

# LOUP CITY NORTHWESTERN.

VOLUME XIX.

LOUP CITY, SHERMAN COUNTY, NEBRASKA, FRIDAY, JULY 25, 1902.

NUMBER 37.

## SAMAR CAMPAIGN

COL. GROESBECK DISCUSSES CASE OF GEN. SMITH.

### THE WATER CURE PRACTICE

He Believes in It—Says that it is the Most Human Method of Obtaining Information So Far Known to Modern Warfare.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 21.—Colonel Stephen Grossbeck, formerly judge advocate of the division of the Philippines, has arrived here from Manila en route to Chicago, where he will take station as judge advocate of the department of the lakes. Colonel Grossbeck was chief reviewing authority in the trials of Major Waller and General Jacob H. Smith, both of whom were court-martialed for methods used in the Samar campaign.

Discussing the Waller trial, Colonel Grossbeck characterized Major Waller as a tactician, not a leader. In reviewing the case he said:

"I could only give a qualified approval of the findings of the court because I believed him responsible largely for the condition that caused his men to commit the offenses charged. An attempt was made to lead a detachment of his command, consisting of four officers, fifty-four enlisted men and thirty-three 'cargadores' from east towns across the island of Samar in search of the enemy, and when about midway of his course he found himself in the heart of an uninhabited, mountainous section, without rations and without medical attendance. The march had begun without proper provisions being made. The men's shoes were worn away, their clothing hung in tatters, their feet bruised and bleeding, their bodies lacerated by thorns and, added to this wretchedness, the leeches which abound attacked and greatly aggravated their exposed wounds. To the cry for food the 'cargadores,' it is alleged, did not efficiently respond, and the suspicion arose in the minds of the starving men that the 'cargadores' were conniving at their destruction. For this they were placed under fire, and all of those from whom a cry of retaliation came were executed."

Referring to the famous "kill and burn" order alleged to have been issued by General Smith, Colonel Smith, Colonel Grossbeck said:

"No such order was ever issued by Smith, but he is an impetuous and erratic man, and, when going over the ground at Balangia, after the massacre of an entire company of the Ninth infantry, he remarked to Waller that they would be justified in killing and burning as they went."

He did not think that Waller or any of the officers of his command should be held accountable for the lives destroyed, but he believed that had more careful provision been made when the fatal march was begun it would not have ended with such destructive results. He spoke of General Smith as a fine officer and expressed regret at the humiliation attached to the recent orders for his retirement. Colonel Grossbeck believes in the water cure and said that in all the complaints caused by this method of forcing the insurgents to give information as to where arms were hidden, etc., it had been abused only by young officers over-zealous and inexperienced in their work. "I believe," he said, "the water cure as practiced by the American army in the Philippines to be the most humane method of obtaining information from criminals of war that is known to modern warfare."

**Bank Officers Sentenced.**  
SALT LAKE, Utah, July 21.—Harry T. Duke and Alexander A. Robertson, formerly cashier and paying teller, respectively, of the Wells-Fargo bank, appeared before Judge Morse in the district court and pleaded guilty to the charge of embezzling \$60,000 from the bank and were each sentenced to four years' imprisonment in the penitentiary.

**Secretary Baer Begins.**  
BOSTON, July 21.—John Willis Baer, secretary of the United Society of Christian Endeavor, has tendered his resignation, to take effect October 1, and has accepted a position as assistant secretary of the Presbyterian Board of Home Missions. Mr. Baer begins his new work in New York on October 1.

**Death is announced of the wife of Senator Patterson of Colorado.**

## SHORTAGE OF HARVEST HANDS.

Farmers in Vicinity of Pierre Offer Good Wages.

PIERRE, S. D., July 21.—Wheat harvest will begin in this part of the state within a few days, and haying is now under full swing—where the farmers and ranchers have been able to secure help. Crops will be the best for years and there is a demand for farm help, which cannot be secured. Good wages are waiting for a number of farm laborers in this part of the state. One man in from the range a few days ago said he would take out twenty men with him if he could secure them, and guarantee every man work in his immediate neighborhood at from \$40 to \$45 per month, or in case he failed, to return them to this city at his own expense.

