

END OF THE FAIR

LOUISIANA PURCHASE EXPOSITION COMES TO A CLOSE.

IS A HOLIDAY IN SAINT LOUIS

Final Day Designated as Francis Day in Honor of the President—With a "Farewell" the Lights Go Out and the Show is Over.

ST. LOUIS—A brief but impressive ceremony held at the base of the Louisiana Purchase monument concluded the World's fair at midnight. President D. R. Francis, accompanied by a number of the officials of the exposition, congregated in the impromptu rostrum.

With words, "Farewell, a long farewell to your greatness," President Francis touched a small lever and instantly the illumination throughout the grounds was at an end.

The stupendous and magnificent exposition whose tendrils of interest have extended into every portion of the civilized world and even into aboriginal recesses, bringing within the gates of St. Louis millions of visitors from throughout the entire world, has run its course and now passes into history as probably having comprised the most representative collection of resources of the world ever assembled.

From the inception of a project to hold an exposition to fittingly commemorate the 100th anniversary of the purchase of the Louisiana territory, until the portals were thrown open and the world was invited to enter and enjoy the completed exhibition of the world's life, occupied a period of seven years. The duration of the exposition has been seven months and during that time nothing has occurred to throw a dampening effect into the interest or to detract from the exposition in any way. The best order has been maintained throughout; there have been a few fires, but all were of small moment with the exception of the destruction of the house of Hoo Hoo and the partial destruction of the Missouri building recently. The former was immediately rebuilt. No loss of life has occurred during the exposition from accident. St. Louis has preferred its most gracious hospitality to the world and it has been accepted. Throngs of visitors have poured in to attend the exposition with the expectation of being pleased and satisfied. They have departed amazed and gratified. The opinion has been expressed at all times, on all sides, and without reserve, that the Louisiana Purchase exposition has been a success. Congratulatory messages were received in large numbers from all parts of the country and from abroad, conveying felicitations upon the success of the exposition.

The man probably most prominently known in connection with the World's fair is the president, David R. Francis and it was fitting that the final day should be designated as "Francis day," in his honor.

NEARLY 20,000,000 ATTEND.

St. Louis Exposition Visited by Multitudes During Its Career.

ST. LOUIS—While it will be impossible to obtain the actual receipts and expenditures of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition company before the middle of December Secretary Walter B. Stevens of the World's fair made the following statement to the Associated Press Thursday night:

"From reports that have been submitted of the admissions to the grounds up to 9 o'clock tonight, we estimate that the attendance on 'Francis day' will be a few thousands in excess of 200,000, and that the attendance for the exposition period will be in the neighborhood of 18,000,000."

"In round numbers, the exposition company has expended \$22,000,000 since the inception of the World's fair project, and the expenditures of the several states and territories have reached a total of \$9,000,000. The receipts since the opening day, April 30, have amounted to about \$10,000,000, consisting of admissions and concession royalties."

In addition to these receipts were the funds, amounting to about \$12,000,000, raised by subscription and appropriation, to build the exposition.

"While it is impossible to state exactly the financial condition of the exposition company on this, the closing day, it can be authoritatively announced that all debts against the company have been paid with the exception of a few current accounts, such as salaries, etc., and these will, it is thought, consume nearly all the surplus, so that there will only be a very small amount left for the stockholders."

"From the amount of royalties collected by the exposition company it is estimated that the concessionaires on the Pike and other parts of the grounds have taken in at least \$10,000,000."

Montana Ranchman Killed.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, Mont.—Homer E. Ward, a young ranchman, aged 23, about twenty-four miles northwest of here, was found dead in his cabin Friday. His body was partly burned and there was a bullet hole in his head. A hole through a window pane indicated that he had been shot from behind as he was seated at his table eating. The body had been laid upon the bed, covered with bed clothing, saturated with kerosene and a match applied. The act of incendiarism, however, failed.

Herr Most Leaves St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS—On the promise that he would leave the city "Herr" Johann Most, the New York anarchist, who was arrested Tuesday night, was released. His arrest followed the breaking up of two meetings at which he was to have spoken on anarchy. No charge was made against him and he was held for the chief. When Chief of Police Kieley had Most brought before him he was asked if he would leave the city if released. On answering in the affirmative the police gave Most his liberty.

CONGRESS AGAIN

NATIONAL LAWMAKERS ABOUT TO ASSEMBLE.

Message of President Nott to Be Delivered Until Second Day—Adjournment in Memory of Members Who Have Died.

