THE NORTHWESTERN.			
BENSCHOTER	& GIBSON,	Eds and	Pubs.
LOUP CITY,	•		NEB.
There is not starting to start the			a manta

In a wood, near Palnora, on the edge of the Northern Carpathians, a woman went to gather sticks, leaving her baby in a secluded spot. Upon her return she saw two great eagles bearing away her child, whom they had dismembered. Upon a hunt being made by the inhabitants, the bones of the baby were found in the eagle's nest on the rocks amid the snow.

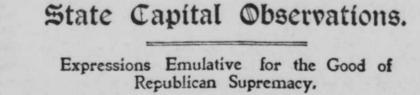
In the state archives at Rome it has been found that the X-rays may successfully exhibit the writing on manuscripts concealed in old book covers whenever this writing is done in red lead, ultramarine blue or cinnabar. They are being used also in attempts to detect forgeries of paintings and in efforts to discover signatures of old masters in paintings alleged to have been produced by them.

A novel still for the making of moonshine whisky was recently discovered in the mountains of Maryland. It was concealed in an oven standing out in plain view in a yard, and from the boldness of its position had long gone undetected. Inside the oven was a movable copper still, which could be taken out in times of peril, otherwise all suspicions 'could be allayed by innocently using the oven to bake bread.

One Sunday evening a rough-cast man rose in the Reform Club meeting and said: "I believe in owning up. When I get into trouble by making a fool of myself, or by letting somebody else lead me out of the way, I ain't goin' to shirk the blame. I am goin' to take my own load on my own shoulders. I shall just speak up and say, 'I, Bill Pike, did that!'" There's an example, as well as a rebuke, for several kinds of whimpering sinners, in high places and in low.

The marriage landau of the queen of the Netherlands is on exhibition on the premises of a carriage builder in the Boulevard Haussmann, in Paris. It has been sent thither to be relined, but has already been used by her majesty Wilhelmina on a few state occasions. It is painted in cream color, "Vernis Martin," of great purity of tint; the box seat, the springs and the hubs of the wheels are of a rich orange; the new linings are of white brocade, and the queen will, they say, have eight white horses, with orangecolored trappings, to take her to church on her wedding day.

The more one thinks about wireless telegraphy the more amazing it seems.



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LINCOLN, Feb. 4, 1901. In the senatorial battle everybody but the candidates and their earnest and zealous workers and assistants have become more or less weary of the struggle, and are becoming disgusted in a measure. The close of the past week finds the deadlock as tight as it was a week ago, with no hope of an

early solution of the fight. Some are of the opinion that the opposition to both Rosewater and Thompson is so deep-rooted that a settlement cannot come so long as they are in the race. On the other hand, partisans of these gentlemen aver that it is not true, but that the failuret c tician. reach an agreement lies with others. Whichever it is, the fact is clear that up to the present time all efforts to secure a caucus have been futile, and the disposition seems to be to avoid holding one. A number of different propositions were advanced the past week, but all were coldly met by the republican members who are opposed to a

caucus, and as there are yet enough so opposed, a caucus is of the future. Amid the conflicting interests it is a question when a call for a caucus

will find enough to become a sure thing. Each candidate still holds to the belief that his chances are as good, if not better, than they were at the start, and is proceeding on the theory that while there is life there is hope.

No one looks for the withdrawal of any of the avowed candidates, and if the members of the legislature hope to home in time to put in a spring crop they will have to get the bit between the teeth and go as they please.

Senator Miller of Buffalo county. the only fusionist who was returned to the senate, introduced a bill yesterday as an inducement for his people to return him again. It is a measure intended to hold political parties responsible for the conduct of their members in office. It provides that if a | in much better shape than he expected. political party has had a man in office who has defaulted, that party shall be deprived of the right to nominate another candidate for such office while the shortage remains unpaid. Mr. Miller has taken pains to provide, however, that if a shortage is not discovered until after another member of the same party has been elected, such person shall be permitted to serve out his term.

