

NEBRASKA IN BRIEF

NEWS NOTES OF INTEREST FROM VARIOUS SECTIONS.

ALL SUBJECTS TOUCHED UPON

Religious, Social, Agricultural, Political and Other Matters Given Due Consideration.

Fifty men are at work enlarging the Fremont normal school building.

Corn in York county is averaging about twenty bushels to the acre.

Ray Rhinehart served thirty days in jail at Beatrice for insulting a young woman.

Cass county has elected its first lady county superintendent of public instruction.

Two short-change men attempted to operate in David City and were escorted out of town.

Mrs. Dowd, living near Tilden, was seriously injured in a runaway, being thrown through a barbed wire fence.

The people of Liberty have commenced to rebuild the block of business houses destroyed by fire about a month ago.

Truant Officer Davis says that the law on child labor is being well observed in Lincoln now that people see the necessity of obedience.

Richard Bash, the 10-year-old son of Mrs. Genera Bash, of Fremont, shot a bullet through his left foot while hunting on the Platte river.

It is rumored that the Rock Island is to take off its early morning passenger from Fairbury and also the evening passenger to that place.

Farmers residing in the vicinity of Adams have organized a protective society, owing to the petty thieving which has been going on in that neighborhood of late.

Four black horses, a spring wagon and set of harness were stolen from the barn of Glen Morton, a farmer living three and a half miles south-east of Wayne.

Fred Laduke, a farmer living south of Papillion, has commenced suit in county court against the Rock Island for \$315 for loss of hay caused by sparks from the engine.

C. O. Boe, county clerk, of Dodge county, expects to leave Fremont at the expiration of his term of office. He will go to Seattle, Wash., to engage in the real estate business.

D. L. Ireland and wife of Sarpy county celebrated their golden wedding. They live on their farm, three miles southeast of Papillion. Mr. Ireland has been a resident of that locality fifty years.

A patriotic service was held Sunday evening at the Methodist Episcopal church in Geneva. Dr. Shepherd, the new pastor, as is his custom, had planned for the placing of a fine national flag in the church.

At a special meeting of the Upland Commercial club, a committee was appointed to canvass for another waterworks election. The committee decided to hold several mass meetings to discuss the project and then proceed with another election.

R. Mead Shumway, the alleged murderer of Mrs. Sarah Martin, was brought to Beatrice from the penitentiary at Lincoln and arraigned before Judge Kelligar in district court. He pleaded not guilty and the case was continued to November 18. The prisoner was taken back to Lincoln.

In the office of the State Railway commission the tariffs and schedules of the Willmar & Sioux Falls and the Sioux City & Western railways were displaced by the tariffs of the Burlington railway and the latter road will hereafter operate the two branches, formerly a part of the Great Northern system.

For sixteen days the hunters of Nebraska may bag the little "Bob White" without fear of interference from Game Warden Carter or his deputies. The law makes an open season on quail from November 15 to November 30 and the game warden has just ruled that the season is open between and including these dates.

Sheriff J. M. Babb, of Fullerton, visited Dakota City and returned home having in charge John Hendricks, alias John Wilson, alias John Henry, who was arrested by Sheriff H. C. Hanson, having in his custody a team of horses and a colt from the pasture of Bartholemew Lamb, near Fullerton, and a buggy and harness belonging to John James, near Missouri Valley, Ia.

Hugh Grew, William Holden and Ernest Shepherd, three inmates of the penitentiary, were found in a daring attempt to escape from the institution. They constructed a ladder from broom straw and other material and fastened hooks in the ends of it for catching on the top of the penitentiary wall. They were discovered in time to have their plans blocked. They lost all of the good time they had accumulated for good conduct.

Campbell Bros. circus which has winter quarters in Fairbury, pulled into town last week, having closed their 1907 season at Winwood, I. T. The season just closed has been one of the most successful in the history of the show.

The farm house of Samuel Reich, about two and one-half miles north-east of Beemer, was burned to the ground, the cause being unknown, but supposed to be from some defect in the chimney as the upper part of the house was in flames when discovered. But little was saved.

