THE ADVERTISER.

R. W. FURNAS, EDITOR.

THURSDAY MORNING, FEB. 17, 1859.

Later from the Mines.

Another Arrival at Brownville.

RETURN OF BAKER AND EDWARDS OF THE BROWNVILLE COMPANY.

CONFIRMATION OF PREVIOUS REPORTS.

On Monday last, we had the pleasure of welcoming Messrs. JOSEPH BAKER and A. C. EDWARDS, who have just returned to this place from the gold mines.

These gentlemen are old and reliable citizens of this city, who, in company with others of Brownville and vicinity, left last October on an exploring expedition to the newly discovered gold region.

This company went out principally for the purpose of reporting to those contemplating a trip to that place the coming spring. We have received and published several letters from them, which were satisfactory to those interested, and known to be perfectly reliable. Their statements verbally, however, are far more flattering than their written accounts, and confirm all that has heretofore been published in regard to the extent and diffusion of the gold deposit. Mr. Baker is an old Californian, and is confident that from $8 to $10 can easily be made per day in the spring. Mr. Edwards, at the time he left, could average on his claim 75 cents per hour with a rocker, but owing to the cold description of labor, (working in the water in winter,) could only work for a short time per day.

The winter has been mild, and food for cattle plenty, and the cattle returned in as good order as when they left here. This portion of the company started from Cherry Creek on the 12th of January, and arrived here on the 14th inst., making one month and two days out. They were not acquainted with the new and direct route, opened since they left, from this city, and followed the Nebraska City route.

The object of their return is to obtain better outfitting supplies, mining tools, &c.; with the intention of going back early in the spring. We have understood that Mr. Baker designs taking his family with him.

They brought with them quite a curiosity to many of our citizens, in the shape of the head of a mountain goat, whose immense horns, weighing nearly forty pounds, are calculated to produce disagreeable sensations of their "butting" power upon a timid mind.

Congress.

The present session of Congress will soon expire—4th of March. As we stated a few weeks ago, nothing of importance has been *consummated*. Several important Bills have passed the Senate, some others the House, and thus they hang, and will most likely die in that condition.

The Pacific Railroad Bill is gone under. All admit the necessity of the road, but when it comes to be located—"ah, there's the rub." Every locality is jealous of another, and so they all "agree to disagree," and go without the road rather than this, that, or the other locality, shall have it.

We have thought for years, and time only strengthens our opinion, that private enterprise will yet take hold of that matter, and complete it in half the time Congress has already been talking about it. There would be another advantage in favor of private efforts. The national treasury, or rather domain, would escape the most extensive "stealings" known perhaps to the "oldest inhabitant."

Cuba is lost in the fog, because of a "shortness" in the finances of Uncle Sam. That too, we suppose, will drag along until "too late," and others less entitled become possessed.

The Postage and Tariff questions are upon the shelf; thoughts are yet entertained by some that the latter may yet slip through. 'Tis well that the former should meet with defeat. There is no reason under the sun why our rates of postage should be increased. If the proper economy be exercised, our present system cannot fail to prove self-sustaining.

In regard to local matters in which we of Nebraska are interested, we clip the following from the Washington correspondence of the St. Joseph *Gazette:*

"There are several matters of special interest to the West now pending before the House. The grant of lands to Nebraska will probably be put through. If the bill is reached at all I learn there will be little or no opposition to it. This is a measure of deep concern to us, as it contains a provision for the road from St. Joseph to Fort Kearney—a link in the great chain above alluded to.

Miller, of Ohio, will receive the appointment to the Judgeship in Nebraska, as successor of Judge Black, to whom the President has said "come up higher."

Judge Holly and Mr. Burnett, of Nebraska, are here working indefatigably for the South Platte Annexation movement, and with fair prospects of success. Stephens, of Georgia, from the Committee on Territories in the House, will report a bill in a day or two for the organization of the new golden Territory, under the name of Jefferson (instead of Colona) which will contain a provision establishing the Platte as the northern boundary of Kansas."

Unprecedented Verdancy.

Messrs. PHILLIPS, SAMPSON & Co., a Book Publishing House of Boston, Mass., have sent us for publication, two advertisments, each to be accompanied by an editorial notice of about one square. One of these advertisements would, at the regular advertising rates of our paper—as well as all others in the West—amount to *sixty-two dollars*, and the other *forty-seven dollars* for one insertion. For this service rendered the said publishing house, they kindly offer us a copy each of the books advertised, on the following very liberal terms: One of the books retails for $1,75; this *we* can have for $1. The other retails for $1,25, but *we* can have it for the small sum of 60 cents.

