

WHETHER COMMON OR NOT.

Not Every One That Sayeth.

("The rights and interests of the laboring man will be protected and cared for, not by labor agitators, but by the Christian men to whom God in his infinite wisdom has given control of the property interests of the country."—Mr. Baer.)

Not ev'ry man that sayeth, "Lord, Lord," in oily tone
Has made his calling and election sure.

For many, asked for bread, but give a bit of broken stone
To stay the bitter hunger of the poor.

The Pharisee that prateth of partnership with God,
But helpeth not "the least of these" of earth,

Will, soon or late, be chastened by a bitter, scourging rod,
And learn just what his boastful claim is worth.

Not ev'ry man that sayeth, "Lord, Lord," shall enter in;
'Tis not a place for greed, nor pomp, nor pride.

For scheming men of money whose wealth was won in sin
The pearly gates will never open wide.

The Pharisee that standeth puffed up with lordly gain,
That prateth of a trusteeship divine,

Will, soon or late, discover to his everlasting pain
He's failed to get a place within the line.

Not ev'ry man that sayeth, "Lord, Lord," has won a place
The throne of New Jerusalem beside;

For many, vain and haughty, have stamped in labor's face,
And blinded been by might and greed and pride.

The Pharisee that prateth of his superior clay
And tramples on the helpless weak and poor,

Will, soon or late, discover when he faces judgment day
A just God has forever barred the door.

Modern Naval Procedure.

The din of battle was terrific, for the 13-inch guns were hammering away, and the steel-clad hulls of the vessels were dented and scarred.

Suddenly the defensive squadron's flagship showed a pennant.
"What's that?" queried the commander of the offensive fleet.

"Signal, sir."
"What is it?"

"Commodore Thingumbob signals his compliments and asks for a ten-hour cessation of hostilities, 'cause the Duchess of Tommyrot wants to come aboard and take a look around."

"My compliments to Commodore Thingumbob, and give the order to cease firing. Tell him, also with my compliments, that I will come aboard his flagship and pay my compliments to the duchess."

"All right, sir."
Whereupon the two commodores got out their shoehorns and proceeded to insert themselves into their naval dress suits.

Never Touched 'em.

The president said down in Wheeling, With a show of considerable feeling:
"The truths must be curbed,"
But they're still undisturbed,
And go right ahead with their stealing.

Strictly Business.

"Does Sincerly take much interest in his business now?"
"Does he? Well, I should say so! He loaned me \$150 on a chattel mort-

gage and charges me 3 per cent a month."

Small Holdings.

He thought the earth was given him
To hold against all others,
And straightway did he then proceed
To boldly rob his brothers.
But when he settled up accounts
Then was he pained to see
The earth he owned was but a plat
Just seven feet by three.

After Information.

"Papa, when folks are married in the middle of the day it is called a wedding at high noon, isn't it?"
"Yes."
"Well, if folks are married right after supper do they call it a wedding at seven up?"

A Query.

Maiden fair, so coy and sweet,
With brown eyes and tiny feet,
Tell me now, O winsome witch,
Of your hair—say which is switch.

Warfare up to Date.

General Buzfuz—"I have constructively blown your ships out of the water."

Admiral Wiggleston—"But I have theoretically knocked your forts to smithereens."

General Buzfuz—"I congratulate you upon your splendid victory."

Admiral Wiggleston—"I congratulate you upon your magnificent triumph."

Orderly Slavvy (entering)—"I have the honor to report, sirs, that the materials for practical irrigation have been tactically compounded, sirs."

Missing.

There is a land of pure delight,
Of angels bright and fair;
Where there's no need of anthracite—
But Baer's
Not there.

IN THE Political Field....

A dispatch from Detroit, Mich., under date of September 6, says: William C. McMillan announced at noon today that he will not be a candidate for the United States senate to succeed his father, the late James McMillan. The conclusion was definitely reached today, after a conference between Mr. McMillan and a number of his political friends. It is announced by his friends that Dexter M. Ferry of this city, a prominent capitalist, will be a candidate for the senate. Gen. R. A. Alger, ex-secretary of war, is already an announced candidate.

A split occurred in the republican convention of the Sixth Tennessee district at Nashville on September 6, which met for the purpose of nominating a candidate for congress in opposition to the present representative, John W. Gaines. One contingent nominated District Attorney Tillman, while the other put up H. A. Luck.

It is reported from Fort Worth, Tex., on September 6, that the deadlock in the Twelfth district democratic congressional convention at Cleburne was broken by the nomination of O. W. Gillespie on ballot No. 7,201. Riddle, one of the three candidates, withdrew.

The democratic state campaign in Ohio was opened in Lorain on September 6. Rev. Herbert Bigelow, the candidate for secretary of state, made a speech, but the principal address of

the evening was that of Mayor Tom L. Johnson of Cleveland. His speech referred entirely to state issues, and he strongly arraigned the dominant party in the legislature for unjust taxation laws, saying that the corporations of the state had been relieved while the burden of taxation was being thrown upon the masses of the people. When Mayor Johnson had finished his speech he invited questions from his hearers. He was asked as to a remedy for trusts. Replying, the mayor said that the campaign of fairer taxation inaugurated in Ohio, would, he thought, remove a great many of the objections now held against trusts. He said that the immense holdings of the United States steel corporation did not necessarily make it an objectionable corporation, but that justice was not done the people in the matter of taxing its immensely valuable ore and other mining properties. These, the mayor declared, were taxed at but a small percentage of their value, while the holdings of the farmers and property owners are taxed at approximately full value.

