THE ADVERTISER.

R. W. FURNAS, EDITOR.

THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 23, 1857.

S. H. PARVIN, General Advertising Agent, in rear of New York, Ladies's and Children's Shoe Store, 80 West Fourth Street, Cincinnati.

VISSCHER, OWEN & Co., No. 246 and 248, Broadway, New York.

ANDREW WIND, American, Canadian and European Advertising and Subscription Office, No. 123, Nassau-st., New York.

W. S. SWYSINER, No. 43 Chestnut street, St. Louis.

R. F. McLUNG, Troy, Ohio.

DR. H. H. DARST, Tippecanoe, Ohio.

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A. D. KIRK, Archer, Nebraska.

H. W. PETER, Oregon, Mo.

DILLON & HAWK, Rock Port, Mo.

RIDER & WHITE, Nebraska City, N. T.

DR. M. W. TATE, Linden, Mo.

T. J. BARNUM, Three Grove, N. T.

Are authorized Agents to solicit Subscriptions and Advertisements for the Advertiser, and receive and receipt for monies therefor.

Persons resident in this Territory, coming from various portions of the States, often suggest to us the names of persons in their old neighborhoods, who would doubtless become subscribers if they could see a copy of the "Advertiser." We always send a specimen copy, and persons receiving, will consider it a solicitation to become a regular subscriber.

Postmasters and others, feeling sufficient interest to make up a club, can retain the usual per cent for their trouble.

☞ Territorial Warrants and Nemaha County Orders—drawing interest—will be taken at par in payment for subscriptions to this Office. ☜

☞ Unless notified at the close of the Volume to discontinue the "Advertiser," we shall take it for granted that subscribers wish their paper continued, and shall accordingly continue to send as heretofore. ☜

☞ The "Nebraska Advertiser" having much the largest circulation of any paper in the Territory, Wholesale Merchants in St. Louis, St. Joseph, Cincinnati and other Eastern markets where Nebraska merchants purchase, will find no better advertising medium in the Western Country. ☜

FOR DELEGATE TO CONGRESS,

COL. B. P. RANKIN,

Of Sarpy County.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

In New York, the fourth of July was spend in rioting and bloodshed by the "rounders." Very early on that morning a crowd of this stripe assailed the Atlantic Guards, who, not anticipating the attack, were compelled to retreat after a desperate fight in which clubs, brick bats, stones and fire-arms were freely used. This was but the beginning of the disturbances, which for two days, at different intervals, and in different parts of the city have taken place. The Metropolitan police being required to interfere with the "private fights" of boys of different streets, the combatants generally united their forces against the policemen, for whom they do not entertain amicable feelings. Barricades were erected by both sides in several streets and the affair grew serious enough to induce Commissioner Draper to call out three regiments. However, the police alone on the evening of the fifth succeeded in quelling the riots. Ten persons were reported dead, and the number of those dangerously wounded as exceeding one hundred.

The act relative to the establishment in New York of a Metropolitan police has been declared constitutional by the court of appeals.

Wm. L. Marcy, late Secretary of State, died at Albany on the fourth of July.

The preparations for the Utah expedition are going on with great zeal at Fort Leavenworth. It is understood that the troops will be sent out in three division, so that they be sure of an abundance of grass for the horses and cattle. Gen. Harney will have the command of the whole force.

Gen. Wool, whose health inspired his friends with serious alarm, is now considered entirely out of danger.

The St. Lawrence river, about twelve miles above Quebec, was made the scene of a terrible calamity on the night of the 2d inst. The steamer Montreal having on board between four and five hundred passengers, was burnt, and between three and four hundred persons are reported as having perished by fire and water.

Hon. N. P. Banks has accepted the nomination of Governor tendered him by the Republican Convention of Massachusetts.

