LOUP CITY NORTHWESTERN.

VOLUME XX.

TLE MATTERS.

and Germany.

gotiations with Mr. Bowen.

which Sir Michael Herbert will pre-

side. In the meantime he expects to

have an interview with the secretary

of state, whom he will sound as to

the probability of the president's ac-

velt is not disposed to accept the post

of arbitrator the ministers are in-

structed not to suffer the embarrass-

ment of a refusal but instead of mak-

ing known their wishes to him to take

steps to draw up a protocol with Mr.

Bowen for a reference to The Hague.

The British ambassador was the

first of the representatives to receive

instructions to this effect and the mat-

ference between the three representa-

Announcement of that decision has

officials of the Washington govern-

tives of the allies.

trouble."

If it is found that President Roose-

ceptance of the allies' request.

LOUP CITY, SHERMAN COUNTY, NEBRASKA, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1903.

NUMBER 14.

CAVES LICKING THE STAMPS.

Provisions of One of the New Postoffice Bills.

WASHINGTON .- The postoffice appropriation bill passed on Thursday by the house contains an important provision that has not attracted much attention.

The bill provides that hereafter postoffices shall accept for transmission in the mails quantities of not less than 2,000 identical pieces of third or fourth class mail matter without postage stamps affixed, provided that the postage is fully prepaid. This action was recommended strongly by Third Assistant Postmaster General Madden in the interest of economy to the government and to the business public. Under its provisions, as urged by the department, this proposed legislation will save the expense of manufacturing stamps, the sale of them to the public and the subsequent labor tion and the admission of two of cancelling the stamps on the individual pieces in the postoffices after done, however, until assurance can they are mailed. It will also save the public the work of attaching postage stamps to the individual pieces of mail.

Child Saving Institute of Omaha.

The Child Saving Institute of Omaha is better equipped than any other corporation for handling legal quesfeel that they have a majority they tions concerning children and devotes realize that it will not be so large a large amount of time to the work as it would be on a direct vote on of rescuing children from vicious surroundings by legal processes. A recent appeal from Washington county, ting only Oklahoma, but if this should Nebraska, was promptly responded to be undertaken it will be only as a last and proceedings were begun in the resort and will be postponed until county court against a woman who was running a house of ill fame at senators are becoming restless under | Blair, having with her four small chilthe present conditions, which, it is dren, the oldest one being a girl of believed, cannot continue much nine years. She made confession in the court concerning her criminal life,

Monday, in accordance with notice when she faced the evidence that was given by Senator Allison, the bill presented, and then requested that the making appropriations for the Dis- Child Saving Institute of Omaha trict of Columbia will be taken up. should take charge of her children and Some clauses will arouse debate, but place them in homes. Three of them

BOWEN REJECTED WOULD PASS UP BIG SHOW. Austrians Do Not Favor Exhibition at St. Louis in 1904.

ALLIES ASK ROOSEVELT TO SCT. VIENNA-The Austrian Industrial association has made a very unpromising report to the government on the advisability of participating in the St. Louis exhibition, saying that exhibit-NOT KNOWN THAT HE WILL ACT ing in the United States always costs much and yields little, as under the There Will Be No Further Negotiation present tariff conditions Austria canwith Castro's American Representa- not hope to obtain any considerable tive-The Action of Great Britain market there. Should, however, the government decide in favor of the project, the association recommends the appointment of a prominent manufacturer or merchant to proceed imme-WASHINGTON .- Irritated by Mr. diately to St. Louis and make the very Bowen's note refusing their proposal best arrangement possible for exhibitfor preferential payments, the allied ors. The government, the association powers have instructed their reprefurther reports, should also approprisentatives to resubmit the question to ate a sum corresponding with the

President Roosevelt for settlement. In the event of his refusal to act, this grants made by Germany and France to defray the cost of exhibiting. and possibly the entirely Venezuelan Under no circumstances, it is added, question is to go to The Hague. These should a trifling subvention be given instructions finally break off all nefor the benefit only of a small group of exhibitiors, as this would give a At 10 o'clock Friday there will very inadequate idea of Austria's probe a conference of the representatives ductive capacity. of the allies at the British legation at

THE BOERS ARE REBUKED.

