

## WE INVITE

EVERY THIN MAN AND WOMAN

 MRS. A. I. RODENHEISER writes:
 I weigh 130 pounds, so really this makes twenty- -our
ponds 1 feel stonger and am loking better tha ever
befors. and now I cary rosy cheeks, which is something belore, and now $\begin{aligned} & \text { I carry rosy cheeks, which } \\ & \text { I could never say belore. } \\ & \text { CLAY }\end{aligned}$ JOHNSON says:

 ater, 1 ain welghing 133 pounds and feeling fite,
F. GAGNON F. GAGNON "Here is my report sloce takling the Sargel treatment
V am a man 67 years of aze and was all run down to the very


MRS. VERNE ROUSE saye It Sargol is certanty the grandest tratunent I ever used.
It onty two boxes of Sargol. My welkt was 120 pounds
 Full address of any of these people if you wish Probably you are now thinking
whether all it! "Sargol" does make thin people add flesh, but we don't ask you to
take our word for it. Write us today take our word for it. Write us today
and we will send you absolutely free
a 50 c , package coupon below and pin to your letter. THIS COUPON GOOD FOR This coupon entitles an
person to one 50 c package " provided you have never tried it. The Sargol Company, 715-S Heral
Bldg., Binghamton, N. Y.



Subscribers' Hdvertising Dept.



ECZEMA SPECIFIC-absolutely guar klovs Pharmaey, Cooperstown, N. Dak. T ENANTS WANTED-We own 4000 4 miles east of Shreversport, La., and ject to overflow; very rich and fertile: will sell In 40 -acre tracts and up.
Allen \& Hart, 308 Commerce Bldg., W country paper, work on democratic strictly; age 33 , educated, allive: mode, terest later. High. school principal
now. W. A. Bynum, Simsboro, G Clal 132 -page book and - Our offiCeribes 132 -page book and paper de-
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MR. BRYAN IN THE WEST Editorial in the Portland (Ore, Telegram: First of all Mr. Bryan is a real man-that is the fundamental thing about him. He wears because he is genuine. He does not need a long memory to protect him, for he does not say here what he is not willing to say there. He has country conspicuously before the has stood in fiercer limelight and no man has escaped so unsullied. There is nothing in his public or private life at which the finger of suspicion can be pointed. His life has been an undertook. The work which he and enthusiasm heyday of his youth ing in the maturity of his followless feverishly indeed but with less conviction. His outlook is no as optimistic as it ever was quite more so; but it is an optimism based upon breadth of information based servation to which is applied an illu
mining intelligence. As he grows older he grows more kindly, although there was never anything of the cutthroat about Bryan. The inevitable things he accepts. The things he can not alter he does not permit himself to fret over. He is moving along the line of least resistance toward the goal of his ideals. Overspreading everything is a genial, glowing humor, very far removed, indeed, from frivolity. With him humor is a means to an end, yet part and parcel of the real stuff he has to offer. So wide and varied has been his experience that he is always at himself. Oratorical situations that would be exceedingly awkward for any other man, are serenely met by Bryan; difficulties are surmet by Bryan; dimcuities are surmounted what ease, grace and signe, that the apparenty impossibe is achieved by the sliple tar ing the auditor suffused with, pleaving the auis ore
over his mental dexterity till in the vigor of iser, and while still in the vigor of his physical and mental powers, he is beginning to show the terrific wear and tear of the campaigns through which he has passed, campaigns unequaled for long-maintained strenuosity in our
whole political history. He has whole political history. He has doubtless long since realized that no mere position or title is essential to any man to do his allotted part of the public work. As president, doubtless he could push ahead, faster than they are going, some of the reforms for which he is fighting and which other men not allied to him in party are putting forth their most strenuous effort to secure. But he has made himself a sort of tribune to the people, a tremendous force and facor always to be reckoned with; clear-eyed, undismayed and undaunted moral and ethical force which is constantly stirring the consciences and stimulating the thought of the men and women of these United States. With the spectacle of the southern representatives of his party in congress before him, with he democratic machines scattered over the country he doubtless sufer no delusions that there is inherent in the democratic organization, as such, any divine attributes that have been withheld from other political state of government in the present anchorage of a national party is essential to a man in national politics, however far short of his ideals or even reasonable expectations it may fall. Rather, we think, in his two in his alliance with one of the which Jefferson party subdivisions aristocratic party pointed out, the cratic, his most harty the demofealty heing with the lind heartfelt broadly described later part thus the demoration present constituted in the United States.
But it would be a mistake to think that Bryan, in all the passing years, has learned nothing about practical politics; that his political outlook is solely altruistic, and that he is consumed in a contemplation of the purely esthetic and theoretic side of party politics. This would be both an untrue and an unjust view of the matter. But let the older ones or his last night's audience contrast the style of political speech which Bryan delivered with the old-time political oration, and note the difference. No man, no matter what his politics, came away smarting and fuming. N neighbor of opposing politics could dig him in the ribs and laugh in gle because of his discomfiture. Every body, even the newspapers of a cer tain stamp, came in for something, and nobody could mistake that mediine was the doctor's prescription But each one came away a bette American, with his ideals strength ened, his outlook broadened and bis
respect for Bryan, the man, deepened even though his regard for the democratic party was no greater talk. had been before he heard the talk.

