



At Los Angeles Judge Bordwell passed sentence on the McNamara brothers for the dynamiting of the Times newspaper building. James B. McNamara was given a life term in prison and John J. McNamara fifteen years. Judge Bordwell issued a statement denouncing the Lincoln Steffens story. Clarence S. Darrow, chief attorney for the defendants declared that the sentence imposed was satisfactory. The federal grand jury will subpoena the prisoners to give evidence.

Job Harriman, socialist candidate for mayor of Los Angeles was defeated by 30,000 by George Alexander "good government" candidate. Women cast their first votes in this election, and newspaper dispatches say they were treated with marked courtesy everywhere.

Imperial Chancellor von Bethmann Hollweg in a speech in the German reichstag made it clear that in the future the fate of the Anglo-German alliance must depend on deeds rather than assurances.

"Che" Gomez, whose rebellion at Juchitan resulted in a clash between Madero and the governor of Oaxaca, was taken from jail at Ricon Antonio, with eight of his partisans and all put to death by a mob.

District Attorney Miller of Indianapolis and Samuel Gompers have exchanged interviews, severally criticizing one another.

Twenty thousand Italians are reported to have won a decisive battle near Tripoli over a strong force of Turks and Arabs. Losses on both sides were reported heavy.

Congressman Thomas announced that he would seek to have a statewide primary bill introduced in the Kentucky legislature.

Suit was filed in the United States circuit court at Cincinnati against the National Cash Register company, of Dayton, O., charging the company with restraining commerce in the sale and manufacture of cash registers. The company, it is said, has ruined 150 competing companies.

A Kingston, Jamaica, cablegram, carried by the Associated Press, says: William J. Bryan attended an agricultural fair in the central part of the island as the governor's guest. Mr. Bryan has arranged to deliver two public lectures in Kingston before proceeding to Panama.

An Associated Press cablegram from Pekin says: An edict announcing the resignation of the regent, Prince Chuen, was issued by the empress dowager. It is signed by members of the cabinet and points out that the administration has been unpopular and that a constitutional government has not yet been established, explaining this by the fact that complications arose, the people's hearts were broken and the country thrown into turmoil. The regent regrets that his repentance came too late, and feels that if he continued in power his commands would soon be disregarded. The edict continues: "He wept and

prayed to resign the regency, at the same time expressing his earnest intention to abstain from politics. I, the empress dowager, living in the palace, am ignorant of the state of affairs, but know that rebellion exists and fighting continues, causing disaster everywhere, while the commerce of friendly nations suffers. The regent is honest, though ambitious. Being misled, he has harmed the people; therefore, his resignation is accepted."

A Los Angeles dispatch says: James B. McNamara's brief confession, penned by his own hand and bearing many evidences of a man little skilled in letters, was made public recently. It is as follows: "I, James B. McNamara, defendant in the case of the people, having heretofore pleaded guilty to the crime of murder, desire to make this statement of facts. And this is the truth. On the night of September 30, 1910, at 5:45 o'clock, I placed in Ink alley, a portion of the Times building, a suit case containing sixteen sticks of 80 per cent dynamite, set to explode at 1 o'clock the next morning. It was my intention to injure the building and scare the owners. I did not intend to take the life of anyone. I sincerely regret that these unfortunate men lost their lives. If the giving of my life would bring them back I would gladly give it. In fact, in pleading guilty to murder in the first degree I have placed my life in the hands of the state.

"JAMES B. McNAMARA."

Joseph Pearson Caldwell, former editor of the Charlotte Daily Observer, died at Charlotte, N. C.

Superintendent Fred N. Halin and Michael C. Bailey, who had charge of the water supply of the Bayless Pulp and Paper company on September 30, when the company's dam went out, causing more than three score deaths at Austin, Pa., were held to the grand jury for voluntary manslaughter. Each gave \$1,000 bail.

Gifford Pinchot declares that Roosevelt is out of the race and that he is now for La Follette.

John F. Dryden, president of the Prudential Insurance company and former United States senator from New Jersey, is dead.

THIS IS A MEAN JOKE

"Ma's just crazy to serve on a jury."
"That so?"
"Yes; she says she wants to be one of the first to tell the secrets of the jury room."—Detroit Free Press.

THE ONLY WAY

The dove returned to the ark.
"We shall have peace," it cried; "there is no land to fight about and nobody to fight."—New York Sun.

INNOCENT

Rastus—"What yo' tink is de mattah wif me, doctah?"
Doctor—"Oh, nothing but the chicken-pox, I guess."
Rastus (getting nervous)—"I 'clare on mah honah, doctor, I ain't been nowhar I could ketch dat!"—Medical Times.

