deception of the people and the loot deception of the people and the loot
of public property. The Jackson club stands for the reverse of all such characteristics. The Jackson club stands for the purity of the ballot box and be lieves that it is no disgrace for a politician to be honest. The Jackson club believes that success does not gloss chicanery, that applause can not stifle conscience; that golden raiment can not veil from the people the decay and putrefaction of reckless effrontery and base acquisition.

As a part of the democratic party the Jackson club turns with glowing feeling to the life and character of the hero lor whom it is named; the man esty and intense sincerity of purpose
'There were many in that day and generation of his who were great, purposeful and successful, and whom therefore, history has often named and ever will continue to record. But it has been given to few men to have battled vigorously and long for an ideal, but in vain, and yet remain spotless; to have suffered defeat in purpose and praiseworthy ambition and thrice rise superior to and conqueror his victors. Such a feat can be accomplished only by one who is honest in heart and strong in mind; sincere in his wish to lighten the burdens of the people and lighten ease the strenuous struggle which sap the vitals of man; only by one who is clean in his public and in his private life, sober, trenchant and direct in al his ways and dealings; only by one
such as we have with us tonight, a such as we have with us tonight, a
patriot uncrowned, but not unhonored, patriot uncrowned, but not unhonored,
our distinguished guest, William J. Bryan.'
"At the conclusion of Mr. Perres' speech, the guests paid their respects to the refreshments provided by the Jackson club. When the meal was finished Mr. Perres again arose and introduced United States Senator E. W Carmack. Mr. Perres said:
"'Gentlemen-In my opening remarks I told you something that the Jackson club stood for. One import ant item I forgot. The Jackson club stands for one of the most distin guished members of the greatest body in the world. It stands for the mos distinguished member of the Jackson club, our own Senator Carmack.
"Senator Carmack arose to reply, and was greeted with an ovation in which Mr. Bryan heartily joined."

## Senator Mitchell's Career

Washington Correspondent

## York Sinn

John H. Mitchell, senior United States senator from Oregon, who was indicted at Portland for alleged violation of the law in accepting $\$ 2,000$ for the use of his influeuce as a senator in furthering a fradulent land scheme, is a veteran of many political battles. He has veen charged by his political enemies with many crimes more serious, if possible, than that for which he is under indictmen, but tus of war came.

Senator Mitchell was born in Washington county. Pa.. in 1835, and went to Oregon in 1860, after a few years' residence in Callfornia. He became more prominent gradually, and by 1866 came within one vote of being his party's choice for United States sena tor. He incurred the bitter hostility of William Lair Hill, a brilliant law yer, who was then editor of the Portland Oregonian. Hill learned that Mitchell was living under an assumed name, and made a trip to Pennsylvania, where he traced Mitchell's antecedents.

It was discovered that Mitchell's real name was John Hipple, and that while very young he had married a poor girl the daughter of a washerwoman, by whom he had several children. He left his family and disappeared, and in due time turned up on the Pacific coast as
"John H, Mitchell." His identity having been established, the Oregonian printed an exposure which caused a sensation in the state. For years afterward the Oregonian referred to him "John Hipple Mitchell"
Mitchell did not deny the truthfulness of the story. Instead, he took the people of Oregon into his confidence, dmitted that he had changed his name and asked the people to judge him by his record among them as a man rathor than by the errors of his youth. He took steps to have his new name legalized and made peace with his ormer wife by proper legal settlement.
The people of Oregon took Mitchell at his word, and the attacks upon him were unavailing. In 1872 he was elect ed to the United States senate and took his seat on March 4, 1873, the same day upon which William B. Allion entered upon his career in the senate. Alliso: has served continuously ever since, and now has the rec ord of having served longer than any other man, living or dead. But Mitchell has been in and out several times, and every campaign, with few exceptions, has been a fight in which the fur lew.
Senator Mitchell married early in his Oregon career, before the exposure of his Pennsylvania experience. His second wife was a resident of Oregon, of beauty and good family Several daughters and one son were born to them. The son, John H. Mitchell, Jr., is a prominent lawyer in Oregon. One daughter, Mattie, was a famous beauty and belle in Washington. In 1891 she married the Duke de a Rachefoucauld, and is living in Paris, where her mother is now visiting her.

## Challenging The Field

A Chinese woman of distinction, now in this country, was recently asked by a New York Tribune reporter to tell him what appeared to her to be the dominant American trait
"Hopefulness," was the quick reply; a cheerful perseverance, an industrious optimism.

This trait certainly governed a young man whom I met the other night "t a dinner party," the lady continued. "He was a medical student, and someone said to him:

Don't you despair of ever building
up a practice in medicine?'
Indeed, no,' he answered
But you will admit that the profession is already overcrowded?'

Oh, perhaps it is,' said the young man. And, then, wit. a laugh, he added, 'But I propose to graduate in medicine, just the same, and those who are already in the profession will have to take their chances.

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Also, leaving Union Station, St. Louis, at 8.20 p. m. on the Texas and Mexico Special on the Iron Mountain Route, you arrive at Little Rock, Ark., the next morning in time for breakfast. Here a superb dining car is attached to the train Meals are served a la carte, the menu and all appointments being strictly first class. From Little Rock it is less than an hour's run to Benton, Ark., where direct connection is made with the train of the Little Rock \& Hot Springs Western Railroad for Hot Springs, the greatest and most popular all-year-round health and pleasure resort in the country. Liberal stop-over privileges are allowed those who desire to visit this great national sanitarium.

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At Laredo, Tex., you cross the Rio Grande River and change flags, money also, if you wish to handle the current coin of the realm, but you do not have to change ars, as the same palatial Pullman in which you left St. Louis is still with you and will continue to be until your train rolls into the capital city of the sister Republic, at $7.30 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}_{\text {, }}$ third evening.

The first trip through Mexico is a series of revelations to the average tourist, They begin at Nuevo Laredo and reach a climax when the train climbs to the crest of the mountain which overlooks the beautiful Valley of Los Remedios, in the center of which nestle the clustered spires of the City of Mexico.

For descriptive pamphlets and further information, address
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