The Democratic State Convention of Georgia, have passed resolutions condemning the course pursued in Kansas by Gov. Walker, and expressing the belief that he ought to be removed. The Washington *Union* discusses at length the question, and very clearly indicates that the points of the inaugural address censured by the Georgia Convention are held by Mr. Buchanan as the true doctrine, and that the policy of Gov. Walker is the policy of the President. In relation to those resolutions, the New York *Herald* says:

What does this signify?—the begining of war by the Southern ultras against the administration? Yes; it means open war. The secession faction of Georgia and of the whole South, chagrined at the appointment of such conservative anti-secessionists as Cass, Cobb and others, are bent on revenge. But what of it? The Washington *Union*, the Richmond *Enquirer* and *Examiner*, and all other sagacious and sensible democratic organs of the country, approve the Kansas policy of Mr. Buchanan. The next Congress will approve it; but upon Kansas there will be the same old secession split in the South that followed the admission of the whole of California as a free State upon the doctrine of popular sovereignty. We shall have the same split, and it will wind up again with the defeat, but with the more signal defeat of these secession disorganizers than before. Let us wait and see. They are working their game boldly in Georgia; but it is the end that crowns all.

We see in a correspondence from Washington, that the imbroglio with New Grenada is in a fair way of being speedily and satisfactorily arranged, our government receiving all the satisfaction demanded. There is no doubt that Gen. Harran has been or will be authorized to settle it in a satisfactory manner, and that too, at an early day. It seems also that the feelings of Costa Rica have recently undergone a change and become much more friendly to the United States.

The Spanish fleet has arrived at Havana. Never since the time of good Queen Bess and the "Invincible armada," says the *Herald*, has a Spanish fleet been so widely commented upon as this one, which is said to be intended to co-operate against Mexico. The dispute between Spain and her daughter is the only war question before the world, and therefore all the world is looking at it. It is evident that should the two actually come to blows, the filibusters will take a hand in behalf of Mexico and against Spain, and the result may possibly involve our government in an active interference that will speedily settle the whole question. The Spanish fleet that has lately arrived at Havana is a small affair. Two steamers and five sailing vessels, conveying some two thousand troops in its aggregate. This is evidently too small a force to attack Mexico with, and it is even questionable whether Spain will proceed so far even as a blockade of the Mexican ports, in view of the ulterior movements that may grow out of it. There is strong reason to suppose that the war question is being ridden by the politicians for other reasons that are conveyed in the high sounding phrases with which it is discussed. Narvaez, Comonfort, Santa Anna, Concha, those four generals have all good reasons to keep up the war cry. It is not probable, however, that any of the politicians, except Santa Anna, are sincere in this war agitation. Spain has really made no adequate preparations for a war with Mexico, while the latter country has no real elements with which to oppose a strong invasion by Spanish troops siding with Santa Anna and the church party in that Republic. The only gainer in the event of a rupture would be Santa Anna, and he has never been remarkable for keeping his engagements with those who have helped in returning him to power.

Our European intelligence states that the Russians, in a late encounter with the Circassians, came off beaten with a loss of over one thousand men. It will be seen by this that the extensive preparations, which we noticed some time ago, as being made by Russia, for a decisive campaign against Circasia, have not thus far turned out as well for Russia as might have been expected.

It is said that Cavaignac, Goudchaux and two or three other candidates of the opposition have been elected in Paris. In our next review we will write more at length of these elections.

LAND SALES.

Our readers are well aware, that we have on all occasions heretofore, publicly and privately, taken a very decided position against the government lands in this Territory being exposed to public sale, for at least years yet to come; in fact, had we our own way about the matter, not a foot of land should *ever* be exposed to sale.

We have been aware that there have been and are yet certain influences being brought to bear, in order if possible to hasten the land sales. In fact recent reports are, that the sales will probably take place late this season.—We have however, no confidence in these flying rumors. We happen to know that President BUCHANAN and Commissioner HENDRICKS, are both opposed—or at least convinced of the great impropriety of making such disposal of the public lands in Nebraska; hence, we have no fears whatever of the land sales taking place during the present administration.

We don't know so much what are the feelings of the people North of us in regard to this question, but we do know what the universal feeling and strong desire of the citizens of the Nemaha Land District is, and we know too, what is for the best *interests* of the entire Territory, relative thereto. We know that there are the fewest imaginable number of persons in this Land District—in fact we have never come across one, and we have been very particular and general in our enquiries but what are perfectly satisfied that a lasting injury to the country would be the inevitable result of selling out the lands at public sale—places these thousands of acres, rich fertile untilled lands in the hands of speculators, who would forever keep them so, and thus shut out the honest actual settler, who desires to take possession of and cultivate the land and become citizens of Nebraska. These things need no argument to convince any one having the general interest at heart—they are self-evident.