## JOHN W. MACKAY IS DEAD.

President of Postal Telegraph Company Succumbs at London Home.

LONDON, July 21.—John W. Mackay died yesterday afternoon at his London residence, Charlton House Terrace. The immediate cause of death was heart failure. The right lung was found to be congested and the symptoms indicated pneumonia. He was conscious most of the time yesterday. Mrs. Mackay is prostrated with grief. Mr. Mackay came to Europe for his health and apparently had benefited by the change, but the sudden hot wave affected him injuriously and while attending to some business in the city last Tuesday he was taken with faintness and dizziness. No arrangements have yet been made for the funeral.

## FATAL MISTAKE OF HUSBAND.

Takes Husband and His Brother for Burglars and Kills Both.

ST. LOUIS, July 21.—A special from Murphysboro, Ill., says that Mrs. George Joubert shot and killed her husband and brother-in-law, Moses Joubert, whom she took for burglars, about 2 o'clock this morning.

The Joubert family reside about five miles east of Ava. George and his brother, Moses, had been to that village and returning home in an intoxicated condition, proceeded to break down the door, which Mrs. Joubert had locked.

The woman became frightened, and, supposing they intended to kill her, fired with her husband's revolver, instantly killing both men.

## Celestial Has English Wife.

NEW YORK, July 21.—The Hon. C. K. Tseng, secretary of the Chinese legation at Washington, who arrived at quarantine on the Umbria, came up to the city yesterday. The secretary brought with him his wife, who was formerly Miss Burnett of London, England. Mrs. Tseng said she would spend the winter in Washington with friends. She was dressed in ordinary garb, but her husband had on his native dress.

## Love Drove Him to Murder.

MARSHALL, Mo., Mo., July 21.—George Wiley shot and killed Miss Dovie Flynn, step-daughter of Richard Dearing, a Chicago & Alton railway employe, at the latter's home here and then committed suicide. The woman had refused to marry him. Wiley had intercepted Miss Flynn on her way home from a religious meeting and walked with her to her home. Mrs. Dearing had called to her to come into the house, and as she was passing through the door Wiley shot Miss Flynn from behind. She died within a few minutes without making a statement. Later Wiley's body was found in the street in front of the Dearing home. He had shot himself between the eyes and apparently died instantly.

## Returning to Washington.

UTICA, N. Y., July 21.—Colonel William Cary Sanger, assistant secretary of war, accompanied by Mrs. Sanger, left here for New York and Washington. Secretary Root sails for Europe next Thursday and during his absence of six weeks Colonel Sanger will be in charge of the war department.

## New Dates for Chautauqua.

TECUMSEH, Neb., July 21.—The Tecumseh Chautauqua, which was to have been held from July 12 to 20 and had to be postponed on account of the rainy weather and floods, will be held from July 26 to August 3, inclusive.

## POPE DISPLEASED

HEAD OF CATHOLIC CHURCH FAVORS REMOVAL OF FRIARS.

### THE DEMANDS ARE REASONABLE

Pontiff is Intensely Displeased with Action of Commission of Cardinals—To Treat with Judge Taft Personally—As to Future Negotiations.

LONDON, July 19.—The Rome correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says the pope is intensely displeased at the way in which the commission of cardinals has conducted the negotiations with Judge Taft in the matter of the friars in the Philippines.

"I learn from an authoritative source," says the correspondent, "that besides annulling the procedure of the commission of cardinals the pope has summarily dissolved it, expressing his views that the American demands were reasonable and signifying his readiness to treat with Judge Taft personally."

