



An Associated Press dispatch from Cincinnati follows: "Deploring unwillingness to put the motto 'In God We Trust' on the United States coins, the Presbyterian Brotherhood of America today unanimously adopted a resolution urging congress to restore the motto to all coins. There was no debate on the resolution. The resolution follows: 'The Presbyterian Brotherhood of America regrets that the words, 'In God We Trust,' have been omitted from the coins of the United States and earnestly hopes that congress will take action to restore them.'"

A third Russian parliament was opened at St. Petersburg November 14.

Dexter M. Ferry, head of one of the great seed houses, died suddenly at his home in New York.

Louis E. McComas, associate judge of the court of appeals for the District of Columbia, and formerly a United States senator from Maryland, died suddenly at the national capital.

Ex-Governor James E. Campbell of Ohio says that he expects Ohio to elect a democratic legislature in which event he will be a candidate to succeed Senator Foraker.

The New York World prints this dispatch from Danville, Ill.: "Senator Tillman declared today that President Roosevelt will not accept a third term and that Speaker Cannon will be the republican nominee. 'Mr. Bryan,' Mr. Tillman said, 'will be the democratic nominee. He is the greatest living democrat.'"

The Buffalo, N. Y., correspondent for the New York World, wires his paper as follows: "Chairman W. J. Coners, of the democratic state committee, who is planning to go to Mount Clemens, Mich., next week, and confer there with Charles Murphy, was asked his views concerning democratic candidates for president. Coners said vigorously: 'Chanler is the strongest candidate in the field. The people want him. You will see democratic committeemen all over the state declaring for him and you will see a Chanler delegation from New York next year.'"

The Washington correspondent for the New York World reports that the Roosevelt third termers are very active and adds: "One of the most enthusiastic third term boomers to arrive in Washington recently is Representative Langley, of Kentucky. 'I have long been a student of the life and teachings of George Washington,' he said to the World's correspondent 'and I am satisfied that if he were alive today he would rescind what he said about any man holding the presidential office three terms. He would have believed in hanging on to such a good man forever if he had seen Roosevelt.'"

The New York World says: "Three republican newspapers in Ohio which were favorable to Secretary Taft's nomination for president have abandoned his candidacy on the ground that the result of the Cleveland election puts Mr. Taft out of the race."

Charles T. Barney, late president of the Knickerbocker Trust company

of New York, committed suicide at his home. The Knickerbocker Trust company closed its doors early in the present panic.

The trial of John R. Walsh, ex-president of the Chicago National bank and owner of the defunct Chicago Chronicle, is on trial in the federal court at Chicago charged with bank wrecking. An Associated Press dispatch says: "The government will attempt to show that Walsh took from the Chicago National bank, the Equitable Trust company and the Home Savings bank, \$14,000,000. In his statement today Mr. Dobyns declared that Walsh obtained the ownership of various large properties without cost to himself by using the funds of the banks. He detailed a number of Walsh's financial ventures, asserting that he issued great blocks of worthless stock, which he sold to his bank, taking the money to float his personal enterprises."

Mr. Bryan spent last week in a lecture tour through Wisconsin.

Thomas Taggart, chairman of the democratic national committee, has called the committee to meet at French Lick Springs, Ind., November 22.

Speaking to newspaper reporters, Congressman Hull of Iowa said: "President Roosevelt will be nominated, forced to accept the nomination and elected. This is the trend of public sentiment in the east. Hughes is growing in strength, and if he could secure the New York delegation, as he may, it would complicate matters, but I think Roosevelt is the man, and that Mr. Bryan will be nominated by the democrats, and the United States will see the liveliest campaign in history."

Japan's minister of foreign affairs Hayashi has given to the Associated Press an interview declaring that Japan has the kindest feelings for the United States, and asserted that he is confident the immigration question would be settled to the satisfaction of both governments.

An Associated Press dispatch from Los Angeles, Cal., says: "Judge Olin Wellborn, in the United States district court today, fined the Atch-

ison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad company \$330,000 for rebating. The fine was what the court denominated 'an intermediate penalty,' the maximum of which might have been assessed being \$1,320,000 and the minimum \$66,000. The court reviewed the case in a written opinion of some length, in which it stated that there were sufficient doubtful and extenuating circumstances to preclude the possibility of a maximum sentence and yet sufficient intention of wrongdoing shown to make impossible a minimum penalty. The Santa Fe was convicted on October 11 last by a jury in the federal court of granting rebates to the Grand Canyon Lime and Cement company of Arizona. It was found guilty of all of the sixty-six counts charged in the indictment after but an hour's deliberation. The rebates, which were given on shipments of lime and cement from Nelson, Arizona, to Los Angeles, ranged in amounts from thirty-five cents to \$15. The company claimed that these amounts were not rebates on the regular freight rate, but were in the form of damages to goods which were allowed after such claims had been regularly presented and proved in each instance. The court today did not take that view of the case, however, and stated that it 'was not convinced by any means that these amounts represented bona fide settlements of claims.'"