Henry Reimer, a Russian wheat raiser near Jansen in Jefferson county reports a forty-five bushel yield of wheat from ten acres on his farm near Jansen. This average is based on drill measure when the ground was seeded.

Word has been received by friends in Hastings of the coming wedding of Miss Emma Leila E. Branton, United States navy, formerly of that city, a graduate of the Annapolis naval academy, and Miss Lucy B. Scull of Somerset, Pa., a graduate of Smith's col-

AS TO NEBRASKA FLOURS.

Reports on Experiments Conducted at the State Farm.

(Synopsis of Bulletin No. 102.)

Most high grade wheat flours are more or less yellow when freshly milled. This color slowly fades when the flour is stored in a well lighted place, but even after several months is still distinct. Formerly flour with a yellow tint was preferred, but now the market demands the whitest possible product. To meet this demand various bleaching processes have been extensively introduced into the flour mills. All the processes however employ the same bleaching agent, nitrogen peroxide, some producing it by electrical and others by chemical means.

Nebraska flours in general show an unusually strong yellow tint, and for that reason have been at a marked disadvantage in competition with many other flours. As would be expected, the bleaching processes have been extensively introduced into Nebraska mills. A large part of the flour produced in this state at the present time is bleached before being placed on the market. The millers who have used bleachers are of the opinion that their flour will be placed at a serious disadvantage if the present method of removing the yellow tint of their high grade flours is abandoned. Most of the large mills have installed bleachers, although a few which had established trade before the introduction of the process still place their product upon the market in an unbleached condition.

Extraordinary advantages have been claimed for the bleached flour, including an increase in the nutritive properties, improvement in the keeping qualities and in the bread-making properties; on the other hand, they have been derided as containing substances injurious to health, and possessing inferior bread-making properties. Some of the exploiters of the so-called electrical bleaching process have similarly condemned flours bleached by processes in which nitric acid is used.

Three different classes are interested in the bleaching of flour, viz., the consumers of the flour, the millers, and the manufacturers of bleachers. The farmers who produce the wheat are interested in the same way as the millers who manufacture the flour, because the higher the price the miller receives for his flour the more he is able to pay the farmer for wheat. The consumers are anxious to know whether the quality of the flour is improved or injured and whether anything injurious to health is introduced during the bleaching process. They have no objection to the change of the natural color provided nothing harmful is added; as evidence of this is the fact that the consumers are anxious to know the exact effect of the bleaching process upon the flour, and whether the amount of the bleaching agent that they are now using is objectionably large. The manufacturers of bleachers are anxious to find out many advantages and as few disadvantages as possible connected with the bleaching of flour in order that their apparatus may be sold not only in regions where the flours are decidedly yellow, but also where the flours are comparatively white.

Over 100 samples of freshly manufactured flours from mills in various parts of the state were examined at the Nebraska Experiment Station. Some of the samples were from mills having no bleachers. Some were from unbleached flours from mills having bleachers, and a large number were from bleached flours. Some of the bleached flours part were obtained from mills using electrical processes, and others from those using chemical bleachers. Bread was made from a large number of unbleached flours as well as from the same flours which had been bleached in different Nebraska mills.

As a result of the investigation the following conclusions are drawn: Bleaching as practiced by Nebraska millers neither improves nor improves the quality of flour. The color of the flour is more attractive after bleaching than before. No substance is added in sufficient quantities to be injurious to health. However, the use of such large quantities of the bleaching agent as to seriously injure the quality of the flour. However, the use of excessive amounts of the bleaching agent likewise injures the color, and accordingly lowers the value of the flour, there is little danger of millers intentionally overtreating their flours. F. F. J. A. L. A. Y. Nebraska Experiment Stations.

Organizing Against Horsestealers.

