# **NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD**

INTELLIGENCE HERE GATHERED COVERS WIDE AREA.

## GREATER OR LESSER IMPORT

Includes What is Going On at Washington and in Other Sections of the Country.

#### CONGRESS.

from the flood, accepting government, teen consecutive hours. state, city and county bonds as security.

Setting aside precedents of more liver his first executive message in trial. person. He had announced to demobody his views on the tariff.

A bill introduced by Representative fiscal year 1914-15. Prouty of Iowa, would provide nationwhom he has consulted.

New currency reform bills have been | eign office. introduced in the house by Repredorsement of the official committees | cause. of the two houses or of President Wilson.

#### GENERAL.

Woman suffrage was defeated in a recent election in Michigan.

The twenty-second annual convention of the Daughters of the American Revolution has just closed in Washington.

Just before inspection drill, Lieutenant Bahagdin, N. Y. N. G., had his quartermaster sergeant sworn in as a deputy sheriff.

Three attempts are believed to have Addison C. Brown, from 1881 to and Turkey." 1901 judge of the United States dis-New York of paralysis.

cover.

Cleveland, was shot and killed in Chi- senators will be carried out. cago by Harry Farrell, a friend.

her brother.

fury and they threaten strong repris-

als. The average condition of winter wheat on April 1 was 91.6 per cent of a normal, compared with 80.6 last year, 83.3 in 1911 and 86.3 the tenyear average. There was a decline of 1.6 points from December to April 1, compared with an average decline

of 3.6 in the past ten years. After having hung in an isolated colonial mansion of Maryland for more than a century, a portrait of George Washington, painted in 1794 or 1795, by Gilbert Stuart, has been sold to a wealthy New York collector. The price paid is said to have been between \$15,000 and \$20,000.

Labor unions the country over have focused their attention and efforts on Sioux City, Ia., to make it a closed shop town, asserts C. R. Dott, secretary of the Sioux City Industrial association, an organization of business men having for its purpose

the opposition of this movement. The Canadian Pacific railway has announced that it will soon begin construction of the longest tunnel in America. The tunnel will be built through Kicking Horse pass in the Rock mountains and will be sixteen

miles long, costing \$14,000,000. Hundreds of Turkish soldiers who survived the siege of Adrianople are dying of exhaustion, dysentery and lis American association team by a cholera in the concentration camp in that city, according to the correspondent of the London Daily Tele-

graph. Hundreds of corporations will be

relieved from paying the federal corporation tax by a decision of the supreme court to the effect that corporations leasing all their property and having no income except that vielded by the lease, are not "doing business" and therefore are not subject to the tax,

Failure has overtaken the German Arctic expedition under Lieutenant Schroeder-Stranz. Most of the members are believel to have died on the Ice from the exposure and scurvy, and the commander-in-chief is miss-

Not one of the thirty-one battleships and twenty-four destroyers that constituted the fighting force of 127 vessels which assembled for review in New York harbor last October was ready for war. Captain John Hood, then captain of the dreadnought Delaware, the pennant ship of the fleet, told the Navy league in Washington.

A heavy snowstorm is raging in

Several persons have been killed by tornado in Missouri recently. Mrs. Hoke mith, wife of the sena-

tor from Georgia, is seriously ill at her home in Washington, D. C. While hunting near Carter, Neb., James Grover, 11 years old, was shot

Hot Springs, Ark, suffered \$50,000 damage recently from the worst flood in vears.

Chicago's share of the net earnings of the street railway companies for 1912 totals \$2,529,902. This is an increase of 35/2 per cent over 1911.

By blowing his own breath into the lungs of a baby for forty minutes, Dr. Benedict Williams of Bellevue hospital, New York, saved the youngster's life.

The railway strike is becoming general throughout the whole of Australia and has assumed serious proportions. Passenger service is seriously curtailed.

