Meat has been preserved in a frozen state for thirty years, and found perfectly eatable at the end of that time.

Last year there were imported into the United States over 1,000,000,000 grains of quinine, costing over \$1,500,-

The corner stone for the first Protestant church to be built in Cuba was laid in Matanzas on a recent Sunday. It is to be a Methodist church.

Rosewood and Mahogany are so plentiful in Mexico that some of the copper mines there are timbered with rosewood, while mahegany is used as fuel for the engines.

In the formation of a single locomotive steam engine no fewer than 5,416 pieces have to be put together, and these require to be as accurately adjusted as the works of a watch.

The physicians of Columbus, O., have organized to protect themselves from dead beats. It is the live beats that worry other folks, but probably the ghosts of dead ones haunt physi-

The largest balloon ever constructed, capable of lifting over six tons, will ascend from Berlin shortly to make | Hogs ......... 3.15 meteorological observations. It will Veal, per lb. ...... .061/2 be supplied with provisions for several weeks and two beds.

Emile Zola expresses his deep sympathy with Maitre Labori, who has been so boycotted because of his part in the Dreyfus case, and in a recent Oats ...... interview urged that every possible support and aid be given to the brave lawyer.

The first electric launch to be used on the canals of Venice, Italy, has been delivered from England. The launch, which is called the Alessandro Volta, will accommodate 50 passengers. Its length is about 56 feet and width 10 fest.

Ex-Senator John Sherman has left Mansfield, O., and will hereafter reside in Washington, D. C. It is barely possible the venerable Ohio statesman may have felt that Mansfield's recently acquired reputation in connection with Dowieism is somewhat more than a man in his feeble health should be obliged to help to carry.

This is the great Parisian store, the Bon Marche, which has 4,000 employes. The smallest kettle contains 100 quarts and the largest 500. Each of fifty roasting pans is big enough for 300 cutlets. Every dish for baking potatoes holds 225 pounds. When omelets | pared with 1896. are on the bill of fare 7,800 eggs are This is exactly the difference be- Hon. J. B. Corey of Pittsburg, Pa., the ranges.

There was recently discovered near the Ocklockonnee river, Florida, what is believed by experts to be the most wonderfully pure vein of fuller's earth ever discovered. This vein is said to yield immense quantities of this pe--that is to say, that it is absolutely pure. Nearly all the mines of this kind of earth contain, besides the valuable commodity, rock, flint, gravel, sand, etc., but this deposit is entirely free of such substances.

Poverty is an incentive and a disciluxury, spoiled by lack of healthful op- of hard times. position. Any condition that deprives death; but a poverty that makes us industrious, resolute, hardens our bodies and sharpens our wits is far from unfortunate, for it contains within itself the elements of cure, and prime among its happy attributes is that ness-the faculty of hope.

Cases of nervous and muscular affections, according to the Berlin corobserved in pianists, especially in young players. By the excessive especially in the smaller towns and stretching of the fingers, the tendons, villages, the decrease in interest rates injured. This condition may become in the various factories. chronic if the patient continues to play, and, in course of time, the nerves are involved. Neuralgic pains of the hands and arms may occur and are able hable to extend to the shoulder and circumstance that the ordinary keyboard of pianos is too long for the hands of children. The patients must abstain from playing for a certain time, and massage, combined with electricity and bandaging, is advisable.

At Bologna the other day a bell ringer had a most trying experience. | health? While ringing the bells in the campanile of a church he was struck by a great bell in its swing and buried out | imperialism and militarism." of the window in the tower. Fortunately he alighted in a sitting position on the roof of the church, some fifty feet below, and, though stunned, was otherwise uninjured. Slowly recovering he was able to descend without the voting place and vote against bem. if elected, somebody is going to be ter- 1897, the Pressmen's union scale was willing to arrange for a New York mishap, and the crowd who had seen his involuntary flight, now rent the deavoring to grand against. air with enthusiastic cries of "A miracle! A miracle!"

Against Democracy.