Present an Address Which Chamberlain Does Not Like.

BLOEMFONTEIN-Colonial Secretary Chamberlain on Saturday had a two hours' conference with a deputation of about forty Boers of the extreme party, including Christian De-Wet. The deputation presented an address, which, it is understood, Mr. Chamberlain rejected, at the same time rebuking the delegates for presenting the address, which he regarded as insulting, inasmuch as it impugned the good faith of himself and the government.

ter was discussed at the noonday con-Christian DeWet, who referred to Piet DeWet and Chris Botha as scoundrels, accused the government of contravening the terms of the Veriningen not been received with favor by the agreement and he requested that the terms of peace should be incorpor-

ated in a law.

HACUE TO DECIDE

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT REFUSES TO BE ARBITRATOR

IN THE VENEZUELAN DISPUTE

The Matter Will Accordingly Go to The Hague-Protocols for Submission to the Tribunal Will Be Taken Up Without Delay.

WASHINGTON.-President Rooseallied powers to arbitrate the question proofs. Experts who had examined of preferential treatment in the settlement of their claims against Vene- picious, had decided that the excess zuela. Secretary Hay has been instructed to advise the British embassy at once to that effect. The matter will now be referred to The Hague tribunal, which will result in the immediate raising of the blockade.

The administration, it is stated in an official quarter, was unwilling to approve the effort of the British government to eliminate Mr. Bowen from the negotiations, and moreover the president could not have accepted the invitation of the allies, even had he been so disposed, without the consent affair still has precedence as the leadof the other negotiator, Mr. Bowen. Saturday preliminaries will be considered with reference to the signing of the protocol referring matters to edonian question. The Hague,

Hay's note announcing the decision, spring by nearly all writers who are the British ambassador addressed a following the course of events in the communication to Mr. Bowen saying Balkans. he was suffering from an attack of the grip and would be obliged if Mr. been made year after year, but never Bowen would call on him. The Venezuelan envoy went at once to the em- liminary stages of the last war bebassy, where the British ambassador | tween Russia and the porte. explained that he had been too ill to call for several days and announced ister, Baron von Sternberg, called on a joint policy. Mr. Bowen and announced the arrival

Canadians Charged with Mixing Wheat with that Grown in America. SENATORS GROW TIRED OF VIR-BERLIN-Herr Roesicke, agrarian,

EVADE GERMAN GRAIN DUTY.

complained in the reichstag on Friday that Canadian whoat continued to come to Germany as American wheat. thus paying a duty of 871/2 cents per 100 instead of \$1.25.

Interior Secretary von Posadowski-Wehner replied that the legend to the effect that much Canadian wheat was coming in mixed with American continued to circulate, but the government had thoroughly investigated the velt has declined the invitation of the reports and had been unable to find

recent shipments, which appeared susof duty must be refunded. The German customs authorities and the consuls of Germany in the United States were doing everything to prevent evasions of the law. As for Canadian fiour, it was impossible to detect the country in which it originated.

UPRISING AGAINST TURKEY.

Macedonian Question Already Beginning to Take First Place.

NEW YORK-While the Venezuelan ing foreign question, there is a general feeling in Fleet street that it will speedily be overshadowed by the Mac-

Immediately on receipt of Secretary the Turks is expected in the early

Predictions of a similar nature have with equal confidence since the pre-

The Turkish government clearly expects trouble and the Russian and Austhe arrival of his protocol, which he trian governments also dread a movewas prepared to submit to Mr. Bowen ment from Bulgaria which they cannot for signature. Later the German min- control, since they cannot agree upon



TUAL DEADLOCK. A SUBSTITUTE BILL PROPOSED

State Hist Society,

Some Members Wish to Consolidate Territories Into Two States-Danger of Split May Kill Suggestion-Republicans Seek Unanimous Vote.

