LOUP CITY NORTHWESTERN.

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NUMBER 8.

FORAKER TO HA

Porto Rico More Generously Tres Than Any of the Territori

PEOPLE SATISFIED WITH THUWS

Local Legislature Has Authorit to Repeal the Tariff if It Wishes, at Has Not Done So-All is Progress Fa-

CINCINNATI, Dec. 29. Serior J. B CINCINNATI, Dec. 29.—Septin J. B.
Foraker, has made a reply the recent speech at Ann Arbor, fich., of
former President Harrison, which
Mr. Harrison criticised the Porto
Rican policy of the governmat characterizing it as a departure num correct principles. In a speech sure he
Manufacturers' club of this ty list
night Senator Foraker saion tils
point:

All the questions arising der he Porto Rican legislation are on to be passed upon by the suprement. Or that reason I do not care disc ss them at this time, but it is orde to say that the view taken by caressas reflected by that legislation, as ciditable to the generosity, patrism id the industrial spirit of the meran people. We found Porto Bs as for as poverty could make her, se hadro money, no credit, no system taxan of any kind. She wanted savil syernment and a revenue to apport.

We gave her a far more leval cil
government than was eve givetto
any territory prior to the civil 'r,
so far las participation in t by re
people is concerned, and ve dealty
her more generously in prodiing nearly than 'e
have ever yet dealt with an territy.

have ever yet dealt with an territy.
In requiring her to pay triff dus In requiring her to pay triff dus on imports from foreign contriese did only what we did with Louisia, Florida, California and all our or territories; but in allowing her tot these duties, when collected, intorown treasury for the support of riccal government, we did what a never lone before for an body of for in all other cases we have tonly required the payment of te same duties, but we have alsoquired them, when they were lected, to be paid into the natil lected, to be paid into the natil treasury at Washington for the mon benefit of the whole country., on a number of articles, and the vie duty on al the rest, and provided at the 15 per cent should be remittefter March 1, 1902, or sooner the legislature of Porto Rico shall ovide, and that in the meanwhill collections of 15 per cort both e and in the United Stas. Shape paid over to Porto Rico r her wn support. We made this ovision lecause it was the best ar least bradensome way possible to aise indspensible revenue for the governand not because it was it was and not because it was inny sens of any benefit to either our;overnment or other people.

The Porto Rican legislare is low in session, but neither the body for any member of it, nor arbody se, has taken any step to real or after the tax system so imposed by congress. On the contrary all tstify alike to the highest satisaction with what congress has done, and the request will be almost manimusly made that the provisions enoted may be continued, if not indefinitely, at least until some satisfactory system of proper taxation may be submitted.

In addition, it should be stated that congress, also in the same generous spirit, exempted Porto Rico from all internal revenue taxation—another favor never before extended to any part of our people anywhere. Yes, it is true that the legislation for Porto Rico was a "departure," but it is not true that it was a "departure from correct principles."

BOER LEADER NOW IN TRAP.

London and the Continent Hear That

Dewet Has Been Captured.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—Persistent reports are in circulation in London and on the continent that General Dewet has been captured. The British Chartered South African company received this information from a source in which it is accustomed to place implicit confidence. The War office, however, is without any confirmation of the report.

CAPETOWN, Dec. 29. General Dewet's attempts to break through the south have been frustrated and he is now reported to be at Senekal with a large commando, holding the country between Fecksbrug, Setekal and Win-

General Knox is holding the country etween Ladybrand and Winburg. The eastern parties of invading oers are being constantly harassed

The Yeomanry who were captured ear Britstown have been released. JOHANNESBURG, Dec. 29.—The Boers damaged the new Kleinfontein and Chinese batteries yesterday.

Have You \$27?

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 29 .- After January 1, in making the calculation of the per capita wealth of the United States, the Hawarian islands, Alaska and the Indian Territory will be included. The probable effect will be to slightly reduce the per capita wealth, which now is about \$27.

CROWE IS WEARING SKIRTS.

Masquerading in Chicago and Buying Beer Among Saloons.

