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GET READY FOR TRIAL

Members of Erie County Court Prepare for Murder Case at Buffalo.

NO POISON FOUND IN REVOLVER

Physicians Who Examine Czolgosz Say He is Not Insane—The Assassin is Not to Be Deafened Along the Line of an Unsound Mind.

BUFFALO, Sept. 23.—The most important development in the Czolgosz case yesterday was the announcement that no poison had been found on the bullets or on the revolver with which the anarchist assassinated the president. Chemical and bacteriological examinations were made and both showed that no poison was used. Another examination to determine the mental condition of the prisoner was made in the Erie county jail by Dr. Carlos F. McDonald of New York, who was brought here by the Erie County Bar association, and Dr. W. F. Hurd, superintendent of the Buffalo State hospital. The alienists were with the assassin for one hour and a half and when they left both declined to discuss the case.

District Attorney Penney and his entire staff spent all of Sunday at the city hall preparing for the trial of Czolgosz, which will begin before Justice White in part III of the supreme court this morning.

Mr. Penney had conferences with the alienists and with City Chemist Herbert M. Hill, who submitted his report upon an examination of the bullets and revolver.

Immediately after the death of the president one of the staff of physicians in attendance on the president expressed the opinion that the bullets may have been poisoned. District Attorney Penney, who had possession of the assassin's revolver, ordered careful and thorough examinations made. Dr. Hill was directed to make a chemical examination of the bullets and the chambers and barrel of the revolver, and Dr. Herman G. Matzinger, one of the surgeons who performed the autopsy upon the president's body, was ordered to make a bacteriological examination. This afternoon Dr. Hill reported to the district attorney that his work showed that no poison had been used.

He also presented a written report, but it will not be used on the trial, as that question is now eliminated from the case. Dr. Matzinger has finished his bacteriological examination and his work also revealed the absence of any poison. The district attorney has been informed to that effect, although the formal report has not been submitted. Authorities on this question state that the two examinations form a complete test and that the slightest trace of poison would have been revealed.

Dr. McDonald and Dr. Heard, alienists for the defense, called upon District Attorney Penney shortly before 3 o'clock this afternoon and remained with him until 3:15, when they were escorted to the jail by Detective Solomon. The insanity experts went into Czolgosz's cell, in murderer's row, and were locked up with him until 4:05 o'clock, when they returned to the city hall and held another conference with the district attorney. Fifteen minutes later Dr. James W. Putnam, a local alienist, appeared and joined the conference. Although great secrecy was maintained at the district attorney's office, it was learned that Dr. Allen McLane Hamilton, one of the most able alienists in the United States, and who was an expert witness in the Guiteau case, was in Buffalo.

Not a doubt of Czolgosz's sanity exists in the mind of District Attorney Penney, so that it is presumed that Dr. Hamilton is here merely to meet the question of insanity should the defense be determined to make a fight on that ground. Although the defense declines to make any definite statement on the subject pending the final opinion of Dr. McDonald, it is the consensus of opinion among those interested in the case that no insanity plea will be interposed by Judges Lewis and Titus. The district attorney is already fortified with the opinion of Dr. Joseph Fowler, Dr. James W. Putnam and Dr. Floyd Grego, Buffalo alienists of some note, that Czolgosz is perfectly sane.

Hay Goes to Visit.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—Secretary Hay has left the city for a visit to his summer home at Sunapee, N. H.

BOERS FAIL TO CROSS.

Kritzing is Unable to Force the Passage of the Orange River.

LONDON, Sept. 23.—The war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Kitchener:

"Kritzing, while attempting to force a passage of the Orange river near Herschell at 1 a. m. Friday, rushed the camp of a party of Lovatt's scouts. He failed to cross the river, but the scouts lost heavily. Lieutenant Colonel, the Hon. Andrew Murray, and Captain Murray, his adjutant, were killed. I deeply regret the loss of Colonel Murray, who throughout the war had led Lovatt's scouts with great gallantry.

"Under cover of darkness, the Boers managed to carry off a gun. They were promptly followed up and the gun was recovered in a smart engagement, in which Kritzing lost two killed and twenty taken prisoners."