WASHINGTON. - All indications point to the conclusion of the statehood debate during the present week, but no one can tell at this time just when or how the change will come. If the plans of the republican leaders who oppose the bill are put into effect the committee on territories will bring in a substitute bill early in the week providing for consolidastates This will probably not be be secured that the full republican vote will be cast for the consolidation. If this plan does not take shape

Senator Quay is likely to press his statehood amendment on the agricultural bill and a test of strength will ensue. The vote on this amendment will be close, if taken, and while the omnibus bill advocates the statehood bill alone and by itself. There is some talk now of admittoward the end of the session. All longer.

A formidable insurrection against

ment. "The Hague tribunal," said one, "has all along been kept in sight as a port of safety in case the negotiations here were not productive of a final settlement. As for the suggestion that the president act as arbiter, that has been a favorite idea of the allies since the beginning of the

Whether President Roosevelt will accept is not known. An official of the administration expressed his surprise that the allies were willing to submit to his judgment in view of the fact that their representatives within the last few days had informed them that Mr. Roosevelt was opposed to their contention for preferential treatment.

There is the best authority for the statement that neither Great Britain nor Germany are desirous of submitting their case to The Hague.

It is not quite certain whether the protocol which will be drawn up with Mr. Bowen, in the event of the president's refusal will provide for a reference of the entire case or whether the allies are willing to stick by what they have secured here and allow The Hague tribunal to arbitrate the one question of preferential treatment.

STEAM CAUSES JERSEY WRECK.

Dead Engineer Leaves Statement Explaining the Disaster.

PLAINFIELD, N. J .- The coroner's investigation of the recent wreck at 1899 for a little more than \$13,000 to Graceland, in which twenty-three persons were killed, began Wednesday.

The most important evidence was to have held against the Tabor comthat of Dr. Westcott, county physician of Union county, who read the statement made to him by Engineer James Davis on the afternoon of the disaster. Davis said his engine had a leaking steam chest, which had been cracked for a month, and that the 14 steam escaping from it prevented him from seeing the tower signals. He did not see the train ahead until within sixty feet of it.

David H. Deeter, master mechanic of the railroad at Philadelphia, admitted that he had known of the leak escaping steam was not sufficient to 1,000. obstruct the engineer's view.

New Job for Bristow.

KANSAS CITY .- The Journal says: From a source believed to be reliable it is learned that Fourth Assistant Postmaster Bristow of Kansas is shorttreat with the five civilized tribes.

SON AND FATHER FIGHT DUEL.

Marshal Jails His Boy, Afterwards Paying His Fine.

CARBONDALE, Ill.-Silas Farmer, city marshal of De Soto, Mo., and his son Lawrence, 23 years of age, are seriously wounded as a result of a shooting affray on the streets.

Lawrence's father placed him in jail a week ago and recently released him and paid his fine. Shortly after the son procured a revolver and announced that he intended to kill his father. The two met in the evening, the son immediately opened fire, inflicting three wounds. The marshal then drew his revolver and shot his son twice, inflicting wounds which may prove fatal.

MRS. TABOR ASKS DAMAGES.

Wife of Former Senator and Million-

aire Makes Charge of Fraud. DENVER-A suit for \$3,200,000 damages has been filed in the district court by Mrs. Elizabeth B. Tabor against James W. Newell, Warren F. Page and the Ransom Leasing company.

The damage which Mrs. Tabor claims to have incurred resulted from a sale on an execution of the Matchless mine, near Leadville, which belonged to the Tabor Mines and Milling company. This mine was sold in satisfy a judgment which the defendants and William H. Harp are said

pany. Fraud is alleged against the defendants for the manner in which they socured possession of the mine.

SEAS SLAY THOUSAND.

Pacific Islands Are Depopulated by Fearful Storm.

SAN FRANCISCO-News of a fearful loss of life in a destructive storm that swept over the South Sea Islands gether, it was a most pleasant visit. last month reached here Sunday by the steamer Mariposa, direct from Tain Davis' engine, but insisted that the h'ti. The loss of life is estimated at to visit America. Nothing, however,

> On January 13 last a tuge tidal wave, accompanied by a terrific hurricane, attacked the Society Islands and the causing death and devastation.