The Chicago & Eastern Illinois Rail-Secretary McAdoo of the Treasury road company was fined \$10,000 by department will deposit \$2,000,000 in Federal Judge Carpenter in Chicago the national banks of Dayton, O., to for violating the law prohibiting the relieve the money shortage resulting working of employes more than six-

Four soldiers of the Fourteenth cavalry who have been held under arrest at Fort Clark, Tex., since Novemthan a century, President Wilson ap- ber 9 last on a murder charge, will be peared in the halls of congress to de- turned over to the Texas courts for

The British government intends afcratic congressional leaders that he ter conclusion of the Balkan war, to would go to the floor of the house approach Germany with a definite plan when it convened and there give that to stop the naval ship building programs of the two countries during the

Great Britain has no intention of al banks with over half a billion dol- following the lead of Washington in lars of emergency currency, and in recognizing the Republic of China, Judge Prouty's opinion absolutely the house of commons was informed Yevent a panic. He says it has the by Francis Dykke Acland, parliaapproval of treasury experts with mentary under secretary of foreign affairs, speaking on behalf of the for-

Twelve persons were injured, none sentative Prouty of Iowa, Nelson of fatally, when two coaches and the Wisconsin and Palmer of Pennsyl- mail car on northbound passenger vania. Congress now has before it train No. 10, on the St. Louis & San nearly a dozen bills, covering all Francisco railroad, left the tracks and branches of banking and currency re- turned over two miles north of Lockform, but none of these bear the in- wood, Mo. Spreading rails was the

The last hope of the socialists of Brussels of intervention by the king to prevent the great general strike called to enforce the granting by the government of manhood suffrage now appears to have disappeared. It is pointed out that such action in the ex- | bulk. isting cercumstances would be unconstitutional.

The little kingdom of Montenegro has thrown down the gauntlet to the six great powers. She declines to yield to the demand of the powers to abandon her attempts to gain possession of Scutari, and has officially announced that "there will be no de seen made within the last ten days to parture from an attitude which con-Diation building at Council Bluffs, Ia. of war existing between the allies

Direct election of United States trict court for the southern district senators by the people was authorof New York, died at his home in ized and made compulsory when the per cent to 15 per cent. Connecticut legislature ratified the Fumes from a vat of boiling bluing | constitutional amendment submitted | factured goods, from 97 per cent to suffocated William Woertz in Chicago by congress less than a year ago. 35 per cent. and overcome three of his fellow em- The situation that results throughout ployes, who are not expected to re- the country, where many legislatures from 83 per cent to 35 per cent. have adjurned until 1915 is such as Mistaken for a burglar, Charles Pen. to leave confusion in the minds of aington, a commercial traveler whose | members of the senate as to how the home is believed to have been in early steps toward direct election of

Basing their figures on reports re-Mary Webb, 19 years old, sister of ceived from their field agents through-Robert Webb, the most daring of the out the Ohio flood districts, officials automobile bandits who terrorized of the Red Cross society, who have per cent. Chicago last winter, will enter a con- been placed in charge of the relief vent as atonement for the crimes of work in that state issued a statement estimating that 454 persons lost their The sentence in London of three lives during the last weeks floods. Alyears' penal servitude imposed on Mrs. | though eleven days have elapsed since Emmeline Pankhurst, the leader of the flood swept the west side of Cothe militant suffragettes, for inciting lumbus, 25,000 persons were still beher followers to destroy property has ing cared for at relief stations. The aroused the militant suffragettes to number of bodies recovered totals eighty-six, and there had been no accounting for many persons who are \$3 to \$1.50 a ton. still listed as missing.

#### SPORT.

Official announcement has been giv en out that the fourth annual national clay court tennis tournament will be held at Omaha week of July 21.

Ebbetts Field, the new \$750,000 home of the Brooklyn National league team, has been formally opened. The New York Nationals easily de-

feated the Baltimore Internationals 12 to 3. Batting two Kansas City pitchers

hard and taking advantage of two errors, the Pittsburg National league baseball club administered a 14 to 1 defeat to Kansas City players. Boston defeated New York in the

first game of the season at New York before a big crowd by a score of 8

All of the classic events of former horse racing days, the Suburban, Metropolitan and Brooklyn handicaps, the Lawrence realization and other fatures, are to be renewed during the eighteen days racing, which will be tried at Belmont park. New York, beginning on Decoration day.