This bill was drawn by Judge H. M. Sullivan of Broken Bow, judge of the district court, at the request of Mr. Miller The ideas are all Mr. Miller's exclusive property. He tells his friends in confidence that he does not expect to get the bill passed at this session of the legislature.

"I take the position," said he, "that its candidates. The state is a big corporation that cannot do its own work. This work must be done by hired men. A political party brings forward its best men and announces that he will undertake the job at the usual wages. Why shouldn't a party stand good for its recommendation of hired hands?" The fusionists having given up hope of securing the election of a fusionist for United States senator, some talk has been indulged in of lending populist aid to elect two republicans. Some of the leaders, notably James Dahlman, suggested recently that if the deadlock continues it might be a good move for the fusionists to turn in and elect two republicans. They would probably not accept Mr. Thomp son or Mr. Rosewater, but would be satisfied with any of the other candidates now before the joint convention. The argument used in favor of this proposition is that it might encourage the "independent voter" of the state and thus do the fusion forces some good indirectly. And it is further argued that republicans elected in this manner would be pretty coldhearted men if they should afterward refuse to do some little friendly turn | bill is intended to carry out the infor the men who elected them. This plan is said to be proof positive that the fusion forces have given up hope of securing the election of a fusionist by the aid of republican votes. Taylor Flick, late candidate for governor of Nebraska on the mid-road populist ticket, together with other mid-road leaders, will have to come forward with a few dollars in cash or suffer the humiliation of having execution served on them by the sheriff of Lancaster county for supreme court costs. The clerk of the court was instructed to issue a fee bill against them. If the indebtedness isn't immediately liquidated the bill will be placed in the hands of an officer. The costs were incurred in a suit brought to the supreme court from Lancaster county district court on error by W F. Porter, then secretary of state, and Chairman J. H. Edmisten of the populist party. The right to use the name "populist" was involved. Confirmation of the appointment of E. D. Davis of Clay county as warden of the penitentiary to succeed Warden Hopkins was secured from the senate. Governor Dietrich announced the appointment, together with the selection of A. V. Cole of Hastings as commandant of the soldiers' home at Grand Island. Mr. Davis was formerly sheriff of Clay county. Ed Church of Lincoln and ex-Warden A. D. Beemer were applicants for the position of form his duties for him until such time warden.

It is most remarkable that every man who has been complimented by the fusionists, a party that grew out of the farmers' demand for reform and was originally a protest against lawyer domination has been found in the lawyer class and most of them chronic office-seekers. Justh look over the list

> William V. Allen, lawyer, senator and judge.

George W. Berge, lawyer and late candidate for congress.

Jefferson H. Broady, lawyer and former district judge.

M. F. Harrington, lawyer and poli-

G. M. Hitchcock, lawyer, editor and candidate for congressman and sena-

W. D. Oldham, lawyer, late assistant attorney general and candidate for attorney general. Ed P. Smith, lawyer and late assis-

tant attorney general. C. J. Smith, lawyer, former attorney

general. R. D. Sutherland, lawyer, congress-

man. W. H. Thompson, lawyer and poli-

tician. That is a pretty good exhibit for a

farmers' reform party.

The house committee on public lands and buildings visited the Lincoln asylum one day last week for the purpose of making an inspection. The house accomplish some law-making and get has ordered the committee to visit these institutions at the earliest possible date, but the senatorial fight has prevented their leaving Lincoln to go to Hastings or Norfolk.

At the Lincoln hospital the demand is for furnishings for the new building recently erected. In addition a new dynamo is asked for in the electrical department besides some smaller repairs. The committee chairman, Mr. Corneer, said he found the institution The buildings were in very good repair and were kept up in a manner that was very creditable to the management. Not all members of the committee were able to make the trip, but those who did go agreed with Chairman Corneer on his views.

