## Rupture

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C. E. BROOKS, The Inventor the ruptare and never sipp and yet is light, cool,
comfortable, conforms wo every movement of the
body without chafing or harting and costs less than many ordinury trusos. There are no springs or
hard lumpy pads and yet tit holds the rupture safey and frmily without pain or inconventence. Thave
put the price solow that any person, rich or pour put the price solow that any person, r.
can buy and I absolutely guarantee it.

I make it to your order-send it to you-you wear it, and if it doesn't satrefund your money.
That is the fnirest proposition ever made by a here in Markball will tell you that is the way I do
businesb-always absolutely on the square.
 success, Writeme today and I whil send yoa my book
on Rapture and its Cure, showing my applince and giving you prices and names of people who have
tried it and been cured. It is instant relief whenall tried it and been cured. It is instant relier whenall ble price.
C. E. BROOKs, 1615 Brooks Blag. Marshall, Mich.

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worth consideration at once. Don't miss it. Write today.

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## Editorials by Commoner Readers

W. H. Pfeifer, Polacca, Ariz,-I see according to the papers, that the packers have raised the point that they can not be compelled to testify in a criminal charge against themselves. They have so long accustomed them selves to the idea that they are "it," that it is not surprising when they assert that they are "it"-the corporation. On page 39, Smith's Elemen tary Law, he defines a corporate institution as body corporate to be "a collection of individual persons" so organized "that a legal personality resuits distinct from the members that
compose it." On page 265 he define "a corporation" to be "an artificial person, created by law and having an individuality distinct from the members that compose it, its powers being limited to those granted to it by the law by which it is created. Clark, in treating of the power of cor porations to contract, on page 192 (Clark Contracts) says: "It can no act through one or any number of its members merely as such, for though hey compose the corporation, they are not the corporation. It must act through an agent expressly authoriz tion is a distinct artificial personality, tion is a distinet artificial personality and can act only through agents. The corporation acts. Thereiore it can give testimony, and since is a per son in law and can act only through an agent, it can give testimony itsele and agent asainive testimony against and hence can give testimony against an agent, though that agen incrimin lestifier, and the testimony incrinin ating against himself. I can't see how
the point raised can be sustained.
A. K. Grow, Hamilton, Mont.-I notice, with some alarm, that our good brother, Mr. Stonyfeller (I think that is the riame) has removed himself surreptitiously or otherwise, from the visible presence of the public. The question that worries me Is, whether he was able to take with him his Bible and his Sunday school class, which, I am told, was a great consolation and a joy forever as it were from the strenuousness of great worldly cares.
F. F. Fritz, Towner, N. D.-Please find enclosed a clipping from the Minneapolis Tribune of January 31, regarding a reduction of the parcel postage. Now will you explain if this is not a good measure for the benefit of the greatest number of people concerned, even if the wholesalers and retail men do protest to a reduction of postage on parcels. Why then, are they howling about the express companies charging such high rates? Minneapolis Tribune, Minn.-W. J Rouleau, business manager of the st Paul Trade Tqurnal, returned yesterday morning from Washington where he filed with Congressman Stevens,
for presentation to the postoffice and for presentation to the postoffice and post roads committee of containing the names of majority of the general merchants wholesale merchants and manufactur ers of the northwest, protesting against the enactment by congress of any form of parcels post legislation that will tend to lessen the cost o transportation of merchandise through the mails. The petition, as presented by Mr. Rouleau and fled with the committee, is as follows:
"St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 23, 1906.-To the Honorablerthe Congress of the United States:
"Whereas, There has been recomby your for consideration and action providing honorable body, legislation third and fourth classes of mail mat ter, and the transmission of the same at a less cost than now is provided for by law: and

Whereas, We are profoundly im-
pressed by the knowledge that such legislation would prove inimical to the best interests of the people of the United States as a whole and to the retall merchants, wholesale merch ants, manufacturers and others en gaged in commercial traffic, partien larly, and, in our opinion, based upon experience, would work great hard ship upon and place the above men tfoned interests at great disadvantage in the pursuit of their business call ing, by favoring centrallzed interests in the shipment of merchandise rect to cơnsumers through the mails w, therefore,
"We, the undersigned, general mer chants, wholesale dealers and manu hereby humbly petition your honorable humbly petion your honor will admit of the institutlon by the will admit of the institution by the government of a parcels post, so way tend to reduce the present cost way tend to reduce the present cost
of transportation of merchandise through the mails.
J. R. Sullivan, Belvidere, IIl,-I would suggest another "Commoner Day" in the near future, The net results to you are practically the same as derived from your clubbing offer known as "lots of five", but it gives the solicitor a better chance to push the work. Pardon me for stating that, in my opinion, you should not rest until you have reached the million mark. Thousands of your readers will help glagly. Such a subscription list would only be a proper reception testimonial to William L Bryan on his return home. I am pleased to send you eighteen new subscriptions.
D. L. Braucher, Lincoln, III,-I note in your last issue you quote Ingalls on "opportunity" with Dooley's companion piece. Each, in its way, is very good, but for the question aris ing in one's mind as to the Inspiring cause of Mr. Ingalls effuston. I think it was written about the time he was installed into the graft department of the United States government, commonly known as "the senate or up per house, of congress; but, perish the thought: that such a grand effusion could possibly be inspired by "oportunities for graft."
W. H. Allen, 710 Franklin Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.-Ir his last message to congress, President Roosevelt, re ferring to the financial situation at(ributed the money stringency to our inelastic currency. Mr. Roosevelt's equipment for dealing with financial problems is pretty plainly shown in the following editorial from the New York Evening Post:
"When lords take to literature, it has been said, they ought to be ac curate, but no such obligation rests
upon a president enlightening and upon a president enlightening and would be neeessary to say something severe of Mr. Roosevelt's statement yesterday: It was the cotton crop
of the couth that brought $\$ 400,000,000$ of foreign gold into the United States last year.' Just to record the facts, we may state that the total amount of foreign gold brought in last year was $\$ 53,637,862$; and, as we exported in the same period gold to the amdunt
of $\$ 92,594,024$, we were just $\$ 38,965$,162 to the bad. The president was only $\$ 438,956,162$ out of the way."
J. B. Gibsom Elmore, I. T.-Find enclosed a list of subscribers to your paper taken Saturday evening after I closed the bank, You should record me in your list of workers as one who is ever ready to assist Mr. Bryan in
all of his fights for the people. Send your great paner to the following thir teen names at Elmore, I. T.

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