The Chicago Nationals opened their local season by beating the Indianapo-

score of 5 to 2. Faster base ball than has ever been seen is promised for the season of 1913 by Preident B. B. Johnson of the Chicago American league.

The county commissioners of Lancaster county, Neb., by unanimous vote, adopted a resolution granting the Lincoln team of the Western league permission to play baseball on Sunday at any place in the county outside the incorporated cities and villages.

Walter Frantz, last season with Topeka and Wichita, has signed to play first base for San Antonio.

Senator Norris favors a reduction in the duty on wheat, but opposes free flour as proposed by the Underwood bill.

The Salt Lake team of the Union Base Ball association defeated the Chinese team at Salt Lake by a score

of 13 to 6. Miss Marie Wagner, holder of the woman's indoor lawn tennis championship, defeated Mrs. C. M. Beard, former western champion in New

# PROPOSED TARIFF

A Concise Statement of the Changes Made by New Bill.

#### COMMODITIES ON FREE LIST

Rates Raised on Some Luxuries-Raw Wool Placed on Free List and Sugar Given Heavy Reduction-Farm Products Reduced.

Washington.-Important changes in rates on variety of commodities in the new tariff bill now before congress follow:

Barley malt, from 45 cents to 25 cents a bushel

Buckwheat, from 15 cents to 8 cents bushel. Oats, from 15 cents to 10 cents a bushel

Rice, cleaned, from 2 cents to 1 cent pound. Wheat, from 25 cents to 10 cents a

bushel. Butter, from 6 cents to 3 cents a

pound Cheese, from 6 cents a pound to 20 per cent ad valorem. Beans, from 45 cents to 25 cents a

pound. Eggs, from 5 cents to 2 cents per dozen.

Nursery cuttings and seedlings, rom 25 per cent to 15 per cent. Fresh vegetables, from 25 per cent to 15 per cent.

Apples, peaches, etc., from 25 cents o 10 cents a bushel. Raisins, from 21/2 cents to 2 cents

Lemons-Present rate 11/2 cents pound, proposed rate 17 cents for package under 11/4 cubic feet, 35 cents for package up to 21/2 cubic feet, 70 cents for package up to 5 cubic feet, 1/2 cent a pound for lemons in bulk or in larger packages.

Oranges, limes, grapefruit, etc.-Present rate 1 cent pound, proposed rate same as for lemons. Pineapples, from 8 cents to 6 cents a cubic foot capacity of barrels or

packages, from \$8 to \$5 a thouasnd in Chocolate and cocoa-Present rate

when valued from 15 cents to 24 cents, 21/2 cents a pound and 10 per cent ad valorem additional; proposed rate 8 per cent ad valorem. Value of Raw Wool a Factor.

Woolen manufactured goods and clothing-Present tariff rates are based in many cases on value of raw wool. Comparison is here made with burn the Young Men's Christian asso- forms to the necessities of the state | the equivalent ad valorem duties as previously estimated by the ways and means committee on wool prices in

> Combed wool and tops, from 105 Cloths, knit fabrics, felts and manu-

Suspenders, ribbons, bindings, etc., Cotton manufactures:

Curtains, table covers, etc., from 50 to 35 per cent. Garters, suspenders, etc., from 45 per cent to 25 per cent.

Table cloths. from 40 to 25 per Lace curtains, etc., from 50 to 45 Miscellaneous cotton goods from 45

to 30 per cent. Earthenware and Glassware Cement from 8 cents a hundred pounds to 5 per cent ad valorem. Lime from 5 cents a hundred pounds to 5 per cent ad valorem. China clay, a ton, from \$2.50 to

\$1.25. Fuller's earth, manufactured from Mica, manufactured, from 5 cents

and 20 per cent additional a pound to 30 per cent ad valorem. Chinaware decorated from 60 per cent to 55 per cent ad valorem; chinaware, plain white, from 55 per

cent to 50 per cent ad valorem. Cut and decorated glass from 60 per cent to 45 per cent ad valorem. Mirrors from 11 cents and 25 cents square foot to 7 cents and 13 cents

square foot. Marble, rough, from 65 cents to 50 ents a cubic foot. Marble articles from 50 per cent to

5 per cent ad valorem. Granite and building stone, dressed, from 50 per cent to 25 per cent ad

valorem Iron, steel and metal products: Reduction on Automobiles. Automobiles and motorcycles, 45 per

ent to 40 per cent. Ferromanganese, from \$2.50 a ton to 15 per cent. Round iron from \$6 to \$12 a ton to per cent.