There is liberality and enterprise for you, rarely to be met with! We wonder if the press in the immediate vicinity of this book publishing house have been as liberally dealt with as is proposed to us Western editors and publishers? or are we peculiarly favored?

The modus operandi by which this exceedingly shrewd business house propose to secure advertising on the above mentioned terms, is this: They select an incomplete, and perhaps the most interesting chapter from the book they have for sale, preface it with a notice stating that it is an extract from a certain book, published by a certain house, in a certain city, and can be had for a certain price; this, printed on a convenient slip for compositors, is sent out to the press throughout the country, with the idea that it will be published; the reader become interested in the story, and send for the book. This *mode* of advertising is good enough; but men only ought to adopt it who have *soul* and *liberality* to carry it out better.

We tell Philips Sampson & Co., if they wise to advertise with us, they can do so, and we will be pleased with their patronage; and if any particular object to them, we will take a portion or even all the pay in good readable books. But if they think we will advertise for them to the amount *of one hundred and nine dollars, and* take *one dollar and sixty cents* in books as pay in full, they must be unprecedentedly verdant, or imagine Western editors and publishers are.

What one going to the Mines should be provided with.

The following list embraces what is actually needed by those going to the mines. The list of course can be extended in accordance with desires and the purse. The cost of these articles will be about $150,00 to the man, or $600,00 for the company, and will by careful and frugal management, last them for six months. The articles can all be had at Brownville, and at as reasonable rates as at any other point.

Traveling and Camp outfit for four Men.

3 Yoke of Oxen; 1 Wagon, Covers, &c.
1 Tent; 3 Augers; 1 Chisel.
1 Axe; 1 Handsaw; 1 Nail Hatchet.
1 Drawing Knife; 1 12 inch File.
6 lbs Nails; Coffee Boiler.
1 Coffee Mill; 1 Camp Kettle.
1 Frying Pan; 1 Skillet or Oven.
1 Bread Pan; 6 Coffee Cups.
6 Tin Plates; 1 sett Knifes and Forks.
1 sett Spoons; 1 Water Keg.
1 Water Bucket; 1 Water Dipper.
1 Lantern; 10 lbs Candles.
2 doz Boxes Matches.
25 lbs Soap.
1 Grass Scythe and Snath.

Mining Tools, for each Man.

2 Steel Picks.
1 Round Point Steel Shovel.
1 Gold Pan.
1 Large Tin Dipper.
1 Iron Scraper, for cleaning up rockers.
1 Strong Wooden Bucket.
1 Seive for cleaning gold.
1 Blow Pan.
Perforated sheet iron for Long Toms and Rockers;
Irons for Axels for Wheelbarrows;
Leather for Pump Walves;
Heavy Drilling or Sail Duck for Hose;
Palm, Sail needles, Twine, Tacks;
Gold Scales and Weights.

Provisions for Four Men, Six Months.

800 lbs. Flour; 400 lbs Bacon;
200 do Sugar; 50 do Coffee; 6 lbs Tea;
40 do dried Fruit; 30 lbs Rice;
60 do Beans; 10 gallons Molasses;
200 do Crackers;
10 do Soda or baking powders;
2 do Pepper; 30 lbs Salt;
25 do Lard;
4 gallons Pickles; 3 boxes Mustard;
2 " Vinegar.
2 do Brandy.

Each Man should Take

1 gun, 1 pistol or revolver;
1 butcher knifes, belt and Scabbard;
Powder, lead, shot and caps;
2 pair heavy Mackinaw Blankets;
3 heavy Flannel Overshirts;
3 pair heavy Pants;
3 do do Boots;
3 do do Socks;
2 do do Coats;
3 do Woolen Drawers;
1 Hat;
1 Cap;
1 Comfort;
1 Vest;
2 pair Gloves:
3 Silk Handkerchiefs;
Buttons, Thread, etc.

Connecticut Politics.

The Democrats held a caucus at Hartford on the 3d inst., to appoint delegates to their several Conventions. Over four hundred were in attendance, and there was a lively and exciting time. The Douglas delegates were elected by a vote of nearly five to one, and strong resolutions nominating Douglas for President were passed almost unanimously.

The next Lecture before the Brownville Med. College is by Prof. ALLEN.