Fremont—Sheriff Bauman is arranging with other sheriffs and constables and peace officers to hold a meeting here in the near future to consider the adoption of some scheme to prevent horse stealing which is greatly on the increase in this part of the state. There appears to be a regularly organized gang with "stations" in every county for the purpose of running off horses. The date has not been fixed.

Big Money for Thoroughbreds.

Hastings—A new United States and perhaps world's record was set at the thoroughbred Poland China hog sale held a few miles west of Hastings by Thomas Shattuck. The hogs brought the highest average price of any sale on record in the United States. Thirty-two hogs brought an average of \$74.64, the highest selling at \$120.

Hogs Bring Big Prices.

Sutton—The sale of Duroc-Jersey swine from the Golden Rod herd of Gilbert Van Patten at this place was one of the best of the season. The satisfactory average price of \$76 was made, the top being \$200, paid by Hopkins Brothers & Sandstedt, of Atlanta and Holdrege, and T. J. Current, of Hildreth.

Starving on Peanut Diet.

Fremont—Archie Venuto, an Italian who has been rooming at the Baltimore for the past month, was taken into custody by the sheriff yesterday as an insane person. For three weeks Venuto has been living on a diet of peanuts which has reduced him to a very weak condition.

No Increase in Minimum Load.

Applications filed by the Burlington, Rock Island, Northwestern and Union Pacific railroads for permission to raise the minimum weight of car-load shipments of lumber, grain and grain products from 24,000 to 30,000 pounds were denied by the railroad commission. A number of minor requests by different carriers were granted. The Adams Express company was allowed to change its rate on live poultry between Lyons and Omaha from 60 to 50 cents per 100 pounds and to change classification on certain commodities.

Nebraska Man Kills Himself.

Pueblo, Colo.—J. I. Warner, 35 years old, of Hastings, Neb., committed suicide in his room at the Union Depot hotel here by taking carbolic acid. He had written a short note before taking the fatal dose, giving instructions for those who found his body to notify his wife at Hastings. No reason for the act was given. Warner entered the hotel during the evening and soon after registering went to his room. He seemed to be in good health and spirits. He left no will and his death was not discovered until next day.

ANOTHER INTERNATIONAL BALLOON RACE.



JOSEPH H. CHOATE CHOSEN

ELECTED PRESIDENT OF CIVIL SERVICE REFORM LEAGUE.

Resolutions Adopted Commending Roosevelt and Urging Congress to End Patronage Distribution.

Buffalo, N. Y.—The annual meeting of the National Civil Service Reform league practically ended Friday afternoon. A brief informal session will be held Saturday, after which the delegates will visit Niagara Falls.

Joseph H. Choate was elected president and resolutions were adopted commending President Roosevelt for "determined and effective enforcement of civil service laws and rules," and expressing satisfaction that congress gives evidence of stronger support of the principles of the merit system.

The resolutions urge congress to take further steps to relieve its members entirely from the "unprofitable labor of distributing patronage," and urges the president and congress to provide for competitive classification of assistant postmasters, pension examining surgeons and fourth-class postmasters; also to provide that all other postmasters and all collectors of customs and internal revenue shall be appointed by promotion, thereby abolishing the present practice of appointing inexperienced persons.

The president is urged to "make such amendments to the civil service rules as will reduce to the minimum the practice of making special exceptions thereto." The policy of placing Indian agents in charge of an appointee classified under the competitive system is approved.

HITCHCOCK BACK ON STAGE.

He and Wife Weep When Audience Cheers Him.

New York.—Raymond Hitchcock, who gave himself up to the authorities Wednesday, renounced his role at the Astor theater Wednesday night and was given a demonstrative welcome. The actor looked haggard and ill, and his voice was uncertain as he spoke his lines. Meantime, his wife, who plays opposite him, was in tears and with difficulty followed her cue.

At the end of the second act the comedian stepped to the front of the stage and in a tremulous voice said: "I want to thank you all for your applause and encouragement. I hope I shall always deserve it."