Iron and steel forgings from 30 er cent to 15 per cent. Ball and roller bearings from 45 to 5 per cent.

Sheet steel or iron, now \$6 to \$18, cut to 20 per cent. Tin plate, now \$24 a ton, cut to 20 per cent. Shotguns and rifles, now \$2.25 to

\$10 each, changed to 35 per cent. Table and kitchen ware, from 40 to 25 per cent. Steam engines, printing presses, machine tools, from 30 to 15 per cent. Embroidering and lace making ma-

per cent. The schedule carries a blanket clause that articles or wares not spe-

chines, now free, made dutiable at 25

aluminum or other metal. Tableware, penknives and watch movements are required to bear the names of the manufacturer and country of origin. Lead bearing ore, from 11/2 cents a pound to half a cent. As to Aluminum and Lead. Aluminum, from 7 cents a pound to 25 per cent. Antimony, from 1 cent a pound to 10 per cent. Lead bullion, from 2 1-3 cents a

or silver, and 25 per cent. if wholly or

in chief value composed of iron, steel,

lead, copper, nickel, pewter, zinc,

pound to 25 per cent. Nickel pigs, from 6 cents a pound to

10 per cent. Chemicals, oils and paints: Alkalis and compounds, from 25 per cent. ad valorem to 15 per cent.

Alum, etc., from 1/4 cent a pound to 15 per cent. ad valorem. Bleaching powder, from 1-5 cent to

1-10 cent a pound. Fruit oils and essences, from \$1 a pound to 20 per cent. ad valorem. Flaxseed and linseed oil, from 15

Cod, seal and white oil, from 7 cents a gallon to 5 cents. Crude opium, from \$1.50 a pound to

Prepared opium, from \$2 a pound Ocher and ocher earths: Present

cents a gallon to 12 cents.

rates range from 1/4 cent to 3/8 cent a pound; proposed rate 5 per cent. ad valorem Orange mineral, from 31/4 cents a

pound to 25 per cent. Zinc oxide, from 1 cent a pound to Paints, colors, etc., from 30 per

cent. to 15 per cent. White lead, from 3 cents a pound to 25 per cent. Sponges, from 20 per cent. to 10 per

Reduction in Silk Goods. Chiffons, clothing, ready-made, articles of wearing apparel of every description, including knit goods, from 60 per cent, to 50 per cent, ad va-

cert

lorem. Woven fabrics, from 50 per cent. to

45 per cent, ad valorem. Beltings, cords, tassles, ribbons of artificial and imitation silk or horse hair, from 45 cents a pound and 60 per cent. ad valorem additional, to 60 per cent. ad valorem.

Lumber and wood: Veneers, from 20 to 15 per cent. Osier or willow for basketmakers' use, from 25 per cent. to 10 per cent. Willow furniture, from 45 to 25 per

Details of the Sugar Schedule.

The sugar schedule eliminates the Dutch standard of color and reduces the basic rate on sugar testing by the polariscope not above 75 degrees from .95 cent a pound to .71 cent a pound. For each additional degree shown by the polariscopic test the additional rate is reduced from thirty-five onethousandth of 1 cent a pound to twenty-six one-thousandths of 1 cent a pound.

The other items in the cane sugar section are changed as follows: Molasses testing not above 40 degrees, from 20 to 15 per cent. ad valorem; testing above 40 and not above 56 degrees, from 3 cents to 21/4 cents a galtesting above 56 degrees, f cents to 41/2 cents a gallon. At the end of the section the following clause is added: "Provided that three years after the day when this act shall take effect the articles hereinbefore enumerated in this paragraph shall there-

after be admitted free of duty." Maple sugar and refined strups, from 4 to 3 cents a pound.

Glucose or grape sugar, from 11/2 to 11/2 cents a pound. Unmanufactured sugar cane, from 20 to 15 per cent.