We hope the administration will continue to adhere to its present position in regard to land matters in Nebraska, regardless of the representations of a certain set of men in certain localities of this Territory, who care not a fig for the interest, welfare and ultimate prosperity of the country.

In order to satisfy doubts if there be any, we have proposed in every county in this District—and the proposition has met with general favor—to circulate petitions for signatures against the land sales, especially in this District. If those in the Districts above want sales, it is their business not ours, and we shall not meddle in their affairs.

We will print a supply of petitions next week, which can be had by calling at this office, and we trust all will feel sufficient interest to see every man in their neighborhoods, that a full expression may be had. After the signatures have been obtained, let the petitions all be returned to some one here, say Mr. NIXON, the register, and together forwarded to the Department in Washington. We predict there are not 10 men in this District in favor of land sales.

THE CONVENTION.

We announced last week that the Bowen, Strickland & Co., Convention had nominated Judge FERGUSON, present Chief Justice of the Territory, as a candidate for Delegate to Congress. We had not the particulars then but was at no loss to *guess* them. But two counties figure in the nomination, Otoe and Sarpy. A few other counties were represented in the convention, but withdrew soon after its organization on the ground that it was purely sectional. This action on the part of the Delegates was in accordance with written instructions from their constituents in the event the Convention assumed a sectional shape; thus showing that the most of those who even condescended to attend this ill-timed and more than ill-advised assemblage, suspected there was a "nigger in the wood pile;" every close observer *knew it*.—After the delegates all withdrew save those from the localities above mentioned, a general "muss" ensued—a dog fight came off, pistols, bowe knives, and such like "representatives of the Territory" showed themselves; Brigadier General Levitt L. Bowen, for whose special benefit the convention was called, was ruled out and Judge FERGUSON nominated. One little circumstance connected with this Convention we must not omit to mention. It was of course unexpected to the individual himself, and much more so to those who are acquainted with all the particulars surrounding the getting up of this meeting, viz: Brigadier General Levitt L. Bowen's man Friday, Major Silas A. Strickland, was President of the Convention, and presided in his usual modest and dignified manner.

As to Judge Ferguson we have but few words to say. He is a good man. Understands his position as Chief Justice much better, and will be of far more real worth to the Territory in that position than he possibly can as Delegate to Congress should he be elected—which by the way, there is no earthly hope for. We are sorry the Judge cannot see that he is only being made the cat's paw, with which to draw hot chestnuts from the fire, by a few designing, narrow-minded schemers, aspiring simpletons, disappointed, whining politicians. We say we are sorry for the Judge—we mean it—we feel it. We have the highest respect for Judge Ferguson, and was he the regular nominee of a Territorial Democratic Convention, gotten up at the right time, in the right place, under proper and healthy circumstances, dictated by proper motives, and governed by men who have the interests of Nebraska at heart, it would afford us great pleasure to give him our hearty support. But under existing circumstances we must be allowed to do what we can in an honorable way of course, to defeat the Judge, and elect Col. Rankin.

Right here allow us to whisper a word in the ears of the numerous supporters of Col. Rankin, one of the principle objects—openly avowed as such—of this Convention is to put a man on the track to divide as much as possible Rankin's strength. It was found Bowen could accomplish nothing in that line, so he was ruled off and an excellent good man selected with not the slightest hope of electing him, and with a certain knowledge too of working a very great injury to him, on the part of those who are operating. These would-be managers have no particular man now they desire to be elected. To use some of their own language, they "don't care who in the h—ll is elected, so that Rankin is defeated." Perfect dogs in the manger. Their motto is "Rule or Ruin." We want Rankin's friends to know these things, hence we write plain. Stand to your arms; don't suffer yourselves to be divided, and consequently your honest efforts to advance the interests of the Territory prostrated and defeated. All go to the polls on the day of the election and cast your votes en masse for B. P. Rankin.

CHAPMAN---HIS SPEECH AND OPERATIONS IN BROWNVILLE.

