereby repealed.

GENERAL PROVISION.

Sec. 39. That all the rights and liabilities which may have occurred under ordinances heretofore passed and been in force in the city, shall be and remain the same as though this ordinance never had been passed.

PUBLICATION OF ORDINANCE.

Sec. 40. That all ordinances that are passed by the City Council shall be published two successive weeks in some newspaper published in this city.

TIME OF ORDINANCES IN FORCE.

Sec. 41. That this ordinance be in force from and after the time of their being published for two successive weeks as provided by law.

## Claim Notice

To John Sperry and all others whom it may concern: You are hereby notified that I will appear at the Land Office in Brownville, on Saturday, the 21st day of May, at 2 o'clock p. m., to prove up my right of pre-emption to the S. E. quarter of section no 23, Township no. 2, north of range 15 east of the sixth principal meridian.
JOHN BLEE.
Brownville, May 12th, 1859. no 46 2t

HANNIBAL & ST. JOSEPH R. R.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.—ON AND AFTER Friday, April 8th:

TRAIN EAST

| | |
|---|---|
| Express Train leaves St. Joseph | 6:00 A.M. |
| Accommodation leaves " | 5:00 P.M. |
| Freight leaves " | 6:15 A.M. |

TRAIN WEST

| | |
|---|---|
| Express Train arrives at St. Joseph | 10:30 P.M. |
| Accommodation arrives at " | 5:00 P.M. |
| Freight arrives at " | 4:00 P.M |

Freight taken to any point East, West, or South, at lower rates than by any other route.
Shippers will please deliver their freight at the Depot the day previous to shipping.

A LINE OF PACKETS
Will run in connection with the Road, above St. Joseph to the Bluffs.

STAGE LINES
Connect at St. Joseph from all parts of Kansas, Nebraska and Western Iowa. Travelers from Nebraska and Western Iowa will find this the
*Quickest, Easiest and Cheapest*
Route to all points on the Mississippi river and East.
THROUGH TICKETS can be had at the office at St. Joseph for nearly all parts of the country.
JOSIAH HUNT.
Chief Eng. and Supt.
P. B. GROAT, Gen'l Ticket Ag't. no45

St. Joseph, Brownville, and Council Bluff Packet.
The Regular Tri-Weekly Packet,
SAINT MARY,
CAPT. WEAVER, Runs regularly from St. Joseph, —connecting with the St. Joseph and Hannibal Rail Road,—to Council Bluff, touching at all intermediate points.
CRANE & HILL, Agents.
no45 Brownville, N. T.

Brownville House,
NEW ARRANGEMENT.
WHEELER & RAINEY,
Announce to the public that they have recently purchased and refitted the NEW, POPULAR, AND COMMODIOUS HOTEL in
BROWNVILLE, NEBRASKA,
known as the Brownville House, and are now prepared to entertain and accommodate travellers, sojourners, and day boarders in a style second to no other House in the West. Every effort will be made to entertain, please and make comfortable all who may favor the Brownville House with their patronage.

The Table,
will at all times be supplied with the substantials and delicacies of the seasons, day, and country in which we are located.

The Bar,
is well filled up, and supplied with the choicest liquors to be found.

The Livery.
Arrangements have been made with Wm. Rossell, proprietor of the City Livery Stable, who is prepared with as good accommodations as can be found anywhere.—Mr. R. also keeps an excellent Livery Stable for the accommodation of the public.
WHEELER & RAINEY.
April 1st, 1859, 40-1y

BROWNVILLE
SAW AND GRIST MILL.
JESSE NOEL
Having rented the interest of Lake and Emmerson in the Brownville Steam Saw and Grist Mill, announces to to the public that he is prepared to accommodate the citizens of Brownville and Nemaha County with a superior quality of lumber of all kinds. Also with the Grist Mill, to serve all in that line.
The market price at all times paid for Logs and Corn.
The old business of Noel, Lake & Emmerson will be settled by Henry Lake. All future business conducted by the undersigned. JESSE NOEL.
Brownville, April 7th, 1859, 1y

JOHN M'PHERSON,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
DRY-GOODS,
GROCERIES,
HARDWARE & QUEENSWARE,
FURNITURE,
And Country Produce.
Front Street, Brownville, Nebraska.

[BY AUTHORITY.]

[No. 637.]

## By the President of the United States

In pursuance of law, I, JAMES BUCHANAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby declare and make known that public sales will be held at the undermentioned land offices in the Territory of Nebraska at the periods hereinafter designated, to wit:

At the land office at Brownville, commencing on Monday, the eighth day of August next, for the disposal of the public lands within the following named townships, viz:

*North of the Base Line and East of the Sixth Principal Meridian.*

The part of township 1, outside of the Sac and Fox reservation, of range 17.