Lord Kitchener also reports that the British captured by the Boers in the ambush near Scheepener Neb, September 15, have been released and that the British casualties in the recent Vlakfontein engagement, when the Boers captured a company of mounted infantry and two guns, were one officer and five men killed, twenty-three men wounded and six officers and 139 men taken prisoners. He announces that these prisoners have since been released.

He further reports the capture of two commandos, one consisting of fifty-five men under Commandant Kochs, who were taken, together with their entire transport, west of Adenburgh, and the other consisting of fifty-four men, including P. J. Botha, who were taken with forty-eight wagons and their belongings, forty-five miles south of Carolina.

NO CHANGE IN CUBAN POLICY.

General Wood Says Present Plan Will Be Continued.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—General Leonard Wood, military governor of Cuba, sailed for Havana, Alex. Gonzales accompanied him. The expectation of General Wood is that he will be able to complete arrangements by which the conduct of affairs in the island can be handed over to the Cubans by the first of next May. The electoral vote, which the governor brought with him for the inspection of the authorities here, is satisfactory to the administration, provided some modifications are made. As a result of his talk with the officials here, General Wood expressed the opinion that there will be no change in the attitude of the administration toward the Cubans, but that the policy inaugurated by Mr. McKinley will be continued by his successor.

Untying Eastern Knots.

LONDON, Sept. 23.—M. de Blowitz, the Paris correspondent of the Times, says:

The conversations of the French and Russian rulers and their ministers last week pertained almost exclusively to the near and the far east, the strained relations between Turkey and France and the necessity for removing the jealousies of the powers which enabled Turkey to elude its engagements.

Armenian affairs were also discussed, Russia holding that it was impossible to tolerate a fresh explosion and that the Armenians must either accept Russia protection or continue the miserable existence they are now leading.

Amount of Japanese Trade.

LONDON, Sept. 23.—"Japan's trade for the last eight months," says a dispatch to the Times from Tokio, "amounted to 165,000,000 yen in exports and 181,000,000 yen in imports, as against 123,000,000 and 207,000,000 yen last year. Owing to exceptionally fine weather the rich harvest promises to be 20,000,000 bushels above the average. The effect of this will be to restore prosperity to trade."

Spaniards Get Into Line.

SAN SEBASTIAN, Spain, Sept. 23.—The natives of the Basque province have sent a message to President Roosevelt congratulating him on his accession, and expressing their best wishes for the welfare of the United States as the "defender of oppressed people."

American Honored in Paris.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—The International Institute of Sociology, which consists of the sociologists of the world, with headquarters at Paris, has elected United States Commissioner of Labor C. D. Wright to membership.

THE PRESIDENT WORKS

Cabinet Gathers Around Council Table of the New Chief Executive.

SECRETARY LONG IS TO RESIGN

Other Members Will Probably Finish Their Terms—Senators Pay Respects to Mr. Roosevelt—Secretary Cortelyou Remains With Roosevelt.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—After a suspense of three days as a mark of respect to the dead president the business of the government at Washington was resumed yesterday. The train bearing President Roosevelt and his cabinet arrived at the Pennsylvania station at 9:20 o'clock and fifteen minutes later the president entered the white house and going to the elevator proceeded at once to the cabinet room, where President McKinley was wont to do most of his work. When the new chief executive reached the white house he walked briskly to the big front door, which swung wide open to receive him.

Secretary Long, who soon joined him, informed the president as to the condition of affairs in his office and was asked as to the work of the Schley court of inquiry. With Senator Cullom, President Roosevelt exchanged pleasant greetings and received the assurance of the hearty support of the Illinois senator. With Senator Proctor there was a similar exchange of expressions of good will.

The president's former secretary, Mr. Loeb, jr., will remain with him probably as assistant secretary. Mr. Cortelyou, at the president's earnest request, will retain his position as his secretary.

At 11 o'clock all the members of the cabinet had arrived at the white house and soon were seated around the familiar table. President Roosevelt occupied a seat at the head and in the chair long occupied by his predecessor. It all seemed strange to these devoted advisers of the dead president, to sit at the table without him at its head, and the gloom and solemnity which characterized the meeting was not unbefitting the occasion. Nearly all the members of the present cabinet are quite sure to remain during Mr. Roosevelt's term, but it is very probable that Secretary Long will retire within the next few months. He feels that he can resign without embarrassment to Mr. Roosevelt and therefore it is thought that within the next few months he will ask the president to permit him to retire to private life.