A New York Associated Press report says: "The contest of the European money markets to retain their gold resources was indicated by the simultaneous action today of three of the large central banks of Europe and a call for a meeting tomorrow of the governing board of a fourth. The Bank of England advanced its rate of discount from six to seven per cent, a rate which has not been reached since 1873. The Bank of France advanced its regular discount rate from 3½ per cent to four per cent, and fixed the rate for loans at 4½ per cent. The National bank of Belgium advanced its rate of discount from 5½ per cent to six per cent, and Dr. Koch, governor of the Imperial Bank of Germany, called a meeting of the governing board for tomorrow, which is expected to advance the discount rate of the bank from six to seven per cent. These movements in Europe are regarded as an indication of the ability of New York to command gold and the efforts of the European banks to protect themselves against this demand."

President Roosevelt has issued a statement to the effect that he is satisfied with the results of the recent election.

THE HONORABLE WAY

The agreeable notion that trade follows the flag has been badly shattered. Colonies, however profitable when all trade was monopolized, are now a burden to every country in Europe. So we rather expect that a change in the concept of national honor is coming about.

We get about one-fifth of the Filipinos' quite inconsiderable foreign trade, which we would get anyway; and buy from them eleven million dollars' worth of hemp a year as we would do whatever flag they had. As a business proposition our colony, so far, has been a dismal failure.

We are indebted to the islands, also, for a record rather singular in our annals, beginning with the "water treatment" episodes and extending to the latest army scandal. This record suggests that dominion over pagans involves certain moral risks. The Filipinos, insofar as they expressed themselves at all in the recent election finds our rule (of the islands) as little to their profit and liking as we find it to our own.

President McKinley said, "The flag is there; who will haul it down?"—meaning that, having stepped into a bad mess, we must stay in, however little that benefited anybody, for withdrawal would involve national dishonor. The other day Speaker Cannon said, "I would be in favor of getting out of the Philippines tomorrow if there was any honorable way of getting out"—which, we should say, implies a rather wistful leaning toward the hope that there may, after all, be an honorable way out. This difference is simply the effect of seven years' unprofitable experience.

Other nations have the same problem. We suspect it will finally be discovered that to act with commonsense in the matter of the unprofitable policing of savage territory is quite honorable.—Saturday Evening Post.

MORE LIKE GAS

Mr. Harriman declares that money is a liquid. It would sometimes seem so. Indeed, from the way it disappears, it would sometimes seem to be a gas.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

WATCH!

England will run her war ships with oil, says a dispatch from London. Now watch the Standard Oil company absorb the British navy.—Rochester Post Express.

RECLAIMING SWAMPLAND

If the federal government puts water on dry land in the far west, why should it not take water off the wet land of the east and south?—Baltimore Sun.

SEND US BANKERS' CHECKS, CLEARING HOUSE CHECKS, BANK DRAFTS YOUR OWN CHECKS Certified to by Your Banker

WE TAKE THEM THE SAME AS CASH WITHOUT DISCOUNT OR EXCHANGE

While we prefer to have you send us money by postoffice money order or express money order, the same as usual, nevertheless, for your own convenience we will for the present accept from you checks, drafts and certificates above referred to exactly the same as money orders or cash

In Some Sections farmers and others are having difficulty in getting cash; by this we mean currency, gold, silver, greenbacks or bank notes, and therefore temporarily are compelled to exchange their produce and their labor for checks, either their bankers' checks or certificates, clearing house checks or certificates or bank drafts.

This Notice is to Inform You that all such exchange will be received by us in money order. If you have a banker's check or a bank draft, or if you have a checking account of your own, and will make a check to the amount you wish to purchase and go to your bank and have the check certified, you can send your check or the bank's check or the bank draft, endorsed payable to our order, to us, ordering any kind of goods in our catalogue and we will accept these checks exactly the same as cash.

For Example, if in exchange for your produce, your labor or otherwise, you have been paid a sum of money in a check or bank draft, go to your banker and ask for a banker's check or a bank draft drawn in our favor for the amount you want to send us, or if you hold a banker's check, clearing house check or a bank draft and you wish to send the entire amount to us for merchandise, simply write on the back of the

check, "Pay to the order of Sears, Roebuck & Co.," sign your name and send it to us with your order for goods, and it will be accepted by us exactly the same as if you had sent us a postoffice money order, express money order or even exactly the same as the gold.

If You Have Any Balance in the Bank or any banker's check, clearing house check or bank draft or if you have any cattle or grain or other produce which you can exchange for checks or drafts, such checks or drafts will be accepted by us exactly the same as cash in exchange for any goods in our catalogue.

Send Us the Check or Draft You Have or send us your own check, first having it certified to by your banker, or if you want to send for a lesser amount of goods, take the draft or check you have, go to the bank and have the bank divide it, making one check or draft to our order for the amount you wish to send to us.

If You Have Money in the Bank or any banker's check or draft you can send it to us in exchange for any merchandise in our catalogue at our lowest prices, and by us it will be treated exactly the same as if it were gold.

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO