



A Birmingham, Ala., dispatch to the Houston (Texas) Post, says: Representative Oscar W. Underwood's boom for the presidency was formally launched here by a number of his friends. Much enthusiasm was manifested at the meeting held.

Now there is sorrow in the Louisville Courier-Journal office. An Associated Press dispatch says: Delegates to Kentucky's democratic platform convention refused to accept Henry Watterson's advice and adopt the majority report of the committee which provided for the extension of the county unit law to all counties of the state. Mr. Watterson moved to amend so as to leave the state's liquor laws as they stand, urging that the county unit was but a preface to prohibition. The motion was voted down, 667 to 514. The platform commends the democratic congress and the state's democratic representatives and condemns everything republican. The resolutions contain no indorsement of any national candidate, but declare for popular election of United States senators, the direct primary and for good roads.

The editor of the Courier-Journal, himself a delegate from his district, in a statement, threw down the gauntlet. He referred to opposition to Former Governor Beckham, who as a candidate for senator, defeated Former Governor McCreary at a state primary to nominate and declared the same influences fought then now seeks to defeat the county unit law and eventually bring about prohibition.

"But," he says, "the plan to repudiate and humiliate me merely because I am a democrat, well within his right and his duty as a democratic journalist, leaves me no alternative than to appeal to you and the party with the facts and to have my sentence and conviction, if you so decree, executed with your eyes wide open, so that I may know and all men may know, that I am dead and damned and buried by competent authority and orderly procedure."

The Kentucky law as to local option provides that the county shall be a unit except in counties where there are cities of considerable size.

A Columbus, O., dispatch, carried by the Associated Press says: "I intend to devote all my time between now and the nomination to finding out things about the candidates for the democratic nomination for president," said William J. Bryan to a large audience here recently. "I know all of the leading men of the party, those who have hindered and those who have helped it. When the time comes to name the man for the candidacy I will not be silent. I am not going to mention individuals now. The country has many available men. Recently I mentioned some of the men I believe to be tolerable as political candidates, and I am glad democracy is so fortunate as to have so many."

Mr. Bryan was the guest of the Jefferson club at a big rally and barbecue.

Governor Harmon had been invited, but he said weeks ago that he would be at his summer home in Michigan on a vacation.

Mr. Bryan refrained from mentioning the governor in any of his interviews or his speech, and it was recalled that the men whom Mr. Bryan mentioned some time ago did not include Governor Harmon.

"I intend to devote my time to driving plutocracy from the throne and putting the rights of man in the seat," continued Mr. Bryan. "I haven't a friend in the United States whom I would reward at the expense of my party and country."

Mr. Bryan was particularly elated at the news which came from Lincoln, Neb., to the effect that his son William is the father of a second daughter.

Resenting the utterances of Mr. Bryan that he was fighting Governor Harmon, Attorney General T. S. Hogan refused to speak at the night meeting which was scheduled to follow the barbecue.

"I accepted the invitation to speak because I supposed it was to have been held for the glory of the party and not for the advancement of any faction," said Mr. Hogan. "The directors of the celebration arranged that I should speak in the evening after Mr. Bryan had left the city. I did not care to do this. What I had to say I wanted to say while Mr. Bryan was present."

After more than 200 years under the aldermanic form of city government, Mobile, Ala., officially passed under the commission form.

A nation-wide campaign against the white slave traffic has been planned by women of the national socialist party. A meeting of the committee made plans for a campaign that will extend all over the United States to reach the traffic in young girls.

A Cincinnati, O., dispatch, carried by the United Press says: Following the rousing reception given William J. Bryan at a meeting here, Governor Harmon's supporters are somewhat worried as many interested in the political situation predict that the meeting will result in the crystallization of the Bryan strength in Ohio against the governor's candidacy. Attorney General Hogan, by refusing to speak at the Bryan meeting, did not help the governor's prospects, according to many present.