The cabinet was in session about an hour and a half, all of the time being spent in a general review of the more important questions which will require the attention of the new president.

All the members were present except Attorney General Knox, who stopped for a few days in Pittsburg. Each member explained to the president the policy which had been followed in dealing with the matters under consideration and their present status. No new business was taken up.

Members subsequently expressed themselves as having full confidence in Mr. Roosevelt's ability to give the country a strong, able and conservative administration, and he will have their loyal support to the same degree as they gave it to the late president. It is thought that Tuesdays and Fridays will be selected by the new chief executive as cabinet days, following in this the preference of Mr. McKinley.

DIETRICH HOMEWARD BOUND

Senator Reaches San Francisco and at Once Starts for Nebraska.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 21.—United States Senator Charles H. Dietrich of Nebraska, who has been on a visit to the Philippines, returned on the Nippon Maru and immediately started for his home. He left there June 20 on the transport Hancock for Manila, in company with Adjutant General Corbin, General Weston and Congressman Julius Kahn. Soon after reaching the Philippines these officials, with Surgeon General Sternberg, made a circuit of the archipelago on the transport Lawton. All were highly pleased with the progress made under American administration, no dissatisfaction among the Filipinos being apparent. The more southerly parts of the island, of which comparatively little could be heard, were found to be prosperous, with American and Filipino fraternizing. The future of the Philippines, in the opinion of Senator Dietrich, is very promising.

WHERE PRESIDENT MCKINLEY LIES

Nearly in View of the Late Home of the Chief Executive.

CANTON, O., Sept. 20.—Nature has been kind in selecting the last resting place for President McKinley. West Lawn cemetery is on a high knoll, overlooking the peaceful valley, with the little city of Canton laid out below. If it were not for an intervening church spire one might get from this elevation a glimpse of the McKinley home. Here the body of William McKinley is laid to rest. The beauty of the grounds here attracted the attention of the country's best landscape gardeners, who have journeyed here to study its attractions. Today it was doubly beautiful, with the rustling trees giving off their first yellowed leaves of fall and adding a golden touch to the green-clad slopes. Just inside the stately entrance stands the gray stone vault, where for a time the casket will repose. Its dreary exterior was today relieved by great masses of flowers, banked all about until the gray walls were shut out from view.

But in due time it will be taken from the vault and committed to the little plot of ground lying farther on. This is the McKinley lot and here lie his father, whose name he bore, the mother he guarded so tenderly in life, his brother James, his sister Anna and his two children. And when the time comes a stately shaft of granite will rise above the grave, telling of the civic virtues, the pure life and the martyred death of William McKinley.

WIDOW'S PHYSICIAN HOPEFUL

Dr. Rixey Says She is Doing as Well as Any Woman Could.

CANTON, O., Sept. 20.—The friends of Mrs. McKinley do not regard her as being on the verge of collapse. On the contrary they express themselves as quite confident that she will be spared to them for a long time, in at least as good a state of health as she has enjoyed for the last five years. Dr. Rixey said late this afternoon: "Mrs. McKinley is bearing up as well as could be expected under the circumstances. She has been and is still suffering intensely from her bereavement and has frequently given way to sobs and tears, but for all that she has been doing as well as any woman could do under similar circumstances."

Buffalo Tragedy Re-enacted.

WINCHESTER, Ind., Sept. 20.—Omer Pelee, aged 10, was fatally shot while posing as President McKinley at Buffalo for Emil Miller, a boy of the same age, who was acting the part of an anarchist. The lads were playmates and decided to imitate the Buffalo tragedy. Miller secured his brother's rifle for the work. The ball passed almost through Pelee's stomach and the physicians say he cannot live.

Old Soldiers at Webster City.

WEBSTER CITY, Ia., Sept. 19.—The old soldiers of Hamilton, Webster, Wright, Hardin, Boone and Story counties had their reunion here. The principal speaker was President Beardshear of the Iowa State Agricultural college at Ames. The principal address was by the Hon. Sidney Foster.

Ferris Wheel Collapses.

FLINT, Mich., Sept. 20.—Seven people were hurt, one probably fatally, by the collapse of a Ferris wheel at the fair grounds here today. The wheel was loaded with sixteen people when it crashed to the ground.