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—Disguised as a woman, Pat Crowe, the kidnaper of Eddie Cudahy at Omaha, has been seen in Chicago within the last few days, and may still be in hiding here, according to statements made this afternoon by Detective Sergeant James Storen, who arrested Crowe a number of times. With a view to discovering the fugitive's hiding place, a search of several houses has been made by Storen. acting on a tip that Crowe had been recognized. Christmas day the sergeant stumbled upon evidence which convinced him that Crowe has been in Englewood recently, and that in the guise of a woman and heavily veiled he went abroad with impunity in streets where he is well known. The tip as to Crowe's whereabouts came from a saloonkeeper at State and Sixtythird streets. When a tall woman entered the saloon by the "ladies' entrance Christmas eve and asked for beer to be served in a private room, the muffled, but masculine voice aroused the saloonkeeper's suspicion. After the visitor departed a barkeeper asserted that he had recognized the supposed woman as Pat Crowe. The following day, Christmas, the saloonkeeper told Storen.

In a room in Sixty-third street, claimed by the landlady to be occupied by a "young widow," Storen found a pair of men's socks, whose presence could not be explained. Other evidence that the occupant was Crowe himself came into Storen's possession later and he is still hoping to secure the \$25,000 reward for the alleged Cudaby kidnapers' capture.

Two mysterious persons, one in skirts, arranged at the Continental National bank for the deposit of \$8,000

NO INVITATION TO BE SENT.

Report That President is to Invite the Kaiser Denied.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.-Nothing is known at the White House concerning the story cabled from London to the effect that the New York Yocht club would invite Emperor William of Germany and the Prince of Wales to witness the yacht races for the America's cup next summer and that President McKinley would write concurrently to the kaiser and prince inviting them to visit the United States. At the White House it is stated that as to duties on commerce bet1 nothing of the sort is in contempla-Porto Rico and the United States tion. The Prince of Wales was a did not levy 15 per cent but wee- guest at the executive mansion durmitted 85 per cent of the exist ing President Buhcanan's administra-

Lepro y in the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.-An appended report to General MacArthur's review of the civil affairs of the Philippines for the past fiscal year, gives some rather startling facts regarding the introduction and prevalence of leprosy in the islands.

According to the estimates of the Franciscan fathers, says Major Guy L. Edie, the writer of the report, there are no less than 30,000 lepers in the archipelago, the major portion of these being in the Viscayas.

Our Colonial Cabinet.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 28.-In accordance with an order issued by the War department today, the division of customs and insular affairs of the office of secretary of war, created in December, 1898, will hereafter be known as the "division of insular affairs," and will have charge of matters pertaining to the civil affairs connected with the government of Cuba and the Philippine islands, as distinguished from matters of a purely military character.

A Sensation Looked For. ST. JOSEPH, Dec. 28.-The proseenting attorney believes he will be able to develop all the important features of the sensational murder of the millionaire merchant, Frank Richardson of Savannah, at the inquest to be resumed tomorrow. Mrs. Richardson will take the stand and it is understood she will give testimony that will clearly show the murderer to be a very prominent resident of Savan-

C. P. Huntington's Will.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Dec. 28 .--The will of Colis P. Huntington was admitted to probate today. The only property belonging to the estate of the deceased in this city consisted of a mortgage interest to real property in the value of \$50,000. Aside from this there was no personal property of any description, the mansion on California street standing in the name of the widow.

Germany is Silent.

BERLIN, Dec. 28 .- When the attention of the German foreign office was called today to a dispatch from Washington, announcing that the United nd driven back toward the Orange States government would decline to accept responsibility for the losses of Germans in Cuba from the Spanish-American war and the insurrection which led to it, the officials refused to offer any expression of opinion on the subject.

Porto Ricans Go to Hawaii.

SAN JUAN, Dec. 28.-The New York and Porto Rico Steamship company's steamer Arkadia, sailed from Pence yesterday for New Orleans, having on board 400 Porto Ricans, 65 per cent of whom were women and children, destined for Hawaii.

Holidays Spent in Brushing Up the Appropriation Bill.