LITTLE WILL BE DONE THIS WEEK

WASHINGTON—Little in the way of legislative business is expected the first week of the session of congress. The first day will be devoted to calling the roll and swearing in new members who have been elected to fill vacancies. The usual committee will be appointed to inform the president that congress is in session and the resolution notifying the senate that a quorum of the house is ready for business will be passed. Tuesday the president's message will be read, but it is not expected that any other business will be transacted.

There are a number of minor matters of legislation which may be considered on Wednesday and on Thursday, as no special order has been made for consideration of any general measure. It is possible that the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill may be reported Wednesday or Thursday.

Friday is pension day and there will be more than a thousand private pension bills ready for the house to consider.

Early adjournments each day are expected during the first week in order to give time to shape the session business.

An intimation has been given that objection may be interposed against administering the oath of office to J. Thomas Heflin, who has been elected to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Representative Thompson of the Fifth Alabama district, on account of certain language Heflin is alleged to have used regarding the president of the United States. In case objection is made there is no doubt there will be a spirited party debate which would occupy considerable time.

The first act of the senate after convening will be one of respect to the memory of two distinguished senators whose deaths have occurred since the adjournment of congress. Senator Penrose, immediately after the senate is called to order, will announce Senator Quay's demise, and then will give way to Senator Lodge to perform a like service in the case of Senator Hoar. Adjournment for the day will follow at once and will postpone receipt of the president's annual message until Tuesday. The document will be received early Tuesday and very little if any further business beyond its reading and the induction into office of Messrs. Knox of Pennsylvania and Crane of Massachusetts.

For the remainder of the week exceedingly brief sessions are expected. On Thursday an adjournment will be taken until the following Monday.

Senator Lodge will press the house bill for the amendment of the Philippine government law as soon as it is practicable to get that measure before the senate, and has announced his intention not to brook opposition to its consideration. The bill has the vast advantage of being on the calendar as unfinished business, so that it cannot easily be displaced. It is not probable, however, that Mr. Lodge will now attempt more with reference to it than to give notice of his intention to press its adoption.

COCKRELL HAS HIS CHOICE.

Positions Offered to the Missourian by President Roosevelt.

WASHINGTON—Senator Cockrell of Missouri, who arrived in Washington Tuesday night from his home, called Wednesday on President Roosevelt and had an extended conference with him. It was the first time the president and Senator Cockrell had met since the election. When it became evident that the result of the election in Missouri would result in the retirement from the senate of Mr. Cockrell the president let it be understood that he would offer to him a federal appointment commensurate with his ability, knowledge of public affairs, wide experience and high character.

At the conference Wednesday the president informed Senator Cockrell that he would appoint him as a member of either the isthmian canal commission or of the interstate commerce commission as the senator might elect. Senator Cockrell did not indicate to the president what he might do regarding the proffer and said to his friends after the conference that he would not announce his decision, perhaps for several weeks, as it was not necessary that he should do so immediately.

Naturalization Frauds.

BALTIMORE—Three persons were arrested on bench warrants issued by United States Judge Morris on the charge of falsely swearing that they had resided in the United States long enough to legalize their suffrages. They are Max Cohen, Jacob Reiner and Charles Einstein. The prisoners, accompanied by several other residents of Baltimore, went to Westminster, Md., prior to the November election and secured naturalization papers upon which their names were enrolled upon the polling lists.

Butler Secures a Stay.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo.—Chief Justice Robinson of the supreme court issued a temporary rule in prohibition against Judge Foster of the St. Louis criminal court to prevent him from proceeding with the trial of Edward Butler in his court on the charge of bribing Charles F. Kelley to leave the state and avoid testifying against him in the bootleg cases. The temporary writ is made returnable Dec. 13, when Judge Foster is directed to show cause why the temporary rule shall not be made permanent.

Fight for Fairbanks' Seat.

INDIANAPOLIS—Congressman C. B. Landis of Delphi and Captain Harry S. New of Indianapolis, withdrew their names from the contest for the seat of United States Senator Fairbanks, vice president-elect.

Money to Clean Up Cuban Cities.

HAVANA—The special committee having the subject in charge has submitted to the house of representatives a bill appropriating \$100,000 for the sanitation of Santiago, Cienfuegos, Cardenas and Matanzas.

FALL OF ARTHUR

ST. PETERSBURG NOW THINKS IT IS IMMINENT.

ARE PREPARING FOR THE WORST

Capture of Two Hundred and Three Meter Hill Seals Doom of Besieged Town—General Stoessel Will Never Surrender.