The parts of townships 1, 2, 3, and 4 outside of the Sac and Fox and half-breed Nemaha reservation; and fractional townships 5 and 6, of range 16.

The part of township 1 outside of the Sac and Fox reservation; township 2; the parts of townships 3, 4, and 5 outside of the half-breed Nemaha reservation; and fractional township 6, of range 15.

The part of township 1 outside of the Sac and Fox reservation; township 2, 3, and 4; the part of township 5 outside of the half-breed Nemaha reservation; and township 6, of range 14.

Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of range 13.
Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of range 12.
Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of range 11.
Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, of range 10.

At the land office at Brownville, commencing on Monday, the fifth day of September next, for the disposal of the public lands within the following named townships, viz:

*North of the Base Line and East of the Sixth Principal Meridian.*

Townships 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, of range 9.

The parts of townships 1 and 2 outside of the Indian reservation; and townships 3, 4, 5 and 6, of range 8.

The part of township 2 outside of the Indian reservation; and townships 3, 4, 5 and 6, of range 7.

The part of township 2 outside of the Indian reservation; and townships 3, 4, 5 and 6, of range 6.

The part of township 2 outside of the Indian reservation; and townships 3, 4, 5 and 6, of range 5.

The parts of townships 1 and 2 outside of the Indian reservation; and townships 3, 4, 5 and 6 of range 4.

At the land office at Nebraska City, commencing on Monday the first day of August, for the disposal of the public lands within the following named townships, viz:

*North of the Base Line and East of the Sixth Principal Meridian.*

Fractional township 7 of range 15
Fractional townships 7 and 8 of range 15
Township 7; and fractional townships 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 of range 14
Townships 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12; and fractional township 13 of range 13
Townships 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11; and fractional townships 12 and 13 of range 12
Townships 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11; and fractional townships 12 of range 11
Townships 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11; and fractional townships 12, 13 and 14 of range 10
Townships 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13; and fractional townships 14, 15 and 16 of range 9

At the land office at Nebraska City, commencing on Monday the twenty-ninth day of August next, for the disposal of the public lands within the following named townships, viz:

*North of the Base Line and East of the Sixth Principal Meridian*

Townships 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16; and fractional township 17 of range 8
Townships 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16; fractional township 17 of range 7
Townships 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 of range 6

At the land office at Omaha City, commencing on the day the fifth day of July next, for the disposal of the public lands within the following named townships, viz:

*North of the Base Line and East of the Sixth Principal Meridian*

Fractional townships 13, 14, 15 and 16 of range 14
Fractional townships 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17 of range 13
Fractional ownships 12 and 13; townships 14, 15, 16 and 17; and fractional townships 18, 19, 20, 21 and 22 of range 12
Fractional township 12; townships 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18; and fractional townships 19, 20, 21, 22 and 23 of range 11
Fractional townships 12, 13 and 14; townships 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22 and 23 of range 10

At the land office at Omaha City, commencing on the day the twenty-fifth day of July next, for the disposal of the public lands within the following named townships, viz:

*North of the Base Line and East of the Sixth Principal Meridian*

Fractional townships 14, 15 and 16; townships 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22 and 23 of range 9
Fractional townships 16 and 17; and townships 18, 19, 20, and 21 of range 8
Fractional township 17; and townships 18, 19, 20 and 21 of range 7
Fractional township 17; and townships 18, 19, 20 and 21 of range 6
Fractional township 17; and townships 18, 19, 20 and 21 of range 5
Fractional township 17; and townships 18, 19, 20 and 21 of range 4

At the land office at Dakota, commencing on Monday the eighteenth day of July next, for the disposal of the public lands within the following named townships, viz:

*North of the Base Line and East of the Sixth Principal Meridian*

Fractional township 27 of range 10
The parts of townships 24 and 27 outside of the Indian reservation; and fractional townships 25 and 26 of range 9
The part of township 27 outside of the Indian reservation; township 28; and fractional townships 25 and 26 of range 8
The part of township 27 outside of the Indian reservation; townships 28 and 29; and fractional township 25 and 26; and fractional township 30 of range 7
The part of township 27 outside of the Indian reservation; townships 28 and 29; and fractional township 25 and 31 of range 6

Lands appropriated by law for the use of schools, Indian, military and other purposes, will be excluded from the sales.

The offering of the above lands will be commenced on the days appointed, and will proceed in the order