COMING DAYS FULL OF BUSINESS

Indian Measure May Have a Million Dollar Fund Inserted, for Irrigating Indian Lanus Other Matters to Be Con-

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec.27 .- The sub-committee on appropriations having in charge the preparation of the legislative, administrative and judizial bili, which has been sitting daily since the honday recess of congress,, has practically completed its work and probably will not meet again until after the reconvening of the senate. The bill will then be reported to the full committee and as soon as possible, to the senate. It will not carry a much greater total than the bill carried as it passed the house. There have been few increases of salary made by the sub-committee.

Increases in the clerical forces in certain branches of the war, interior and postoffice departments have been provided for. These increases have been made in response to urgent rep-

resentations by the heads of bureaus, The Indian appropriation bill received today from the senate committee on Indian affairs, the first attention that has been given it by that body. A sub-committee consisting of Senators Thurston, Platt of Connecticut, Stewart, Jones of Arkansas and Pettigrew, took up the bill and after examining many of the provisions, decided to consider the petition of the Pima Indians of Arizona for improved facilities for securing water for irrigation. Hydrographer Newell of the geological survey and others were heard as to the utility of a proposed dam for a storage reservoir on San Carlos river. It was stated that these Indians had been deprived of their water supply by the construction of an irrigation system by white men and that where before they had been self-supporting up to that time, they were now on the verge of starvation.

It was estimated that the proposed dam will cost about \$1,000,000. The committee is apparently disposed to make some provision for the unfortunate Indians.

Conger Takes a Hopeful View.

LONDON, Dec. 27.-"Mr. Conger takes a hopeful view of the stanation,' says the Pekin correspondent of the Morning Post, wiring on Monday, and thinks that a settlement will be effected, but he declares that not one of the envoys will recognize the empress dowager officially, although all are aware that she has long exercised the supreme power. He believes the crisis will arise in the initiation of reforms in China.

'Senor de Cologan, Spanish minister to China, fears that the joint discussion of the note will extend for a year or more.

"It is rumored that numerous villages east of Pekin are combining to exterminate native Christians, several of whom have been burned in a local temple.

'Li Hung Chang is a trifle better."

Constitution for Cuba.

HAVANA, Dec. 27 .- The various sections into which the Cuban constitutional convention was divided some weeks ago for the purpose of preparing and submitting draft constitutions for the consideration of the body as a whole are gradually getting together on the basis of a unitary government, with restricted suffrage. The convention leaders now hope to have this work completed by January 15, so that the results may be submitted to the United States congress February 1. The sectional discussions have been bitter and prolonged and therefore there will be less debate in the open sessions, the hard fights having been made in the secret sub-sessions in order to save public wrangling.

Big Pay for Mileage

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.-Robert H. Wilcox, delegate in the house of representatives from the Hawaiian islands, has just been paid a claim of \$1,000 for mileage. It was the largest laim of the kind ever made, but it was paid promptly by the sergeant-atarms of the house. Every congressman is entitled to milage at the rate of 20 cents per mile "by the most direct and practicable route from his home to Washington and return." The distance between Honolulu and Washington is figured at 5,000 miles. Mr. Wilcox will draw \$1,000 more for his return trip.

Conscience Pricks at Last.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.-The secretary of the treasury has received from a town in the south a conscience contribution of \$200. In the course of his letter the sender says he defrauded the government out of revenue taxes on tobacco to that amount in 1871, 1872 and 1873,

No Indians Found Hunting.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.-Indian Agent Myton of the Uintah and Ouray agency reports to the Indian bureau here that the search of western Colorado by the state officials for Indians hunting in the state has resulted in a failure to find one Indian.

MARINES FIRST TO ENTER.

Beat All Others Into the Forbidden City

of the Chinese. WASHINGTON, Dec. 26 .- Some controversy has arisen over the question who among the American forces are entitled to the credit for first entering the Forbidden City of Pekin, China, when the allies moved from Tien Tsin to relieve the legations This honor seems to attach to the Marine corps, according to the official dispatches on file in the Navy department, and the report of Captain Long of the Marin corps, which follows, appears to bear out the claim that the Marines were first in the Forbidden City, as they were first on Cuban soil, when they landed at Guantanamo in June, 1898.

