

Weekly News Summary

January 14, 365 insurgents surrendered to Gen. James F. Wade at Cebu, Philippine islands.

Four national banks in Pittsburg, Pa., have consolidated their capital into one institution.

Admiral Schley's appeal from the findings of the court of inquiry has been submitted to the president.

Mrs. Frederick Seure, who, as Camilla Urso, was famous for fifty years as a violinist, died recently in New York.

Two distinct earthquake shocks were experienced at St. Louis on the morning of January 24. No damage was done.

Eleven prisoners escaped from the federal prison at McNeils, Wash. Of this number several have been recaptured.

Fifteen teachers selected to go to the Philippines are to sail from New York for those islands on the 15th of February.

It is reported from Constantinople that the Kurds are again in the field in Armenia and conflicts have already taken place.

It is rumored that peace negotiations are on foot between Great Britain and the Boer delegates. British authorities deny this.

A terrible explosion in a mine at Oskaloosa, Ia., resulted in the death of twenty-one miners and the serious injury of eight others.

Dr. Rixey, Mr. McKinley's family physician, has been appointed chief of the naval bureau of medicine, with the rank of rear admiral.

A dispatch from Colon, Colombia, reports that a naval battle took place January 20 between the revolutionary fleet and the government vessels.

A bill has been introduced in the house providing for the union of Oklahoma and Indian territory, to be known as the state of Oklahoma.

Frank Rakowski, a private in the United States army, has been sentenced to ten years' imprisonment for threatening to assassinate President Roosevelt.

Prof. Edmund J. James of the university of Chicago has been elected to succeed Dr. Rogers as president of the Northwestern university at Evanston, Ill.

It is proposed to send President Kruger an invitation signed by 500,000 people to visit Chicago on June 26, the date set for the coronation of King Edward VII.

The annual convention of the United Mine Workers of America met in Indianapolis January 19. It is estimated that between 900 and 1,000 delegates were present.

Reconcentration camps are to be established in the province of Batangas, P. I. This action was ordered by Gen. J. Franklin Bell, military commander of the province.

A dispatch from Washington, D. C., reports that the senate committee on pensions ordered a favorable report on Senator Hanna's bill to grant a pension of \$5,000 a year to Mrs. McKinley.

Advices from Washington are to the effect that the treaty for the cession of the Danish West Indies from Denmark to the United States has been signed and will be submitted to the senate for ratification.

According to the latest report of the isthmian canal commission it is agreed

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And Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, No Pay. Price 25 cents.

that the Panama route shall be selected. It is admitted, however, that a perfect title to the concessions must come from Colombia.

It is reported from Constantinople that the money subscribed for the ransom of Miss Stone and her companion has been forwarded to the Americans who are in charge of the negotiations for their release.

A recent dispatch from Vienna says that an attempt was made to assassinate King George of Greece. His life was saved by a prison inspector who received the stab intended for the king. The assassin has been arrested.

Resolutions have been adopted by the Methodist Ministers' association demanding the expulsion of Dr. Chas. W. Pearson of the Northwestern university at Chicago because of his expressed disbelief in the infallibility of the Bible.

For the first time in the history of China, the foreign ministers were accorded audience with the emperor as representatives of sovereigns equal in rank with himself. The reception took place January 22 in the innermost large hall of the "Forbidden City."

January 20 the president signed a government check for \$376,000 to be transmitted to China through Minister Wu. The check represented the money captured by the United States marines at Tien Tsin during the recent troubles in China.

A Washington dispatch under date of January 19 to the New York World says that government ownership of telegraph lines will be pushed by the administration at this session of congress, according to present belief. The administration bill for the acquisition of the telegraph is now being prepared by a sub-committee of the senate post-office committee and will be introduced at an early date.

A cablegram to the Chicago Tribune from Manila under date of January 19 says: An important capture was made in Laguna province, Luzon, when eight men of the Eighth infantry captured a woman insurgent general named Aqueda Kahabagan. She recently commanded an insurgent force of 800 men, 300 of whom carried rifles, while 500 were armed with bolos. For six years past she has been leading insurgent bands against the Spaniards and the Americans. She has freely disclosed the location of the insurgents and will make overtures to them for surrender.