The resolutions passed by both houses January 15 asking the supreme court to further enlighten the legislature on the meaning of its decision holding the act creating the board of transportation invalid, was presented to Clerk Lee Herddman of the court last week by Secretary J. C. F. Mc-Kesson of the senate. For some reason the presentation of the resolutions to the court was overlooked and hence a political party should stand good for its candidates. The state is a big corso as to require the court to answer any questions which the legislature or the governor of the state may ask. The court will convene this week and 4 copy of the resolution will then be presented by Clerk Herdman. The questions are: First-What was the effect of the decision of the state vs. the B. & M. railroad rendered last November? Second-Did that decision render the railroad commission defunct in toto?

HOW IT AFFECTS SHOE MEN AND CATTLE RAISERS.

Not Be Removed-Alds the Country's Internal and Export Trade-Both Sides in the Controversy Heard.

The fact that there are two sides to every question has seldom been more clearly illustrated than in the argument for and against the removal of strenuously contending for non-duti- their fellow citizens. able hides as an absolute necessity in cial Bulletin, in an article entitled

"The Hide Duty Must Go," says:

to grow.



THE DUTY ON HIDES. pecial benefit, and once the gates were opened for such changes, there would be no stopping."

The Dingley tariff law was framed for the benefit of all citizens and industries, and not to aid any one at the expense of others. It has benefited Some Conflicting Views-Duty Should the shoe manufactories, without imposing any hardship upon them, and their business has increased beyond the fondest hopes of the most optimistic. It has also been of inestimable

benefit to other manufactories and the farmers, stock raisers and laborers of the entire country, and there is no gathered. reason for changing it, beyond the selfish desires of selfish men, who would the duty on hides. Here we have the be satisfied to reap personal advanshoe manufactures of New England tages, even at the direct expense of

As between the rival contentions of the manufacturing interest. Speaking those who produce the hides and those for this interest the Boston Commer- who make them up into shoes and boots, perhaps the safest and fairest arbiters would be those who buy f d

"A few years ago it did not matter use the manufactured product. It does so much whether there was a duty on not appear that the great body of dohides or not, as foreign producers mestic consumers are worrying much were making shoes by old methods and about the duty on hides. They keep therefore could not produce a shoe right on wearing the best made, best with the style of the American article fitting, best looking and lowest-priced at a price low enough to keep our footgear to be found anywhere in the shoes out of their markets. Now, how- best consumers the manufacturers ever, the situation has changed. For- could find if he searched through all eign manufacturers have visited our creation. Neither is the domestic factories and seen the results obtained consumer of the American shoe prowith up-to-date American machinery. duct very greatly grieved over the fact This has caused them to fit out their that the export price is a trifle lower factories with our machinery, and they than the domestic price. It is the havhave even gone so far as to engage ing of the price in his pocket, rather American workmen to teach their own than the price of the thing itself, that the proper way to obtain the best re- chiefly concerns him. It was when he sults. All this has pointed more didn't have the price, no matter how strongly than ever to the fact that the cheap it was, that he made trouble. duty on hides must be taken off if our But that dismal time ended when the export trade is to be given a chance country was given a tariff law that furnished work and wages for everybody,

"On all hides imported this duty is that gave the farmer the biggest price 15 per cent. Now when this was impos- | for his cattle he ever received, and that

ence with the old soldiers of the G. A. R. is wide. Mrs. Poole is never slow to take advantage of anything that may benefit the veterans, and her zeal has resulted in much that is good to these grand old men. She writes of her experiences: "Honor to whom honor is due, and having seen the numerous cures effected through the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills, I gladly endorse them as being particularly effective to cure that dreaded disease of so many of our old soldiers, Bright's Disease and Kidney Disorders of different kinds. Kidney Disease soon poisons the entire system, and as a result the vital organs are attacked, and I have found that no remedy so surely, completely and quickly finds the weak spot and heals it as Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I have used them myself in slight attacks of biliousness and indigestion, and usually find that from three to tour pills do the work."