The following is the official report of Captain Long of the First regi-

"I respectfully submit the following report on the duties performed by Company D. Untied States marines, at Pekin, China, on August 16, 1900:

*Up. to that time the Forbidden City had not been entered by any of the allied forces. Three of the four gates between the Chien Men gate and the Forbidden City had been forced the previous day by the Americans, but then they halted and finally withdrew to the first gate, which was held. Receiving an order from the commanding officer of marines to enter the Forbidden City and seize such buildings and quarters as might be most advantageous for us to hold and occupy, I moved immediately with my company, forced the fourth gate and entered the city. The Japanese sentries objected to our entering, but I did not consider their calim to any control at that point. On entering there was no opposition, the Chinese having departed, leaving their tents and banners standing. I put guards on the best of the buildings and the regimental colors were hoisted on one of the administration buildings. To the best of my belief this was the first and only occupation of the Forbidden City by any one of the allied forces and the only time that any force hoisted its colors there. We remained there from about 3:30 to 5:30 p. m., when I received an order to withdraw and to leave a guard at the fourth gate. Captain Matthews and Lieutenant Little, United States marines, were the officers in Company D with me. Very respectfully,

"CHARLES G. LONG, "Captain United States Marine Corps.

NOTE DELIVERED TO CHINA.

Ultimatum of Powers Leaves Hands of Foreign Ministers at Pekin. PARIS, Dec. 26 .- A dispatch to the

Havas agency from Pekin says: The ministers assembled at the residence of Senor B. J. de Cologan, the Spanish minister and the doyen of the diplomatic corps, and received Prince Ching, to whom the Spanish minister handed a joint note of the powers. Li Hung Chang, who is still ill, asked to be excused. Prince Ching said:

"I have the honor to accept the note concerning the re-establishment of good relations and will transmit it immediately to the emperor and communicate to him his reply as soon as received."

Bryan to Answer Cleveland.

CHICAGO, Dec. 26.—The Chronicle says: William Jennings Bryan will answer ex-President Cleveland's criticism of the democratic party at the annual banquet of the W. J. Bryan league of Chicago on the anniversary of the battle of New Orleans, January The affair will take place at the Sherman house. It will be Bryan's first public speech since his second defeat for the presidency.

Announcement was made last evening at the meeting of the County Democracy by Albert E. Burke of the acceptance by Mr. Bryan of an invitation to speak on Jackson day. Mr. Bryan's subject is "Democracy." Desides Bryan the other speakers who have accepted are ex-Governor William J. Stone of Missouri and Congressman Carmack of Tennessee, and Mr. Burke says it is probable that Governor Beckham of Kentucky will be the fourth orator.

Still Discussing the Treaty.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 26.-The Novoe Vremya discussing the English newspaper indictment of the United States senate for "its unparalleled attempt to overturn the Clayton-Bulwer treaty." says:

"The case is not unusual, Conditions have changed and the treaty must change too. Russia afforded an example in 1870, in declaring that she was no longer bound by her promise not to maintain war vessels in the Black sea."

Germa. Duke Seriously III.

WEIMAR, Dec. 26.—Some anxiety is felt regarding the health of the ag 1 grand duke of Saxe-Weimar. He is suffering from influenza. A bulletin issued by his physician says his condition is satisfactory, that he slept well in spite of the repeated spasms of coughing and that his temperature is 99.7. The grand duke was born in 1818.

Boers Forced to Fail Back. LONDON, Dec. 26.-Lord Kitchener. telegraphing to the War office under date of Naauwpoort, December 24, 9

a. m., reports: "Thorneycroft's mounted infantry have occupied Britstown without opposition. The Boers returned to the north in the direction of Prieska. They will be followed up.