ST. PETERSBURG—With the confirmation of the news that the Japanese have occupied Two Hundred and Three-Meter hill and the report that the Russians unsuccessfully at tempted its recapture, officials at the war office are beginning to prepare themselves for the inevitable. Golden hill and Liaoi hill are higher and dominate Two Hundred and Three-Meter hill, but the officials say that if the Japanese succeed in mounting heavy guns upon the latter it probably will be only a question of days or weeks before the fortress falls. Still there is not the slightest idea among General Stoessel's friends that he will surrender even if he should be ordered to do so. It is hinted that it is possible that if the fall of the fortress is shown to be inevitable the emperor may direct his surrender in order to prevent the unnecessary sacrifice of the remnant of his brave defenders, but it is believed by those who know General Stoessel best that he will make good his threat to hold out to the last man and cartridge in Port Arthur.

The ships in the harbor, it can now be stated on high authority, are in no condition to attempt to break through the blockading squadron. The guns of the warships were not long ago landed and the marines and sailors have been participating in the land defense. Some of the ships have also been injured by shells. If the fortress falls, it is understood, they will be taken outside and sunk in deep water in order to prevent the possibility of their ever being of service to the enemy.

The question of the advisability of reinforcing Vice Admiral Rojstevsky's squadron with the Black sea fleet is again being agitated in some of the papers, notably the Novoe Vremya, which points out that with the addition of the Black sea vessels Rojstevsky will have a superiority which will insure victory over Admiral Togo's fleet.

The Novoe Vremya calls attention to the fact that Japan was not one of the signatories to the treaties closing the Dardanelles and asserts that if Japan had the power she might force an entrance into the Black sea and engage the Russian fleet. Conversely, the paper continues, with the consent of the porte there is nothing in the treaty to prevent the exit of the Black sea fleet to fight some power which is in no wise involved in the treaty.

AMERICAN COMMITS SUICIDE.

New York Man Jumps to Vestibule from Third Floor of Hotel.

LONDON—Eiverton Chapman, aged 23, whose home is in New York City, committed suicide at the Carlton hotel by throwing himself from the third floor landing to the vestibule, where he was shockingly mangled on the marble floor. His skull was crushed, one arm was shattered and there were other injuries, from which he died in terrible agony within a few minutes.

Chapman arrived at the Carlton last Saturday accompanied by his valet. After dressing for dinner Monday evening he left his room and upon arriving at the head of the staircase suddenly eluded the watchful attendant, sprang forward, cleared the banister and fell three flights to the ground. The vestibule was filled with well dressed men and women who were proceeding to the dining hall. The band was playing when the tragic incident occurred. It was all so startling that great confusion at once prevailed, but the doctors speedily arrived and Chapman was conveyed to his room. He succumbed almost immediately.

NEW BANK TO RUN AT NIGHT

New York Financiers Plan Institution for Transients.

NEW YORK—Impressed by the need for an institution where money may be obtained at any hour, prominent New York financiers and commercial men have, it is announced by the Herald, organized the first night and day bank and safe deposit company.

The names of men prominent in the business and social world appear in the organization committee and the capital stock of \$250,000 already has been subscribed. The concern also will have a working surplus of \$250,000. The plight in which many travelers of wealth often find themselves because they are unable to draw cash in cases of emergency suggested the organization of the bank. It is likely that Oakleigh Thorne of the North American Trust company will be president of the new institution.

Taft Will Arrive Saturday.

PENSACOLA, Fla.—A cablegram was received Sunday from Secretary of War Taft and his party, announcing that they would arrive in Pensacola on the cruiser Columbia on December 10. It is the intention of Secretary Taft to return to Washington about December 14, according to present plans. He stated on his departure from here that he would remain in Pensacola several days on his return. Preparations are being made for the entertainment of the distinguished party during their stay here.

Pure Seed Special Train.

ST. PAUL—The Chicago & Northwestern is planning a "pure seed special train," which will traverse the company's line in South Dakota, Minnesota and other states this winter. The company will run a special train carrying Profs. Wilson and Wheeler of the South Dakota Agricultural school, A. O. Johnson and M. F. Greener over its various lines, with stops at every village and way station. The grain experts will conduct brief lectures and disseminate information to farmers who call at the train.

TALK OF RECIPROCITY.

The Question Likely to Be Up in the Coming Congress.