Dr. Rixey Will Get a Raise.

CANTON, O., Sept. 20.—It has been officially announced that Medical Inspector P. M. Rixey will be appointed surgeon general of the navy to succeed Surgeon General Van Rypen upon the expiration of the latter's term of office.

Kruger Will Appeal to Roosevelt.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—Mr. Kruger, according to a dispatch to the Daily Mail from Brussels, is preparing a memorial to President Roosevelt soliciting the intervention of the United States in South Africa.

Fell from a Railway Train.

MUSCATINE, Ia., Sept. 20.—The mangled remains of a man were found on the Chicago & Rock Island track north of Muscatine. The identity of the body was established by papers found on his person, showing the unfortunate man to have been Francis Costello, a 30-year-old son of John Costello of Davenport. He had fallen from the bumpers of a car on which he was riding.

OLD HOME IN MOURNING

Canton Citizens Take Touching Farewell of Their Martyred Townsman.

THROUGHS FROM OVER THE STATE

Crowd So Great that Many Cannot Gain the Parting Look—Closing of the Casket in the Court House, Perhaps for the Last Time.

CANTON, O., Sept. 19.—Tenderly and reverently those who had known William McKinley best yesterday received his martyred body into their arms. They had forgotten the illustrious career of the statesman in the loss of a great personal friend who had grown dearer to them with the passing of the years. They hardly noticed the president of the United States or his cabinet, or the generals and admirals, in their resplendent uniforms. The flag-draped casket which contained the body of their friend and fellow townsman held all their thoughts. He had left them two weeks ago this very day in the full tide of the strength of a glorious manhood, and they had brought him back dead. Anguish was in the heart of every man, woman and child.

The entire population of the little city and thousands from all over Ohio, the full strength of the National Guard of the state—eight regiments, three batteries of artillery, one battalion of engineers, 5,000 men in all—the governor, lieutenant governor and a justice of the supreme court, representing the three branches of the state government, were at the station to receive the body.

The whole town was in deep black. The only house in all this sorrow-stricken city without a touch of mourning drapery was the old familiar cottage on North Market street, to which so many distinguished men of the country have made pilgrimages in the times that are gone. The blinds were down, but there was no outward token of the blow that had robbed it of its most precious possession. The flowers bloomed on the lawn as they did two weeks ago. There was not even a bow of crepe on the door when the stricken widow was carried by Abner McKinley and Dr. Rixey into the darkened home. Only the hitching post at the curb in front of the residence had been swathed in black by the citizens in order that it might conform to the general scheme of mourning decorations that had been adopted.

Sad as was the procession which bore the body to the court house where it lay in state this afternoon, it could not compare with the infinite sadness of that endless line of broken-hearted people who streamed steadily through the dimly lighted corridors from the time the coffin was opened until it was taken home to the sorrowing widow at nightfall. They stepped softly lest their footfalls wake their friend from his last long sleep. Tears came unbidden to wet the bier.

Perhaps it was the great change that had come upon the countenance which moved them more than the sight of the familiar features. The signs of discoloration which appeared upon the brow and cheeks yesterday at the state ceremonial in the rotunda of the capitol at Washington had deepened. The lips had become livid. All but two of the lights of the chandelier above the head were distinguish in order that the change might appear less noticeable, but everyone who viewed the body remarked the darkened features and the ghastly lips.

When the body was taken away thousands were still in line and the committee in charge of the arrangements was appealed to to allow a further opportunity today before the body is taken to the church. But this had to be denied to them and the casket may never be opened again.

MINISTER ROUGHLY HANDLED.

Speaks Insultingly of Dead President and is Tared and Feathered.

HUNTINGTON, Ind., Sept. 19.—Joseph A. Wildman, a United Brethren minister, was tared and feathered by a crowd of one hundred last night, and turned loose to wander back home because on Sunday night he rose in prayer meeting in one of the city churches and said:

"I suppose there have been more lies told from the pulpit and sacred desk today than was ever known before. While I want to give all honor that is due Mr. McKinley, still when he was living he was nothing but a political demagogue."

THE LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Latest Quotations From South Omaha and Kansas City.