Such evidence from a lady of so much distinction and experience should convince any sufferer from Kidney Trouble that Dodd's Kidney Pills is the remedy that never fails. 50c a

Fresh Flowers on Shipboard Dally. A remarkable test of cut-flower pre-

servation was made by a Philadelphia man whose fiancee was going to Europe. He promised her that she should have a fresh bouquet every day she was on shipboard. So he had six boxes made and each labeled for the uay it was to be opened. These he confided to the steward of the steamer who placed the boxes in cold storage and opened one each morning for the recepient. After she arrived at Liverpool she wrote home that the flowers were as fresh as though newly

#### A Three Billion-Dollar City.

The assessed valuation of real estate in New York city now exceds \$3,000,-000,000. The total valuation doesn't look so large, however, considering some of the single instances. There is the Equitable Life building, for instance, which is assessed on a valuation of \$6,000,000, and the Waldorf-Astoria hotel for \$5,000,000.

James P. Sterling, former chief justice of the supreme court of Pennsylvania, is dead in Philadelphia, from the effects of a carbuncle. He was 78 years of age.

Associations. This Presidents' Asso-

ciation chooses a President, and to this

very high and distinguished position

Mrs. Mary E. Poole of this place has

been elected. Mrs. Poole is thoroughly

deserving of this great honor. Her

devotion to the interests of the Asso-

ciation is very marked, and her experi-

PRESIDENT OF PRESIDENTS. Distinguished Lady Indeed, Is Mrs. Mary E. Poole, of Whiting, Ind. Whiting, Ind., Feb. 4, 1901 .- (Special.)-The Presidents of the Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic have an association composed exclusively of the Presidents of the different State

By Marconi's method, messages are sent over, or through, mountain ranges: and the curving segment of the earth, covered by the ocean, does not prevent communication between ships sixty miles apart. Still more marvelous is it that simultaneous messages can be transmitted by "tuning" the instruments so as to produce a difference in the vibrations; but it has long been known that countless waves of light and sound can pass and repass, crossing each other in every conceivable direction, without the least interference.

It is pleasant to record the fact that the consular service is gradually working out of politics, that more and more fitness is considered in the original choice of consuls, that efficient men are promoted from less important to more important stations, and that the effects of the improved system in advancing American trade are so marked that the new way is approved by all who study the subject. The cleverness of some consuls in getting at the facts wnic.. will enable American manufacturers and merchants to compete in foreign markets is much more pleasing to Americans than it is to those whom they are supplanting in trade.

It is singular, but true, that the industrial school system of the United States owes its origin, in large part, to Hawaii. General Armstrong, the founder of Hampton Institute, was the son of that Hawalian educator who organized the schools of the Hawaiian Islands. Hampton this winter contains eight grandchildren of former Indian students. Honolulu, in the course of but a single generation, shows a still more notable instance of rapid aboriginal development. A former queen of Hawaii, awakened to a sense of a finer civilization, came with great pomp and retinue to express her wish for reform. Unwrapping from her body the seventy-five yards of broadcloth which had composed her royal robe, she burned it in the public square. Her niece, Lady Bishop, later bequeathed her entire property of over a million dollars to the cause of education in Hawaii. Today the compulsory school system of those islands is so admirable that Australia lately sent there for a teacher to expound in the southern continent the Hawaiian-American system of education.

Engineers of the cableship engaged in repairing the cable from Galveston to the Mexican coast found that the cable was destroyed by a submarine earthquake and the catastrophe at Galveston may have been due to the same cause. The destruction of deepsea cables by earthquakes is so common that it attracts little attention nowadays. In the East Indian archipelago submarine earthquakes are su commen that they are reckoned among the chief causes of the destruction of cables,

At the Elk's stag social in honor of the state officers, senators and representatives last Friday night, Bartlett and May of the "Woman in the Case" company assisted in the entertainment at the lodge rooms after the perform. ance. A fine male quartet and some clever specialty members of the company "did a turn" for the private edification of the state solons. The remainder of the program was by local talent. Nearly all members of B. P. O. Elks No. 80 in good standing were on hand and constituted themselves an insane February 1, succeeding Dr. C. E. informal reception committee at the function.