GARY DINNGRS PART OF THE Dividends of steel companies covering nine-year period: The Carnegle Co...\$227,280,000.00 Federal Steel Co., $\underset{\text { Federal }}{\text { common }}$ Steel Co. preferred National Tube Co common National Tube Co preferred
Am. Steel \& Wire Co of N. J., common Am. Steel \& Wire Co of N. J., preferred Nat. Steel Co., com Nat. Steel Co., com Am. Tin Plate Co., common
m. Tin Plate Co preferred
m. Sheet Steel ${ }^{\circ}$ Co. common
m. Sheet \& Tin Plate m . Sheet \& Tin Plate Co., preferred. Am. Steel Hoop Co. common
m . Steel Hoop Co. preferred Am. Bridge Co., pf Oliver Iron Min. Co Lake Superior Con. Iron Mining Co... Shelby Steel Tube Co, preferred. ittsburg Steamship Company
laitton Steel Co
Total
114,816,182.00
$31,157,128.50$
$29,783,905.50$
$27,299,737.50$
$51,110,460.25$
27,299,158.25 6,400,000.00 3,779,153.00

7,419,090.00
3,634,372.00
3,184,498.00
$25,540,833.00$
12,004,804.00
$1,330,000.00$
2,041,497.51 9,715,577.50

66,689,969.03
2,224,995.00
$4 \times 3,870.00$
$\$ 675,164,849.04$
Interest on the Car-
negie Co. collater-
al trust bonds.
77,959,537.49

## Total

$\$ 753,124,386.53$
Washington dispatch to the Portand Oregonian: The "Gary dine attended by representatives Unite chief steel concerns of the United States are held by an expert mployed by the house steel trust in ffective committee to have been lective factors in controling the $y$ trade. The report was made Farquhar T. McRae, accountan mployed by the committee.
The section of the report dealing with the "Gary dinners," where in ependent as well as corporation teel men assembled to discuss con ditions in the trade, contains an nalysis of the legal effect of the golden rule" policy, prepared by Anthony J. Ernest; a New York awyer, in which it is declared that conventions agreed to and enorced would be objectionable as re gards their effect upon competition.

The Gary dinner arrangement," called in report, "whereat the soreduce their production conformably o their estimate of the reduction in the demand existing, and to mainain prices, is objectionablo as it operates to exclude free compe ition. The arrangement is designed and intended to operato and ha operated admittedly as to standar steel rails, although it is claimed that the so-called ind pants can cut prices without pario penalty, except the dithonor of claring in faver of a named price and then selling at some other price.

It can be no justification of the co-operation of the participants in attan to aners that no penall rations mutually exchanged, because perforce the anti-trust act would pre-