(A provision placing the articles in this section on the free list after three vears is also included.) Sugar candy valued at 15 cents a pound or less from 4 cents a pound

and 15 per cent ad valorem to 2

cents a pound; valued at more than

15 cents a pound, from 50 to 25 per

(Cuban sugars by treaty arrangements come in at a 20 per cent, reduction from the regular duties.) Scrap tobacco, taken from a general

classification, at a rate of 55 cents a pound, and given an individual classification of 35 cents a pound.

Flax, hemp and jute: Flag, hackled, from 3 to 11/2 cents a pound. Tow and flax, from \$20 to \$10 a

Hemp and tow of hemp, from 1 cent to 1/2 cent a pound. Hemp, hackled, from 2 to 1 cent a

pound. Mattings, Linoleum, Etc. Floor mattings, from 3½ cents to ½

cent a square yard. Linoleum and oilcloth, now classifled from 8 cents a square and 25 per cent., to 10 cents a square yard and 20 per cent, reclassified at the following rates-plain or stamped linoleum. 30 per cent.; inlaid linoleum, 35 per

cent.; oilcloth, 15 per cent. Pile fabrics, from 60 to 40 per cent. Bags or sacks of single jute yarns, from % cents a pound and 15 per cent. to 25 per cent. Paper and Books:

Printing paper (other than paper commercially known as hand made or machine hand made paper. Japan paper and imitation Japan paper by whatever name known), unsized, sized or glued, suitable for the printing of books and newspapers, but not for covers or bindings, not specially provided for in this section, valued above 21/4 cents a pound, 12 per cent, ad valorem: "Provided however, that if any country, dependency, province or other subdivision of government shall impose any export duty, export license fee, or other charge of any kind

if wholly or partly of platinum, gold ditional charge, or license fee, or oth- revenues to be derived from imports erwise) upon printing paper, wood pulp | by virtue of the greatly reduced tariff or wood for use in the manufacture of wood pulp, there shall be imposed articles that are classed as necessaupon printing paper, when imported ries of living. either directly or indirectly from such country, dependency, province, or other subdivision of government, an additional duty equal to the amount of such country, dependency, province or other subdivision of government, upon printing paper, wood pulp or wood for use in the manufacture of wood pulp.'

rived from salaries, wages or com-

pensation for personal service of

paid, or from professions, vocations,

business, trade, commerce or sales or

dealings in property, also from inter-

est, rent, dividends, securities, includ-

ing income from property, income

from but not the value of property

acquired by bequest, devise or de-

scent, and also proceeds of life insur-

ance policies paid upon death of per-

Provision Made for Deductions.

The bill allows as deductions in

computing net income all necessary

expenses actually incurred in carrying

on any business, not including per-

sonal living or family expenses, inter-

est accrued and pavable within the

of restoration or improvements made

poration tax provision of the bill.

any political subdivision thereof.

System of Collection Framed.

persons, firms, copartnerships, com-

panies, corporations, joint stock com-

panies, associations or insurance com-

States having the control or disposal

of salaries, wages, interest and other

profits and income of another person

liable to a fine not exceeding \$500 and

nue duties. This is a system of tax-

ation which inevitably throws the bur-

den of supporting the government up-

on the shoulders of the consumers.

It correspondingly exempts the men

of larger income, whose consumption

of the ordinary necessaries of life is

subject to tariff taxation in a far less

aggregate degree than is that of small-

er income earners who expend the

greater proportion of their resources

for the ordinary necessaries of life.'

Underwood Defends Plan.

Speaking of the principle of taxa-

tion laid down and the graduated sys-

"The progressive principle already

has been sustained by the Supreme

court of the United States in the in-

heritance tax cases and there can be

no doubt that the same principle ap-

plies to the income tax included in

this bill and will be fully upheld

should it ever be called into question.