ROME, July 19.—The following note from the vatican was presented to Governor Taft last night:

"I hasten to acknowledge the receipt of the letter by which you kindly communicated to me the cablegram from Secretary Root, answering my note of July 9, which explained the counter project of the vatican for the regulation of religious affairs in the Philippines. While thanking you for this important communication, I am happy to assure you that the holy see has learned with the liveliest satisfaction the high consideration in which Mr. Root and the government of the United States holds the fitness of the measures, which the vatican independently of the solution of any economic question designed taking to ameliorate the religious situation in the archipelago and to cooperate in the pacification of the people under American sovereignty. The measures are indicated in my memorandum of June 21, and by letter of July 9. These declarations of Mr. Root do honor to the deep political wisdom of the government of the United States, which knows how to appreciate the happy influence of the holy see for the religious and civil elevation of the people, especially Catholics.

"With equal satisfaction the pontiff has taken into account the assurances of Secretary Root that the American authorities in the Philippines and at Washington will put forth all possible efforts to maintain the good understanding happily established with the authorities of the Catholic church. On his part the pontiff will not fail to give the apostolic delegation soon to be sent to the Philippines the most precise instructions according to my former notes.

"The lines for future negotiations, indicated in the notes having been accepted by Secretary Root, the representative of the vatican in the archipelago will enter into relations with the authorities in the Philippines on the four points indicated by Mr. Root at the end of his cablegram.

"The holy see does not doubt that mutual confidence combined with the action of the American government will readily produce a happy solution of the pending questions, anguring for that new country an era of peace and true progress.

"It is my agreeable duty in ending this letter to be able to render homage to the very great courtesy and high capacity with which you have filled the delicate mission which the government and president of the United States delegated to you. Willingly I add that the favorable result of the negotiations must be attributed in very large part to your high personal qualities.

"While flattering myself that this first success will be a guarantee of the happy issue of ulterior negotiations in Manila, I have the honor to be, etc.,  
RAMPOLIA."

Governor Taft was informed last night that the pope had fixed July 21 for his farewell audience. Governor Taft will start Saturday for Vallombrosa, near Florence, where he will stay with his family until Monday, when he will return for his audience with the pope.

## Fight a Fatal Duel.

WICHITA, Kan., July 19.—Dr. H. G. Greenland and Ben Bearman fought a duel in a saloon at Okarche, O. T., after midnight this morning. Dr. Greenland was shot through the heart and died instantly. Bearman was shot in the head, but not fatally.

## BALFOUR IS IN THE CHAIR.

New Premier Presides at the First Meeting of the New Cabinet.

LONDON, July 18.—The premier, A. J. Balfour, presided in the foreign office at the first cabinet meeting of the new administration.

The colonial secretary, Joseph Chamberlain, was sufficiently recovered from the effects of the cab accident to be able to attend. He was pale, but otherwise showed no signs of his injuries.

The meeting of the cabinet gave fresh impetus to the reconstruction reports. The most interesting of these for America is the suggestion that the duke of Marlborough will succeed Lord Curzon of Kendleston as viceroy of India, but there is not the least possibility of any such appointment.

It appears very doubtful if Lord Curzon will come home before the expiration of his term of office. As a matter of fact, there is no appointment which could be offered him, except the foreign office, which would be a promotion from the viceroyalty of India, and there is no indication that Lord Lansdowne has any intention of retiring.

## DREAM OF CECIL RHODES.

Before Many Years Opening Up of Dark Continent by Rail.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Before many years the world may be astonished to find that the long fostered dream of the late Cecil Rhodes for the opening up of the Dark Continent has become a reality, and that a consecutive line of steel rails will stretch from Cairo to Cape Town. The state department made public today an interesting report on railroad development in Africa from United States Consul Ravendal, at Beirut, bearing date of May 10. The consul says that by an agreement signed at Brussels the previous month by Robert Williams with the king of the Belgians the German route was abandoned and the railway from Cairo to the cape is to be carried through the Congo Free State to the upper waters of the Nile. From Stanley Falls on the upper Congo a railroad is to be built to Mahagi on Lake Albert Nyanza, and this connection will supply the missing link between the cape and Egyptian railways.

## CROMWELL CONFERS WITH HAY.

Discusses Panama Canal Question While on a Visit.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Mr. Cromwell, of counsel of the Panama Canal company, had an interview with Secretary Hay today respecting the isthmian canal project. Mr. Cromwell will sail Saturday for Paris, where he will be in position to render any desired assistance to Attorney General Knox and Mr. Russell in reference to the settlement of the title to the Panama canal.

