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Dr. Ralph Bunche Appointed Professor of Govt. At Harvard U.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass. (ANP). Dr. Ralph J. Bunche, senior director of the U.N. Trusteeship council and 1950 Nobel peace prize winner, was appointed professor of government at Harvard college here last Wednesday.

The appointment, announced by University Provost Paul H. Buck. The professorship, according to Buck, "was voted by the corporation on Jan. 16, and by the board of overseers on April 10." Bunche accepted the position, but received a leave of absence of present commitments in the U.N.

Though he is the first Negro to hold a professorship in the college, there has been another Negro on the faculty. He was Dr. William A. Hinton, now retired, served as clinical professor of bacteriology and immunology in the university medical school.

Bunche was born 46 years ago in Detroit, the son of a barber. He was orphaned at the age of 14. He worked his way through school and then through the University of California on athletic scholarships.

The U.N. official won a master's degree at Harvard in 1928, and a doctorate in 1934. He recently received the Nobel peace prize for his work as U.N. mediator in Palestine, following the assassination of Swedish Count Folke Bernadotte. Two years ago, he declined appointment as assistant secretary in the U.S. state de-

Shakespeare Given Award

Melvin L. Shakespeare has received a tuition scholarship awarded from Cotner College to continue his work in the field of Religion.

Rev. Mr. Shakespeare was selected by the faculty to receive the award after having been a student at the college the past year "in recognition of his significant work with The Voice." He was given a leave of absence from the pastorate in order to continue studies. He has held continuous appointments in Nebraska and Kansas since 1939.

Bunche Sees No War in Sight

NEW YORK.—Dr. Ralph J. Bunche, 1950 Nobel peace prize winner, said this week he does not think there is likely to be a major global conflict soon.

But Dr. Bunche, who won the award for his mediation efforts between the Arabs and the Jews that brought an end to the shooting war in Palestine, does not eliminate the possibility of new local outbreaks of fighting.

In an article in the November issue of the United Nations World magazine, Dr. Bunche explains his optimism is based on the promptness with which the UN met the aggression in Korea.

"It is unfortunate," he said, "that a peace organization should have to resort to force. Yet there is no contradiction between the UN's peace aims and armed intervention in Korea. All who hope for peace must be reassured by the fact that the United Nations did take this extreme step when the situation demanded it."

partment because of racial segregation in Washington.

No indication as to when his leave of absence would expire was given by university officials.

Edith Sampson Makes Speech

NEW YORK. (ANP). The nineteenth annual New York Herald Tribune Forum, whose theme is "Mobilizing America's Strength for World Security," opened its sessions before a huge audience at the Waldorf-Astoria in the Grand ballroom last week.

Speaking on the session "Strides Towards World Security" was the Chicago attorney and alternate U. S. representative to the UN, Edith S. Sampson, who discussed "WORLD SECURITY BEGINS AT HOME."

The dynamic speaker began by giving a brief history of her life and work on the South Side of Chicago. From this vantage point she indicated that she learned something about the word "security." A social worker and a lawyer it was the UN representative's opinion that she was indeed acquainted with the problems of ordinary people.

Continued the speaker, "Security means something very real and personal. It means opportunity to work and advance in one's work; to educate children to be safe in homes, on the streets, and to be safeguarded in health and other civic interests concerning the city politics. Security also means an effective defense among other things against aggression."

Lest We Forget

Mrs. W. I. Monroe, 920 So. 12.
Mrs. Virginia Brown, 930 Short.
Mrs. Irby Stephen, 1965 U St.
Mrs. Susie O'Donnell, 623 C St.
Rev. Trago McWilliams, sr., St. Elizabeth hospital.
Mrs. James 'Step' Jones, St.
Mrs. Lillian Bradley, St. Elizabeth.

Vast Majority of Negroes to Go Demo In Nov. Election, ANP's Poll Reveals

Chest Drive Maintaining Pace of 1949

Lincoln's 1950 Community Chest campaign is progressing as well as last year's for the same period, Carl W. Olson, general chairman said Saturday.

A review of the five days of reporting up to noon Friday showed that 79 percent of the goal has been reached. Last year 82 percent of the goal had been reached in the first five days of solicitation.

THIS YEAR 533 firms and other units have reported their employes as meeting their goals. Last year there were 481 at this time.

There has been a marked increase in number of subscribers, according to Olson. This year there are 21,510 to date as compared to 18,250.

Awards in the form of miniature Oscars have been given to 23 leaders for attaining goals in their respective divisions, whereas last year there were only 11 among them is Clyde W. Malone, secretary of the Urban League.

The classified employes section, Olson pointed out, has attained 79 percent of the goal as compared to 71 percent in the corresponding period last year.

OLSON SAID "All in all, it is a satisfactory condition going into the home stretch, and if the workers will work over their assignments properly there should be a satisfactory conclusion by the middle of the week. However, if there is a lag, the campaign will not close until the goal is reached."

Mrs. Anna Harris, 2303 So. 8th.
Mrs. Gladys McFields, 2047 S.
Mr. J. H. Dean, 1018 Rose.
Mr. Henry Spann, 516 No. 23.

CHICAGO. (ANP). Though a good number of Negroes will again cast their votes with the party of Lincoln on Nov. 7, the vast majority will line up with Democrats.

According to a cross-country survey made by the Associated Negro Press, the Democrats will carry the Negro vote on the state level in all the northern and border states. Though now about one million strong in the south, the Negro vote will have no effect in the November election which was decisive in the primaries.

The 1,000 Negroes polled were asked:

(1) How do you expect the Negro vote in your area to go in the coming election? Republican or Democratic?

(2) How will the Negro vote go for U. S. senator in your city and state? How, for congress in your district? Please give the name of the candidate for the Senate whom you think will win and the name of the congressional candidate?