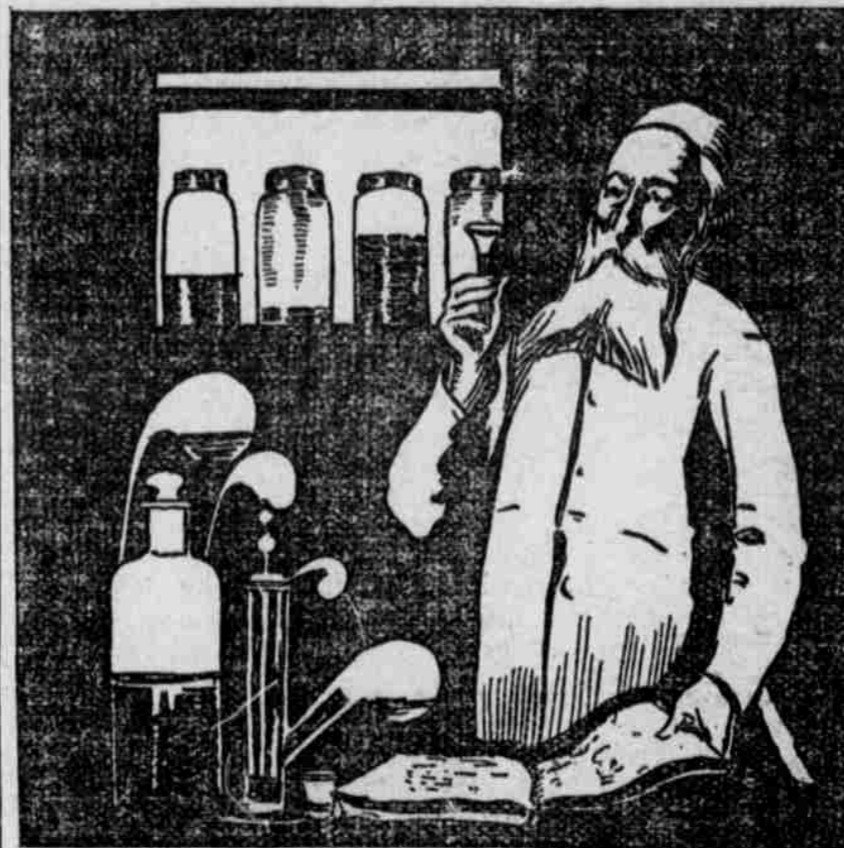
The attorneys representing the New York city corporations who are parties to the special franchise-tax proceedings before ex-Judge Robert Earl, began the summing up of their case before him in Albany, N. Y. The argument was opened by ex-Senator David B. Hill, who is chief attorney for the corporations, and he was followed by ex-Judge Charles F. Brown, William H. Page, Frank Platt, Chas. A. Collin, William F. Dykman, and Henry C. Hemmen. The case for the state board of tax commissioners will be presented by J. Newton Fiero and Deputy Attorney General Henry C. Coman.

Mrs. Sarah Williams, of Detroit, Mich., a buxom widow of 45, was married to Theodore Comstock, who once was a successful Michigan miller, but who has been dead a number of years. The ceremony was performed by Mollie Ladell, a noted spiritualistic medium, in the presence of a numerous following of the cult. The courtship is said to have extended over a number of months under the tutelage of Medium Ladell. The ceremony (Continued on Page Eleven.)

THE ELIXIR OF LIFE.

The Secret of it Revealed.

The old philosophers had a dream that there existed or could be compounded a rejuvenating elixir, by the use of which men could live on and on in youthful vigor and enjoyment. Some thought that there was a fountain of youth to be discovered, and so went far afield to seek it. They failed to find the fountain, but they found new lands. Others shut themselves in secret chambers and with crucible, alembic and retort sought to distil this elixir. They too failed, but they created chemistry. Only a few years ago Dr. Brown-Sequard was announced as having at last discovered this precious elixir. But his discovery also failed under test. And yet the elixir of life exists. It is such a common-place thing that we overlook it.



