

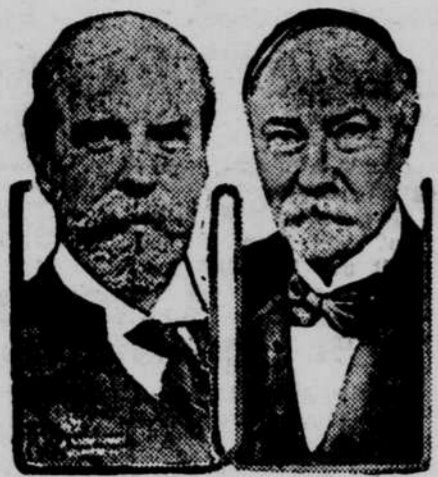
LOUP CITY NORTHWESTERN

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CHIPMAN & HARTMAN, Publishers.

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REPUBLICAN TICKET

- For President of the United States: Charles E. Hughes.
- For Vice President: Charles W. Fairbank.
- For United States Senator: John L. Kennedy.
- For Governor: Abraham L. Sutton.
- For Lieutenant Governor: H. P. Shumway.
- For Secretary of State: Addison Wait.
- For State Auditor: George W. Marsh.
- For State Treasurer: W. H. Reynolds.
- For State Superintendent: A. O. Thomas.
- For Attorney General: Robert W. Devoe.
- For Land Commissioner: Fred Beckman.
- For Railway Commissioner: Henry T. Clarke.
- For Regents of State University: George N. Seymour, S. C. Bassett.

COUNTY TICKET.

- For County Clerk: L. B. Polski.
- For County Treasurer: D. C. Grow.
- For County Sheriff: L. A. Williams.
- For County Superintendent: L. H. Currier.
- For County Attorney: L. L. Stephens.
- For County Assessor: J. H. Welty.
- No candidates on the republican ticket for county surveyor and clerk of the district court.
- For Supervisor Dist. No. 2: H. N. Fisher.
- For Supervisor Dist. No. 4: W. T. Gibson.
- For Supervisor Dist. No. 6—No candidate.
- Emerson A. Smith, County Judge (Non-Partisan).
- Peter Rowe, County Judge (Non-Partisan).

THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN CARRANZA AND WILSON.

Senor Don Eliseo Arredondo, Mexican Ambassador at Washington, is absent from his post. He has been called home by first chief Senor Don Venustiano Carranza because the American commissioners who are following the joint commission's sessions at various entrancing seaside resorts have declined to meet the first chief's wishes regarding the withdrawal of Pershing's troops from Mexico. Carranza demands this withdrawal as a right of a sovereign state; and when that right is infringed, in his judgment, he does not hesitate to take away his diplomatic representative at the capital of the offending power, even though the executive of that power is his great and good friend. We have here an example of the market difference between Venustiano and Carranza and Woodrow Wilson. When the rights of this nation, as defined by international law and guaranteed by treaties, have been violated and reparations refused, Wilson has never withdrawn his ambassador or minister from any of the offending nations. He has been content with plaintive remonstrances of the "Now look here," or the "You ought not to do that," or the "I thought you were not that sort of nation, or he has never fortified any message which his representatives have delivered with an order to come home if the reply was not satisfactory. Carranza, however, shows that he is not to be played with. He has always shown this. When the A B C conference met, two years ago, Carranza was the only one of the rival Mexican chieftains who refused to heed Wilson's admonitions. And Carranza was afterward recognized as the executive force in Mexico. When the scope of the New London conference was being discussed, Carranza insisted that the first and essential question to be taken up was the withdrawal of Pershing's men. He still insists upon it; and when he finds a disposition on the part of our commissioners to avoid or postpone that discussion, he calls his Ambassador at Washington from his post. Many people are inclined to think that if there had been a hundred or

more Magicians killed on the Lusitania, there would now be no Mexican Ambassador in Berlin or the German government had flouted Carranza as it has flouted Wilson.