Upon Mrs. Hitchcock's second entrance the action called upon her to shake her husband's hand. As they stood there with hands clasped the cheers were deafening, and for a moment both performers seemed unable to continue. Then Miss Zabelle placed her unengaged hand on her husband's shoulder and kissed him. At this Hitchcock broke down completely and there were a good many wet eyes in the audience, too.

To Drop Their Quarrels.

Managua, Nicaragua.—Presidents Zelaya of Nicaragua, Davila of Honduras and Figueroa of Salvador were in conference Wednesday at Managua for the purpose of consolidating peace in Central America. They agreed to forget past differences and declared that fraternal relations existed mutually and that previous treaties of friendship were in force.

New College Buildings Dedicated.

Kankakee, Ill.—The new buildings of St. Viateur's college, built to replace those destroyed by fire two years ago, were dedicated at Bourbonnais Grove, a suburb of Kankakee.

Shocking Suicide of Woman.

New York.—Crazed by the death of her mother, Miss Helen Schwab, 23 years old, drank a half pint of poison, and then cast herself from the roof of the seven-story apartment house in West One Hundred and Fourteenth street, where she lived, last Friday. She was almost instantly killed.

Warehouse Burns; Two Missing.

St. Paul, Minn.—The warehouse of the Northern Coopersage company was destroyed by fire Friday night. Two men are missing.

Goose Insane in Courtroom.

Columbus, O.—George Hamilton Phelps, a prominent attorney of Findlay, O., created a scene in the supreme court Thursday when his mind suddenly gave way while he was arguing the case of the Amity Oil company against E. V. Wyssand and others.

Department Store in Trouble.

Providence, R. I.—A petition in bankruptcy against the O'Quinn company, proprietor of the largest department store in the city, was filed in the United States circuit court.

GREAT FIRE IN SUPERIOR.

Flames on Docks Destroy Property. Valued at \$4,000,000.

Duluth, Minn., Nov. 9.—Fire which originated in elevator "A" of the Great Northern railroad in Superior, containing 600,000 bushels of grain, spread quickly, and before it was got under control destroyed property valued at \$4,000,000.

The elevator was owned by the Great Northern railroad but was leased to the A. D. Thomson Grain company of Duluth. The sparks soon ignited the Grand Republic mill on Tower Bay slip, the great Lakes Dredge & Rock company dock and the Duluth-Superior Storage company which contained the finishing plant of the Webster Chair company.

The fire started at the southwest corner of the elevator "A" dock and before it was noticed had communicated to the elevator. An alarm was turned in and four fire trucks responded, but owing to the intense heat they were driven out of the slip and devoted all their energies to saving the adjoining property. The steamers W. A. Parent and W. A. Rogers were in the elevator "A" slip loading wheat and the latter was to take out 300,000 bushels of wheat Saturday. The steamers Utica, Alva and Chili were on the opposite side of the slip at a merchandise dock and were pulled out by tugs to save them from destruction.

The following structures were destroyed: Two Great Northern elevators, Minkota flour mill and elevator, Free-mall mill and elevator, Grand Republic mill and elevator, Commander mill and elevator, 20 dwellings, and several small warehouses lining the bay front.

GAVE HIS LIFE TO SAVE TOWN.

Heroism of Mexican Engineer in Explosion at Nacoziari, Ariz.

Douglas, Ariz.—The death list as a result of the Nacoziari explosion Thursday is now placed at 14 or 15, all Mexicans, beside John Chisholm, aged 13, who was riding on the train when the explosion occurred.

A train on the narrow gauge railroad to the Pilares mine in some way caught fire. In the train were two open cars heavily loaded with explosives, and the fact that the concentrator and a good part of the town of Nacoziari were saved from ruin was due to the bravery of the Mexican engineer of the train, Jesus Garcia. Realizing that to cut out the burning cars and escape on the engine would expose the town to probable destruction, he called to the rest of the crew to jump and started to run the train away from the town. He had taken it about a half mile when the explosion occurred and he was blown to atoms. It is reported that another member of the crew stayed with him and was killed. The heavy death list is due to the fact that the explosion occurred just as the train was passing a section house in which were a number of section men.