We determined, on the opening of the campaign for Delegate to Congress, to pass quietly and smoothly along, *support* the man of our choice, and say or do nothing *against* any other candidate in the field. Matters have assumed such a shape however, that justice to Col. Rankin as well as to ourself in the position we have taken for him forbids us continuing in the course originally marked out.

Agreeable to notice, Mr. Chapman addressed a meeting of the citizens of this county in this city to-day.

The manner in which the meeting was gotten up and conducted was peculiar to the man—cute and intriguing, and well calculated to deceive. For instance he gets up and makes one of his peculiarly smooth and oily speeches—makes no charges against any one—claims that he has labored for and accomplished much for South Platte, and more especially for Brownville—produces no proof—lays himself open to no charges—and retires. He is then followed by a gentleman who he has brought with him and announced in his hand bills as one of the "other speakers on the occasion." This man, known to entertain personal feelings of the most bitter type, and in addition, laboring under the excitement of misrepresentations in regard to Col. RANKIN—armed with bowie knife and pistol—makes one of the most violent and inflamatory personal attacks upon Rankin we ever heard made by any man—intended and calculated to distract the ranks of Rankin, with the hope that while thus distracted they would seek a shelter under the banner of Chapman who had just made such a nice and prettily arrainged and tempting platform. While Mr. Mason was speaking Chapman was circulating through the crowd telling that he "didn't know that Mason was going to talk that way." Can any one possibly be so blind as not to see the whole design—the trap; and most of all will any one be so blind as to be caught in this cunningly adjusted dead-fall.

Our paper has been delayed beyond its usual appearance, on account of a press in the mechanical department of our office and we have not time to write further at present. Next week, however, we will give a detailed review of Mr. Chapman's speech, and of his course while Delegate in Congress, in which we shall be able, we trust, to convince any reflecting, examing mind that the South Platte and Nemaha county in particular should be under no "obligations" to support Mr. Chapman, and that at least, of the candidates in the field, Col. Rankin should be the man upon whom our suffrages should be bestowed.

MORE DIFFICULTIES IN KANSAS.

We learn from a passenger on board the Steamer Wattossa, and who obtained his information at Leavenworth City, that quite a serious collison took place at Lawrence, Kansas last week, between the Free State and Pro-Slavery parties, at their municipal election. Reports say some six or eight men were killed. We suspect the account to be greatly exagerated—hope so any how.

Since the above was in type we have received by the hands of Mr. CARSON, a copy of the Leavenworth *Journal*, of the 18th, containing an account of the difficulty, and the Governors Proclamation relative thereto. The particulars as given by the Journal and also as set forth in the Proclamation, appears to be an attempt on the part of the Lawrenceites to set up a municipal Goverment of their own, regardless of any higher power. It appears that the first Legislature of the Territory was petitioned for a charter for Lawrence. One was granted exceedingly liberal in its provisions, yet such was the prejudice against the Legislature that it was peremptorily refused. The city then petitioned the Topeka Legislature for a charter, but those who composed that body determined not to grant the petition, and notwithstanding the laborious efforts of the delegates from Lawrence, the petition was refused.

This act awakened the displeasure of the Lawrenceites, who determined to "go it alone" and establish an independent government for themselves. They met in mass meeting and appointed a committee to draft a charter and plan for the government of the city. The assessing and collecting of enormous taxes, the employment of a Mayor, Aldermen, &c. They went so far as to share in their offices, upon whom they conferred excessive powers. Gov. Walker having tried by every means to settle peaceably the difficulties, has been compelled to send to Lawrence a regiment of United States troops to prevent further difficulties. In his proclamation, he "pleads like a father" for the abandonment of such positions and proceedings, and at the same time firmly tells them that peace must be restored.

What will be the final result, we know not, but believe and hope, that upon mature reflection, order will be restored—a quiet submission ensue, and wrongs where they exist redressed through the peaceful instrumentality of the Ballot Box.

Col. Rankins Prospects.

From every portion of the Territory we have the most cheering reports of COL. RANKINS prospects of success.—Since our last issue, we have visited in person every point in Richardson and Pawnee counties; have seen and conversed with nearly or quite all the prominent men, and are happy to announce that with very few exceptions, all are for Rankin. At the least calculation, Col. Rankin will receive three fourths of the entire vote of Nemaha, Richardson and Pawnee counties.