Save the general statement that the negotiations between the United States and Colombia are progressing satisfactorily, neither party at today's conference had any statement to make as to what took place.

Mr. Corea and Mr. Calve, representing Nicaragua and Costa Rica, had long interviews with Secretary Hay on the canal question. They have not abandoned hope that the choice of a route will yet revert to Nicaragua.

## TO REBUILD THE CAMPANILE.

Offers of Money, Some from America, for the Purpose Received.

VENICE, Italy, July 18.—Offers of money to aid in rebuilding the campanile continue to be received from abroad, including offers from America, but there is a disposition to make its reconstruction a purely national affair and to rebuild the structure exactly as it was prior to the collapse without foreign assistance. The cost is estimated at 6,000,000 lire.

The bronze gate of the Logetta of San Sovino was found beneath the debris, twisted and with one of the lions broken. There is hope that the pictures by Tintoretto and others may be saved.

Three-fourths of the piazza of San Marco is covered with debris and traffic is completely stopped.

## Wood Defers Visit.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—General Wood has decided to defer his visit to the president at Oyster Bay until early next week in order to complete certain work assigned him by the secretary of war in connection with the radical changes ordered in the uniforms of the army.

## WORK ONCE MORE

STRIKING FREIGHT HANDLERS TAKE THEIR OLD PLACES.

### ACTIVITY AGAIN IS THE ORDER

Immense Quantities of Freight Rushed Out by the Wholesale Merchants—Estimated Cost of the Strike is Ten Million Dollars.

CHICAGO, July 17.—Renewed activity on the part of Chicago business men followed the settlement of the freight handlers' and teamsters' strike yesterday and at the close of business hours thousands of tons of freight had been sent out from the various freight depots. Every one of the 24,000 who could obtain employment had returned to work by 2 o'clock in the afternoon. The strike, it is estimated, cost the business men of Chicago \$10,000,000 and in order to guard against a contingency in the future they are preparing to inaugurate an educational campaign in opposition to the sympathetic strike.

The labor unions will be asked to forego the use of this impotent weapon. Business interests which suffered during the strike will join in pledging themselves, it is said, not to sign union agreements which do not guard them against these strikes.

On the other hand the labor unions are fighting to secure the right to arbitrate agreements for the purpose of ordering sympathetic strikes.

The freight handlers blame the national officers of the teamsters for the loss of the strike. They declare that the strike shows the necessity for incorporating in all agreements a reservation which will permit strikes.

Credit for the settlement rests with the state board of arbitration. It was the adoption of the suggestion of that board which led to the action of the freight handlers' union in declaring the struggle with the railroads at an end.

At the same time it is probable that even had the state board not made its suggestions, the fight would have been practically over today, as the majority of the freight handlers had returned to work before the mass meeting at which the strike was called off officially had convened. It was a knowledge of this fact that had much to do with the action taken by the union. However, the proposition made by the state board of arbitration enabled the freight handlers to retire gracefully from the field.

## MEET DEATH IN UTAH MINE.

Powder Magazine Explodes at the Twelve-Hundred-Foot Level.

PARK CITY, Utah, July 17.—Two powder magazines at the 1,200-foot level of the Daly-West mine exploded about 1 o'clock this morning, causing a loss of life that at present cannot be estimated nor even guessed at.

At 4 o'clock twenty-seven men had been taken out of the mine dead and several others had been recovered in a half-dozen condition. These were all brought out through the Ontario mine shaft, which is a mile distant from the Daly-West, in which the explosion occurred. The 1,200-foot level of the Daly-West corresponds to and is connected by tunnel with the 600-foot level of the Ontario.

In the Daly-West between 100 and 150 men were at work. In the Ontario were nearly 100, it is believed.

PARK CITY, Utah, July 17.—Thirty-five miners were killed in the Daly-West and Ontario mines—twenty-nine in the Daly-West and six in the Ontario. The disaster was the result of an explosion occasioned by John Burgy, a miner, going into one of the magazines of the Daly-West with a lighted candle. His act cost him his life and the lives of many other miners beside. His body was blown to atoms. All the other victims are recognizable, their faces being easily identified by relatives and friends.

