

LOUP CITY NORTHWESTERN.

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FILIPINOS GROW BOLD

Insurgents Make Fierce Attacks Under Lead of White Officers.

FIGHT OF CAPTAIN BEIGLER'S MEN

Drive Back the Filipinos After an Engagement Lasting Two Hours—Deserters Threaten Former Comrades—Hard March by Gen. Hall's Force.

MANILA, Oct. 29.—While scouting near Looe a detachment of the Twentieth and Twenty-eighth regiments under Captain Beigler were attacked by 400 insurgents armed with rifles under the command of a white man whose nationality is not known to the Americans. The insurgents for the most part were intruders. After a heroic fight Captain Beigler drove off the enemy, killing more than seventy-five. The fight lasted for over two hours. Captain Beigler and three privates were slightly wounded and two of the Americans were killed.

An engagement took place between detachments of the Third cavalry and the Thirty-third volunteer infantry, numbering sixty, and a force of insurgents, including riflemen and 1,000 bolomen. The fighting was desperate. Finally under the pressure of overwhelming numbers the Americans were compelled to retire to Narvican.

Lieutenant George L. Feibiger and four privates were killed, nine wounded and four missing. Twenty-nine horses were captured by the insurgents, but were subsequently released. The enemy's loss is estimated at 150. A civilian launch towing a barge loaded with merchandise near Arayat was attacked by a force of 150 insurgents under David Fagin, a deserter from the Twenty-fourth infantry. The American troops on hearing the firing turned out in force before the boat could be looted and captured.

Fagin, who holds the rank of general among the insurgents, has sworn special enmity against his former companions. Of the twenty men he captured a month ago seven have returned, one was killed in a fight, his body being horribly mutilated. Fagin sends messages to his former companions threatening them with violence if they become his prisoners. It was Fagin's men who captured Lieutenant Frederik W. Alstetter, who is still a prisoner.

General Hall's expedition, with a force of nearly 800 men, through the mountains to Bimbangon, province of Infanta, in pursuit of the insurgent General Cilles, although it discovered no trace of the enemy encountered great hardships on the march. Twenty Canine porters died and forty men were sent to the hospital. After stationing a garrison of 250 men in Bimbangon and visiting Polalillo island, off the coast of Infanta province, General Hale and the rest of his forces embarked there on the transport Garzone.

Reports from General Young's district show a daily increase of insurgents there, owing to the fact that recruits are going thither from the towns.

While a detail of the Thirty-third volunteer infantry was returning from Bangue on rafts it was fired upon by insurgents; Sergeant Berdastler being killed and two privates wounded.

DEATH CLAIMS MAX MULLER.

Celebrated Scholar Dies at a Ripe Age at His Home in England.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—(New York World Cablegram.)—Friedrich Maximilian Muller, commonly known as Max Muller, corpus professor of comparative philology at Oxford university, died today at 12:35 p. m. His disease was an affection of the liver. Until ten days ago he was able to continue writing his autobiography, dictating to his son. He was perfectly conscious until this morning.

His Service is Ended.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 29.—Rev. Henry Russell-Pritchard, the oldest Christian minister in the United States, died suddenly at Chesterfield, Ind. Mr. Pritchard was born near Georgetown, Ky., in January, 1819. In 1829 he moved to Newport, Ky., where he remained until he was 25 years of age. He united with the Methodist church when a young man, and remained a member until 1840, when he became a member of the Christian church. He had lived in Indianapolis since 1854. He was the intimate associate of Alexander Campbell.

Location of President Steyn.

MASERU, Basutoland, Oct. 27.—It is reported here that former President Steyn and the members of the executive council are at Fouriesburg, south of Bethelium and that he has declared Fouriesburg to be the capital of the Orange Free State.

Mr. Steyn has ordered Keyter, a member of the late Volksraad, to be tried on the charge of high treason.

His Wife Runs Away.

SIoux CITY, Ia., Oct. 29.—Mrs. William Weir, wife of a well-to-do farmer living on the big Sioux river took her baby in her arms and came to Sioux City, where she drew \$25 out of Weir & Allison's bank and left. Her husband has invoked the aid of the police to find her.