BOOKS RECEIVED

The Log of the Easy Way. By John L. Mathews. Small, Maynard & Company, publishers, Boston, Mass. Price, \$1.50, net. By mail, \$1.62.
The Marriage Portion, a novel. By H. A. Mitchell Keays, author of "The Road to Damascus, etc." Small, Maynard & Company, publishers, Boston, Mass. Price, \$1.35, net. By mail, \$1.48.
The Sultan's Rival. A story for boys. By Bradley Gilman. Small, Maynard & Company, Boston, Mass.
The Loser Pays. A story of the French revolution. By Mary Openshaw. Small, Maynard & Company, publishers, Boston, Mass. Price, \$1.25, net; by mail, \$1.37.
The Yellow Peril or the Orient vs. the Occident, as viewed by Modern Statesmen and Ancient Prophets. By G. G. Rupert. Published by Union Publishing Co., Choctaw, Okla.
Harmony Hall. A story for girls. By Marion Hill. Small, Maynard & Company, publishers, Boston, Mass.
The Incurable Dukane. By George C. Shedd. Small, Maynard & Company, publishers, Boston, Mass. Price, \$1.25, net. By mail, \$1.37.
The Young Timber-Cruisers or Fighting the Spruce Pirates. By Hugh Pendexter. Small, Maynard & Company, publishers, Boston, Mass.
Immigration and Its Effects Upon the United States. By Prescott F. Hall, A. B., L. L. B. Henry Holt and Company, publishers, New York. Price, \$1.50, net.
Love and Letters. By Frederic Rowland Marvin. Sherman, French & Company, Boston, Mass.
The Knight-Errant. A Novel of Today. By Robert Alexander Wason. Small, Maynard & Company, Boston, Mass. Price, \$1.25, net. By mail, \$1.37.
Homespun Philosophy. By Solomon Cohen. 39 East Broadway, New York.
The Creator's Plan and Man's Work or the Foundation and Construction of the Universal Civilization. By Charles G. McDougall. Danforth, Ill.
Studies Military and Diplomatic, 1775-1865. By Charles Francis Adams. The Macmillan Company, New York. Price, \$2.50, net.
The Shadow Men. By Donald Richberg. Forbes & Company, 325 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. Price, \$1.25.
Athonia or the Original "400." By H. George Schuette. The Lakeside Co., Manitowoc, Wis.
"The Horroboos." By Morrison I. Swift. The Liberty Press, Boston, Mass. Price, \$1.00.
Kennedy Square. By F. Hopkinson Smith. Charles Scribner's Sons, New York. Price, \$1.50.
Esther Damon. By Mrs. Fremont Older. Charles Scribner's Sons, New York. Price, \$1.50, net.
Humanity, Its Destiny and the Means to Attain It. A series of discourses by the Rev. Father Henry Dinfle, O. P. Fr. Pustet & Co., New York and Cincinnati.
The Power to Regulate Corporations and Commerce. A discussion of the existence, basis, nature, and scope of the common law of the United States. By Frank Hendrick, of the New York bar. G. P. Putnam's Sons, New York and London.
Railway Control by Commissions. By Frank Hendrick. G. P. Putnam's Sons, New York and London.
Pushing to the Front. By Orison Swett Marden. Published by The Success Company's Branch Offices. Petersburg, N. Y., Toledo, Danville, Oklahoma City, San Jose.
The Story-Life of Washington. A Life-History in Five Hundred True Stories, Selected from Original Sources and Fitted Together in Order. By Wayne Whipple. Two volumes. The John C. Winston Com-

pany, publishers, Philadelphia, Pa. Price, \$3.00, net.
Mother Carey's Chickens. By Kate Douglas Wiggin. Houghton Co., Cambridge, Mass. Price, \$1.35, net.
The Oriental Religions in Roman Paganism. By Franz Cumont. With an introductory essay by Grant Showerman. The Open Court Publishing Co., Chicago, Ill. Cloth, \$2.00, net.
City Government by Commission. Edited by Clinton Rogers Woodruff. D. Appleton & Company, New York and London.
Cicely. A Tale of the Georgia March. By Sarah Beaumont Kennedy. Doubleday, Page & Company, Garden City, New York. Price, \$1.20, postage, 12 cents.
Present-Day Conservatism and Liberalism within Biblical Lines. By James Glentworth Butler, D. D. Sherman, French & Company, publishers, Boston, Mass. Price, \$1.00, net; by mail, \$1.10.
Presidential Addresses and State Papers and European Addresses (December 8, 1908, to June 7, 1910.) By Theodore Roosevelt. The Review of Reviews Company, New York.
Evolution of Intellectual Man, Mental Economy. Political Economy. Industrial Economy. By James Madison Lively, Lively, Ky. Price, \$1.00.
Statesmen of the Old South, or From Radicalism to Conservative Revolt. By William E. Dodd, Ph. D., professor of American history in the University of Chicago. The Macmillan company, New York.
Short-Ballot Principles. By Richard S. Childs. Houghton Mifflin Company, Boston and New York. Price, \$1.00, net.
Making Both Ends Meet. The income and Outlay of New York Working Girls. By Sue Ainslie Clark and Edith Wyatt. The Macmillan Company, New York. Price, \$1.50, net.

IT IS MR. BRYAN'S RIGHT

Quite a number of papers of democratic proclivities seem to profess to be troubled in spirit because Mr. Bryan will insist on expressing his views concerning what he believes to be the proper democratic policy, now that the party is in control of the national house of representatives. Objection to this expressed interest on Mr. Bryan's part ranges all the way from mild protest to bitter criticism. In neither case is it warranted.

By the facts of experience and by virtue of developed wisdom in politics and of honesty and consistency in the discussion of great public questions the eminent Nebraskan long since has established his right to speak and be heard on those questions that are of immediate and pressing interest to democrats, as such, or to Americans generally. On many occasions there may be disagreement with what Mr. Bryan thinks and says; but, with all that, his observations are based upon intelligent, and above all, honest and patriotic consideration of public affairs. He is able to judge as any man of the policies that will help the democratic cause, and above and beyond that he has tried consistently to hold his party to principles, whether they brought partisan success or defeat, rather than shifting expedients that had no other merit than the promise of political victory.

Democrats who are hungry for loaves and fishes have not considered and do not admit that Mr. Bryan is entitled to any thanks or credit for this course. But the public judgment will be right on that point ultimately; and even now it will say that it is at least Mr. Bryan's right to speak if he feels like it, and to say what he thinks ought to be said.—Portland (Ore.) Telegraph (rep.)