One word to Col. Rankin's friends. Look out for "Scullduggery." We have suspected for some time past, that there would be a grand "trumping up" just a few days before the election—that all kinds of tricks and schemes, would be resorted to by a northern clique of dissatisfied, whining jealous, unpopular, worn out politicians, in order to divide Rankin's strength. Let his friends be on the alert and not suffer themselves to be imposed upon by such designing men.

PROSPECT OF CROPS.

While making a short trip the past week through portions of this, together with almost every portion of Richardson and Pawnee counties, we observed closely and enquired particularly in regard to the crops. In the valleys—bottoms of the two Nemahas, together with their numerous tributaries, where the great portion of settlements are made, we were perfectly surprised to see the great amount of land already under cultivation, with the most flattering prospects of an abundant crop. It is true the scarcity of rain has to a considerable extent, shortened the growth, and the consequent prospect of the Farmer. The up-land prairie has particularly suffered—corn is short and stands thin on the ground, and yet it has thus far, a good healthy color. In the bottoms corn stands well, has a strong, vigorous and healthy growth and will yield an abundant crop. Wheat and oats in straw is very short, yet stands thick on the ground and the grain plump, heavy and nice. All in all, Southern Nebraska, so far as our observation and information extends—and we have taken pains in both—will have a good fair average crop of all kinds.

We were so perfectly delighted with the number of fine farms in the counties of Richardson and Pawnee that we felt when looking over them—and do yet—like writing a long article, giving descriptions and particulars in detail, but have not time to do the "subject justice" now; but promise to refer to it again shortly, when we have more leisure. Two farmers however, we will make mention of; Mr. ABRAMS in Richardson, and Judge BOBST in Pawnee. From the high prairie one can look down in the valley and feast the eye upon the magnificent appearance of their *hundreds* of *acres* of corn, wheat and oats—vast farms under good fence and high state of cultivation, stretching out as far almost as the eye can reach. How we wished for some of our young Ohio farmers, to look with us upon this sight. We know they could not help exclaiming as we thought; that Nebraska is bound to be, agriculturally one of the grandest countries in the world. Here, these men with hundreds of others in Nebraska, have only been at work two years, and to-day have under as high state of cultivation as the earliest farmers in Ohio, their entire *one hundred and sixty acres* of land. Just one moments comparrison is all that is necessary. In Ohio, Pennsylvania, Indiana, or any other timbered country, an entire generation cannot get under cultivation as much land as can be placed in the finest farming condition here in three years. Look too, at the difference in price. In the old States, wild lands are worth from $10 to $25 per acre, here $1,25, and as to the quality of soil, as the boy said in reference to the unsurpassed quality of the strawberry, God *might* have made a more rich and productive soil, but *he never did.*

Died.

In Brownville, N. T., on Thursday, July 16th, 1857, of Lung Fever, MARY, aged one year and seven months, youngest daughter of John H. and Elen Maun.

Requiescant in pace.

CANDIDATES.

☞ Our charge for announcing a Candidate's name until the day of election is $5, and no name will be inserted unless the cash accompanies the order. ☜

We are authorized to announce the name of General LEVITT L. BOWEN, of Sarpy County, as a candidate for Delegate to Congress from Nebraska Territory. $5, pd

We are authorized to announce the name of W. W. WYMAN, as a candidate for re-election to the office of Territorial Treasurer.
$5-pd.

We are authorized to announce the name of SAMUEL L. CAMPBELL, as a candidate for the office of Territorial Auditor. $5-paid.

MR. EDITOR: Please announce the name of JAMES E. FLAGG, as a candidate for Attorney General, for the Territory of Nebraska. MANY VOTERS.
$5-pd

MR. EDITOR: Please announce the name of J. B. WELLS, as a candidate for Representative from Nemaha county.
$5-paid MANY VOTERS.

MR. EDITOR: You will please announce the name of A. J. BENEDICT, as a Candidate for Representative from the county of Nemaha.
$5-paid MANY VOTERS.

MR. EDITOR: You will please announce the name of Dr. R. PEERY, as a candidate for Representative from the county of Nemaha. [$5-paid] MANY VOTERS.