REPORT BOXERS ACTIVE.

Stories of Sufferings of Missionaries Come from Chung Tung Fu.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—The Chinese intelligentsia is in a state of quietude. Advice from Pao Ting Fu give harrowing stories of the sufferings of the missionaries at the hands of the Boxers, and it is reported that ten missionaries are at Chung Tung Fu.

The Times correspondent at Pao Ting Fu says the Boxers declare the provincial treasurer has ordered them to kill all foreigners. He allowed eleven to be massacred.

Dr. Morrison, writing to the Times from Peking, under date of October 26, says:

"The foreign ministers in conference today decided to add the name of Prince Yi and Ying Nien to those of the seven officers who execution France has demanded."

It is said the commander of the allied troops at Pao Ting Fu has arrested the provincial treasurer, who was chiefly responsible for the ill treatment of the rescued missionaries.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Express claims to have authority for the statement that when peace is restored Russia will hand back to its owners the railway from Tong Ku to Niu Chwang.

AGREE ON THE ADVANCE.

Companies With Few Exceptions Grant Ten Per Cent Advance.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Oct. 29.—All the coal companies in the Wyoming valley, with a few exceptions have now posted notices granting their employees the 10 per cent increase asked for by the Scranton convention. The exceptions are a few individual operators who do not employ many hands. But it is said that when the men employed at these collieries report for work tomorrow they will be told they will receive the same wages paid by other companies. The Kingston Coal company had notices posted today granting the increase. This company employs 2,200 men and was the last of the individual concerns in the valley to grant the increase. The officials of the Susquehanna company had a conference with their employees Saturday and agreed to pay them the advance.

President Mitchell and the members of the mining board visited Pittston today. They were received enthusiastically. Addresses were made by President Mitchell, Fred Lischer and others. President Mitchell told the men to all go to work tomorrow. He also congratulated them on their behavior during the strike.

KRUGER'S PLANS ANNOUNCED.

Will Go to the Hague and Express Thanks to Queen Wilhelmina.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 29.—The Transvaal agency announces that Mr. Kruger will arrive at Marseilles on the Dutch cruiser Gelderland November 11 or 12. He will have apartments at the Grand Hotel de Noailles, where he will receive several French, Dutch and Belgian delegates.

Mr. Kruger will proceed to The Hague without stopping at Paris, and after expressing his thanks to Queen Wilhelmina for Dutch hospitality on board the Gelderland he will appeal to the powers to intervene in the South African trouble on the grounds of article 3.

Li Talks Submission.

ROME, Oct. 29.—The Pekin correspondent of the Messagero cables the report of an interview with Li Hung Chang, in which the latter said China would have to submit to punishment soon for the grave faults of a few thousand rebels. Now that peace is almost concluded he hopes the powers would appreciate China's desire to give just satisfaction and would withdraw their troops as soon as possible. Earl Li spoke enthusiastically of the resumption of commercial relations. The impression of the correspondent is that Li is fully aware of the disagreement among the powers and this constitutes his strength.

Fears from Yellow Fever.

HAAVNA, Oct. 29.—The continuance of yellow fever in Havana has greatly depressed all business interests, and the fear that the city and island will fail to get the regular proportion of winter tourists is adding to the misery of the merchants.

There is no denying that the fever is much more severe this season than last, and that the percentage of American victims is greater than ever before. Everything possible is being done to relieve the situation.

News from the Klondike.

SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 29.—The steamer Dolphin arrived from Skagway today with 150 passengers and \$200,000 in gold from the Klondike. The Klondike came up the river on the Zealandia, leaving Dawson October 11. The river was then full of floating ice for 100 miles and the weather was bitterly cold. Two small steamers left two days later and are now windbound on Lake Labarge. River navigation is over for the season.

Four Hundred Massacred.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 29.—Dispatches from Mukden received at the war office say that proof is at hand that 40 native Christians were massacred at Mukden before the Russian occupation. Fifty modern guns, mostly Krupp, several thousand rifles and 20,000 rounds of cartridges have been found.

OUR TROOPS REVERSED

Detachment of 100 Attacks 400 Filipino Riflemen and 1,000 Bolomen.