WASHINGTON—Coupled with tariff legislation discussion is the subject of reciprocity. A number of proposed reciprocity treaties have been and still are reposing in the pigeonholes of the senate. During the coming three months there may be some talk about these treaties, but the indications are they will not be seriously considered. So strong has been the opposition to them that it has never been considered worth while to report them from the committee on foreign relations, to which they were referred. There was considerable talk during the last session of congress concerning tariff revision, and the suggestion was made by several prominent leaders that any revision that was necessary could be accomplished during the short session of congress, the idea being that revision would be on the lines of reduction and would meet with little or no opposition may be more pronounced.

Revenue legislation of any kind is sure to create considerable talk in the senate, and that means delay. In fact it has become known under present conditions legislation during the short session is enacted by practically unanimous consent. Any half dozen senators who determine to defeat a bill have the power to do so, with the privilege of unlimited debate. In the house the stringent rules enable the majority to transact all business it desires, and so far as that body is concerned there is no difficulty about any legislation that may be attempted, but if the leaders do not want tariff revision or change in the revenue laws nothing will be done.

ENJOINS THE TAXES.

Burlington and Union Pacific File Petition in the Federal Court.

OMAHA—The Union Pacific Railway company, through its attorney, John M. Baldwin, and the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy and B. & M. Railway companies, through their attorney, J. E. Kelly, appeared before Judge W. H. Munger in the United States circuit court Wednesday evening and secured a temporary restraining order against the county treasurers of the different counties of the state of Nebraska through which their respective roads run, from attempting in any way or manner to collect the taxes levied against the complainant roads or from enforcing any of the terms of any tax warrant which may now or hereafter be placed in their hands.

Judge Munger granted the temporary order and the hearing is set for Monday or Tuesday, December 26 or 27, 1904.

The petition accompanying the application made by the Union Pacific is of seventy-four printed pages.

The haste in seeking the restraining order is owing to the fact that under the new revenue law of Nebraska the taxes of railway corporations become due and delinquent on December 1, and the tax collecting officials of the respective counties are authorized under the law to levy upon any funds that may be in the hands of any agent of the respective companies to apply upon the delinquent taxes, or that may thereafter come into their hands so long as the taxes remain unsatisfied. Hence, as these corporation taxes become due on and after Wednesday, the railroads had to hurry and get the restraining order granted.

JAPS GET NEARER.

Report That They Now Occupy 203-Meter Hill.

LONDON—According to a Tokio dispatch to the Standard there is an unofficial rumor that the Japanese have hauled large caliber guns to the top of 203 meter hill, from whence their fire has a sweep of the whole harbor. This report doubtless goes beyond the facts, but various dispatches indicate the progress the Japanese are making in the reduction of Port Arthur. Japanese here explain the great importance of 203 Meter hill, which, besides giving command of the harbor, will serve as a wide breach made by the wedge the Japanese had previously driven in between the Else group and the Russians' last retreat in the ravines of Laotie mountain. They declare that retreat to Laotie will be effectively cut off and that it is not unlikely that Laotie will be simultaneously attacked in the final assault.

Bennett Burleigh wires to the Daily Telegraph from Chefoo that in the last assault the Japanese lost 4,000 in one hour's fighting. They claim to have captured two more of the north-eastern forts and a third, which is part of the West Kekwan fort. They claim, Mr. Burleigh adds, to have effected a lodgement at Pigeon bay, thus turning the fort on 203 Meter hill, and that they are now tunnelling from the gorge below Laotie hill, which they hope first to damage and then to rush. The dispatch continues:

Norway Wants \$10,000,000.

CHRISTIANIA, Norway—During the discussion in the storting of the bill to raise a loan of \$7,500,000, the finance minister unexpectedly announced that the loan would be increased to \$10,000,000, of which the additional \$2,500,000 would be set aside as a special reserve for use "when the country is in distress." This announcement of what may be regarded as a war fund created some astonishment. Some members asked an explanation of what had happened, but the minister refused to be drawn out.

Fight for Fairbanks' Seat.

INDIANAPOLIS—Congressman C. B. Landis of Delphi and Captain Harry S. New of Indianapolis, withdrew their names from the contest for the seat of United States Senator Fairbanks, vice president-elect.

Money to Clean Up Cuban Cities.

HAVANA—The special committee having the subject in charge has submitted to the house of representatives a bill appropriating \$100,000 for the sanitation of Santiago, Cienfuegos, Cardenas and Matanzas.

NEWS IN NEBRASKA

THE STATE IN BRIEF.

TROUBLE FOR TREASURERS.

A Movement that is in Violation of Law.