In a recent political speech, Hon. C. Petrus Peterson, a member of the last legislature from Lancaster county, about hit the nail on the head in regard to Democratic conditions in Nebraska, when he said: "The Democratic party in this state is suffering from a malady which should be called Mullenphobia. Its symptoms are a feeling of irresistible impulse at the sight of Arthur Mullen to regard him as Moses the Lawgiver."—Havelock Post.

We do not find any denial from the democrats that their party is afflicted with Mullenphobia. It has been charged against them, and they are unable to refute the statement, that Mullen is in control of the democratic machine in Nebraska which is making ever possible effort to defect Kennedy and Sutton, and paying no attention whatever to the balance of the ticket. It looks as though the Mullen machine realized that they must center their efforts against these two candidates, especially against Sutton, to stand any show of continuing in control of the state house. It looks as though the voters would give the Mullen machine a pretty rude jolt along about November 7th.

It would be difficult to imagine a worse case of political hypocrisy than that displayed by the democratic campaign managers in their effort to persuade voters that they are friends of the old soldiers and have supported pension legislation. It is true that a few democrats in congress have voted for pensions for the veterans, but the party has been against even a reasonable pension policy. Even during a democratic administration, pension legislation has been passed by republican, not democratic votes. Therefore, voting for an individual candidate of the democratic party who has himself been friendly to pension legislation, helps to give control of congress to a party a majority of whose members are antagonistic to such a policy. In the organization of the house and senate, in the appointment of committees, and in the adoption of legislative programs, a democrat who is himself favorable to pension legislation is working in harmony with men who are opposed to it. How, then, can any friend of the old soldier let himself be misled into voting for a democratic candidate for the house or senate?

Joseph Pulitzer is dead. He left a great newspaper property—the New York World—and an estate running into the millions. During his lifetime the columns of the World were filled with the praise of Charles E. Hughes—as investigator of the gas and the insurance scandals and as governor of New York. In Joseph Pulitzer's will he named Charles E. Hughes an executor and trustee of his estate, a duty which Mr. Hughes, being then on the bench, declined. Joseph Pulitzer is dead and the present editor of the New York World evidently knows not Joseph—for the World today is filled with absurd and venomous attacks upon Mr. Hughes's integrity of mind. The World has apparently taken a contract to re-elect Wilson and finds that it cannot fulfill.

The juggling of the national guard still continues and will doubtless continue until after election. A regiment is withdrawn, a regiment is ordered to the border. The troops are paraded, the troops are sent on a hike. All this is faithfully emblazoned to the country by democratic press-agents and the wearisome farce of pretending that the soldiers are down there to "defend their country" is kept up. When the curtain will be rung down no one knows. But the signal for the final act will be given on election day with the repudiation of the first president who ever attempted to play politics with our foreign relations and with our national defence.

President Wilson's campaign managers keep repeating the assertion

that he will not deal in personalities. Of course he won't. There is no man in the United States who ever has or ever will say one word in criticism of the personal life of Charles E. Hughes. The repeated denial of intention to deal in personalities is a shrewd but unscrupulous method of insinuating that personalities are possible. Wilson knows that even if he wanted to do so, he couldn't say a word derogatory to Hughes. He would be fortunate indeed if his own record were as good.

In the first 90 days of the present fiscal year the Wilson administration accumulated a deficit of \$49,500,000. They spent \$550,000 a day more than they collected in revenue. Still they defend their tariff law which cut off revenue at the custom houses, and they deny that they are extravagant. More taxes or bond issues are evidently ahead of us.

Every organization of business men in the country realizes and acknowledges the danger of disastrous foreign competition in our markets after the war, and most of them are convinced that the only safe course for us to pursue is to restore the protective tariff.

We find a reminiscent note in the fact that Mr. Bran's itinerary of speeches this year in support of Wilson is substantially the same as that he followed in 1904 in advocacy of Parker. We can recall vividly the vote which Parker got in the States where Bryan campaigned for him.

A GRAND OLD MAN.