Was the statute of 1885 revived?

C. H. Rudge, E. L. Vance and S. C. Bassett of the state board of agriculture accompanied by J. C. Seacrest and other citizens of Lincoln, escorted the house committee on public lands and buildings to the state fair grounds one day last week. The trip was made in cars furnished by the Lincoln Traction company. The committee inspected the grounds and the old buildings with a view to action on a bill appropriating \$50,000 for permanent buildings and improvements on the fair grounds. The fair has been located permanently at Lincoln and this tent of the legislature. The committee desires to keep the appropriation down as low as possible, but so far none have been heard to express a desire to reduce the fair appropriation maturially.

The current issue of Leslie's Weekly contains a map of the principal state in the union, with the location of industrial plants reported to be the largest in the world or largest in the United States. Iowa, Kansas and North Dakota have no such industries, while Nebraska has two, they are:

"The Beatrice creamery of Lincoln is the largest in the world, having a :apacity of 30,000 pounds of butter per day, and a present average output of 17,000 pounds per day. A very large establishment at St. Albans, Vt., utilizes the product of 12,000 cows, has a daily output of 10,000 pounds of butter, and a capacity of 20,000 pounds.

"Mr. Robert Taylor, owning a ranch near Grand Island is reputed to be the largest sheep owner in the world, having 90,000 animals."

Governor Dietrich last Friday reappointed Elder P. H. Howe of this city chaplain of the penitentiary. Elder Howe has held this position for fifteen years. He has devoted the greater part of his life to charitable work and now that he is ill his preacher friends of Lincoln have agreed to per as he is able to get out again.

Mr. Singleton, a colored man from Omaha who has been serving as a messenger in the governor's office, has gone back home. He told his friends that he was disappointed in not securing a permanent position. The position of messenger was abolished several years ago, but Mr. Singleton came with the intention of filling that or a similar place.

Dr. Green of University Place took charge of the Lincoln hospital for the Coffin. The appointment of the steward will be annsanced soon.

ed the leather manufacturer was | world, and they are very much the protected. After the hide has been gave to the shoe manufacturer the made into leather the dealer can ship best and most profitable market at his it to foreign countries and a rebate of 15 per cent is allowed him by the the same time rebating to him on his government. This makes it possible export trade 99 per cent of all duties for the foreign shoe manufacturer to paid on imported hides. It is too good buy our leather from 5 to 10 per cent a state of things to bear tinkering cheaper than the manufacturers in this with, especially if the tinkering shall Garfield Tea, the great Herb Tea, will country can buy it. Now when our result in hurting more than it helps.

producer is obliged to pay from 5 to 10 per cent. more for leather manufactured in this country than a foreign buyer has to pay for the same leather it is certainly high time that something was done by congress to remedy such a state of affairs, and the only step that can be taken is to strike from

the tariff list this unfair duty. "A protective tariff is a good thing in many ways, but when this protection dscriminates against American commodity in queston should be placed on the free list.

"The only people benefited by this duty are a half dozen western milonly the manufacturers but the entire duty, as they sell their cattle on the hoof, and therefore do not handle it is possible, with the duty removed, force."

This would seem to be conclusive as tions were to pass undisputed. Such, however, is not the case. There is another point of view from which the question bears a totally different aspect. Concurrently with the plea of the Commercial Bulletin, comes a vigorous showing by the Helena, Mont., Record, on the other side of the question. The Montana editor, speaking in behalf of the men who raise cattle, finds ample ground for the claim that the tariff on hides should not be taken off; certainly not, if the tariff on shoes is to remain on. The Montana man

savs: "Just why the reduction of the duty on hides would increase the export business is not clear, when the provisions of the present tariff allows drawbacks on all articles on which duty is paid, when again exported. The drawback in the case of shoes is 99 per cent of the duty paid on the imported hides.