## Whisky Price Goes Up.

PEORIA, Ill., July 17.—The price of whisky advanced 1 cent this morning on the Peoria board of trade. That brings the price up to \$1.31 per gallon on a basis of finished goods.

## Cholera in Philippines.

MANILA, July 17.—Cholera is still spreading in the provinces. The provincial totals are 14,567 cases and 10,937 deaths. Manila averages forty cases daily.

## KING TO TAKE A VOYAGE.

His Majesty is Removed from Palace and Placed on the Royal Yacht.

LONDON, July 16.—King Edward left Victoria station at 11:35 o'clock yesterday morning for Portsmouth, where he will board the royal yacht Victoria and Albert.

The king was conveyed from Buckingham palace to the railway station in an ambulance drawn by two horses. The only other occupant of the ambulance was Queen Alexandra. The vehicle was driven at a walking pace. Although there was a small crowd at the station there was no demonstration, which was the express wish of the king.

The doctors and nurses awaited the arrival of the ambulance, and a party of blue jackets removed his majesty from the vehicle to a royal saloon car formerly used by the late Queen Victoria. Absolute privacy was secured by a lofty screen of red plush which surrounded the platform.

The removal of his majesty from the train to the royal yacht was safely accomplished by blue jackets, and the king's couch was placed in a reception room which had been specially constructed on the upper deck.

## STEEL TRUST FILES ANSWER.

Total Assets Amount to One Billion Four Hundred Million.

NEWARK, N. J., July 16.—The answer of the United States Steel Corporation to the suit designed to prevent the \$200,000,000 bond conversion plan, brought by J. Aspinwall Hodge, William H. Curtis and Bernard Smith, was filed yesterday.

The suit is based on the contention that the corporation's assets do not equal the amount of its preferred stock, and that, therefore, it cannot proceed, as intended under the act of 1902.

The answer, which is supported by an affidavit of Charles Schwab, states assets will amount to the entire stock, bonds, common and preferred, or more than \$1,400,000,000.

Mr. Schwab in his affidavit maintains that his position is such as to give him knowledge of the actual worth of the properties, and lists his estimates of their value.

## TO SEND ANOTHER SHIP.

Minister Bowen Will Reinforce La Guayra.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—Minister Bowen considers the situation in Venezuela such that, at the request of the state department the navy department has decided to send an additional ship to La Guayra, and tomorrow, on the arrival of the Marietta at Kingston, Jamaica, for which place it sailed today from Cape Haytien, it will be met by orders to go to Colon to relieve the Machias. The Topeka, which has been at La Guayra, sailed today for Curacao via Puerto Cabello. The navy department does not believe the Marietta will be detained more than a few days in Venezuela and will be able to carry out its original orders to relieve the Machias. The only explanation made at the department for dispatching the Marietta to La Guayra is that Minister Bowen may need it for purposes of communication.

## THREE TOWNS ARE WIPED OUT.

Terrific Cyclone Sweeps Northeastern Portion of North Dakota.

ST. PAUL, July 16.—Tremendous damage and it is thought great loss of life was caused by a terrific wind storm which early this evening swept in a southeasterly direction from the international boundary across the northeastern portion of North Dakota. Three towns, according to the meager reports which were obtainable at midnight, were totally wiped out.

Telegraph lines were wrecked and there is no communication with the section of the state where the most serious devastation is thought to have been wrought by the tornado.

The little town of Borup on the St. Vincent line of the Great Northern is an absolute wreck. The final report last night was that the entire town was wiped out and hardly a structure of any sort left standing.

## Workman Falls from Bridge.

NICKERSON, Neb., July 16.—Fred Boche, an Elkhorn employe, was severely injured by being knocked off Maple creek bridge by the pile driver

The Frankfurter Zeitung says the Rothschilds have informed the sultan that they must decline to act in any way toward unifying the Turkish debt.