LINCOLN—According to the opinion of Attorney General Prout those county treasurers who are accepting a portion of the taxes assessed against railroad companies, even under protest, are violating the law. Mr. Prout believes the county treasurer should collect all of the taxes at once or none. He has received a number of requests from county treasurers asking advice in the matter and he has referred to his former opinion on the subject, given in 1901. That opinion is as follows:

"An examination of the revenue law convinces me that the legislature intended that a tax debtor should pay an item of taxes at a single payment, and that the county treasurer should not be compelled to divide an item and to receive partial payment at one time and the balance at another time. If a county treasurer may divide an item of taxes into two parts for purposes of payment, why may not he divide it into fifty parts and receive the payment of a single item fifty different times? The books which the treasurer is required to keep, his form of receipt prescribed by statute, indicate that an item of taxes should be paid at a single payment. A claim that a part of an item is void does not change the duty of the treasurer. He has nothing to do with questions relating to the validity of taxes or a portion of an item. The determination of such questions has been committed to other officers or tribunals. The warrant of the treasurer directs him to collect the taxes, not to make partial collections. I am therefore of the opinion that the county treasurer should decline to accept a portion of the items of taxes in question."

FARM SOLD AND MORTGAGED.

J. T. Jones of Humboldt Finds This Condition.

EDGAR—An illegal land sale in this vicinity has just come to light. Mr. J. T. Jones, formerly of this city, but who moved to Humboldt, Neb., some seven or eight years ago, owns a quarter section of very fine land three miles northeast of Edgar. Not long ago a man claiming to be Joel T. Jones, the owner of the land, quietly effected a sale of the farm to a man calling himself Martin Clark. Both parties were strangers to the county officials, as was also the real owner, Joel T. Jones of Humboldt. A deed was made and recorded by the man Clark and then a loan of \$500 was secured from a Beatrice bank and a mortgage was duly filed against the farm. The matter came to the ears of Mr. Joel T. Jones of Humboldt, and he lost no time in coming up to see about the matter. He succeeded in notifying the county officials and the mortgagee of the character of the sale, but could get no trace of the man who sold, bought and mortgaged the land.

Surveyors Are Near Brainard.

BRAINARD—The surveying crew of the Omaha & Nebraska Central railway is now in camp here, having made the survey from Hastings to this point. In the 167 miles that have been run so far they have made but one grade crossing with another line of railroad, having either gone under or over the tracks of other roads.

Farmer Killed by a Fall.

NEBRASKA CITY—Fritz Viox, a wealthy farmer, residing near Lorton, fell out of his wagon while driving to his home and was killed. He had been drinking.

State is Paramount.

Governor Mickey and Attorney General Prout held a conference regarding the suit brought by the Union Pacific and Burlington railroads to enjoin the collection of their taxes. The matter will be looked after by the state's legal department and a red hot fight in support of the revenue law will be made. It is the belief of the members of the board that the fight of the railroads will not be successful.

Prisoners Go to Penitentiary.

PAPILLION—Sheriff McEvoy has taken Dillon, Hike and Rivers to the penitentiary, where they go to serve sentences of four years each, the two former for highway robbery and the latter, a negro, for burglary.

Epidemic of Typhoid.

NORFOLK—An extensive epidemic of typhoid fever prevails in northern Nebraska. There are several deaths daily. The cause of the illness has not been determined.

Daughters of Rebekah Lodge was Organized in Nebraska City.

The Rebekah lodge of Nebraska City organized in Nebraska City. The Rebekah lodge of Nebraska City organized in Nebraska City. The Rebekah lodge of Nebraska City organized in Nebraska City.

Paupers Are Decreasing.

LINCOLN—In prosperous Nebraska the number of paupers, charges of counties, has been materially decreased during the last two years. In his forthcoming report Secretary Davis of the state board of charities and corrections will state that two years ago there were 1,062 dependents, while now there are 1,022. According to his compilation there is one dependent pauper subsisting on public bounty to every 1,200 inhabitants. The cost of maintenance ranges from \$1.02 to \$4 a week.

Big Farm Barn Fire.

FREMONT—The big barn on the farm of John Delaney, seven miles northeast of Fremont, ten head of horses, a big granary filled with grain and a hay mow filled with hay were destroyed by fire. Mr. Delaney discovered the flames when they were shooting out through the roof of the structure. Many of his neighbors were attracted a few minutes later and responded promptly to help him, but the heat was so intense that no one could enter the building to save anything.

NEWS IN NEBRASKA

THE STATE IN BRIEF.

TROUBLE FOR TREASURERS.