There are a few state officers that should be outside the pale of politics and the regents of the state university should be included among this number. There probably has never been a more deserving candidate for this office than S. C. Bassett of Gibbon, the grand old man who has been identified with the upbuilding of Nebraska ever since the territorial days when the Indians roamed over the prairies of Buffalo county where he now resides. He has been a leading figure in the advancement of Nebraska from the day he settled on his soil. He has been a potent factor in perpetuating the early history of the state and his writings in this connection would fill volumes. He has made a great study of the state and the state university with its allied institutions have been his constant pride. Mr. Bassett, while on the down hill side of life, is full of vigor and his ripe years of experience equip him for the place. He happens to be a candidate on the republican ticket, but surely the voters, regardless of the party, could not pay a more worthy tribute to a grand old pioneer than to make S. C. Bassett regent of the state university.—Custer County Chief.

Order of Hearing and Notice on Petition for Settlement of Account.

In the County Court of Sherman County, Nebraska. State of Nebraska, Sherman County, ss. To the heirs, legatees, devisees and all persons interested in the estate of John J. Ward, deceased. On reading the petition of C. W. Trumble, administrator praying a final settlement and allowance of his account filed in this court on the 9th day of October, 1916, and for decree for payment of allowed claims and settlement of estate.

It is hereby ordered that you and all persons interested in said matter may, and do, appear at the County Court to be held in and for said county, on the 3rd day of November, A. D. 1916, at one o'clock P. M., to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted, and that notice of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereon be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this order in The Loup City Northwestern, a weekly newspaper printed in said county, for three successive weeks prior to day of hearing. Witness my hand and seal this 10th day of October, 1916. (SEAL) E. A. SMITH, County Judge.

FOR SALE.

Northwest quarter of section 33-15-14, lots 1 to 15 inclusive, block 2, including improvements.—Alpha Zink, Coutra Costa Co., Richmond, Cal.

Of those who buy goods on credit 40 per cent never pay in full, 7 per cent never pay at all, and we don't know how many wish they could get out of paying.

A Boston scientists predicts 75 cent eggs. Don't like 'em, anyway.

CHARTER AND ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION OF THE WHITE EAGLES.

Know all men by these presents that we, Rev. Irenaeus Jarka, Frank Dzingel, Frank Lorchick, John Stanczyk, Tony Gzehoiviak, William Lewandowski, and Mike Chlewski, who reside at Loup City in the State of Nebraska, do associate ourselves together for the purpose of forming a corporation in said State.

1. The name of said Corporation shall be the White Eagles, and the place where its office for the transaction of business is located is at Loup City in the State of Nebraska.

2. The nature of the business to be transacted by said Corporation shall be the dissemination of sociability and charity; the donation of benefits to the families of members of said Corporation at or after the time of the death of said member; the promulgation of the secrets and mysteries of said White Eagles now existing and which may hereafter be adopted by the by-laws and ritual adopted by the members of said Corporation; the initiation of new members; the buying and selling of real, mixed and personal property; the loaning of money; the erection and maintenance of such buildings and structures as may be deemed necessary with power to purchase real estate as a site therefor and to borrow money on its real estate and other property, and with power to issue charters to subordinate and other lodges of White Eagles which may be organized in other cities or locations.

3. The Officers of said Corporation shall be a President, Vice-President, Secretary, Treasurer and Marshal, to be elected annually by the members of said Corporation, the election to take place at the headquarters of the Corporation on the last Sunday in each year unless postponed by vote of the members, and said officers shall hold their respective offices for the term of one year and until their successors are elected and qualified.

4. A two-thirds vote of the member present shall be required in order to buy or sell any of the property of said Corporation or to loan or borrow money or to change the place of meeting, or to adopt or change the by-laws of the Corporation.

5. Regular meetings of the members shall be held on the last Monday in each month; the president may call special meetings at any time upon ten days' written notice posted through the mail to each member.

6. The terms and conditions of membership, dues of members, secret rites, initiations and benefits to members and families or members shall be as prescribed in the by-laws.

In testimony whereof we have hereunto set our hands this 11th day of July, 1916.