THE TREATY RETURNED

State Department Makes No Comment on

at Present Time-Terms of Settlement

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.—The state department has decided to send the amendments to the Hay-Pauncefote treaty to the British government through two channels, one copy being transmitted to Lord Pauncefote, the British ambassador, and the other through Ambassador Choate at London, who will present it to the Foreign office. It is the understanding that the state department will make no representation whatever as to the changes made in the treaty; the senate amendments will be allowed to speak for themselves, and the action speak for themselves, and the action of the department in certifying them to the British government will be purely formal. As the papers leave New York on tomorrow's mail steamer they should reach London about New Year's day, so the negotiations will certainly lapse over into the next

century at the very earliest. It can be authoritatively stated that there has been no exchange whatever, either in the shape of written notes or oral communications, between the state department and the governments of Nicaragua and Costa Rica that nas developed a threat on the part of these governments to refuse assent to the construction of a canal in view of the action of the United States senate upon the Hay-Pauncefote treaty. All that is officially known of the attitude of the two governments mentioned is that their representatives here, Snors Cora and Calvo, thoroughly approved of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty as the basis for the canal construction. Whether or not the amendment of that convention will affect their attitude is not known. The impression prevails that not being called upon to come to a decision on this point until the British government shall have passed upon the senate amendments, the governments of Nicaragua and Costa Rica will not anticipate that action by any declaration at this stage

The British government has not, up to this time, given the slightest indication as to its purpose on the amended Hay-Pauncefote treaty and it is understood that the subject will not be taken up by the British cabinet until the draft of the amended instrument and the advices of the British ambassador at Washington are received. The general results have been briefly summarized in cables to the London authorities, but in a matter of this magnitude they would not act until they are in possession of all the data by mail. Under these circumstances it is evident that today's utterances of the London press to the effect that Great Britaint will stand firmly on the Clayton-Bulver treaty, while indicating the popular and to some extent official trend of opinion, do not announce a policy which has assumed any definite sanction thus far on the part of the British government.

The Nicaraugua minister, Mr. Corea, was asked as to the report that he had protested in behalf of Nicaraugua against the amended form of the treaty. He said he did not care to aiscuss the matter in its present status, but he pointed out the unlikelihood that Nicaraugua and Costa Rica would protest while the matter was one of domestic policy. Later on, if it assumed the concrete form of a proposition to be submitted to Nicaraugua and Costa Rica, it would be for them to say whether it was acceptable or not, but in the meantime it was hardly likely that there would be any protest or other action concerning a subject still in its creative stages in this country and in Great Britain, and not yet before Nicaragua and Costa Rica.

Cr'me at a Funeral.

BRITON, S. D., Dec. 26 .- A number of friends gathered at the house of John Pyplar, near Veblen, to sit up with the remains of one of his children. During the evening Pypiar was found lying between the house and barn with several gashes in his skull and with his throat and neck severely injured. He was picked up for dead. Upon seeing his condition Moses La Frombois disappeared and a little later was discovered hanging from the limb of a tree near the barn.

Tortured by Burglars.

BONHAM, Tex., Dec. 26.-At Godber, a few miles south of here, J. J. Johnson, a prominent farmer, was murdered by robbers. His body was found in the yard badly bruised and the misgivings are expressed for the safety flesh burned from his breast and arms. It is supposed the bandits Colorado and other mines off Mount burned their victim in an effort to force him to tell where his money was hidden. Two arrests have been

Certain He is in St. Joseph.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Dec. 26.-Pat Crowe, the much wanted man, is in hiding in this city and the whole him. Crowe is a frequent visitor to this city, where he has many and influential friends, and it is from the latter fact that his capture is doubtful. | Cheer.

THE LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Latest Quotations from South Omaha and Kansas City. SOUTH OMAHA.

South Omaha.

Union Stock Yards—Cattle—Another day of unusually light receipts marked the trade in beef cattle, only a few bunches of fed stock received and few of these of decent quality. The market showed little if, any change from that of yesterday, but for the week prices on beef stock show a good advance over last week. Today the market, while quiet, was practically steady on beef steers. Practically the same condition prevailed on the market for cows and heifers and butchers stock that was apparent in the fat steer. stock that was apparent in the fat steer trade, prices showing no change from those prevailing on equal grades yesterday. There were only a few loads of butchers' stock received, and while there butchers stock received, and while there was no special activity to the markets, the moderate number here changed hands in very good season. The fresh arrivals of stock cattle were of a necessity small, but the number received fully met the requirements of the market. Receipts have been light the entire week, but business, as a rule, in the feeder division has been dull nevertheless.