Stage Line from Keokuk, Iowa, to Brownville.

The following we clip from the Keokuk Daily *Journal:*

"We were yesterday shown a letter, written by a prominent citizen of Brownville, Nebraska Territory, to a gentleman in this city, from which we extract the following:

"We are making an effort to secure a stage line from *your place* to Brownville, and another extending on to the Cherry Creek gold mines. A company is already formed in this place, who will put on a line of stages to the mines, early in the spring. Would the people of Keokuk take hold of the matter with us?"

We cordially lay this subject before our readers, knowing that the enterprising capitalists of our city, need but an intimation as to their interest, to promptly respond."

Our people have been actively engaged for some time in the above enterprise, and we are pleased to know that our Keokuk friends promptly second their efforts. The establishment of a line of stages, as above contemplated, will aid materially in eventually securing a Railroad across the Northern tier of Missouri counties, to this place, the nearest on the river to the newly discovered gold mines.

A writer in the Washington *Union* says that every foot of avenue, street, and alley, laid down on the original plan of the city of Washington, actually belongs in fee to the United States. This point was settled by the Supreme Court in the case of Van Ness *vs.* the United States and Corporation of Washington. In addition to this the Government owns *five hundred and seventy-eight acres* of land within the city limits, which have been permanently reserved for public uses, worth $13,412,-293 26, as private property is assessed for taxation, upon which improvements have been made,-as shown by a recent official report to Congress, costing $14,-709,338 09, making an aggregate of $28,128,631 35.

Abolition Talk.

A State Anti-Slavery Convention was held at Albany, N. Y., on the first inst., at which a number of speeches were made, and resolutions adopted. The following is one of the resolutions, which we copy to show how fanatical, and undeserving the name of, and unworthy protection as American citizens, some men can render themselves:

Resolved, That in the dissolution of the Union, abolitionists are justified by every precept of the Gospel, every principle of morality, and every claim of humanity—that such Union is a covenant with death, which ought to be annulled, and an agreement with hell which a just God cannot permit to stand, and it is the paramount duty of all to seek its immediate overthrow.

They then quote the language of Wm. H. Seward respecting the irrepressible conflict between the slave and free States, and found on that a resolution that any party is unworthy of confidence, no matter what its professions, if it refuse to attack the institution of slavery itself.

Nebraska Contested Seat in Congress.

Some of Chapman's friends have been quite jubilant over a flying rumor that Bird had obtained the seat as Delegate. We presume the report came from the fact that a telegram announced that on the 29 ult.: "The Committee on Elections decided this morning in favor of B. B. Chapman as the Delegate from Nebraska, in place of Ferguson the sitting member." The report had not even been made to the House, and if it is, it will be only to procure the "per diem and mileage."

Mark This!!!!!

E. A. Muir returned to this city from the gold mines with oxen quicker than the trip has ever been made on any other route with mules or horses.—*Nebraska City News.*

The same paper in another article states the time in which Mr. Muir made the trip was *thirty days*. In reply to the above we have only to say that Messrs. Lawrence, Kunkle, Wimer, and Hall, left the gold mines *two days after* Mr. Muir, and reached Brownville *eight days before* he reached Nebraska City, making the trip in twenty days. Only ten days difference! that's all.

Gov. Black.

We are gratified to learn that Judge SAM'L BLACK, of this Judicial District, has been appointed Governor of Nebraska, vice Hon. W. A. Richardson, resigned. The appointment has been confirmed by the Senate.

At a colored Convention in New York a short time since, the *Tribune* was thus *complimented:*

"One thorough-going colored man is worth more to forward our interests and secure our rights than all the Greeleys in the world. Greeley is an adroit politician, and adroit politicians are always to be distrusted. We must not be bamboozled by sham philanthropists. There has been a great deal of capital sheared from our wool, but we have got none of the profits, and we should not be dumb before the shearers any longer."

The negroes in Canada are said to be very insolent and overbearing to white Canadians, whom they doubtless deem an "inferior race." At Wisdorser, a few days since, a party of blacks jostled a couple of gentlemen from the side walk, and when one of the latter gently remonstrated, the leader of the negroes drew a knife and stabbed him. The gentleman was not dangerously injured, but the negroes fled and no arrest was made.