Convicted for Suicide Pact.

Liberty, Mo.—The jury in the case of Jesse B. Webb, charged with the murder of Inez Walkup, with whom he had been living, brought in a verdict of manslaughter in the fourth degree Thursday, fixing the punishment at eight years in the penitentiary. The couple had entered into a suicide pact and Webb declared that the woman shot herself, while the state sought to prove that Webb shot her and then slightly wounded himself. The tragedy occurred in a hotel room in Liberty.

Fatal Fire in Charleston, W. Va.

Charleston, W. Va.—The four-story building occupied by the wholesale grocery firm of Ruffner Bros. was destroyed by fire Friday entailing a loss of \$200,000, with insurance of \$100,000. Capt. J. J. Foley of the fire department and John Dewey, shipping clerk, were burned to death.

Rear Admiral Lyon Retires.

Washington.—Rear Admiral Henry W. Lyon retired from the navy Friday on account of having reached the age limit of service.

University Safe is Cracked.

St. Paul, Minn.—Cracksmen blew open the safe in the vault at the University of Minnesota Wednesday night, thinking the \$25,000 taken in at the Minnesota-Chicago football game was still in the safe. It had been removed.

Stock Exchange Seat Sells Cheap.

New York.—A seat on the New York stock exchange was sold Thursday for \$60,000, the lowest price recorded since 1894, when a seat was disposed of for \$27,000. The high record price was \$95,000.

BIG KENTUCKY FLOP

BLUE GRASS STATE GOES REPUBLICAN, CHOOSING WILLSON AS GOVERNOR.

JOHNSON IS REELECTED

Defeats Congressman Burton for Mayor of Cleveland—Hearst Party is Soundly Whipped by Tammany in New York.

Washington.—Six states elected governors Tuesday and eighteen cities mayors. Even for an "off-year" the election was unusually devoid of features, but Kentucky furnished a sensation by swinging into the republican column by pluralities of the state candidates ranging from 5,000 to 10,000. The republicans also carried the city of Louisville by 3,500 majority for their mayoralty candidate. Results of the governorship elections were as follows:

Kentucky—A. E. Willson, republican; estimated plurality 14,000.

Massachusetts—Curtis Guild, Jr., republican; plurality, 104,857.

Maryland—Austin L. Crothers, democrat; plurality, 4,341.

Rhode Island—J. H. Higgins, democrat; plurality 2,307 with all but one district in the state heard from.

New Jersey—J. Franklin Ford, republican; estimated plurality 7,000.

Mississippi—E. F. Noel, democrat. The democrats had no opposition, the election being a mere formality.

Besides the election for governor, a state treasurer was chosen in Pennsylvania. John O. Sheatz, republican,

being elected by 142,000 majority over his democratic opponent.

Results of the mayoralty elections were as follows:

San Francisco, Cal.—E. R. Taylor, Dem. and Good Government league.

Cleveland, O.—Tom L. Johnson, Dem.

Cincinnati, O.—L. Markbreit, Rep.

Louisville, Ky.—J. F. Grinstead, Rep.

Toledo, O.—Brand Whitlock, Ind. Salt Lake City, Utah—John S. Bransford, antimormon.

Tammany Again Tastes Gore.

New York.—The election in Greater New York has been largely favorable to the democrats. New York county (Manhattan and the Bronx) went overwhelmingly for Tammany, Thomas F. Foley for sheriff, the head of the ticket, having a plurality of 26,723 over M. F. Himsen, independence league and republican, in a comparatively light vote. The fusion between the republicans and the independence league was a failure, except in the cases of a few minor officials.

Tom Johnson's Plurality 9,313.

Cleveland, O.—Complete returns give Tom Johnson (Dem.), for mayor, 48,339; Theodore E. Burton (Rep.), 39,026. Johnson's plurality is 9,313. The entire Democratic ticket was elected with the exception of police clerk.

The city council will stand 25 Democrats to 7 Republicans.