(3) What vital issues affecting Negroes are being raised in your area?

(4) Are any Negro candidates running? For what offices? What are their chances?

(5) Are Negro men and women especially active in the campaign? What colored people are most outstanding in the campaign or political picture there?

The outstanding fact revealed in the poll was that the Negro is interested in the man who is going to give him civil rights and is voting for him.

The most unique incident was the finding of a 90-year-old Chicago woman who will vote for the first time in the Nov. 7 election. Born in slavery days in Guadalupe, Tex., Mrs. Nettie Alma Patterson, lived in the south until she came to Chicago five years ago. Her precinct captain said he found it difficult to get her to realize that voting was her right. When ANP's reporter asked her how she would vote, she unhesitatingly answered, "A straight Democratic ticket."

A Cleveland lawyer, Chester K. Gillespie, voiced this senti-

U.S. Jurist Hits Racists In Politics

ATLANTA.—U. S. District Judge M. Neil Andrews last week urged citizens to repudiate hate doctrine which "some candidates used to get elected."

Addressing the North Kirkwood Civilian Club, the jurist declared that civic clubs "more than any other force in community life today help alleviate alignment of community against community farmer against city slicker, race against race, native against foreigner, labor against management."

He added that "such sham battles are the breadth of life to demagogues."

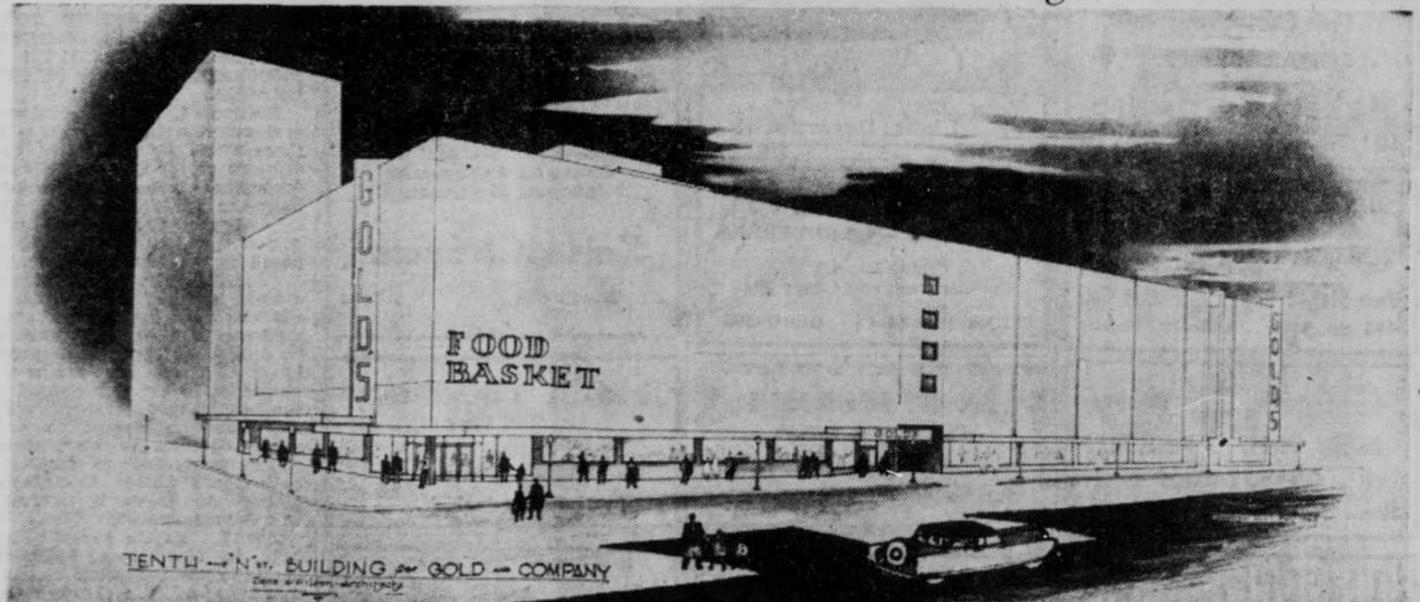
ment about the majority of Negroes going democratic:

"I am strongly of the opinion that the great majority of Negroes who are voting the Democratic ticket these days are doing so largely because the Democrats have created and are maintaining a welfare state.

"If Negroes are only interested in the handouts by Democrats, such a situation is regrettable and intolerable because the handouts, as everyone knows, will soon come to an end and the Negro, as always will be at the bottom of a wrecked-state.

"History teaches us that when such a situation does exist you can not reason with people about the salvation of the government, its constitution or civil rights.

Gold & Co. Plans Another Building



Another phase of the expansion program of Gold & Co., was announced by Nathan J. Gold, President, in the construction of a modern 4-story and basement building which will join the present store building. It will occupy the quarter of the block at the northeast corner of 10th and "N" streets. This building will be similar in style to the present

Gold & Co., building and will represent another achievement in the panorama which is taking place in the city of Lincoln.

The Food Basket, which is the grocery division of Gold & Co., will occupy the complete first floor of the new building which will be 115x142. The second floor will be occupied by a new luncheonette; and there will be a

bridge joining the two buildings on the second, third and fourth floors. The third and fourth floors will allow for the expansion of various fast-growing merchandising departments. There will also be a new rest room and lounge for women on the third floor.

The building will be modern in every respect with two entrances from the street . . . one on the

corner at 10th and "N"; the other on the "N" street side leading directly to the luncheonette. The building was designed by Davis & Wilson, Architects.

The general contractor will be W. J. Assenmacher Co. Construction will start at once and it is hoped that the building will be ready for occupancy by the fall of 1951.