The United Press correspondent at Cincinnati, sent out the following dispatch: William J. Bryan, while here, gave out an interview attacking President Taft for his expected veto of the Arizona-New Mexico statehood bill because of the recall of judges in the new Arizona constitution.

"The veto will be the height of folly," said Mr. Bryan. "The statehood bill provides that the people must vote upon the recall at the first election. It leaves them free to retain it or cut it out. That is all the president has any reason to ask. Oregon now has the recall and any state in the union can adopt it. If it is cut out entirely, Arizona can reinstate the provisions as soon as statehood is given her."

"The president is wasting energy when he makes such a fuss over a provision which the people are at liberty to add at any time. But his veto, if he sends it in, will serve a useful purpose. It will show that the same doctrine of irresponsible government which he applied to the Philippines would be applied by him here if he had the power."

"Opposition to the recall gives a flashlight picture of the president's infidelity to the fundamental principles of free government. Every

judge in the United States is now subject to impeachment before a tribunal composed of the masters—the sovereigns—who select the public servants. If he simply favored a condition which would compel deliberation and investigation, his position could be defended but when he insists that a judge shall not be subject to recall by the people, no matter how long his term or how flagrant his abuse of power, he exposes his contempt for the rights of the people and his lack of faith in their intelligence and patriotism."

The strike situation in England is described in Associated Press dispatches in this way: Scores of railway men in the United Kingdom are on strike. The movement threatens to cripple 23,000 miles of steam railways. Neither the managers or employees seem disposed to deviate from their ultimatums. Liverpool's steamship service is at a standstill. Sporadic rioting has occurred in various English cities and in Wales. Troops everywhere are ready to quell disturbances. Parliament remains in session because of strike.

A London cablegram, carried by the Associated Press, says: The veto bill, limiting the powers of the upper chamber over legislation originating in the house of commons which resulted in one of the most serious legislative conflicts in the history of the country, became a law, the king's assent thereto being given through a royal commission in the house of lords. When the royal assent was signified, the members of the lower house present broke over in loud cheering. A demonstration on their part had never before been heard in the upper chamber.

An Associated Press dispatch from Philadelphia, says: Mrs. Reginald Waldorf of Philadelphia and Los Angeles, who advertised for a "living right index finger," can buy the desired member if she likes from Dr. Mary Walker, "the woman who wears trousers." Dr. Walker now lives in Oswego, N. Y. Recently she sent the following letter to Mrs. Waldorf:

"Mrs. Reginald Waldorf: I have just read that you desire to purchase a right index finger. Will you give me enough to erect a consumptive ward on the estate here? I have saved hopeless cases, and because I declare consumption is not contagious money is not forthcoming to erect a ward. I finish this letter not using my index finger

"MARY E. WALKER,
"Surgeon of War 1861-65."

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., at San Francisco.

Recall petitions are out against Mayor George W. Dilling and other Seattle city officials.

A great industrial war is on in Great Britain and thoughtful observers see a crisis between capital and labor.

Following is a dispatch to the Lincoln (Neb.) Journal: Omaha, Neb., Aug. 19.—The Jacksonian club of Nebraska tonight passed a resolution indorsing Hon. Woodrow Wilson, governor of New Jersey, for the presidency of the United States, and made public a communication of the club to William J. Bryan, in which the latter is asked to lend his assistance to the popular movement for Woodrow Wilson. The communication is as follows:

"Hon. William J. Bryan: Whereas the Jacksonian club has passed resolutions indorsing the candidacy of Hon. Woodrow Wilson for the presidency of the United States, and fully realizes that the strength and popu-

larity of any democratic movement in Nebraska and elsewhere will depend more upon you than upon any other living man or force, you who have thrice been honored and have thrice honored the democratic party as its standard bearer, we therefore urge you to lend the great weight and influence of your assistance to the popular movement for Woodrow Wilson.

"We believe that again harmoniously aligned under your leadership, the democratic party in Nebraska will enthusiastically express themselves for Hon. Woodrow Wilson and democratic success.