MR. EDITOR: Please announce the name of Dr. E. M. McGOMAS, as a candidate for Representative from Nemaha County. MANY VOTERS.
$5-pd.

MR. EDITOR: Please announce the name of ISRAEL LOOMIS, as a candidate for Representative from Nemaha and Johnson counties.
$5-paid. MANY VOTERS.

MR. EDITOR: Please announce the name of R. J. WHITNEY, as a candidate for the office of Probate Judge, for the County of Nemaha. MANY VOTERS.
$5-pd.

☞ Through mistake or misunderstanding, Mr. Whitney's name was handed in last week for a different position to that intended by his friends desiring to support him.

MR. EDITOR: You will please announce the name of DAVIDSON PLASTERS, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Nemaha county. MANY VOTERS.
$5-paid.

MR. EDITOR: Please announce the name of I. L. KNIGHT, as a candidate for re-election to the office of County Commissioner. MANY VOTERS.
$5-paid.

MR. EDITOR: Please announce the name of JESSEE COLE, as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner in District No. 2.
$5—paid. MANY VOTERS.

MR. EDITOR: Please announce the name of JOHN L. DOZIER, as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer of Nemaha. [$5-paid.] MANY VOTERS.

MR. EDITOR: You will please announce the name of THEODORE HILL, as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer of Nemaha county.
$5-paid. MANY VOTERS.

MR. EDITOR: You will please announce the name of R. T. RANEY, as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer of Nemaha county.
$5-paid MANY VOTERS.

MR. EDITOR: You will please announce the name of STEPHEN W. KENNEDY: as a candidate for the office of Justice of the Peace in Precinct No. 2 of Nemaha County. MANY VOTERS.
$5-pd.

MR. EDITOR: Please announce the name of GEO. W. HUEN, as a candidate for County Surveyor, and oblige
$5-paid MANY VOTERS.

MR. EDITOR: Please announce the name of B. B. THOMPSON, as a candidate for the office of Register of Deeds for Nemaha county.
$5-paid. MANY VOTERS.

MR. EDITOR: Please announce the name of WM. H. HOOVER, as a candidate for re-election to the office of Register of Deeds of Nemaha county.
$5-paid. MANY VOTERS.

MR. EDITOR: Please announce the name of WM. THURBUR, as a candidate for re-election to the office of Superintendent of Common Schools for the county of Nemaha. [$5-paid.] MANY VOTERS.

To The Public.

I wish it distinctly understood that I am not, nor can I be induced to become a candidate for the office of Sheriff, or any other office at the approaching election. My engagements are such that if re-elected I could not give the office that attention it demands. I take this public manner of returning thanks to the citizens of Nemaha county for past favors and the friendly feeling evinced by my friends at present. J W COLEMAN

July 9th, 1857

To The Public.

Finding myself not elligible for the office of County Surveyor, I hereby withdraw my name; and at the same time return thanks to my friends for the interest manifested in my success.

July 16th, 1857. HUDSON GEORGE.

To the Public.

I withdraw my name as a candidate for the House of Representatives. Circumstances having placed me in a position enabling me to serve the people if elected. Returning my sincere thanks to my numerous friends for the interest manifested in my Election this far. I retire from the canvass feeling confident that others are in the field equally able to represent their interest with much credit. O. F. LAKE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice.

THE Nemaha Valley Bank, having changed hands—'tis desirable; as also the expressed wish of the present Stockholders, that the old issue should be sent home for redemption, as soon as possible.

ALEX. HALLAM, Cash'r.

Brownville, July 22-1857-v2n6-tf.

Nemaha Valley Bank

BILLS will in future be redeemed at the counter in Brownville, Nebraska, in coin or exchange; and at the following places, in currency or exchange, at current rates.

E. J. Tinkham, & Co., Bankers, Chicago.
Jno. J. Anderson, & Co., Bankers, St. Louis, Mo.
Warren County Bank, Monmouth, Illinois.
T. L. Mackoy, & Co., Bankers, Galesburg, Ills.

T. L. MACKOY, Pres't.

Brownville, July 23-'57-v2n6.

THE NEMAHA VALLEY BANK,

Buys and sells exchange, receives deposits, makes collections, and attends to all business connected with legitimate Banking, and will be prepared to extend Reasonable facilities to depositors. Interest allowed on time deposits.

