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America's End to Discrimination Would Set Example for Nations

WASHINGTON —(ANP) —If America should put an end to discrimination based on race, color or creed in our generation, it would set an example for the rest of the world declared Senator Wayne Morse (R. Oreg.).

Speaking at the opening meeting of a two-day community conference on intercultural education held at the Interior Department Auditorium last Wednesday night, the Oregon Senator recommended the teaching of "democratic values so that they will be put into practice and not shelved as empty abstraction."

"The solution of the problems of intercultural education will determine in the last analysis whether we have peace or war," he said.

The conference was called by a group of civic leaders and school officials for the purpose of promoting a program to teach school children tolerance and belief in equality.

Lester Granger, executive director of the National urban league described the conference as a start toward intercultural understanding, but added that he did not think that Washington was looking at or to intercultural education.

Pointing out that Washington is "still steep in ignorance, bigotry and fear" in matters of race relations, the league executive declared that the people of this city would vote down a proposition of intercultural education if it was put before them today.

He described this nation as being a striving, blundering, grouping people, stumbling toward democracy which does not even exist in the National Capitol which is naturally a reflection of the whole country.

"We need more intercultural, international, inter-people understanding. He stated that the distrust of Americans elsewhere in the world resulted from our inability to get along together in this country.

District School Superintendent Hobart M. Corning told the group on Thursday afternoon that the schools of Washington were making strides toward intercultural education while still working within the framework of segregation.

Superintendent Corning, who is an advocate of separate schools boasted that bi-racial meetings of school officers and teachers were some times held in Washington.

N. Carolina Sheriff Names Negro Deputy

GREENSBORO, N. C.—(ANP) —Sheriff John E. Walters last week announced that he had appointed a Negro deputy sheriff for Guilford county. The new deputy is Johnnie D. Marable.

He will work in Negro sections of the country. He will serve civil process action on Negroes, and also will help in criminal work in colored communities in other parts of the county outside Greensboro.

Marable is the first member of his race to be appointed a deputy in any part of the state of North Carolina. He formerly worked as chauffeur and butler of Mayor Ben Cone of Greensboro.

The appointment of Marable to his new position is an indirect result of several years of successful use of Negro police officers in the city of Greensboro.

He said a committee had been formed to introduce materials into the curriculum designed to ease tension caused by racial, religious and cultural differences.

The two-day conference was called for the purpose of promoting through the schools and other organizations a recognition and acceptance of diverse groups that make up the community.

John J. O'Connor, secretary of the Catholic Interracial Council said the Catholic education is rapidly becoming integrated. Negro students are now admitted to all parochial schools, Catholic high schools and universities.

Miss Laurentine B. Collins, director of school-community relations for Detroit schools, claimed that the lack of the vote in the District is responsible for the race tensions in the city.

AME Supervisors Selected for Year

Area Supervisors for the Nebraska Conference Missionary Society of the A.M.E. church were announced recently by Conference branch president, Mrs. Helen K. Newton, Kansas City, Kas. They are Florence Birch, Kansas City, Kas., Kansas City Area; Mrs. Blanche Moore, Omaha, Neb., Omaha Area; and Mrs. Ada Smith, Atchison, Kas., Atchison Area. Slogan for the year is Membership, Efficiency, Finance and Enthusiasm. Missionary study book to be used is "The Near East Ponarama"—Wisner.

First Inspirational meeting for the Omaha area will be held at Allen Chapel, Omaha, Friday December 15, according to a statement by Mrs. Moore. Mrs. Charlotte Jackson and Mrs. Golden Brooks will be delegates.

Application Taken Any Time Under New Merit System

Shortages of skilled clerical, professional, and technical help continue to plague the Merit System Agencies and a continuous recruitment program for all positions has been instituted to facilitate meeting personal needs. Qualified persons may apply at any time for positions in the Agencies, whether or not such positions have been announced in separate posters. Consideration will be given to applicants as vacancies occur or as examinations are scheduled. It is hoped that through this process, there will be less delay in filling the vacancies that arise due to increased army activity or other reasons.

Persons who are drafted or who enlist in the Armed Services have reinstatement rights under the Merit System, but it is also necessary to fill these jobs in order to provide health, employment and welfare services in the interim. Vacancies seem to be most frequently developing now in the local health programs and in the county assistance offices. Specific information can be obtained from the Merit System.

Calendar of Events

Mt. Zion Baptist Church
Dec. 15—Chitterling supper and bazaar.
Urban League
Dec. 21—Christmas party.
Dec. 27—Masons, St. John banquet.

Haitian President Magloire Works Improve Conditions

By Claude A. Barnett

PORT-au-PRINCE, Haiti. (ANP). Col. Paul E. Magloire was inaugurated Dec. 6 as president of the new Haitian government.

In a simple but impressive address, the new president declared that he would work for the advancement of peasants whom he called the backbone of Haiti. With them, he said he would work out a program for the improvement of agriculture, Haiti's basic industry.

The lavish inaugural ceremonies here, although more colorful and pompous than American inaugurations, were very dignified. An aristocratic, who is popular with all classes, the black, handsome colonel well matched the stately occasion.