General Niel, of the Engineers, has just published a "Journal of the Operations of the Siege of Sevastopol." He states that during the siege, which lasted three hundred days, the French artillery threw into the town 510,000 round shot, 235,000 shells from howitzers, 350,000 shells from mortars, and 8,000 rockets.—During the war the French infantry fired 25,000,000 cartridges.

Daily Line of Boats.

The St. Joseph Gazette informs us that we are to have a daily line of steamers from that city to this, and as high up the river as Council Bluff; to commence with the opening of navigation. Good enough.

Seeds! Seeds!!

We would call attention to the advertisement of H. D. Emery & Co. in another column. They have long been known to the public as implement manufacturers and dealers in seeds, and have a reputation second to none in the country. Their assortment is large, and no one can fail to be suited if they send to them for either seeds or tools. Call and see them when in the city and get their catalogue, or send to them by mail for it.

Brownville Ferry.

To those east in the States who propose coming across the country, we say cross at this place. It is without doubt the best crossing on the river. A good, new, and substantial steam ferry boat is in the service at the Brownville crossing. By this route you pass through, in coming to the river at Brownville, the Missouri bottom country, the great cattle producing portion of the northern part of the State. Here you can complete your purchases of cattle; cross over to Brownville, complete your outfit, and pass on to the mines over the shortest, best, and most practicable route.

U. S. Senators Elect.

The following gentlemen have been elected to the United States Senate for the term of six years, from the 4th of March next:

Stephen A Douglas, democrat, of Illinois, re-elected.

Henry B Anthony, republican, of Rhode Island, vice Allen, dem.

A O P Nicholson, dem,, of Tennessee, vice Bell, know-nothing.

Albert G Brown, dem., of Mississippi, re-elected.

Clement C Clay, jr., dem., of Alabama, re-elected.

Willard Saultbury, dem., of Delaware, vice Bates, dem.

Jas Chestnut, dem., of South Carolina, vice Evans, dem.

Wm P Fessenden, rep., of Maine, re-elected.

John P Hale, rep., of New Hampshire re-elected.

R M T Hunter, dem., of Virginia, re-elected.

J W Grimes, rep., of Iowa, vice Jones dem.

Governor Gragg, dem., of North Carolina, vice Reid, dem.

Wm K Sebastian, dem., of Arkansas, re-elected.

Kinsley S Bingham, rep., of Michigan, vice Stuart, dem.

L W Powell, dem., of Kentucky, vice Thompson, K. N.

Robert Toombs, dem., of Georgia, re-elected.

Henry Wilson, rep., of Massachusetts, re-elected.

J W Hemphill, dem., of Texas, vice Houston, K. N.

J P Benjamin, dem., of Louisiana, re-elected.

Senators are yet to be chosen in place of Mr. Wright, democrat, of New Jersey, and General Shields, democrat, of Minnesota.

The Pressure in the West.

The people of the Western States and Territories are now in a very deplorable financial condition, The fictitious prosperity which seemed everywhere to prevail in the newer settlements of the West previous to the financial revolution of the summer of 1857, which was stimulated to the highest point by the wonderful avidity with which every man almost, in the older States, who had or could borrow money, invested it in western land speculations, has disappeared by the bursting of the bubble. The penalty is a continued embarrassment and stringency in money matters in the older States, and very severe embarrassment in the new States and on the frontier. The travelling correspondent of the Madison (Wisconsin) *Journal* writes thus:

To travel round among the farmers, as we have done for the last four weeks, and hear 'hard times' repeated forty times a day, an excuse for not taking a paper, or paying up old scores; to see men, women and children in threadbare and tattered garments; papers pasted, boards nailed on, old hats or clothes stuffed into windows where glass should be; to find country stores closed, or doing very little; men working for their board or a mere trifle; promises to pay, whether verbal or written, of no account; men even denying their old notes; to see the closest economy practised by all—those whose large houses and barns indicate considerable means, as well as those living in cabins, to hear the dolorous complaints of taxes—one realizes the severity with which the financial pressure is felt.

Mr. Douglas attended the Administration caucus on Friday, much to the surprise and disgust of other Anti-Lecompton members of Congress.—*Washington Cor. N. Y. Tribune.*

By "Anti-Lecompton members" is meant "Republican" of course. These gentlemen are peculiarly modest in their expectations regarding the Senator. Mr. Douglas has just been elected to the United States Senate from Illinois, by the vote of every Democrat in the Legislature, and against the vote of every Republican in that body. How strange it is he should meet his fellow Democrats in caucus! We don't think Mr. Douglas will care a great deal about the "Republican disgust," for he is pretty well used to it.—*Cin. Enquirer.*

Honors to Paul Morphy.