Following the reelection of Mayor Johnson, the Cleveland Electric Railway company resumed selling tickets at the old rate of 11 for 50 cents.

For a month prior to the election the company sold tickets at the rate of 11 for 25 cents, upon which basis it asked a renewal of its franchise. Mayor Johnson was elected upon a straight three-cent platform.

Whitlock Wins in Toledo.

Toledo, O.—Mayor Brand Whitlock and the entire independent ticket was elected here by majorities running from 7,000 to 2,000. R. A. Bartley, Republican candidate for mayor, polled a good vote.

Pros Win in Illinois.

Springfield, Ill.—Prohibitionists are jubilant as a result of Tuesday's election in Illinois, 16 counties so far as known having put themselves on record for the exclusion of the licensed saloon. This was the first test of the new local-option law made in counties not under township organization, and the result was a distinct jolt to the liquor element. Seven counties went absolutely dry.

Results Shown by Table.

The results of the vote on prohibition are shown as follows:

TOWNSHIPS VOTING ON LOCAL OPTION.

Counties—Dry, Wet. Counties—Dry, Wet. Calhoun 13 13. Case 13 13. Edwards 8 8. Johnson 12 12. Meade 9 9. Menard 7 7. Morgan 6 6. Totals 10 10.

Counties totally dry: Edwards, Johnson, Meade, Pope, Union, Wabash and Williamson.

Cossacks and Peasants Fight.

Elizabethgrad, Russia.—In a collision between peasants and Cossacks while the recruits were being summoned to the colors Wednesday at Golta near here, several men were killed or wounded on either side.

Medals for Two Americans.

London.—The Royal society has awarded the Copley medal to Prof. Albert A. Michelson, of the University of Chicago, for optical investigation, and the Davy medal to Prof. E. W. Morley, of West Hartford, Conn.

NOT HOLDING ON TO MONEY

NEW YORK BANKS TRYING TO SUPPLY THE COUNTRY.

Aiding West and South—Gold Imported from Europe Well Distributed.

New York.—The leading New York banks were exerting themselves actively Friday to meet the demands of their country correspondents and depositors for currency. They declare that the suggestions made from several western sources that they are not meeting legitimate demands for currency from the west are entirely unfounded and that they are, on the contrary, taking every practicable measure to aid the west and south.

One of the large banks, with several thousand correspondents, has depleted its reserve by about a quarter during the last few weeks to supply currency where it is most needed, and has made large shipments to banks in San Antonio, Galveston, Memphis, Mobile, Atlanta and other southern points. The country banks have been allowed to draw down their balances to a point which affords in many cases hardly more than enough to meet the drafts sold in the ordinary course of business. They have brought paper for rediscount to their New York correspondents in large amounts and the principal difficulty of the New York banks has come from the demand for currency to be shipped against the balance created by these rediscounts.

It is admitted that the cotton movement is seriously checked by the lack of small bills and silver to pay the small growers and by the inability of the southern banks to handle the immense volume of business accumulating at southern points. The grain shipments are in better shape, owing to the gold secured by the banks of Minneapolis for paying cash in New York on grain bills.

The stream of surplus gold pouring into New York has not been halted here to meet local demands, but is being allowed to flow through the financial arteries of the United States and relieve the needs of agriculture and other industries generally. Gold importers state that nearly all of the \$21,000,000 which has already reached here will soon find its way to every quarter of the country.

SANTA FE FINED \$330,000.

Road Found Guilty of Rebating Receives its Punishment.

Los Angeles, Cal.—Judge Olin Wellborn in the United States district court Thursday fined the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe company \$330,000 for rebating. The fine was what the court denominated "an intermediate penalty," the maximum which might have been assessed being \$1,320,000 and the minimum \$66,000.

The Santa Fe company was convicted on October 11 last by a jury in the federal court of granting rebates to the Grand Canyon Lime and Cement company of Arizona. It was found guilty of all the 66 counts charged in the indictment after an hour's deliberation. The rebates, which were given on shipments of lime and cement from Nelson, Arizona, to Los Angeles, ranged in amounts from 35 cents to \$15.