Activities began at 8 a.m. with a 21 gun salute. At 9 a.m. Col. Magloire appeared before the national assembly and assembled guests and government officials at the government palace. After being sworn in he delivered his address.

Declaring that he was not going to make any lavish demagogic promises, President Magloire said his aim was to utilize the nation's possibilities and cooperate with peasant to work with blood and sweat to produce coffee, bananas, cocoa, and other food crops.

He also denounced Communism and class or color hate and differences. The latter, he said, had been "cleverly and wickedly kindled during the last election." He added that he would like to see the United States send more Negroes with the diplomatic corps in Haiti.

"Improvement and extension of agricultural possibilities will be a key point in my administration," he declared. "Haiti is an agricultural country. The legislature and I will support any sound program which will permit an increase in agricultural output, increase the financial income of the country, and improve the living and health standards of the peasants.

"After all the peasants are the basis of the country's life and being. In the past the neglect of our peasants has been the main obstacle blocking our economic evolution.

"The starting point of all our possibilities, of all our plans is the small plot of land which our peasant tills with blood and sweat so that he can give us coffee, bananas, cocoa and other food crops."

Concluding his address with a statement that every action of the government would be open to the inspection and examination by the people, he remarked:

"Many obstacles and tasks lay ahead for this government, but I intend to tackle them with courage. At the end of my term I will hold my head high in rendering my final accounts to the people."

Ethiopia Gets \$7,000,000 Loan

WASHINGTON—(ANP)—Ethiopia became the first African nation to secure a loan from the World Bank here last week when it was awarded the sum of \$7,000,000. The loan is for 20 years at 3 percent interest rate with payments to begin in 1956. Ethiopia will use \$5,000,000 to rebuild its road system.

Five Refused By Trustees of Univ. of Tenn.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn.—(ANP) —Because the state of Tennessee has jimcrow laws preventing Negroes and whites from attending schools together, no Negroes will be admitted to the University of Tennessee.

This ruling was announced this week by the University of Tennessee board of trustees at its meeting.

Negro attorneys promised court action to gain for their clients admittance to various graduate and professional schools at the all-white state university. The Negro Tennessee A&I State college does not provide courses they are seeking.

No specific announcement as to what kind of action they will take was revealed by the attorneys.

Denied entrance into the university because of their race were:

McKinley Exum of Memphis and Gene Mitchell Gray, Lincoln A. Blakeney, James H. Patterson and Jack Alexander of Knoxville.

Blakeney and Patterson want to attend the university law school; Gray and Alexander, the graduate school, and Exum, the school of dentistry.

The decision by the board of trustees directly opposed a recent ruling by State Atty. Gen. Roy H. Beeler. Beeler said the university would have to admit the Negro students on the basis of recent U. S. Supreme court decisions.

The board of trustees relied solely on the state's segregation law in which the state constitution under article XI, section 12 says in part:

"No school established or aided white and Negro children to be received as scholars together in the same school."

Negroes base their case under a clause in the state constitution which says appropriations "shall be inviolably appropriated to the support and encouragement of common schools thruout the state, and for the equal benefit of all the people thereof."

In announcing their decision, the trustees issued the following statement:

"Whereas the constitution and statutes of the state of Tennessee expressly provide that there shall be segregation in the education of the races in schools and colleges in the state and that a violation of the laws of the states in this regard subjects the violator to prosecution, conviction and punishment as therein provided;

"And whereas this board is bound by the constitutional provision and acts referred to

"Be it therefore resolved that the applications by members of the Negro race for admission as students into the University of Tennessee be and the same are hereby denied."

NOTES OF INTEREST
Mrs. Anna Hayden Williams of Omaha, guest soloist for "The Messiah," was house guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Dean on Sunday.

Soloist in Messiah



—Courtesy Lincoln Journal.

ANNA WILLIAMS

The University Choral Union gave a superb performance Sunday afternoon at the University coliseum in the production of the well-known Messiah. There were approximately 600 voices, 65-piece university orchestra and four soloists accompanied by piano and organ. They were under the direction of Prof. David Foltz.

An Omaha singer, Mrs. Anna Hayden Williams, was soprano soloist and was at her best in "I Know That My Redeemer Liveth." Mrs. Williams, who gave a recital at the Lincoln Urban League last December 16, has made numerous appearances all over the country. She was the 1947 and 1948 second place winner of the Voice of Tomorrow contest.

If War Comes . . . 'Only Survivors' Says Dr. Bunche

BERLIN, Germany — (ANP) — Dr. Ralph Bunche, UN trusteeship division director, enroute to Oslo, Norway, to receive the 1950 Nobel Peace prize, said here last week that "if there is a war, it will be hard to speak of victory.

"With the weapons that now exist, I think there would be no winner—only survivors."

Speaking of the current state of affairs in Korea, he said there was a good chance of avoiding a war with China and world conflict, although it was a "touch and go" situation.

St. Louis Alderman Killed In Auto Wreck

ST. LOUIS. (ANP). The Rev. Jasper C. Caston, 51, the first Negro to become an alderman in St. Louis, died here recently as the result of a fatal automobile crash on Highway 6 about 15 miles from Hannibal, Mo.

Two passengers, riding with the alderman, Ben Love, 54, and Mrs. Elizabeth Howard, 40, were injured.