It could hardly be expected that this country, never backward to recognize the genius of her children, at least after it has commanded recognition abroad, should overlook the conquest of the world of chess by a young American Alexander. It is true that as the Macedonian hero stopped short of India in his great career, so the young Morphy, after laying Europe at his feet, is still vaguely defied by an alleged Ram Chudder something, who is published to mankind as the most wonderful living votary of the goddess Caissa. But this new Poras must come to Paris if he wishes to be admitted in the hierarchy of the royal game; and, meanwhile, Paul Morphy is virtual Pope.

The New York Chess Club have determined so to hail him, and at their meeting on Monday night set on foot a subscription for purchasing and presenting to Paul I. a splendid set of chessmen in silver and gold, now to be seen at Messrs. Tiffany's, in Broadway, and originally manufactured for display at the Crystal Palace exhibition. The price at present asked for this magnificent little army is $1,000, and the club intend to mount it upon a true "Field of the Cloth of Gold" by providing a board of equal elegance. They will also strike a medal in gold, and they have accepted the offer of the American Company to prepare an elaborate watch of the highest character for the young general, who "takes no note of time" but by the loss of his opponent's games.

The movement is thoroughly legitimate, and does honor to all concerned in it. —*N. Y. Times.*

Deeds from Pre-emptors.

The Supreme Court of Minnesota has decided that a deed made by a pre-emptor at any time before the entry and receipt or his duplicate certificate from the District Land Office, is a valid deed, and conveys the fee simple to the purchaser.—The case before the court was this:

Anson Northrup in 1855 pre-empted 40 acres and a fraction in Minneapolis, embracing the St. Anthony Falls water power on the west side of the river, now of immense value. He sold and conveyed this property by a warrantee deed to Isaac Atwater, who re-conveyed the property again to Hon. Robert Smith, of Illinois, and others, composing the Minneapolis Water Power Company. After the issuance of the patent, Northrup again made a deed of conveyance to George A. Camp, who accordingly entered into possession of certain lots in Minneapolis laid out on a portion of the property pre-empted. Smith brought a suit in the District Court to eject him, and gained the cause in that Court. The case was appealed to the Supreme Court with the result above stated. It was contended by the defence that the conveyance by Northrup to Atwater was void by the act of Congress 1841, which declares that any assignment or transfer of pre-empted land before the actual issuance of the patent shall be absolutely void. The Courts held otherwise, and the Minneapolis Water Company was put into full possession of its valuable property.

Hard Times at the West.

Mr. S. S. Keyes, of Jefferson County, Wis., has written to the Hon. Charles Billinghurst, a Republican member of Congress from that State, requesting Mr. B. to procure for him an office—any office in fact—under the Buchanan Administration. At the same time Mr. Keyes avows himself a Republican, and says he is compelled to resort to this course to support his family. The family of Mr. Keyes have our profoundest sympathy. Their prospects of support must be small indeed.

It is difficult to believe that in the present state of politics, an opponent of the Administration should expect an office at its hands. The time for such events has gone by. And yet this Mr. Keyes would seem to be in earnest. But whatever may be thought of his verdancy, there can be no doubt that his application is the most convincing evidence yet presented of hard times in the Western States. When Republicans are driven to beg office of Buchanan to sustain their families, things must have touched bottom.—*N. Y. Times.*

Why Douglas went to Havana.

The Free Trader, a paper away off in Natchez, Miss., has discovered the cause of Senator Douglas' recent visit to the island of Cuba. It says:

His visit to Cuba was solely to establish an *entente cordiale* with the Havanese, that they might come into the Union after 1860, as they must, if the annexation is not sooner accomplished in a quiet or friendly way, or, from personal observation, become acquainted with their strength and condition, their means of defence, and the extent of their bellicosity, in order that when the power becomes his, he may, by bold, prompt, and efficient measures, accomplish by a *coup de main* what the idle diplomacy of the present and past puts at a greater distance from us, and renders us almost, if not quite, contemptible, as a nation, in the eyes of the world.

Douglas on the Death of Harris.