T. L. MACKOY, Pres'i.

July 23-'57-v2n6.

☞ News, Nebraska City, Times, Omaha, Banner Rockport, Mo., and Bugle, Council Bluffs, copy three months and send bill to this office.

Brownville Bakery AND Confectionary.

EVAN WORTHING,

BEGS leave to announce to the public, that he has erected a Bakery and Confectionary establishment in the City of Brownville N. T., and will keep constantly on hand, and is prepared to bake to order Bread, Crackers and Cakes of every manner, style, discription and quality. He has had much experience in baking and consequently feels quite confident he will be able to give satisfaction. A liberal patronage is respectfully solicited.

EVAN WORTHING.

July, 23-'57-v2n6-1m.

New Grocery. AND Confectionary Saloon.

W. A. ALDERMAN,

BROWNVILLE, N. T.

ANNOUNCES to the citizens of Brownville and vicinity, that he has received and now opened a general assortment of well selected groceries of all kinds, together with confectionaries of every variety. Cool soda water, oysters, fresh fruits, &c., always on hand.

A share of patronage is respectfully solicited.

W A ALDERMAN.

Brownville, July 23-'57-v2n6-1y.

BLANKS of every description, for sale at this Office.

An Ordinance---No. 6.

Sec. 1. *Be it Ordained by the Council of the City of Brownville*, That no person or persons shall be allowed to discharge any fire-arms within the limits of said City.

Sec. 2. That each and every person that shall be found racing or rushing horses within the limits of the City, shall on conviction before the Mayor, be fined in a sum not exceeding twenty-five dollars.

Sec. 3. That each and every person that shall use vulgar or indecent language in the streets, alleys or public ways, so as likely to be heard by the citizens or any of them, so as to disturb the peace and quietude of the City, shall on conviction before the Mayor, be fined in a sum not exceeding twenty dollars.

Sec. 4. That all persons found within the City limits in a riotous or tumultuous manner, shall be taken up by the Marshal and kept under guard, until they shall be peaceable, and then brought before the Mayor for trial, and upon conviction, shall be fined in a sum not exceeding twenty-five dollars.

Sec. 5. That every person convicted of violating any section second of this ordinance, shall be fined by the Mayor in any sum not exceeding twenty dollars, and when the offence is committed by a minor, his parents, guardian or master shall be responsible for such minors conduct, and shall be bound for such fine, and the Mayor may at option issue his execution for the amount directed to the Marshal, who shall collect the same as other debts are collected under execution.

Passed and approved, July 20th, A. D., 1857.

A. S. HOLLADAY, Mayor.

Attest, B. B. THOMPSON, Recorder.

v2n6

DANIEL ZOOK,

Oregon, Holt County Missouri,

Dealer in

DRUGS, And MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, Dye-Woods, and Dyestuffs,

Oils, Paints, and Painter's Articles, Varnishes, Window-glass and Putty, Glassware,

French, English, and American Perfumery.

FINE toilet and shaving soaps, fine hair and tooth brushes, paint brushes, surgical and dental instruments, spices, snuffs, manufactured tobacco; all the patent medicines of the day, pure wines and brandies, for medical purposes; fine toilet and fancy articles, etc., etc.

AGENT FOR THE SALE OF

Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.
" Roger's Liverwort, Tar and Canchalagua.
" Osgood's India Cholagogue.
" Jones' American Cholagogue;
" Guysott's Yellow dock and Sarsaparilla:
" Smith's Tonic Syrup.

July 23, 1857. v2n1-tf

Lost.

July 4th, between Brownville and Nemaha City on the bottom road, a small fair leather Pass Book containing papers and memoranda valuable only to myself. The finder will confer a favor by leaving it at the "Advertiser office."

July 16th, '57. B. V. MUIR.

Laborers Wanted.

TEN or fifteen day laborers can find employment the entire Season, by applying to the subscriber.

J. W. COLEMAN.

Brownville, July 16th, 1857. v2n5-tf

Claim Notice.

TO Lucien Stowell, H. O. Borren, and all others interested, you will please take notice that I will appear before the Register and Receiver at the Land Office in Brownville, the 23d day of July, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to prove up my right to pre-empt the North-west quarter of Section eight (8) Township six (6) Range fifteen (15). SAMUEL B. PARSONS.