IRENAEUS JARKA, FRANK DZINGEL, FRANK LORCHICK, JOHN STANCZYK, TONY GZEHOWIAK, WM. LEWANDOWSKI, MICHAEL CHLEWSKI, Incorporators

State of Nebraska, County of Sherman, ss.

On this 11th day of July, 1916, before me the undersigned, notary public, in and for said County, personally appeared the above named Irenaeus Jarka, John Stanczyk, Tony Gzehoiviak, Frank Dzingel, Frank Lorchick, Wm. Lewandowski and Michael Chlewski, who are personally known to me to be the identical persons who signed the above articles of incorporation, and they severally acknowledged the execution of said instrument to be their voluntary act and deed.

Witness my hand the date above written. R. H. MATHEW, Notary Public. My commission expires February 7, 1918.

State of Nebraska, County of Sherman, ss.

It is hereby certified by the undersigned that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original Charter and Articles of Incorporation as filed in the office of the County Clerk of Sherman County, Nebraska. Dated September 23rd, 1916.

L. B. POLSKI, County Clerk (SEAL) By S. H. RICHMOND, Deputy.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an order of sale to me directed from the District Court of Sherman County, Nebraska, upon a decree of foreclosure rendered in said court on the 9th day of September, 1915, wherein H. S. Kindred was plaintiff and George W. Slocum, and Etta M. Slocum were defendants; I have levied upon the following described real estate, to-wit: Northwest Quarter of Section 20, and the Southwest Quarter of Section 17, all in Township 16, North Range 15, West of the 6th principal meridian, situated in said Sherman County and State of Nebraska, and I will on the 14th day of November, 1916, at 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the south door of the court house, in Loup City, Sherman County, Nebraska, offer for sale and sell said above described real estate at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to satisfy the amount of \$3,462 with interest at 10 per cent from the 9th day of September, 1915, and \$14.92 costs of the above action, and accruing costs, which amount was adjudged to be due to the plaintiff above named from the defendants, George W. Slocum and Etta M. Slocum above named, and to be a lien upon the above described premises.

Dated at Loup City, Nebraska, this 19th day of September, 1916. L. A. WILLIAMS, Sheriff of Sherman County, Neb. MAPES AND MCFARLAND, Attorneys. 43 5 ft

FOR SALE.

My eight room house. Good barn and outbuildings with twelve lots in cherry and plum trees. Also 4 1/2 acres of land and another tract of 3 1/2 acres all in alfalfa and fenced chicken tight. Nearly new two seated spring wagon and a Jersey red sow with six pigs.—Alfred Anderson.

Daily sells for less.

The Truth About PROHIBITION and MURDER

MURDER is being committed in prohibition Kansas with far greater frequency than in Nebraska.

Official Prison Record:

KANSAS-- Sentenced for Murder in 2 years 85
NEBRASKA--Sentenced for Murder in 2 years 29

Eighty-five Kansas murderers convicted and sentenced in the short space of two years ending June 30, 1916, as against twenty-nine in Nebraska in the same period!

The appalling murder record of Kansas carries a lesson of terrible import to the citizens of Nebraska. Under prohibition there has grown up in Kansas the inevitable "Alley Joint" evil. In these "joints" liquors of the vilest sort are dispensed to men and boys by dissolute characters, both male and female, spreading crime and debauchery to every part of the state.

(Excerpts from article in "The Topeka Daily State Journal" of August 29, 1916.)

"Of the 166 criminal cases docketed for the September term of court, 106 are for violations of the prohibitory law. * As a rule, about one-tenth of the cases brought charging violations of the prohibitory law are tried. They cost the county about \$50 each."

"One noticeable thing about the criminal docket for the September term is that forty-six of the JOINT cases are against women."

If you are opposed to the Alley Joint evil and the increase of crime, vote No on the prohibition amendment.

The squares shown below will appear at the TOP of the ballot. An X marked in square 301 is a vote AGAINST PROHIBITION.

Yes	
300	<input type="checkbox"/>
No	
301	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Shall the above and foregoing amendment to the Constitution be adopted?