The *Journal* censures the speech of Senator Douglas, on the death of Col. Harris, as wanting in feeling and rhetorical fervor. The New York *Times* speaks of it thus:

SENSE IN THE SENATE.—Two gleams of practical good sense have lighted up the dreary skies of Washington during the present week. In announcing the decease of Mr. Harris, a distinguished Representative from Illinois, Senator Douglas deliberately disappointed a crowd of two thousand people who had gathered in the galleries to show their sympathy to the dead by their applause to the living. He declined to use the grave as a platform for the display of his eloquence, and said what he had to say briefly and decorously. For this let him receive the silent gratitude of all respectable people.

The Territorial Fair.

In giving notice for receiving proposals for a point at which to hold the Territorial Fair in September next a typographical error was made in saying "15th February" instead of "15th of March," as was intended. The object of even so early a date was that the premium list might be gotten out immediately, in order to afford an opportunity to competitors to prepare for crops. As some dissatisfaction has been manifested as to the time given, it is thought best to extend it. I will therefore receive proposals up to April 15th, 1859.

Territorials papers will please notice this change and urge upon their localities action.

R W FURNAS,
Pres't Terr'l Board of Agriculture.

Religious.

There will be a meeting held in the school-house of this city, for the recognition of the Baptist Church, commencing this evening at 6 1|2 o'clock; and to continue over Lord's day. A number of preachers are expected. Preaching this evening by Elder J. G. Bowen, of Nebraska City. Preaching Friday, Saturday and Lord's day at 10 1|2 o'clock A. M., and also every evening at 6 1|2 o'clock. A general attendance is solicited.

Chess Problem No. 3.

There was a typographical error in the Problem of last week. White King should have been at King's 3d instead of Q's 3d.

SOLUTION, BY W. E. P.

White—1st, Queen to Q 7. Black advances Pawn.
2d, Knight checks—mate.

Medical Faculty of Brownville College.

At the annual meeting of the Directors of the Medical Department of the Brownville College, at Brownville, Nemaha county, Nebraska Territory, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

LUTHER HOADLEY, President.
A. S. HOLLADAY, Treasurer.
U. C. JOHNSON, Secretary.

The following persons were appointed to fill the different Chairs in the Faculty.

JONAS CRANE, M D
Professor of Surgery.
A S HOLLADAY, M D
Professor of Theory and Practice.
JOHN McPHERSON, M D
Professor of Materia Medica.
WM ARNOLD, M D
Professor of Anatomy, and Dean.
U C JOHNSON,
Professor of Medical Jurisprudence.
E D ALLEN,
Professor of Chemistry.

The regular course of lectures for the session of 1859 will commence on Monday evening, 14th of February next, in the Presbyterian Church.

Feb. 10, '59. WM ARNOLD, Dean.

Nemaha County Agricultural Society.

Agreeably to a call, a number of those interested in the agricultural and mechanical advancement of this county met at the office of Judge Whitney in Brownville on Monday February 7th, and was organized by calling Judge JESSE COLE to the chair and electing R. W. FURNAS, Secretary.

The object of the meeting being stated, it was

Resolved, That the Nemaha County Agricultural Society re-organize under the late general law of the Territory.

An election of officers was then gone into, with the following result:

D C SANDERS, President.
J W COLEMAN, Vice-Pres't.
R W FURNAS, Secretary.
J COLE, Treasurer.

Board of Managers:—G H NIXON, ALEX. SKEEN, W S HORN, D PLASTERS, and HENRY BEANE.

On motion, adjourned to meet at Judge Whitney's office on Saturday Feb. 19, at 9 o'clock, for the purpose of fixing the time for holding the next fair and adopting a premium list, at which time it is particularly desired there be a full meeting of the above officers. R W FURNAS, Sec'y.

Masonic Lodge Meeting

Nemaha Valley Lodge No. 4, meets at Masonic Hall over M'Allister & Pohn's Store on the first and third Saturday evenings of each month. R. W. FURNAS, W. M.
T. W. BEDFORD, Sec'y.

ODD FELLOWS LODGE MEETING.

Brownville Lodge, No. 5, meets every Thursday evening, at the Hall over M'Allister & Pohn's store. GEO. LIKENS, N. G.
THEO HILL, Sec'y.

NEW STORE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having formed a co-partnership, under the name of

D. J. MARTIN & CO.,

For the purpose of doing a general

Wholesale & Retail Business in Brownville,

And having purchased the commodious store-rooms recently occupied by I. T. Whyte, will, by the 20th of March, open the

Most Extensive Stock of

GOODS

Ever brought to this City, consisting of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY-GOODS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,
IRON, NAILS,
Queensware, Glassware,
Boots and Shoes,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOKS AND STATIONERY,
FURNITURE,
SADDLERY,
PLOWS,
GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

Of every description needed by the emigrant or citizen, which will be offered for sale as low as by any other House West of St. Louis.