Mount Vernon, july 13, '57. v2n5-3p

An Ordinance.---No 4.

Be it Ordained by the Council of the City of Brownville, That the owners of lots fronting on the Levee between Main and Atlantic streets be allowed to grade the levee and alley adjacent to a grade which may be established by the Council, and that they be allowed eighteen cents for every square yard of animal earth so removed and graded, and upon the completion of such work it shall be the duty of the Recorder to issue a warrant on the City Treasurer for said amount.

Approved, July 10th, 1857.

A. S. HOLLADAY, Mayor.

Attest: B. B. THOMPSON, Recorder.

AN ORDINANCE.---NO. 5.

Be it Ordained by the Council of the City of Brownville, That I. T. Whyte be authorized to procure the services of an engineer to establish a grade on the Levee, and to have a portion of said Levee laid out in lots not to exceed 22 feet in width, and that the Mayor cause every other lot so laid out to be sold at public sale, first giving thirty days notice in the Nemaha "Advertiser," St. Joseph "Gazette," and Omaha "Times," and the remainder to be sold by the Mayor at public or private sale as he may deem best.

Ordained that Captain Wm. Thurbur be appointed Street Commissioner.

Approved, July 10, 1857. v2n6

A. S. HOLLADAY, Mayor.

Attest: B. B. THOMPSON, Recorder.

Claim Notice.

LEWIS STOWELL, and all others interested. You will please take notice that I will appear before the Register and Receiver at the Land Office in Brownville on the 23d day of July, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to prove up my right to pre-empt the North-east quarter of Section eight (8) Township six (6) Range fifteen (15). C. A. JANES.

Mount Vernon, July 13th, 1857. v2n5-3

Just Received

by

M'PHERSON, MORRISON & HUTCHINS,

A large assortment of the Economy Cooking Stove which is an improvement on the Charter Oak; and the stove which took the premium at the Ohio State Fair. We warrant it to give entire satisfaction or no sale.

Also, an additional Stock of Tools, Hardware and Cutlery, Boots, Shoes &c.

Brownville, July 16, 1857. v2n5-tf

New Arrival OF STOVES and Tin Ware.

CHRISTIAN DEUSER.

BROWNVILLE.

ANNOUNCES to the public that he has just received, per Steamer Emma, a very large and well assorted stock of Parlor and Cook Stoves, of new and improved patterns, as follows:

Shanghai Elevated Oven.
Cook Stoves.
Buck's Clipper oven.
" *Improved Pattern* "
Charter Oak "

all of which I pledge myself to sell at as fair rates, and on as accommodating terms as any other establishment in this region of country.

I have also now on hand every requisite variety of Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron ware, and am prepared to put up guttering and spouting and all other work in my line, at short notice, and in a workmanlike manner, which I warrant to give satisfaction.

A share of patronage is solicited.

C. DEUSER.

Brownville, July 16th, 1857. v2n5 ly

John H. Lightner,

Dealer in Stoves, Grates, Plows and Safes.

No. 82 Second street, between locust and Main.

St. Louis, Mo. v2n5

Neree Valle & Co.,

(Successor to Chouteau & Valle,)

Commission and Forwarding Merchant,

No. 24 Levee, St. Louis, Mo. v2n5

P. D. Gordon & Co.,

Commission and Forwarding Merchants,

No. 11 Locust street, St. Louis, Mo.

☞ Orders solicited and promptly attended to. Liberal cash advances made on Consignments.

july16 v2n5

James Mackoy,

Commission and Forwarding Merchant.

No. 77 Levee, St. Louis, Mo. v2n5

Joseph G. Miller,

Commission and Forwarding Merchant.

No. 23 Market St., between Main and Second.

St. Louis Mo. v2n5

Yeatman, Robinson & Co.,

General Commission Merchants.

Corner Second and Green streets, St. Louis, Mo.

JAMES E. YEATMAN,
GEORGE R. ROBINSON.

july16 v2n5

D. H. Thomas,

General Broker and Forwarding Merchant.

No. 20 Pine Street, corner Second, (up stairs)

july16 v2n5 ST. LOUIS, MO