CATTLE—Very few cattle arrived yesterday, but today receipts were quite liberal. Packers seemed to be quite anxious for supplies and as a result the market was fairly active on good stuff and fully steady prices were paid. There were not very many corn-fed steers offered, but the quality of some of them was exceptionally good, as is shown by the fact that as high as \$6.00 was paid. Packers all seemed to want the better grades and consequently strong prices were paid. The commoner grades were naturally not as ready sellers, but still they brought fully as good prices as were paid on Wednesday. The supply of cow stuff continued liberal today, about forty-five cars being offered. There was not much change in the prices paid, the market being very close to steady. Some salersmen thought they had to take a shade lower prices, but still the better grades sold in about Wednesday's notches. Bulls, calves and stags also sold about steady, where the quality was at all good.

HOGS—There were around 100 cars of hogs in the yards this morning, and although the market was quite a little slow about opening, still when trading did begin it was generally on a basis of a 25c advance. Some hogs sold no more than steady, while others were 5c higher, but as a general thing the market was close to 25c higher. The bulk of all the sales went from \$6.75 to \$6.80. At those prices the market was fairly active and the bulk was out of first hands in good season.

SHEEP—Quotations: Choice yearlings, \$3.90; fair to good yearlings, \$3.15; 3.30; choice wethers, \$2.90; fair to good wethers, \$2.05; choice ewes, \$2.75; fair to good ewes, \$2.50; 2.75; choice spring lambs, \$4.00; fair to good spring lambs, \$4.00; feeder wethers, \$2.75; feeder lambs, \$3.00; 3.50.

KANSAS CITY.

CATTLE—Market generally steady; native beef steers, \$5.00; 5.20; Texans and Indian steers, \$2.75; Texas cows, \$2.30; 2.80; native cows and heifers, \$2.00; 2.50; stockers and feeders, \$2.50; 3.00; bulls, \$2.25; 2.50; calves, \$3.00; 3.25.

HOGS—Market strong; bulk of sales, \$6.00; 6.50; heavy, \$6.00; 6.50; packers, \$5.75; 6.25; mixed, \$6.00; 6.50; light, \$6.00; 6.50; Yorkers, \$6.15; 6.50; pigs, \$5.00; 5.50. SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market steady; muttons, \$2.75; 3.25; lambs, \$3.00; 3.50; range wethers, \$2.50; 3.00; ewes, \$2.50; 3.00; stockers, \$2.00; 2.50; feeders, \$3.00; 3.50.

MRS. MCKINLEY BEARS UP WELL

Effort of Those Around Her Directed to Distracting Attention From the Past.

CANTON, O., Sept. 21.—Mrs. McKinley's condition was favorable yesterday, more favorable than at any time since the arrival of the party from Washington. Her condition during the last few days was as good as had been expected and she had considerable rest. After 11 o'clock last night a small military guard maintained quiet in front of the house that no noise might disturb her. It is hoped by the friends and attending physicians that she will be able to leave her room today and give attention to some matters calculated to take her mind from the depressing incidents of the last week. To accomplish this is now the chief aim of her attendants. She will be taken for a drive as soon as possible and everything possible be done to interest her in the affairs of the future to the exclusion of affairs of the past.

The house has been emptied of all its guests; the funeral party, except Dr. Rixey, Mrs. M. C. Barber, sister of Mr. McKinley, and several close Canton relatives having departed during the night or early morning. A guard of half a dozen soldiers still surrounds the house, merely to keep out the idly curious and to preserve quiet. A few callers left cards at the house during the morning, including Senator and Mrs. Fairbanks.

ALLISON PREDICTS ACTION.

The Iowa Senator Sure that Congress Will Tackle Anarchy.

CHICAGO, Sept. 21.—"Congress will undoubtedly make a thorough investigation of anarchy in the United States next winter and will do its utmost to pass laws for the prevention of such crimes as that committed against President McKinley," said Senator Allison tonight.

"I have no doubt there will be many joint sessions of the judiciary committees of the two houses during the session and the best legal talent of the land will be called upon to assist the attorney general in pointing out constitutional methods for reaching the seat of the trouble. The need is evident. The pressure for legislation will be great, possibly pushing congress to go to an unwarranted extreme. Some action will undoubtedly be taken that is in consonance with the constitution and will not infringe on proper freedom of speech.

A number of Boers in Johannesburg have asked the American government if they can acquire land in the United States for settlement.