Merchants and buyers from RICHARDSON, PAWNEE, GAGE, JOHNSON, and other counties West of this City, as well as traders to the

Nebraska Gold Mines,

Will find our stock large, varied and complete.

D. J. MARTIN,
HEATH NUCKOLS.
S. F. NUCKOLLS.

Brownville Feb. 15th, 1859. n34tAp.1st.

NO LIE!

To all Whom it May Concern.

In as few words as possible, I wish *friend* and *foe* to understand that I am doing

CASH BUSINESS.

And hope henceforward no one will dare to remove an article from my counter, unless the

CASH IS PAID DOWN.

From this rule I will not deviate for any one, or under any circumstances Money must come with all orders and all psescriptions, or they will be sent away *unfilled*. I am thus plain, that all, "high and low, rich and poor," may know that anything for sale at the

City Drug Store,

Must command Cash, or no trade A. S. HOLLADAY.

Brownville, Febuary 17, 1859.

SEEDS! SEEDS!!

FIELD, GAREEN AND FLOWER SEEDS.

We are now fully supplied with one of the largest and most complete stock of Garden, Flower and Field Seeds ever offered to the Western people. Our stock has been made up with much care from the best seed gardens of America and Europe. A large share are home grown seeds, being grown under our own inspection, and which we can recommend as true to name and of the best quality.

Among our assortment of seeds may be found over
150 varieties of Flower seeds;
300 do Garden seeds;
Hungarian Grass Seed;
Chinese Sugar Cane and Imphee seed, &c., &c.

From a long acquaintance with Trade, we feel confident no one can offer better inducements to those desiring seeds.

Those who design to emigrate to Cherry Creek and Pikes Peak would do well to take with them a box of fresh Garden seeds.

We also keep constantly on hand a full assortment of IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINES,

Suited to the Field, Garden, Orchard and Household.

We are fully prepared to supply the trade on the most liberal terms.

Full Catalogues furnished gratis on application; if by mail inclose a stamp. Address

H. D. EMERY & Company,
204 Lake street, Chicago, Illinois.

February 17, 1859. 3m

Office to Rent!

The room on Main Street, formerly occupied by Brown & Hallam as a Banking House, is for rent. Apply to CRANE & HILL.

Brownville, Feb. 20.-tf.

CORN WANTED.

We wish to buy 50,000 bushels of CORN delivered in this City or at Peru, for which we will pay the highest market price in cash.

D. J. MARTIN & Co.

Brownville, Feb. 15th, '59. 3mAp.1st

Probate Notice.

Whereas it has been made to appear to my satisfaction, that there are claims existing against the estate of Joseph Deroth, late of Nemaha County, Nebraska Territory, deceased; notice is hereby given, that I have appointed Monday, the fifteenth day of August, A D 1859, as a day for the hearing of said claims, and all persons having claims against the said estate are hereby notified to file the same at my office on or before that day, or they will be forever barred from recovering such claims, and from setting off the same in any action whatever.

Given under my hand on this 14th day of February, A D 1859. B. J. WHITNEY Probate Judge.

Ordered that the above notice be published for successive weeks in the Nebraska Advertiser.

Brownville, Feb. 17, 1859.

Probate Notice.

Whereas; it has been made to appear to my satisfaction, that there are claims existing against the estate of Charles M. Grover, late of Nemaha County, Nebraska Territory, deceased; notice is hereby given, that I have appointed Monday, the 15th day of August, A D 1859, as the day for the hearing of said claims, and all persons having claims against the said estate are hereby notified to file the same at my office on or before that day, or they will be forever barred from recovering such claims, and from setting off the same in any action whatever.

Given under my hand, this 14th day of February, A D 1859. B. J. WHITNEY, Probate Judge.

Ordered that the above notice be published for successive weeks in the Nebraska Advertiser.

B. J. WHITNEY, Probate Judge.

Brownville, Feb. 17, 1859.

NOTICE.

Christian Deuser vs. Nemaha County, Nebraska Territory. } Justice Court in and for Nemaha County, Nebraska Territory.

