DECEMBER 30, 1904

The Commoner.

What Sulphur Does

For the Human Body in Health and Disease

The mention of sulphur will recall to many of us the early days when our mothers and grandmothers gave us our daily dose of sulphur and molasses every spring and fall.

It was the universal spring and fall "blood purifier," tonic and cure-all, and mind you, this old-fashioned remedy was not without merit.

The idea was good, but the remedy was crude and unpalatable, and a large quantity had to be taken to get any effect.

Nowadays we get all the beneficial effects of sulphur in a palatable, concentrated form, so that a single grain is far more effective than a tablespoonful of the crude sulphur.

In recent years, research and experiment have proven that the best sulphur for medicinal use is that obtained from Calcium (Calcium Sulphide) nd sold in drug stores under the name of Stuart's Calcium Wafers. They are small chocolate coat.d pellets and contain the active medicinal principle of sulphur in a highly concentrated, effective form.

Few people are aware of the value of this form of sulphur in restoring and maintaining bodily vigor and health; sulphur acts directly on the liver, and excretory organs and purifies and enriches the blood by the prompt elimination of waste material. Our grandmothers knew this when they dosed us with sulphur and molasses every spring and fall, but the crudity and impurity of ordinary flowers of sulphur were often worse than disease, and can not compare with the modern concentrated preparations of sulphur, of which Stuart's Calcium and shall render his accounts throgun Wafers is indoubtedly the best and the war department to the proper acmost widely used.

They are the natural antidote for liver and kidney troubles and cure con- to give good and sufficient bonds to stipation and purify the blood in a way that often surprises patient and secretary of war may direct, faithfully physician alike.

Dr. R. M. Wilkins while experimenting with sulphur remedies soon found that the sulphur from Calcium was superior to any other form. He says: "For liver, kidney and blood troubles, especially when resulting from constipation or malaria, I have been surprised at the results obtained from Stuart's Calcium Wafers. In patients suffering from boils and pimples and even deep-seated carbuncles, I have repeatedly seen them dry up and disappear in four or five days, leaving the skin clear and smooth. Although Stuart's Calcium Wafers is a proprietary article, and sold by druggists, and for that reason tabooed by many physicians, yet I know of nothing so safe and reliable for constituation, liver and kidney troubles and especially in all forms of skin disease as this remedv." It any rate people who are tired of pills, cathartics and so-called blood "purifiers," will find in Stuart's Calcium Wafers, a far safer, more palatable and effective preparation.

rines and carbines now in its possession.

To provide means to carry into effect the provisions of this section the necessary money to cover the cost of exchanging or issuing the new arms, accouterments, equipments, and ammunition to be exchanged or issued Any state, territory or the District of hereunder, is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Section 14. That whenever it shall appear by the report of inspection which it shall be the duty of the secretary of war to be made at least once in each year by officers detailed by him for that purpose, that the organized militia of a state or territory or the District of Columbia, is sufficiently armed, uniformed and equipped for active service in the field, the secretary of war is authorized, on the requisition of the governor of such state or territory to pay to the quartermaster general thereof, or to such other officer of the militia of said state as the said governor may designate and appoint for the purpose, so much of its allotment out of the said annual appropriation under section sixteen hundred and sixty-one of the revised statutes as amended as shall be necessary for the payment, subsistence, and transportation of such portion of said organized militia, as shall engage in actual field or camp service for instruction, and the officers and enlisted men of such militia while so engaged shall be entitled to the same pay, subsistence and transportation or travel allowances as officers and enlisted men of corresponding grades of the regular army are or may hereafter be entitled by law, and the officer so designated and appointed shall be regarded as a disbursing officer of the United States counting officers of the treasury for settlement, and he shall be required the United States, in such sums as the to account for the safe-keeping and payment of the public moneys so intrusted to him for disbursement.

Sec. 15. That the secretary of war is

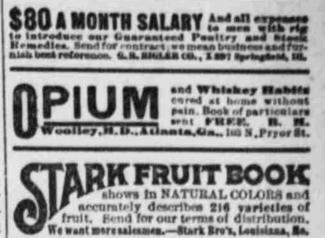
tion made by section sixteen hundred consequence of wounds or disabilities and sixty-one Revised Statutes, as amended, shall be available for the purpose of providing for issue to the organized militia any stores and supplies or publications which are supplied to the army by any department. Columbia, may, with the approval of the secretary of war, purchase for cash from the war department for the use of its militia, stores, supplies, material of war, or military publication, such as are furnished to the army, in addition to those issued under the provisions of this act, at the price at which they are listed for issue to the army with the cost of transportation added, and funds received from such sales shall be credited to the appropriations to which they belong and shall not be covered into the treasury, but shall be available until expended to replace therewith the supplies sold to the states and territories and to the District of Columbia in the manner herein provided.