OUR SOLDIERS RESIST STRONGLY

They are, However, Defeated After Creditable Resistance—Retreat at the End of the Fight With Five Killed and Nine Wounded.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 27.—The War department today received a dispatch from General MacArthur, giving an account of a fight, in which a small detachment of the American troops attacked a much superior force of Filipinos. The dispatch follows:

"Manila, Oct. 26.—First Lieutenant Feibiger, forty men company H, Thirty-third regiment, United States volunteers; second Lieutenant Grayson V. Heldt, sixty men troop L, Third cavalry, attacked insurgents fourteen miles east of Narvican, Ilocos province, Luzon; developed strong position occupied by about 400 riflemen, 1,000 bolomen under command of Juan Villamor, subordinate of Timos. Desperate fight ensued which was most creditable to force engaged, though under heavy pressure overwhelming numbers, our troops compelled to return Narvican, which was accomplished in tactical, orderly manner. Acting Assistant Surgeon Bath and civilian teamster captured early in the fight were released by Villamor. According to their accounts insurgents much stronger than reported herein, and their loss, moderate estimate, over 150. Our loss: Killed: First Lieutenant George L. Feibiger, Charles A. Lindenberg, William P. Wilson, company H, Thirty-third regiment United States volunteer infantry; Andrew T. Johnson, farmer; Guy E. McClintock, troop L, Third regiment United States cavalry. Wounded: Company T, Thirty-third volunteer infantry, Floy W. McPherson, hip, slight; John W. Grace, face, slight; Floyd H. Heard, cheek, slight; Harry S. Johnson, knee, serious; troop K, Third United States cavalry, Corporal Adam R. Wachs, arm, slight; Alfred Downer, hip, head, slight; Charles W. Martin, thigh, slight; Oscar D. Bradford, foot, slight; William E. Hunder, leg, below knee, slight.

Missing: Company H, Thirty-third regiment, John J. Boyd, Samuel P. Harris; troop L, Third cavalry, Samuel Davis, Ferd Schwed; twenty-nine horses missing; some known killed. "MACARTHUR.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 27.—Lieutenant George Lee Feibiger was one of the youngest officers in the army, being in his 24th year. He was a native of New Orleans and served as first lieutenant and afterward captain of the Ninth volunteer infantry during the Spanish war. In the following July he was appointed second lieutenant in the Thirty-third volunteer infantry and because of his military proficiency he was promoted to a first lieutenancy August 24, 1899, and accompanied his regiment to the Philippines in the following month.

NOT QUITE READY TO BITE.

Fewers Show Reluctance to Accept Anglo-German Agreement.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—In diplomatic quarters there is felt to be some significance in the fact that France, Russia and Japan, as well as the United States, have not yet accepted the invitation to accept the principles of the Anglo-German alliance. It is understood that this non-action of the powers is not due to any concerted movement among them, although each appears to be halting on the third clause. A diplomatic official said today on mature consideration of this third clause it was seen to involve two constructions, first, that if any power took territory in China as a result of the present trouble then Germany and Great Britain would also take territory; or, second, if any country took territory in China, Germany and Great Britain would seek to prevent this act or otherwise jointly act against the country seeking to extend its domains. Either construction, it was pointed out, was such that the powers not party to the agreement could not be expected to bind themselves to its acceptance. Under these circumstances it is said the powers would probably seek to learn Russia's views on the third clause, as Russian approval would probably remove the idea that there is any possible menace intended.

Takes Admiral Moza's Place.

MADRID, Oct. 27.—Senor Azcarra will take the portfolio of the marine provisionally, Admiral Moza having withdrawn from the ministry owing to the refusal of the premier to allow an increase of the navy credits. Addressing the officials of the marine department today General Azcarra said it was necessary to secure an equilibrium of the budget and therefore it was impossible to increase the navy.

Wales at Paris Exposition.

PARIS, Oct. 27.—Le Courrier de Paris says it understands that the Prince and Princess of Wales visited the exposition here last June, but that, in consequence of the expressed desire of the prince, their stay was kept an absolute secret. The prince wished to avoid demonstrations which would result from the Anglophone attitude of the nationalist press.

Head Money Offered.