The democrats of the Second congressional district of Tennessee nominated Col. Harvey H. Hannah of Oliver Springs to oppose Henry R. Gibson, the present congressman, who was renominated by the republicans.

The democrats of the Seventh district of Indiana nominated Jacob Platt Dunn for congress.

The democrats of the First Michigan district in convention at Menominee, on September 6, nominated John Power of Escanaba for congress.

It is announced by the Times-Star of Cincinnati, O., that Murat Halstead, the veteran editor and author, is a candidate for the republican nomination for congress in the Second Ohio district, represented in the last three congresses by Hon. Jacob H. Bromwell. There are also several others seeking the nomination.

On September 9 it was reported from Harrisburg, Pa., that Judge Weiss decided the contest between Congressman Henry D. Green of Reading and Marcus C. L. Kline, of Allentown, the rival democratic nominees for congress in the Thirteenth district, composed of Berks and Lehigh counties, in favor of Mr. Kline. Judge Weiss holds that Mr. Kline was regularly and legally nominated at the recent conference held at Allentown and that his certificate of nomination is valid and that of Mr. Green is invalid.

An Associated press dispatch from Joplin, Mo., under date of September 9, says: The democratic campaign in Missouri opened here this evening at a meeting attended by 5,000 people. William J. Bryan was the principal speaker. William J. Stone, national committeeman and candidate for senator to succeed George C. Vest, Governor A. M. Dockery and Mayor James A. Reed of Kansas City also spoke. Mr. Bryan talked on the tariff question, saying among other things that it was time to take the tariff off at least all kinds of trust made goods. The country, he said, could not look to the republicans for reform in tariff matters. He declared that President Roosevelt had no remedy for the trust evil and that some of his utterances on the subject were absurd. Continuing he said: "I tell you one trust magnate in stripes behind the prison walls would do more to break up trusts than all the speeches the president can make. The constitutional amendment the republicans are talking about is not meant for the regulation of trusts, but to take the power to control trusts away from the states and so protect the trusts."

The democrats of Colorado held their state convention on September 9

and 10 and nominated the following ticket: Governor, E. C. Stimson; lieutenant governor, Thomas Annear, San Juan county; secretary of state, Horace W. Havens, Lake county; auditor, Harry Elmsley, Arapahoe county; state treasurer, James M. Carlisle, Pueblo. The platform adopted reaffirmed allegiance to the Kansas City platform, denounced the Fowler bill and pledged their support to Senator Henry M. Teller for the United States senate.

A Concord, N. H., dispatch, dated September 10, said: The democrats of New Hampshire met in state convention here today and placed in nomination for governor Hon. Henry F. Hollis of Concord, chairman of the state central committee. John M. Mitchell of this city was also a candidate, but he received only 146 votes of the 398 cast in the first and only ballot taken. Mr. Hollis' nomination was made unanimous. The platform reaffirms "allegiance to the essential principles of the democracy of the nation." It demands: "The immediate abolition of all tariffs on trust-made articles;" the stringent enforcement of all laws against combines; free trade with insular territories; independence of the Philippine islands, and a reduction of duties on Cuban imports. The resolutions also declare for a law authorizing towns and cities, by a majority vote, to license and control the sale of intoxicating liquors. The convention, by a large majority, refused to favor woman suffrage.

The populist state convention of Colorado did not fuse with the democrats and put up a straight ticket. The following nominations were made by acclamation: Governor, Judge Frank W. Owers, Lake county; lieutenant governor, Thomas Annear, San Juan county; secretary of state, David A.

"He Won't Die

of consumption" is a remark often made of a fleshy man. The remark expresses the popular recognition of the fact that the sign of consumption is emaciation, loss of flesh. On the other hand, a gain in flesh is a sure sign that wasting diseases are being cured.

Emaciated people with obstinate coughs, bleeding lungs, night-sweats and weakness, have been perfectly cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. The several steps of the cure were recorded in ounces and pounds of increasing weight. When there is gain in flesh the wasting disease is being surely cured.

Mr. Will H. Whitmire, of Arkton, Rockingham Co., Va., writes: "Our son contracted a deep cold about the first of July, 1899, and had a terrible cough. We called a doctor and he pronounced it irritation of the bronchial tubes, with asthmatic trouble, and he informed me that my son was liable to die at any time. He told me that if we could keep the bronchial tubes open, he might cure him; but after treating him several weeks and my son growing worse all the time, I concluded to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pleasant Pellets.' I had seen several almost miraculous cures brought about by the use of these medicines, and of course I had wonderful faith in them. He used three bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery' at home and one vial of the 'Pellets,' and was then well enough to go to West Virginia, taking a supply with him. I am just in receipt of a letter from him from which I quote: 'I am well and hardy and getting very fleshy.'"

The Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 large pages is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the cloth-bound volume or only 21 stamps for the book in paper covers. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