Owing to defects in personal property

taxation, the larger incomes in the

United States have for many years

been able to escape with less than

taxation, and this inequity will be, it

is believed, in part overcome by the

The bill provides that all taxable

persons shall be notified of the amount

for which they are liable under the

paid on or before June 30. For delay

in making payments and ten days aft-

er notice, there shall be added the

sum of 5 per cent, of the amount of

The corporation tax provision, it is

directed, shall be computed upon in-

come for the year ending December

31, 1913, and for each calendar year

thereafter. It is provided, however,

that corporations may designate the

last day of any month as the day of

the closing of the fiscal year and may

have the tax computed on the basis

of net income ending on its designated

day. All labor, agricultural, horti-

cultural, fraternal, religious and mu-

tual benefit societies are made exempt

Has the Earmarks.

Miss Gush-Oh, isn't it angelic?

Guide-in front of you is the na

Mr. Grouch-Angelic? Why, young

woman, how can you speak of it as

Miss Gush-Well, it has wings

1 per cent. a month from the time the exception of \$600, to his widow, who

tem proposed, Mr. Underwood de-

clared:

plan proposed."

tax fell due.

from the tax.

tional capitol.

being angelic?

to increase property value.

sons insured.

Writing paper, from 3 cents a pound and 15 per cent. ad valorem to 25 per cent.

Envelopes, from 20 to 15 per cent. Books, from 25 per cent. to 15 per

Photograph albums, from 35 per cent, to 25 per cent. Manufactures of paper, from 35 to 25 per cent. Sundries:

Straw hats, unblocked and untrimmed, 35 per cent. to 25 per cent. Brushes and feather dusters, from

40 to 35 per cent. Fireworks, from 12 to 10 cents a

pound. Gunpowder valued at less than 20 cents a pound, from 2 cents to 1/2 cent a pound; valued over 20 cents a pound, from 4 cents to 1 cent a pound.

Furs, Hats, Gloves. Furs, dressed on skin, from 20 to 30

from 50 to 40 per cent.; furs for hatters' use, from 20 to 15 per cent. Hats, bonnets and hoods of felt, taxed under the classification of the present law from \$1.50 a dozen and 20 per cent. ad valorem to \$7 a dozen and 20 per cent., placed in the new bill at 40 per cent. ad valorem.

per cent.; partly manufactured furs.

Women's glace gloves, from \$1.25 to \$1 a dozen when not over 14 inches in length; an additional tax of 25 cents a dozen for each inch in length over 14 inches.

Women's kid gloves, from \$3 to \$2 a dozen, not over 14 inches in length: an additional 25 cent tax a dozen for each inch over 14 inches in length. Cumulative duty on lined gloves,

cotton lined, from \$1 to 25 cents a dozen; silk or wool lined, from \$1 to 50 cents a dozen; fur lined, from \$1 to \$2 Musical instruments, from 45 to 35

Phonographs, from 45 to 25 per cent. Photographic plates, from 25 to 15 per cent.

Moving picture films, from 25 to 20 per cent Umbrellas and sun shades, from 50

to 30 per cent. The schedule carries a general provision increasing the duty on manufactured articles not specifically provided for in the section from 15 to 20 per cent. Unmanufactured articles remain at 10 per cent.

## **NEW INCOME TAX STARTS AT \$4,000**

Elaborate Provision for Graduated Payment System in New Tariff Bill.

Washington, D. C .- Included in the Democratic tariff revision bill is an income tax section, which would require every resident of the United States who earns more than \$4,000 a year to pay a tax of 1 per cent, on his earnings in excess of the exemption. This would not compel the man who earns only \$4,000 to pay a tax, but it would demand that one who earned \$4,100, for example, pay into the government treasury an annual

tax of 1 per cent. on \$100, or \$1. The bill also would provide higher rates of taxation for persons with larger incomes, adding a surtax of 1 per cent, additional on earnings in excess of \$20,000: 2 per cent. additional on earnings in excess of \$50,000, and 3 per cent, additional on earnings in ex-

cess of \$100,000. How Surtax Would Be Imposed. Under the surtax provisions the man who earns \$20,000 would pay to the government each year at the rate of 1 per cent. on \$16,000 (\$4,000 exempt), or \$160. If he earns \$30,000 he would pay 1 per cent. on \$16,000, and 2 per cent, on \$10,000, making his annual tax \$360. The person with a \$50,000 income would pay 1 per cent. on \$16, 000 and 2 per cent. on \$30,000-a total tax of \$760. The man with an income of \$100,000 would be required to pay 1 per cent. on \$16,000, 2 per cent. on \$30,000, and 3 per cent, on \$50,000, which would be \$1,500, bringing his total income tax to \$2.260. Anyone with a net income of a million would pay this \$2,260 on his first \$100,000 and in addition he would pay 4 per cent. on \$900,000, which would