"B. F. MARSHALL, President.
"H. S. DANIEL, Secretary."

A summary of Harry N. Atwood's flight over 930 miles, from St. Louis, was given on the seventh day (by the Associated Press) of the trip in this way: Left Buffalo 3:20 p. m. Passed Batavia, 37 miles 3:58 p. m. Over Rochester, 4:42 p. m. Over Fairport, 79 miles 5:00 p. m. Over Palmyra 5:17 p. m. Landed at Lyons 5:31 p. m. Distance traveled on seventh day 104 miles. Actual flying time 2 hours and 11 minutes. Distance from St. Louis 930 miles. Total flying time 19 hours and 58 minutes. Distance still to go to complete 1,265 mile trip to New York 335 miles.

Roger Q. Mills is very ill at his Texas home. A Chicago Record-Herald dispatch says: "Former Senator Roger Q. Mills, who is dying at his home at Corsicana, Texas, is the author of the Mills tariff bill, passed during President Cleveland's administration. Mr. Mills was a member of congress from 1873 to 1893. He was born in Kentucky in 1832 and served with the confederate armies during the civil war."

CLUBS FOR 1911

	Pub's Price	With Com'ner
American Magazine, N. Y.	\$1.50	\$1.75
American Boy, Detroit	1.00	1.50
Amer. Bee Journal, Chicago	1.00	1.50
Boy's World, Elgin, Ill.	.50	1.00
Breeder's Gazette, Chicago	1.75	1.75
Current Literature, N. Y.	3.00	3.00
Cosmopolitan, N. Y.	1.00	1.60
Commercial Appeal, Wkly. Memphis, Tenn.	.50	1.00
Courier-Journal, Louisville	1.00	1.25
Democrat, Johnstown, Pa.	1.00	1.25
Delineator, N. Y.	2.00	1.55
Etude, Philadelphia	1.50	1.75
Enquirer, Cincinnati	1.00	1.25
Everybody's, N. Y.	1.50	1.90
Forest & Stream, N. Y.	3.00	3.00
Fruit Grower, St. Joseph	1.00	1.25
Good Housekeeping, Springfield, Mass.	1.25	1.75
Hoard's Dairyman	1.00	1.50
Housekeeper, Minneapolis	1.00	1.50
Home Herald, Chicago	2.00	2.05
Harper's Bazaar, N. Y.	1.25	1.55
Industrious Hen, Tenn.	.50	1.00
Irrigation Age, Chicago	1.00	1.25
LaFollette's Magazine	1.00	1.25
McCall's Magazine, N. Y.	.50	1.15
McClure's Magazine, N. Y.	1.50	1.85
Metropolitan Mag., N. Y.	1.50	1.75
Modern Priscilla, Boston	.75	1.35
National Monthly	1.00	1.25
News-Scimitar, Tenn.	.50	1.00
Outing Magazine, N. Y.	3.00	3.10
The Outlook, N. Y.	3.00	3.50
Pacific Monthly, Portland	1.50	1.60
Public, Chicago	1.00	1.35
Progression, monthly	.50	1.00
Pictorial Review, N. Y.	1.00	1.55
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Amer. Homestead, Lincoln	3.50	3.00
Woman's World, Chicago		
Republic, St. Louis	.50	1.25
Southern Fruit Grower	.50	1.00
Sturm's Oklahoma Mag.	1.50	1.60
Staats Zeitung, N. Y.	1.50	1.85
Scribner's Magazine, N. Y.	3.00	3.35
The Commoner, Texas	1.00	1.25
Twentieth Century	2.00	2.00
Table Talk, Philadelphia	1.50	1.50
Literary Digest, N. Y.		
(Must be new)	3.00	3.25
The Independent, N. Y.		
Amer. Homestead, Lincoln	3.50	3.00
Woman's World, Chicago		
Taylor-Trotwood Magazine	1.50	1.50
Technical World, Chicago	1.50	1.90
Uncle Remus' Magazine	1.00	1.00

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