CANTON, Oct. 26.—The Chinese have placarded the Shenom district, offering several hundred dollars reward for the heads of four foreigners who are supposed to be leading the rebels. The rice crop has failed in Kwang Si province and robbers are pillaging. Rebellion and famine there are certain.

LAST RITES OVER SHERMAN.

Funeral of the Great Statesman is Held at Mansfield, Ohio.

MANSFIELD, O., Oct. 26.—In a picturesque little cemetery where generations of Mansfield's builders sleep lie tonight the remains of John Sherman, senator and statesman. There today all that is mortal of the former secretary of state was laid to rest with ceremonies that were impressive, yet simple. All Ohio contributed laurels to the illustrious dead, and representing the nation were President McKinley, Elihu Root, secretary of war, and other Washington officials. The city was draped in mourning. Every business house closed at 2 o'clock and the schools were dismissed that the pupils might attend the services at the Grace Episcopal church, where, half a century ago, John Sherman first worshipped as a man, where for years he was a vestryman.

From the funeral train, which arrived at 10:15 a. m., the remains were escorted to the church, through streets that were thronged with citizens and thousands who had gathered here from other places. The route was marked in the early morning with many political banners eulogistic of national and state candidates of the various parties, but as a mark of respect to the dead all these were removed before the procession began. In the line of march were two companies of the Eighth Ohio volunteers who fought in the Spanish war, while, flanking the hearse was a squad of forty-two survivors of the famous Sherman brigade, all gray and bent with age. At the church the casket containing the remains was removed to a place just in front of the chancel, where it was banked with floral offerings of great richness. One of these tokens was a wreath of white roses and carnations brought from the White House by President McKinley. Another was from the Richmond Bar association and another was the offering of the corporation of Mansfield. There were scores of others from many parts of the country. The altar itself was draped in white at the request of the family.

From the church the cortege moved on Main street to the cemetery, a mile distant. At Central Park the procession passed under an immense arch of mourning on which was emblazoned in gilt letters, "The Nation's Loss." Heading the column was the Mansfield band with white plumed helmets and just behind them the Eighth Ohio volunteers. In a carriage near that occupied by President McKinley were three men who were delegates to the first Sherman convention that ever nominated John Sherman for congress, in 1854. They are M. L. Miller, Nelson Oizer and Jacob Hade, all of this city.

BOXERS OUT FOR GORE.

New Crusade is Being Waged Against Hated Foreign Devils.

HONG KONG, Oct. 26.—Advices from Lien Chao on North river say that American mission property there is threatened with destruction by Boxers, who have posted the following proclamation:

"We have organized to protect our country and our homes and we rely upon one another to support the order to drive out the foreign devils. They are mad. Their folly passes description. They are the usurpers of our land. They disturb our borders. "In all the provinces and prefectures chapels have been opened and our people are deceived, ripped open and disemboweled, while the foreigners grow fat on the revenues of China, insulting our officials and merchants and seizing our temples and palaces. The emperor is indulgent and permits this. Who can forestall the intention of the foreign devils? Day by day they act more outrageously. When we behold the present condition of affairs our hearts are bruised with grief. Therefore we have organized our strength to destroy the devouring wolf throughout the empire."

Coerced at Bayonet's Point.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Oct. 26.—Representatives of mutinous sailors who, it is alleged, are coerced on board the steamer South Portland, at Skagway, at the point of the bayonet by United States troops acting under orders from Judge Schibreto, are here collecting evidence to be used in the suit in the United States for damages. The seven mutinous sailors are suing for \$20,000 each and H. L. Sibley will testify that he heard the order given to the troops and witnessed the prodding of the mutineers with bayonets, in defiance of the navigation laws.

Lined Oil Advanced.

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—Prices in the west for lined oil have advanced about 15 cents a gallon recently and local prices have been advanced accordingly. Huling prices here are 75 cents a gallon for raw and 77 cents for boiled. The last advance here was 5 cents a gallon. The reason given for the great advance in prices is the very heavy advance in the price of flaxseed in the western markets, due to the scarcity of the seed.

White Farmers Lynch a Negro.