The Nebraska Prosperity League

OPPOSED TO STATE PROHIBITION. IN FAVOR OF LOCAL OPTION, HIGH LICENSE
President, L. F. CROFOOT Treasurer, W. J. COAD Secretary, J. B. HAYNES
Send for our literature. OMAHA, NEBRASKA

STUDY CENTER WORK ORGANIZED.

The first meeting for Study Center Work will be at the office of the county superintendent Saturday, Oct. 14. All who are interested in this work should be present. Meeting called at 12:10 p. m. First teacher's examination for the school year 1916-1917, will be held November 17-18.

The teachers of Loup City and vicinity will meet at the office of county superintendent at 10:00 o'clock to organize teachers' reading circle work.

L. H. CURRIER, County Superintendent.

Wouldn't there be a roar from men when they went to their meals if they had to climb up a high stool in

front of the table on which there was no cloth, and eat their meals in that fashion? Yet a majority of men, when they go to a restaurant, will pick out a high stool and the feed board with no cloth on it in preference to a comfortable chair with a cloth covered table. A man will borrow a chew of tobacco and most of them will set their teeth into the plug where some other man has gnawed off a chew. Offer him a piece of pie at home which his wife or one of the children had taken a bite of and he would holler his head off. At home he would not drink out of a glass from which one of his family had been drinking. Call him into the back stall of a livery barn and he will stick the neck of the bottle half way down his throat in order to get a swig, after a half dozen fellows had the neck of the bottle in their mouths. Truly a man is a queer duck.—Ex.

AVOID MISTAKES.

No Need to Experiment With Loup City Evidence at Hand.

There are many well-advertised kidney remedies on the market today, but none so well-recommended—none so Loup City recommended as Doan's Kidney Pills.

Read this Loup City case: F. F. Foster, Loup City, says: "I was suffering from kidney trouble. I had a severe pain in my back for quite a time and trouble with the kidney secretions, which obliged me to get up at night to pass them. This broke my rest and the next day I felt tired and lacked ambition to do my work. I used one box of Doan's Kidney Pills, which I procured at the Rexall Pharmacy, and was cured." Price, 50c., at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that cured Mr. Foster. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Scalds, Galls, Scratches, Sores, Hurts Screw Worms

To make the best cure for such troubles, buy a pint of linseed oil, if you prefer a healing oil, or a pound of hog lard or vaseline if you want a salve and add a 50c bottle of Farris Healing Remedy. It simply can't be beat by any salve or liniment made. And see what you get—a full pint for not over 60 cents. Farris Healing Remedy is sold by us on the Mone Back Plan.—J. J. Slominski.

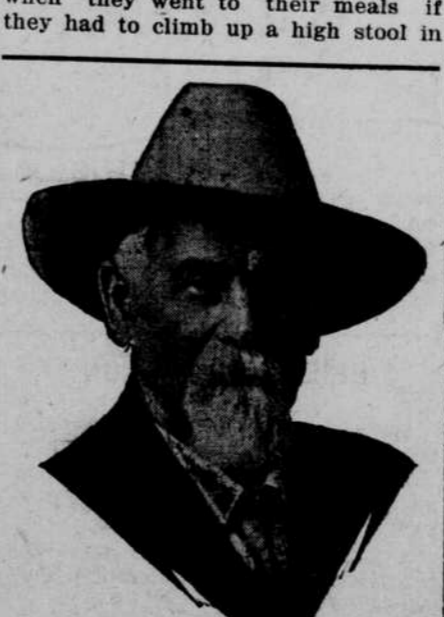
Yes, it's a fact that many a great man never breaks into history. We know from experience.



M. C. MULICK
Democratic Candidate for Sheriff of Sherman County.



LAMONT L. STEPHENS
Candidate for Re-Election to the Office of County Attorney of Sherman County.



L. A. WILLIAMS
Republican Candidate for Sheriff of Sherman County.



L. H. CURRIER
Republican Candidate for County Superintendent, Sherman County.