Hogs—The quality was very fair, about

or quality, all grades selling at practi-cally the same range in prices, and the market closing weak all around. Sheep-Quotations: Choice fed wethers, \$3.95@4.25; fair to good wethers, \$2.25 @4.00; choice yearlings, \$4.20@4.45; fair to good yearlings, \$3,90@4.20; choice ewes, \$3.35@3.75; fair to good ewes, \$3.00@2.35; choice spring ambs, \$4.55@5.35; fair to good spring lambs, \$4.50@4.10; feeders ewes, \$3.25@4.00; feeder wethers, \$3.50@3.75; feeder lambs; \$4.00@4.40.

KKANSAS CITY. KKANSAS CITY.

Cattle—Receipts, 2,000; market steady; native steers, \$3.50@5.40; Texas steers, \$3.25@4.75; Texas cows, \$2.5@4.35; native cows and heifers, \$1.75@4.50; stockers and feeders, \$2.40@4.60; bulls, \$2.50@4.00; calves, recelpts, 200; market steady; \$4.25@5.35.

Hogs—Receipts, 1,000; market weak to 5c lower; bulk of sales, \$4.80@4.82½; heavy and packers, \$4.80@4.87½; mixed and light. \$4.75@4.85; Yorkers, \$4.80@4.85; pigs, \$4.30@4.70.

4.70. Sheep—Receipts, 11,000; market steady; lambs, \$4.00@5.55; muttons, \$2.70@4.15.

GERMAN VIEW OF TREATY.

Government Calls Senate Amendment a

"Slap for England." BERLIN, Dec. 29.-The Kreuz Zeitung, conservative, the chief mouthpiece of the government, whose editorials are often prepared by government officials, devotes two long articles today to the Nicaragua canal controversy, pronouncing the Davis amendment of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty a "slap for England." It con-

'Treaties could not be more recklessly brushed aside than they have been in this case by the United States senate. This disregard of the law of nations, which had already been manifested during the peace negotiations with Spain, is in the highest degree regrettable. It is the counterpart of England's treatment of the Boer re-

"President McKinley's administration has been placed in a highly disagreeable position, inasmuch as the action of the senate is a grave provocation to England, and it is impossible to face the anti-English feeling in the country. The administration could not thus wound Yankee pride.

"If the president adopts the senate's position England will have a moral right to prepare a Fashoda for the United States, but judging from previous experiences she will not do so. The present tone of the British press toward the United States is in striking contrast with its ferocious tone toward France in 1898.

"England is not likely to play her strongest trumps against the United States, but if she were to do so she and not the United States would be the sufferer. Fortune is fickle."

Germans Deny Rumor.

BERLIN, Dec. 30 .- The Frankfurter Zeitung prints a letter from Copenhagen, in which the writer says Germany intends buying the island of St. John for a coaling station if Denmark's negotiations with the United States should miscarry. The letter refers to the organization of a German syndicate for the purpose of acquiring land on the island of St. John, the syndicate including Herr Ballin, a director of the Hamburg-American Steamship Co., and further says the syndicate sounded the Danish government some time ago regarding the acquisition of the island by Germany, and that Denmark answered that it was unable to discuss the qustion owing to the pending negotations with the United States. Now however, according to the letter, the plan for German acquisition of the island is approaching realization.

Fear Loss of Live Stock.

WALSENBURG, Colo., Dec. 30 .- A blizzard has been raging in this part of the state during the past twenty-six ours. Cattle men expect to lose much stock on the range. Reports received from the vicinity of Mont Blanco tell of an unprecedented fall of snow. Roads are impassible and the gulches are filled with snow. Some serious of the miners who are working in the Blanco.

Peculiar Variety of Joke.

DES MOINES, Ia., Dec. 30 .- A telephone message from What Cheer declares there is not a word of truth to the story of forty-nine drowning there while skating. A conversation with woman in charge of the exchange police and detective force is hunting at that point stated that the story was a joke of some trainmen and that they first told the accident had occurred at Pelday, a little town near What