bring his total tax to \$38,260. This bill also would re-enact the present corporation tax law, imposing a 1 per cent, tax on the earnings of corporations, stock companies, insurance companies and the like, but it would exempt partnerships. This is a flat tax, there being no graduated scale as the earnings increase. The few changes from the present corporation tax act, concern chiefly the time of making returns and the time for

collection. The bill includes under its provisions the property and earnings in this country of persons who live abroad. May Bring in \$100,000,000.

It is estimated by members of the ways and means committee that approximately \$100,000,000 in revenue may be derived from this new tax, including the corporation tax, that cially mentioned shall pay 50 per cent. I whatsoever (whether in form of ad- amount making up for the deficit in hasn't it?

> lacking in respect for older people, it is because his mother does not under-

The indulgent mother who permits her child to grow into a young demon is respected by none-least of all by the child.

For painting wires a Pennsylvaniar has patented two stiff brushes that re fed to them by compressed air from

#### by virtue of the greatly reduced tariff and the transfer to the free list of articles that are classed as people. AMERICAN SAILORS Incomes of taxable persons shall include gains, profits and income de-

whatever kind and in whatever form STATE DEPARTMENT TO MAKE RIGID INVESTIGATION.

# MAY PROVE TO BE SERIOUS

If Satisfactory Explanation Is Not Made Mexican Government Will Be Held Responsible.

Washington.-The attention of the State department which has lately been given to a vexatious problem year by a taxable person on indebted- from the wounding of American solness; all national, state, county, diers and other American citizens school and municipal taxes, not in- along the Mexican border is now dicluding local benefit taxes; losses in- rected toward the serious situation curred in trade or from fires, storms resulting from the slaying of a petty or shipwreck not compensated by in- officer and a sailor from the United surance or otherwise; debts actually | States cruiser California at Guaymas. ascertained as worthless and charged | Charles D. Taylor, consular agent at off; also reasonable allowance for Guaymas, in reporting the deaths to wear and tear on property; but no de- the department said a strict investigaduction will be allowed for expense | tion was being made.

Shot by Official.

The shooting was done by the chief It excepts also, in computing net in of police of Guaymas and as Americome, amounts received as dividends can sailors going ashore in a foreign upon the stock of any corporation, country invariably go unarmed, ofjoint stock company, association or ficials here will insist that the cirinsurance company which is taxable cumstances of the slaying be probed

upon its net income under the cor- to the bottom. If the Mexican authorities are un-The bill excludes the compensation able to show that there was a provoof the president of the United States cation for the attack by the armed during his term, that of judges of the police, serious consequences may Supreme and inferior courts of the ensue. It was pointed out that the United States, and compensation of double killing might be taken as an all officers and employes of a state or indication of the inadequacy of the present government and have an influence when the United States gives It establishes a system of collection further consideration to the question of the tax at its source, requiring all of recognition of the Huerta govern-

William Wallace Corrie, seaman, and John C. Klesow, first-class maspanies, and all trustees, executors, ad- ter-at-arms, were the two men killed ministrators, receivers, etc., and offi- in the fight at Guaymas. Rear Admicers and employes of the United ral Cowles reported to the Navy department by wireless via the Santiago station.

Mexico Full of Disorder.