1,000 of the islanders lost their lives, port.

of his protocol.

It has developed that two protocols are to be signed by Mr. Bowen with One Hundred and Nine Thousand Orthe Italian ambassador, Signor Mayor Des Planches, two with the British ambassador and two with the German minister. The first in each case will

provide for the reference of the allies' contention for preferential treatment returns of adjutant generals of the to The Hague, and the raising of the blockade simultaneously with the signing of the convention.

protocols between Mr. Bowen and the three allies will contain the same conditions, though all the negotiations are working to that end.

precedent to the raising of the block- officers and men of all arms, is shown ade will be clearly settled, namely, to be 109,338. The strength of the that 30 per cent of the customs re- militia of Nebraska, Iowa, South Daceipts of the ports of La Guayra and kota and Wyoming is as follows: Puerto Cabello are to be set aside by Venezuela for the satisfaction of its creditors and that the question as to whether the allied powers shall receive preferential treatment, or, as Great Britain terms it, "separate" treatment, in the settlement, shall be referred to The Hague.

They will also provide that Venezuela shall pay down to each of the three allied powers £5,500 as an initial cash payment.

The difference between the protocols, it is said, will concern certain details, the nature of which is not known even to Mr. Bowen.

MILES HAS PLEASANT VISIT.

American General Talks of His Trip to Windsor Castle.

LONDON - Lieutenant General federate Veterans, a resolution in-Miles, who returned from Windsor Monday, said to a representative of the Associated Press:

"The king received most cordially, and recalled pleasant memories of our visit here at the time of the jubilee | tion on the ground that the resolution and spoke as friendly as ever of might be construed as political. America. He showed keen interest in the far east, on which subject I was able to give him information. Alto-"The king said he hoped the price and princess of Wales would be able is definitely settled."

Removes the Embargo.

OTTAWA, Ont.-At a meeting of try and preventing the British from Puamotu group with fearful force, the cabinet Friday an order in council was passed removing the embargo The storm raged several days, reach- on Canadian cattle passing through ing its climax between January 14 and the state of Maine to St. John, N. B. ing of the American Cattle Growers' ly to resign from his position in the January 16. From the meager news The order allows the shipment of cat- association, scheduled to be held in postoffice department and be made a received at Tahiti up to the time the tle from any point to Canada over Denver during the first week of March. member of the Dawes' commission to Mariposa left it was estimated that the Canadian Pacific to a Canadian has been postponed indefinitely.

COUNTRY'S MILITARY STRENGTH.

ganized Militia in Country.

WASHINGTON-In view of the vague rumors of impending trouble for the United States growing out of the Venezuelan situation, the annual several states regarding the strength of the militia of the country, which was transmitted to congress Monday It is doubtful-whether the initial by Adjutant General Corbin, is of peculiar interest at this time. It shows that the United States has a grand total of 10,853,396 men available for military duty. The total organized In these protocols the condition strength of the militia of the country,

Nebraska-General staff, 8; englneers, 65; cavalry, 101; light battery, 148; infantry, 1,489; total, 1,711. Total available men unorganized, 112,000. Iowa-General staff, 26; engineers, 16; infantry, 2,456; signal corps, 60; hospital ambulance corps, 58; total, 2,616. Total available men unorganized, 316,668.

South Dakota-General staff, 12; cavalry, 127; light battery, 35; infantry, 1,085; total, 1,255. Total available men unorganized, 55,968,

Wyoming-General staff, 6; cavalry, 52; light battery, 42; infantry, 260; total, 360. Total available men unor-

lar meeting of R. E. Lee camp, Condorsing the Senator Hanna bill to pension ex-slaves was introduced by State Historian Judge C. C. Cummings, and passed by an almost unanimous vote. There was some objec-

Husbands for the Widows.