Los Angeles, Cal.—Following close upon the heavy fine imposed upon the Santa Fe Railroad company by Judge Wellborn in the federal district court, United States District Attorney Lawler announced Friday that he would proceed at the coming January term of court to prosecute the road upon the remaining indictment of ten counts charging rebating.

FORMER BANKER IS SENTENCED.

F. J. Tygard of Butler, Mo. Given Five Years in Penitentiary.

Kansas City, Mo.—F. J. Tygard, president of the Bates National bank of Butler, Mo., when it failed September 20, 1906, was sentenced Wednesday to five years in the penitentiary by Judge McPherson in the federal court. The conviction was on the charge of misapplying funds of the bank.

Mr. Tygard is past 70 years of age and is practically paralyzed. He pleaded guilty to the charges and was given the minimum sentence. Judge McPherson intimated that if application was made for pardon it might be favorably considered on account of the prisoner's age and condition.

EARTHQUAKE AT UNALASKA.

Submarine Disturbances Cause New McCullough Peak to Subside.

San Francisco.—Capt. Tiltor of the whaler Herman, which arrived in port Friday morning from the Arctic, reports that a terrific earthquake occurred at Unalaska about a month ago and that McCullough peak, which was created by an earthquake nearly a year ago and extended over 3,400 feet above the sea, has dwindled to almost nothing as a result of submarine disturbances.

Aged Couple Killed by Train.

Ashtabula, O.—Charles Frary and his wife, an aged couple of Saybrook, O., were killed by a Lake Shore passenger train near here Friday. They were driving home and were struck while crossing the tracks.

New Counterfeit \$10 Bank Note.

Washington.—Chief Wilkie of the secret service reports the discovery of a new counterfeit ten dollar national bank note. The counterfeit is on the Wells Fargo Nevada National bank of San Francisco.

Spokane "Lid" Fight Is On.

Spokane, Wash.—Warrants were issued by Justice Hinkle Thursday for the arrest of 187 saloon men of Spokane, charged with keeping open on Sunday in violation of the local Sunday closing ordinance.

Big Fire in Ontario, Ala.

Ontario, Ala.—Fire, which broke out shortly after noon Thursday in the Guthrie hotel, destroyed the hotel, ten stores and a livery stable before it was controlled. The loss is estimated at \$15,000.

BRIEF NEWS NOTES FOR THE BUSY MAN

MOST IMPORTANT EVENTS OF THE PAST WEEK TOLD IN CONDENSED FORM.

ROUND ABOUT THE WORLD

Complete Review of Happenings of Greatest Interest from All Parts of the Globe—Latest Home and Foreign Items.

ELECTION RESULTS.

State. Plurality. New Jersey—Governor, Fort, R. 7,000. Pennsylvania—Governor, O. 142,000. Nebraska—Governor, R. 23,000. Massachusetts—Governor, Curtis Guild, R. 104,857. Delaware—Governor, Willson, R. 14,000. Maryland—Governor, A. L. Crothers, D. 4,341. Rhode Island—Governor, Higgins, D. 2,307. Mississippi—Governor, E. F. Noel, D. 25,000. Cities. Cleveland—Mayor, Tom Johnson, D. 9,313. San Francisco—Mayor, J. S. Bransford, Ind. 6,000. Salt Lake—Mayor, J. F. Grinstead, Rep. 2,300. Toledo—Mayor, Brand Whitlock, Ind. D. 5,000. Cincinnati—Mayor, Leopold Markbreit, D. 10,000. New York County—Mayor, Thomas F. Foley, Dem. 26,723.

Popular interest in the elections centered chiefly in Cleveland, O., where Representative Theodore E. Burton (rep.) was defeated by Mayor Tom L. Johnson (dem.) by several thousand majority, and in New York county, where the fusion of the independence league and Republican party was beaten by Tammany. Kentucky elected a Republican governor.