Sec. 18. That each state or territory furnished with material of war under the provisions of this or former acts of congress, shall during the year next preceding each annual allotment of Reg. Patent Attorneys, 615 F street, Washington, D. O preceding each annual allotment of funds, in accordance with section sixteen hundred and sixty-one of the Revised Statutes as amended, have required every company, troop and battery in its organized militia not excused by the governor of such state or territory to participate in practice marches or go into camp of instruction at least five consecutive days and to assemble for drill and instruction at company, battalion, or regimental armories or rendezvous or for target practice not less than twenty-four times, and shall also have required during such year an inspection of each such company, troop and battery to be made by an officer of such militia or an officer of the regular army.

Sec. 19. That upon the application of the governor of any state or territory furnished with material of war under the provision of this act or former laws of congress, the secretary of war may detail one or more officers of the army to attend any encampment of the organized militia and to give such instruction and information to the ofhereby authorized to provide for parti- ficers and men assembled in such camps as may be requested by the governor. Such officer or officers shall request of the governor thereof in the immediately make a report of such encampment to the secretary of war, who shall furnish a copy thereof to the governor of the state or territory. Sec. 20. That upon application of the governor of any state or territory furnished with material of war under the provisions of this act or former laws of congress, the secretary of war, may, in his discretion, detail one or more officers of the army to report to the governor of such state or territory for duty in connection with the organized militia. All such assignments may be revoked at the request of the governor of the state or territory or at the pleasure of the secretary of war. Sec. 21. That the troops of the militia encamped at any military post or camp of the United States may be furnished such amounts of ammunition for instruction in firing and target practice as may be prescribed by the secretary of war and such instruction in firing shall be carried on under the direction of an officer selected for that purpose by the proper military commander. Sec. 22. That when any officer, noncommissioned officer, or private of the militia is disabled by reason of wounds or disabilities received or incurred in the service of the United States, he shall be entitled to all the benefits of the pension 'aws existing at the time of his service and in such case such officer, non-commissioned officer, or private dies in the service of the United States or in returning to his place of residence after being mustered out of such service, or at any time, in

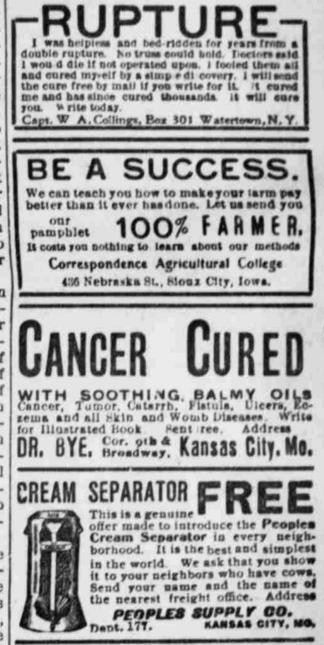
received in such service, his widow and children, if any, shall be entitled to all the benefits of such pension laws. (Continued on page 15.)

TCHING SKIN DISEASES QUICKLY CURED. W. BULLARD, 345 Theodore SL, Detroit, Mich.



PATENTS GUARANTEED

Send model or skotch for free opinion as to patent-ability. end for illustrated (juide Book. contains 100 mechanical movements and list of inventions want-





The Dick Bill

(Continued from page 11.) munition suitable to the old arms therefor issued to said state, territory or District of Columbia by the United States, Provided, that said rifles and carbines and other property shall be receipted for and shall remain the property of the United States and be annually accounted for by the governors of the states and territories as now required by law, and that each state, territory and district shall on receipt of new arms, turn in to the ordnance department of the United States army, without receiving any money credit therefor, and without expense for transportation, all United States

cipation by any part of the organized militia of any state or territory on the encampment, maneuvers and field instruction of any part of the regular army at or near any military post or camp or lake or seacoast defenses of the United States. In such case the organized militia so participating shall receive the same pay, subsistence, and transportation as is provided by law for the officers and men of the regular army, to be paid out of the appropriation for the pay, subsistence and transportation of the army: Provided, That the command of such military post or camp and of the officers and troops of the United States there stationed shall remain with the regular commander of the post without regard to the rank of the commanding or other officers of the militia temporarily so encamped within its limits or in its vicinity.

Sec. 16. That whenever any officer of the organzed militia shall, upon recommendation of the governor of any state, territory or general commanding the District of Columbia, and when authorized by the president attend and pursue a regular course of study at any military school or college, of the United States such officer shall receive from the annual appropriation for the support of the army the same travel allowances and quarters, or commutation of quarters, to which an officer of the regular army would be entitled if attending such school or college under orders from proper military authority, and shall also receive commutation of subsistence at the rate of one dollar per day while in actual attendance upon the course of instruction. Sec. 17. That the annual appropria-

HOLIDAY LOW RATES

To accomodate holiday travelers a rate of one fare plus 50 cents for the round trip has been placed in effect by the

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