

(Continued from Page 7.)

LOUP CITY, CITY.

Table listing various businesses and individuals in Loup City, Nebraska, including names, residences, and amounts.

Table listing various businesses and individuals in Loup City, Nebraska, including names, residences, and amounts.

Table listing various businesses and individuals in Loup City, Nebraska, including names, residences, and amounts.

ROCKVILLE PRECINCT.

Table listing various businesses and individuals in Rockville Precinct, Nebraska, including names, residences, and amounts.

LIVE STOCK PRICES AT SOUTH OMAHA

Best Beeves Steady and Others Slow and Lower.

SLOW AND UNEVEN HOG TRADE

Largest Run of Lambs From the Range This Season—Fat Lambs 15 @25c Lower—Aged Sheep About Steady—Feeders Active and Steady.

Union Stock Yards, South Omaha. July 29—Cattle receipts were very fair yesterday, about 4,500 head arriving. Trade in fat cattle this week is starting in much the same as it left off last week. Buyers are anxious for strictly good to choice beefs at fully steady figures, while they were in different and weaker on the medium and common cattle and hogs and sales are generally all of a dime lower than the close of last week. Strictly good to choice cattle, both light and heavy, sold around \$9.50@10.00. Trade in hogs and hewers was slow, with values unevenly lower. Inquiry for veal calves was rather active and prices firmly held. Bulls, steers, etc., were in very good request and notably unchanged. Stockers and feeders were in good demand and prices were strong to a shade higher for anything good enough to attract competition.

Cattle quotations: Good to choice beefs, \$9.50@10.10; fair to good beefs, \$8.50@9.50; common to fair beefs, \$7.65@8.25; good to choice yearlings, \$9.00@9.85; fair to good yearlings, \$7.75@8.00; prime corned beefers, \$7.75@8.25; good to choice fed beefers, \$7.00@7.75; good to choice fat cows, \$6.50@7.50; good to choice grass cows, \$6.00@6.75; fair to good cows, \$5.50@6.00; canners and cutters, \$3.75@5.25; veal calves, \$8.00@9.75; bulls, steers, etc. \$5.50@7.50; good to choice feeders, \$7.75@8.25; fair to good feeders, \$6.85@7.60; common to fair stockers, \$5.75@6.75; stock heifers, \$5.75@7.00; stock cows, \$5.50@6.50; stock calves, \$6.00@7.50.

About 7,500 hogs arrived yesterday. Shippers brought their hogs at figures that were in most cases 27.10c lower, although some sales looked steady. Prices paid ranged from \$7.15 to \$7.55. Truckers paid prices 10c lower than the close of last week. Bulk went at \$6.35@7.15.

Sheep and lamb receipts totaled 15,500 head. Western range lambs constituted the big bulk of the run and as advised from other selling points were not encouraging the market here opened slow with buyers bidding lower than last week's trade. In the end the lambs sold 17c to 25c lower than last Friday. Owing to the very light offerings of aged stock, the market did not show any much change. Ewes sold largely around \$7.70. Feeders were in very good demand.

Quotations on sheep and lambs: Lambs, good to choice, \$7.60@7.75; lambs, fair to good, \$7.40@7.60; lambs, feeders, \$7.00@7.50; yearlings, fair to choice, \$5.50@6.25; wethers, fair to choice, \$5.25@6.25; ewes, good to choice, \$5.25@6.75; ewes, fair to good, \$4.25@5.25.

ANNUAL MEETING OF AMERICAN PLOWMEN

National Farmers' Union Renders Unselfish Service to Agriculture.

By Peter Radford.

The National Farmers' Union will hold its annual convention in Lincoln Nebraska, on September seventh, and will round out the eleventh year of its activities in the interest of the American plowman. When that convention is called to order every farmer in America should pause and bow his head in honor of the men gathered there to render a patriotic and unselfish service to agriculture. That organization, born in the cotton fields of Texas, has grown until geographically it covers almost the whole of the United States and economically it deals with every question in which the welfare of the men who bare their backs to the summer sun are involved. It has battled for a better marketing system, rural credits, cheap money, diversification, scientific production, agricultural legislation and has carried on its work of education and co-operation in season and out.

The Farmers' Educational and Co-operative Union of America brings the question of organization squarely before every farmer in this nation. Without organization the farmer can neither help himself nor be helped by others and through organization and systematic effort all things are possible.

The farmers of the United States contribute more and get less from government than any other class of business. They have better securities and pay a higher rate of interest than any other line of industry. They market more products and have less to say in fixing the price than any other business and they get more political buncombe and less constructive legislation than any other class of people. The farmers can only acquire such influence in business, in government and in economics as will enable them to share equitably the fruits of their labor through organization and every farmer on American soil who desires to help himself and his fellow plowmen should rally around the Union.

(Continued on page 11.)