"The duty has been of great benefit to the farmers and stock raisers of the country, in spite of the denials of the shoe manufacturers, who claim the packers have reaped all the benefits.

statement. the tariff law manipulated for their es- -Benton (Ill.) Republican.

own door which he ever had, while at

#### THEY BEGIN TO SEE IT.

The London Iron and Coal Trades Review says that when the iron and steel industries of the United Kingdom begin to give way, as they are doing at present, it is not unreasonable to assume that the whole industrial fabric is more or less on the eve of a serious change. This, it says, appears to be the general expectation in Great Britain industries, as it has in this case, the at the present time. When an American writer a couple of years ago di-

rected attention to the imminence of an industrial change such as that now generally expected, the London Speclionaires, and those affected are not tator and other British free trade journals pooh-poohed the suggestion. public as well. The cattle growers of They werre unable to perceive, what this country are not benefited by this this trade journal clearly sees, that the iron and steel industries "are the basis of all the other mechanical inhides. While our exports of shoes dustries-of shipbuilding, general enamounted to about \$4,000,000 last year, gineering, foundry operations, and a thousand minor industries that may to increase this amount tenfold, but it be named." When a basic industry is can never be done with the duty in in jeopardy all those resting upon it are sure to suffer, a fact which the optimistic free traders will be sure to to the propriety of placing hides on appreciate before long, although they the free list, provided all the conten- are unable to do so now .- San Francisco Chronicle.

# SENATORSHIP BY TELEGRAPH.

It is doubtful whether to any American statesman has come a finer Christmas gift than that received by Senator Warren of Wyoming in the shape of a telegram announcing the pledges of 56 out of 58 Republican members of the legislature to support him for re-election at the current session. This is conclusive, as the Republicans control the legislature. Not altogether a surprise-for it would naturally be regarded as a matter of course-it was none the less a most flattering presentation, this senatorship by telegraph. Wyoming, which was formerly a Bryan state, but is now safely Republican, is to be congratulated. So is the whole country. Senator Warren is in all ways one of the big men of the upper house-big in stature, in brain, in fine personal qualities, and in usefulness to his state and to the nation.

## Couldn't Have Stolen Anything.

A few Democratic newspapers, who The fact that the prices of cattle have | do not know any better, have been tryincreased, beginning immediately upon ing to make capital out of the fact the adoption of the tariff, confirms this | that there have been several defaulting | cashiers, etc., since McKinley's elec-"No doubt there are others besides tion. If Bryan had been elected there the shoe manufacturers who would like would have soon been nothing to stead.

box, six boxes for \$2.50. Buy them from your local druggist if you can. If he can't supply you send to the Dodds Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Brittle nails are remedied if olive oil is rubbed into them.

Many complicated diseases and much suffering result from constipation. cure the most obstinate case.

Adversity is often a blessing in dis-

Ask your grocer for DEFIANCE STARCH, the only 16 oz. package for 10 cents. All other 10-cent starch contains only 12 oz. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

If men were like clocks they could all go on tick.

FITS Permanent'y Cured. So Ets or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kine's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE \$2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DE R. H. KINK, Ltd., 331 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa-

In 1800 only 4 per cent of the people of the United States lived in cities. Today 30 per cent live in cities.

Uncle Sam Aims

to buy the best of everything which is why he uses Carter's Ink. He knows what's good.

In the race for wealth too much money seems to be an impossible quantity.

Ask your grocer for DEFIANCE STARCH, the only 16 oz. package for 10 cents. All other 10-cent starch contains only 12 oz. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Tell your secret to your servant and you promote him to the position of master.

\$148 will buy new Upright plano on easy payments. Write for catalogues. Schmoller & Mueller, 1313 Farnam street, Omaha.

The joint senatorial vote from day to day shows but little change.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take LAXATIVE BROM. QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on the box. 25c.

The more checks a spendthrift has the faster he goes.