Mexico City.-That the withholding to withhold and pay to the collector of official recognition by the United of internal revenue the amount of income tax due from such person. All States materially has weakened the Huerta government is the opinion such persons or firms are made personally liable for such tax. generally expressed by the public and Persons or corporations liable to privately admitted in certain Mexican make return on incomes who fail to official circles. do so at a specified time, are made The new rebel movement has made

greater progress than has the provithe penalty for false or fraudulent re- | sional government in suppressing inturns is fixed at \$1,000 or imprison | surgency, and it no longer is a secret ment not exceeding one year, or both. that the condition of the treasury is "In formulating this additional im- such as will not permit the continuapost," said Chairman Underwood in | tion of military operations much longhis report, "the attempt has been er. This has been publicly admitted made to provile not only a source of by the Mexican minister of the inrevenue, but also a means of redress- terior, Garcia Granados.

ing in some measure the unequal tax The chamber of deputies has not burdens which result from the prac- approved the proposed foreign loan. tice of basing the federal income en- but its failure to take up this matter tirely upon customs and internal revel is said to be due to a desire to avoid partment which so far has been unable to arrange for the flotation of the loan, notwithstanding recent assurances to that effect from London. It is assumed by the government that its inability to issue the loan is due directly to nonrecognition by Washing-

Boat and Crew Lost. Eugene, Ore.-A message from Florence. Ore, at the mouth of the Sluslaw river, stated that the gasoline schooner Anvil had been wrecked there "with a crowd aboard." After the receipt of this brief word the wires to Florence went down and no details could be obtained. The Anvil was a vessel 116 feet long, running from Protland to Bandon, and had a crew of twelve men.

Labor Situation Serious. Brussels.-Belgium stands to lose \$800,000 every day the general strike lasts, if, as socialists declare and hope, 50 per cent of the industrial laborers quit work. This is the estitheir share of the general burden of mate made by economists.

Want Schedule Modified.

Washington. - President Wilson

is being urged to agree to a modification in the tariff schedule on sugar to make it discretionary with the execulaw on or before the 1st day of June | tive at the end of three years whether of each year and assessments must be sugar should be free. Gets Husband's Estate. Plymouth, Mass.-The will of Rear Admiral Joseph G. Eaton, filed for tax unpaid and interest at the rate of probation, leaves his estate, with the

> murdered him. Fatally Stabs Fellow Prisoner. Leavenworth, Kas.-Using a knife he had made from a piece of iron, a prisoner in the federal penitentiary here stabbed and fatally wounded Joe Love, a fellow prisoner.

is awaiting trial on charge of having

Oleomargarine for Soldier Boys. Washington, D. C .- Oleomargarine may find its way to the mess tables of the army and navy as a result of a decision by Commissioner of Internal Revenue Cabell waiving the tax on that product when bought by the government.

"Jack" Lewis Is Identified. Chicago. - "Jack." Lewis, charged with theft of diamonds at Portland. Ore., and Milwakee, Wis., who is known also as Weaver B. Clark, has been identified as E. L. C. Von Klein.

Smudge Pots Protect Trees. Topeka, Kas.-Hundreds of smudge pots are burning throughout central and western Kansas to protect the fruit buds which are threatened by frost. In unprotected orchards it was predicted that the peach crop would

suffer heavily. Missouri Rises Fifteen Feet. Pierre, S. D.—The Missouri has gone over the fifteen-foot mark and is yet volve against each other as paint is slowly rising. Boats are operating in many of the streets of Fort Pierre as a means of transportation.

#### Kitchen Sink. The pipe that is hidden from view

should be kept just as clean as the porcelain part. Greasy water, and little bits of this and that finding their way into the pipe soon clog it. This sometimes occasions a plumber's bill and sometimes illness. A sink strainer should be in every sink and all liquids should be poured through this, as a protection to the pipe. Every dish to be washed should be cleaned of particles of food before going into the water. Milk should

never be poured down the sink. These are preventions, in sink care. Correctives are clean boiling water and common washing soda dissolved in it. A good flushing with this every two days or so will keep the pipe sweet and wholesome. The Things We Hear.

"Ever see Mantell?" 'Yes, once.' "In what part?" "Sherlock in "The Merchant of Ven-

No Child Is Realy Bad. No child can be really bad if he has

had the right training. If the children of the world were corralled in a great field you would find them all mildness and sweetness.

or claw and scratch like little tigers, or bite like wolves. Instead they coo and play and howl to stretch their lungs. If a child of five years is a torment,

stand that a little discipline is a great kindness. 'If they were born mean and wicked they would sting like young serpents

if he is cruel to animals, if he is a reservoir.