MACON, Ga., Oct. 24.—It was learned here today that two negroes, James Greer and James Callaway, were lynched by white farmers near Liberty Hill in Pike county. While out hunting they shot recklessly into a farmer's house, frightening a young white woman.

LI MUST SHOW CAUSE

Germany Wants to See His Credentials Before Accepting Him.

HIS EVASIONS NOT REASSURING

Dodging of Direct Questions on the Point at Issue Does Not Inspire Confidence—Position of the United States Plainly Set Forth.

BERLIN, Oct. 25.—Discussing the present stage of the relations between the Chinese government and the powers, a high official of the German foreign office made the following statement today:

"Before Li Hung Chang can be accepted as the negotiator by the powers his credentials must of course be examined. So far as Earl Li on various occasions has refused to exhibit them. When Dr. Mumm von Schwartzstein was in Shanghai he requested Earl Li to show them. The Chinese statesman replied evasively: "However, Germany will not raise difficulties. If Earl Li's credentials will suffice for the United States they will suffice for Germany. However, all the legations must jointly agree upon the precise wording of the demands to be addressed to the Chinese government as preliminary to actual peace negotiations."

"These demands will be framed in accordance with the German and first French circular note. It is another question whether Earl Li will have power to enforce those conditions in case they are agreed to. All the powers earnestly desire to show all possible advances making toward the conclusion of peace."

Official confirmation has been received of the news already forwarded by private dispatches regarding the unsatisfactory condition of health of the German forces in Pekin. Dysentery and typhoid fever have appeared epidemic and each day brings several deaths.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—In view of the widespread comment that the Anglo-German alliance concerning China was open to the possible construction of an implied or indirect menace or threat against some other power interested in the Chinese question, the attention of Count de Quadt, the German charge d'affaires, today was called to this point. Count de Quadt said that he was able to give a categorical and very positive statement, on the highest authority, that the agreement involved no menace whatever to any power concerned in China. He said this applied to all the parties which had taken a hand in Chinese affairs. Count de Quadt stated with equal positiveness that there was no foundation for reports of further or additional features to the agreement beyond those transmitted to the various governments and made public. He said that document covered the entire transaction.

The response of the United States to the British-German agreement, as communicated by Count de Quadt, is still held in abeyance. It is understood that with the third article, namely, that concerning the compact between Great Britain and Germany to take suitable measures in their own interests, in the contingency that other powers seize territory in China, our government will not concern itself at this stage. It is not expected that our adherence to the arrangement would be required to take the form of a formal signature or acceptance. So it is probable that the answer to be made by the State department will not be an unqualified acceptance of the whole pact, but only will treat of those portions of the agreement with which we are directly concerned at present.

Hot Times in Porto Rico.

SAN JUAN, P. R., Oct. 25.—At a meeting of the executive committee of the federal party today it was unanimously decided to invite the federals to withdraw from further participation in the campaign for the election of a house of delegates and a commissioner to Washington, and to get them to abstain from the polls on election day, thus silently protesting against the election proceedings.

The federals charge the government with partiality. A majority of the election judges are republicans. They were appointed by the executive council, composed of six Americans and three native republicans. The government is also charged by the federals with helping the republicans by gerrymandering certain districts. It is understood that the federal leader, Senor Munoz Rivera, will protest to Washington.

Ruling on Opera House Tax.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—Commissioner Wilson of the internal revenue bureau has decided that proprietors of opera houses in cities having a population by the census of 1890, of 25,000 or less, shall not be called on to pay special tax for the current year, because of newspaper announcements that the recent census shows a population of more than 25,000.

White Farmers Lynch a Negro.

MACON, Ga., Oct. 24.—It was learned here today that two negroes, James Greer and James Callaway, were lynched by white farmers near Liberty Hill in Pike county. While out hunting they shot recklessly into a farmer's house, frightening a young white woman.

WANTS THE LAW CHANGED.

Form for an Incorporation Act for Cities Wanted.