GENEVA .- The Swiss papers assert that the Boer secret committee in Europe is sending out, fully equipped and with their passage paid, French and German Swiss to the Transvaal and the Orange River Colony to marry the Boer widows and orphan girls, with a view to repopulating the counbecoming predominant.

DENVER. Colo .- The annual meet-It will be held later in the year.

advantage will be taken of the oppor- have already found homes, and it is tunity to further the efforts to com- expected soon that a home will be promise the differences on the state- found for the youngest boy, who is hood bill.

An effort also will be made to secure consideration of the Cuban reciprocity FRANK JAMES PUTS IN AN OAR. treaty, and a portion of the time next Saturday will be devoted to eulogies on deceased members of the house. The house of representatives Sunday held a memorial session to pay ator William J. Sewall and the late New Jersey. Mr. Parker of New Jersey presided.

The eulogists of the two departed statesmen were Messrs. Gardner (N. J.), Hull (Ia.), Syell (Ind.), Stewart (N. J.), Foster (Vt.), Graff (Ill.), Williams (Miss.), Warner (lll:), Randself (Tex.), Lloyd (Mc.) and Ball (Tex.)

MUST CURB TRUSTS.

President Prepares to Call Special Session to Convene on March 5. WASHINGTON .- It can be stated by authority that unless anti-trust legislation at least reasonably satisfactory to the administration is passed at the present session, President Roosevelt will call an extraordinary session of congress on March 5. The president himself has told members of congress of his desire and of

his determination in this regard and it is understood that the announcement was direct and unqualified. It is further stated that the de-

termination of the president was reached only after careful consideration of the strenuous efforts that are being made to defeat any anti-trust legislation by congress. These efforts have covered a wide range. They were characterized by one prominent republican leader: "The most remarkable of which I have had any personal knowledge during my public

Passports Needed in South. MOBILE, Ala .- Information was re-

ceived here Sunday from Honduras to the effect that because of the revolutionary troubles, all persons coming into that country must have passports. Three passengers on the steamer Hispania, leaving for Puerto Cortez, were required to secure passports before the vessel sailed.

Petitions for Rosebud Bill. WASHINGTON-Members of congress from South Dakota Monday presented to their respective bodies a state urging congress to pass the Rosebud treaty bill.

only three years of age.

Kicks on the Pardon Granted to Cole Younger.

ST. LOUIS, Mo .- Frank James, tribute to the memory of the late Sen- brother of Jesse James, said Thursday that the pardon granted Coleman Representative Joshua S. Salmon of Younger by the Minnesota board of pardons will, in his opinion, deprive Younger of any way of making a living.

> "He is not really freed," said James. "He is 60 years old and has been in prison a quarter of a century and has no trade or profession. He ought to insist upon being granted absolutely free citizenship, or perhaps it would have been better for him to have remained in prison."

TURKISH ARMY MOBILIZED.

Suitan Concentrates Forces Along Buigarian Frontier.

PARIS-The correspondent of the Figaro at Philipolis states that the sultan is mobilizing 240,000 men and has commissioned all the steamers of the Idarei Massousieh company to transport these troops, who are to reinforce the Second and Third army corps at Adrianople Salonica and along the Bulgarian frontier.

Commenting on this dispatch the Figaro says this action greatly complicates the situation in Macedonia. Diplomacy will have great difficulty in solving without accident this new phase of the eastern question, which has exhausted all efforts for the last 200 years.

FORMER SENATOR DAWES DEAD.

Venerable Massachusetts Statesman Passes Away at His Home.

PITTSFIELD, Mass. - Ex-United States Senator Henry Laurens Dawes died Thursday morning at his home in this city. He was 86 years of age. Mr. Dawes had been ill since Christmas night, when he contracted a severe cold while driving. The cold developed into grip, which undermined his system.

Whe President Roosevelt visited Pittsfield last fall he called upon the veteran statesman. It was while rememorial of the legislature of that turning from the visit to the Dawes house that the trolley accident occurred in which the president figured.

life."

ganized, 9,000. Favor Hanna Pension Bill. FORT WORTH, Tex.-At the regu-