A Movement that is in Violation of Law.

LINCOLN—According to the opinion of Attorney General Prout those county treasurers who are accepting a portion of the taxes assessed against railroad companies, even under protest, are violating the law. Mr. Prout believes the county treasurer should collect all of the taxes at once or none. He has received a number of requests from county treasurers asking advice in the matter and he has referred to his former opinion on the subject, given in 1901. That opinion is as follows:

"An examination of the revenue law convinces me that the legislature intended that a tax debtor should pay an item of taxes at a single payment, and that the county treasurer should not be compelled to divide an item and to receive partial payment at one time and the balance at another time. If a county treasurer may divide an item of taxes into two parts for purposes of payment, why may not he divide it into fifty parts and receive the payment of a single item fifty different times? The books which the treasurer is required to keep, his form of receipt prescribed by statute, indicate that an item of taxes should be paid at a single payment. A claim that a part of an item is void does not change the duty of the treasurer. He has nothing to do with questions relating to the validity of taxes or a portion of an item. The determination of such questions has been committed to other officers or tribunals. The warrant of the treasurer directs him to collect the taxes, not to make partial collections. I am therefore of the opinion that the county treasurer should decline to accept a portion of the items of taxes in question."

FARM SOLD AND MORTGAGED.

J. T. Jones of Humboldt Finds This Condition.

EDGAR—An illegal land sale in this vicinity has just come to light. Mr. J. T. Jones, formerly of this city, but who moved to Humboldt, Neb., some seven or eight years ago, owns a quarter section of very fine land three miles northeast of Edgar. Not long ago a man claiming to be Joel T. Jones, the owner of the land, quietly effected a sale of the farm to a man calling himself Martin Clark. Both parties were strangers to the county officials, as was also the real owner, Joel T. Jones of Humboldt. A deed was made and recorded by the man Clark and then a loan of \$500 was secured from a Beatrice bank and a mortgage was duly filed against the farm. The matter came to the ears of Mr. Joel T. Jones of Humboldt, and he lost no time in coming up to see about the matter. He succeeded in notifying the county officials and the mortgagee of the character of the sale, but could get no trace of the man who sold, bought and mortgaged the land.

Surveyors Are Near Brainard.

BRAINARD—The surveying crew of the Omaha & Nebraska Central railway is now in camp here, having made the survey from Hastings to this point. In the 167 miles that have been run so far they have made but one grade crossing with another line of railroad, having either gone under or over the tracks of other roads.

Farmer Killed by a Fall.

NEBRASKA CITY—Fritz Viox, a wealthy farmer, residing near Lorton, fell out of his wagon while driving to his home and was killed. He had been drinking.

State is Paramount.

Governor Mickey and Attorney General Prout held a conference regarding the suit brought by the Union Pacific and Burlington railroads to enjoin the collection of their taxes. The matter will be looked after by the state's legal department and a red hot fight in support of the revenue law will be made. It is the belief of the members of the board that the fight of the railroads will not be successful.

Prisoners Go to Penitentiary.

PAPILLION—Sheriff McEvoy has taken Dillon, Hike and Rivers to the penitentiary, where they go to serve sentences of four years each, the two former for highway robbery and the latter, a negro, for burglary.

Epidemic of Typhoid.

NORFOLK—An extensive epidemic of typhoid fever prevails in northern Nebraska. There are several deaths daily. The cause of the illness has not been determined.

Daughters of Rebekah Lodge was Organized in Nebraska City.

The Rebekah lodge of Nebraska City organized in Nebraska City. The Rebekah lodge of Nebraska City organized in Nebraska City. The Rebekah lodge of Nebraska City organized in Nebraska City.

Paupers Are Decreasing.

LINCOLN—In prosperous Nebraska the number of paupers, charges of counties, has been materially decreased during the last two years. In his forthcoming report Secretary Davis of the state board of charities and corrections will state that two years ago there were 1,062 dependents, while now there are 1,022. According to his compilation there is one dependent pauper subsisting on public bounty to every 1,200 inhabitants. The cost of maintenance ranges from \$1.02 to \$4 a week.

Big Farm Barn Fire.

FREMONT—The big barn on the farm of John Delaney, seven miles northeast of Fremont, ten head of horses, a big granary filled with grain and a hay mow filled with hay were destroyed by fire. Mr. Delaney discovered the flames when they were shooting out through the roof of the structure. Many of his neighbors were attracted a few minutes later and responded promptly to help him, but the heat was so intense that no one could enter the building to save anything.