Whereas; the above named plaintiff, Christian Deuser has on the 28th Jan, A. D. 1859 filed his transcript at the office of J. D. N. Thompson, Justice of the Peace in and for Nemaha County, claiming of the defendant, San Francisco Town Company, the sum of forty-three dollars and forty-five cents, and interest on the same at the rate of ten per cent per annum, from the 20th day of September, 1857, as money due on an account, and the summons issued thereon has been returned "not found;" notice is hereby given to the said Company and all concerned, that unless they appear at the office of the said J. D. N. Thompson in Brownville, in the county aforesaid and answer to said petition, on or before Saturday the 19th day of March, A D 1859, judgment will be rendered against them by default for the amount of said claim and costs.

M'GARY & HEWETT, Atty's for Pltff.

Ordered that the above notice be published for successive weeks in the Nebraska Advertiser.

J. D. N. THOMPSON, J. P. of Nemaha County.

Brownville, Feb. 17, 1859.

Claim Notice.

To Ira Packard, and all others whom it may concern:

You are hereby notified that I will appear at the Land Office in Brownville, on the 4th day of March, 1859, to prove up my right to the south half of the S. W. quarter and the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section no. 6 Township no. 6, north of range no. 16 east. JOHN S. TOWNSEND

Feb. 17, 1859.

Ohio Statesman,

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY & WEEKLY

MANYPENNY & MILLER,

Publishers and Proprietors.

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Tri-Weekly " - - - 5
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J. W. GRAY.

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Clubs of Twenty and upward, $1,00 per copy, and a copy gratis to the getter up of the club.

☞ Invariably in advance.

Fair and Supper

February 22, 1859,

For the benefit of the

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH OF BROWNVILLE.

The ladies of Brownville will hold a Fair and Supper in Dr. McPherson's new building, Main Street, on the evening of February 22, 1859, for the benefit of the Congregational Church in this city.

There will be a variety of useful articles for sale, and the supper will be served in a style, it is hoped, that will prove satisfactory.

Tickets admitting a gentleman, or gentleman and lady to supper, $1. Admission to Fair Hall 25 cents. Entire proceeds to be appropriated to assist in finishing and completing a Congregational Church in Brownville. MARTHA J. FAVORITE, Sec.

TREES FOR SHELTER ON THE PRAIRIES.

We solicit the attention of Orchardists, Nurserymen and farmers in the prairie regions of the West to our immense stock of

NORWAY SPRUCE.

The most hardy, rapid growing and beautiful evergreen tree, and the best adapted for forming fences and screens, for the protection of gardens, orchards and dwellings, in all exposed situations.

Our stock embraces all sizes, from one to six feet in height, frequently transplanted, and those of safe removal. Priced lists for next spring furnished on application and the following catalogues sent gratis to all who apply and enclose one stamp each.

No. 1. Descriptive catalogue of fruits.
No. 2. Descriptive catalogue of ornamental trees.
No. 3. Descriptive catalogue of greenhouse and bedding out plants.
No. 4. Wholesale or trade list.

ELLWANGER & BARRY,
Mount Hope Nurseries,
Rochester, N. Y.

Feb. 10, '59 1y

Legal Notice.

Elizabeth H. Field vs George W. Fields } Johnson County District Court of the Second Judicial District, Nebraska Territory.

To April Term A. D. 1859—In equity.

To George W. Fields the above named defendant:

Whereas on the day of January A. D. 1859, there was issued from the District Court of and for Johnson county, Nebraska Territory, a writ of subpoena out of the Chancery side of the said Court, directed to you commanding you to appear on or before the first day of the next April term of the said Court, to be begun and held in the county of Johnson, on the fourth day of April, A. D. 1859, and answer the petition and complaint of the above named Elizabeth H. Fields for divorce and alimony. And whereas the said subpoena has been returned as to you the said George W. Fields "not found." Now, therefore, this is to notify you of the issuing of the said writ of subpoena, and of the petition and complaint of the said Elizabeth H. Fields, and that unless you appear and answer the said petition and complaint of the said Elizabeth H. Fields at the time required in the said subpoena, that the said Elizabeth H. Fields will proceed to ask the facts set forth in the said petition and claim a decree from the said Court for divorce and alimony as prayed for in said petition and complaint.

U. C. JOHNSON,
Attorney and Solicitor for Complainant.

Ordered that the foregoing notice be published in the Nebraska Advertiser for four successive weeks as the law provides.

A. W. PENTLAND, Clerk.
By WM. P. WALKER, deputy.

February 10, '59 n33

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