FREMONT, Neb., Oct. 29.—Mayor Fred Vaughan of this city has sent letters to the mayor of Nebraska City, Beatrice, Grand Island, Hastings and Kearney, urging that delegates be named to meet with a delegate from Fremont at some place to be designated later, and attempt to draw up a form for an incorporation act for cities between 5,000 and 10,000. This is to be presented at the next meeting of the legislature for action. In the case of Foxworthy against the city of Hastings, which was carried to the supreme court last spring and the law declared unconstitutional, cities of this class are thrown back under the general law governing cities between 1,000 and 25,000. Since a motion for a rehearing of the case has been denied, Mayor Vaughan feels that some conclusions should be reached prior to the meeting of the legislature which will be satisfactory to all.

Suicide by Hanging.

WISNER, Neb., Oct. 29.—Coroner Riley was called out to Dietrich Clattenhoff's, about four miles northeast of Wiener, to hold an inquest upon the body of Fred Lange, a German about 35 years old. Lange had been staying with Mr. Clattenhoff for some time and they had missed him. Mr. Clattenhoff went out to do the chores and found him hanging dead in the corn crib and granary. Lange was a single man and had no relatives in this country. He had been in poor health for some time and left a note stating that he was tired of life and directed that Mr. Clattenhoff should have \$400 of his money, the balance of which he has quite a sum, should be sent to his brother in Germany.

Appeals on Novel Grounds.

LINCOLN, Oct. 29.—Fred Parsons, recently convicted in Lancaster county on the charge of selling liquor without a license and fined \$500, has appealed to the supreme court on rather novel grounds. He operates a billiard parlor at Sprague. The evidence in the trial showed that he had in his possession a quantity of intoxicating liquor. He contends the law under which he was convicted is unconstitutional for the reason that it makes the possession of any of said liquor presumptive evidence of his guilt and throws upon the defendant the burden of proving his innocence.

Child Injured by Hogs.

WYMORE, Neb., Oct. 29.—While playing in her father's yard at Burchar, a small town east of here, the 3-year-old daughter of Frank Hart climbed over into a hog pen in which there were several large hogs, and before she was rescued the hogs had attacked and so badly mangled her that she will die. Her arms, face, body and lower limbs were so badly lacerated that it was difficult to recognize her. Her clothes were nearly all torn from her body and had not Robert Shear happened along and rescued her she would have been devoured by the hogs.

Roosevelt Helps a Church.

LINCOLN, Neb., Oct. 29.—With money donated by Governor Roosevelt, Rev. Father Reade of this city has purchased a heavy silver fruit bowl, which will be raffled at 10 cents a chance at a bazaar for the benefit of St. Teresa's pro-cathedral. Father Reade received the check from Governor Roosevelt with instructions to use it for purchasing any desirable article for the fair. Father Reade explains that the donation was made because of personal friendship, he having been intimately associated with Governor Roosevelt in New York.

Woman Cuts Her Throat.

FREMONT, Neb., Oct. 29.—Mrs. M. Luthans, the wife of a well known farmer of this county, residing three miles southeast of Scribner, in this county, attempted to commit suicide and now lies at the point of death. Mrs. Luthans has been in poor health for some time, suffering from despondency and partial derangement. She was found with her throat cut from ear to ear and near her was the bloody knife with which the deed was evidently done. She cannot live.

Small Wreck Near Kearney.

KEARNEY, Neb., Oct. 29.—A small wreck occurred on the Union Pacific near this city. No. 22, a way freight, had just pulled out of the city when there was a jar and three cars were derailed. The cause is not known. A wrecking train arrived from Grand Island and the wreck was soon cleared away.

Wrestling Match.

COOK, Neb., Oct. 29.—Dr. J. G. Neff of Sterling and Bert Scheller of Kansas City gave an exhibition wrestling match at the Cook opera house. The first fall was catch-as-catch-can and was won by Scheller in nine minutes. The two last falls were Graco-Roman and were won by Neff.

Work of an Incendiary.

ALLIANCE, Neb., Oct. 29.—The new house owned by George Fox in South Alliance was burned to the ground; loss, \$2,000; insurance, \$1,000. The fire is thought to have been set. The house had just been completed and was not yet occupied.

Burglary at James.

JANSEN, Neb., Oct. 29.—The Jansen postoffice was robbed, the safe being opened and \$100 taken, besides a quantity of goods from J. J. Past's store.