The real elixir of life is the food we eat. All physical life is sustained by food, and food alone. You can't live without eating. But you can eat without living. Because it is not what is eaten which sustains life, but only so much of it as is digested and assimilated. That is why physical weakness and wasting of the body point inevitably to disease of the stomach and its allied organs of digestion and nutrition.

NO MAN CAN BE STRONGER THAN HIS STOMACH.

In a condition of perfect health the measure of a man's strength would be the quantity of nutrition contained in the food eaten. When there is disease of the stomach and its allied organs, the measure of strength is the quantity of nutrition extracted from the food eaten. Disease of the stomach means loss of nutrition, and loss of nutrition means weakness. That is why weak stomach means weak man. Stomach "trouble," which is spoken of so lightly, is often the root of heart "trouble," lung "trouble," kidney "trouble," etc. These are all organs of the body, and when the body as a whole is deprived of nutrition because of "weak" stomach, the organs which make up the body are, of course, the real sufferers.

If this theory is not sound how can we account for the cures of heart, liver, lungs, kidneys, etc., by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which is essentially a medicine for the cure of disease of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition? Such cures are a matter of constant surprise to those who sought only relief from stomach "trouble" and found health for the whole body in the use of the "Golden Medical Discovery."

"I had been afflicted for four years with what the doctors called indigestion and liver complaint," writes Mr. J. M. Clark, of Heard, Tenn. "I had tried medicine until I had given up all hope of getting well. I wrote to Dr. Pierce and he advised me to use his 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I commenced its use at once, and after using two bottles

of the 'Discovery' and some of Dr. Pierce's Pellets I was able to do a reasonable day's work. When I commenced taking it I weighed 156 pounds, and when I quit I weighed 178. The 'Golden Medical Discovery' is the best medicine for such diseases and to build up the constitution that I ever knew of, and I take pleasure in recommending it.

"You may publish this if you wish, and if any one doubts it being true if they will refer to me I will write to them myself, and if they will try it they will be convinced."

WEIGHT IS THE WITNESS.

There is a witness to the soundness of the cures effected by "Golden Medical Discovery," whose testimony is unimpeachable. It is the witness of weight. There's no sentiment in the scales. No imagination in the pound weights. They deal absolutely with the solid facts of solid flesh. When a man is sick with indigestion and liver complaint he generally loses flesh. When he takes "Golden Medical Discovery" and cures

the indigestion and liver complaint his lost flesh is regained. That was the case with Mr. Clark. He gained twenty-two pounds as the result of his cure; twenty-two pounds of solid flesh, not flabby fat.

"For six long years I suffered with indigestion and my liver and kidneys, which baffled the best doctors in our country," writes Mr. E. L. Ransell, of Woolsey, Prince William Co., Va. "I suffered with my stomach and back for a long time, and after taking a 'cart-load' of medicine from three doctors I grew so bad I could hardly do a day's work. Would have death-like pains in the side and blind spells, and thought life was hardly worth living. I decided to consult Dr.

R. V. Pierce, and his staff of physicians. They said my case was curable and I was greatly encouraged. I began taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pleasant Pellets,' as advised. Before I had taken half of the second bottle I began to feel relieved. I got six more bottles and used them, and am happy to say I owe my life to Dr. Pierce and his medicines. These words are truths, as I live, so if this testimonial can be used in any way to be of benefit you need not hesitate to use it. I shall stand for the Invalids' Hotel and surgical Institute as long as life lasts."

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It purifies the blood, and builds up the body with sound flesh and solid muscle. It is the best of tonics for those in a debilitated and nervous condition, speedily restoring them to vigorous health.

Those who suffer from chronic diseases are invited to consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, free. All correspondence strictly private. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's offer of free consultation by letter, is not to be confused with the spurious offers of "free medical advice" made by men or women without medical knowledge or training, and who are therefore incapable of giving genuine medical advice.

The sole motive for substitution is to permit the dealer to make the little more profit paid by the sale of less meritorious medicines. He gains; you lose. Therefore accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery."

NOTHING TO PAY.

except expense of mailing to obtain a copy of the great medical work, Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, containing over a thousand large pages and more than 700 illustrations. This book in paper covers sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps, to pay expense of mailing only. For the cloth-bound volume send 31 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.