By Bryan Which Are Propounded to Him -Beating Around the Bush to Save His Political Bacon.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 1 .- If the fusionists had started in their campaign by destroying the back files of the newspapers of their party, they might have robbed the republicans of some valuable campaign literature. But they didn't, and must suffer the conse-

The Omaha World-Heraid is the recognized organ of fusion, not alone ia Nebraska, but in the west. The foilowing figures taken from the issue of the World-Herald of July 10, 1896, and July 10, 1900, not only serve to prove a most significant distinguishment between the prices this year and those of four years ago, but they show

and that the people are mu	
prosperous now than then.	
Here are the figures:	
July 10,	July 10,
1896.	1900.
Cows\$3.00	\$4.55
	4.25
Calves 5.00	6.00
Bulls 2.90	4.00
Stags 2.90	4.25
Stocks and Feeders 255	4.15

Green Hides (No. 1).. .04 Wheat, (Neb. & Dak.). .53 Wheat, car load (new) .. .54 1.40 Flax seed ..... Flour, (best patent).. 1.85 No. 2 Red Wheat .... .561/2 .441/2 No. 2 Cash Corn ..... .261/2

above-every one grown on the farmin price approximates 1,093. Divide you will find that the average in- out? crease in the price of each article is Are you going to look to a party approximately 571/2 per cent.

World-Herald.

to the state of Nebraska and all its there against trusts? people, for, when the farmers are prosperous, all lines of industry are

publicans are in power and in 1896 the lowing letter to Mr. Bryan:

democrats were in power. In the light of such facts it is diffilult to believe that the democratic ticket will receive any material support from the farmers of Nebraska.

nets, what more is necessary to conpublican ticket and party?

"Well," but Bryan says, "there is danger of imperialism."

say nothing of the abundance of eviwhere

And Bryan says, "There is danger of militarism."

Suppose he does, does that make it He said in 1898 that if McKin- am, dear sir, very respectfully yours, heaven-sent faculty of living in a fu- ley was elected the wages of labor and ture that has no offset to its perfect- the prices of farm products would fail just as sure as the stone that 's thrown up.

Again the figures from his own party organ disprove his assertions. say nothing of the purchase of new gages, the increase in bank deposits, points out.

es, Bryan says a great many things, but every time his philosophy has been put to a practical test it has been found faulty, weak and vulner-

You will notice, however, that there the back. Acrophy of the muscles may is one thing Bryan isn't saying, and opened, by the New York Herald, be a result of the disease in severe that is, he isn't saying anything about cases. The disease is caused by the low prices, hard times and inquistrial distress under democratic rule four years ago.

Incontinently loquacious as he is, he isn't saying anything about that. You have often heard of a doctor advising his patient to go away from his business on a pleasure trip so that he may forget about the cares and troubles that are endangering his

Well, that is why Bryan is advising the people that there is "danger of submitted by Mr. Corey. If he says times generally. wants them to forget their cares and democrats were in power, not par- him with a cat-o-nine-tails. ticularly for the benefit of their

That is the "danger" Bryan is en- ribly fooled.

FIGURES FOR PLAY TOYS.

exclamation points to build a rail poor Yorick! fence around Nebraska. He hasn't got them today. This time the figures are World-Herald Placed in the Witness Chair all against him. Read the above figwill see why he is letting figures alone in this campaign.

PERTINENT QUESTIONS DODGED In 1896 Bryan said the hard times were "caused by a scarcity of money and that the only source of relief was in the free coinage of silver."

liam McKinley and the republican party. They defeated silver, elected McKinley and unexampled prosperity

DEMOCRACY AND TRUSTS.

The real position of the democrats on the trusts question was shown in constitutional amendment intended to prevent, regulate and destroy trusts was defeated by democratic votes.

The amendment was as follows: "Congress shall have power to define, regulate, prohibit or dissolve trusts, monopolies or combinations, whether existing in the form of a cor poration or otherwise. The several states may continue to exercise such power in any manner not in conflict with the laws of the United States."

This amendment, if incorporated into the constitution, would no doubt accomplish the purpose for which it was intended. But it was defeated, and by democratic votes.

When it came to a vote, requiring as it did, a two-thirds majority, 154 voted for it and 13- against it. Of the 154 who voted for it 150 were republicans. Of the 132 who voted against it 130 were democrats.

This very clearly defines the atti tude of both parties on the trust question. Political parties, as well as mdividuals, should be measured, not by their words, but by their deeds, This rule is founded on apostolic doctrine and it is a preity safe one to follow. Viewed in this light the Bryanites. instead of being opposed to trusts, as

sympathy with them. Trusts or combinations intended t No. 2 White Oats...... 18 .27 restrict legitimate competition, or-There are 19 articles enumerated ganized primarily for the purpose of arbicrarity fixing and regulating and the aggregate per cent of increase prices, are necessarily injurious to the people and should be stamped out.

they loudly proclaim, appear to be in

that, when it had an opportunity to This isn't campaign oratory, it provide a remedy, went over bag and isn't a mass of confusing figures; it baggage to the enemy-the democratic is simply a compilation showing the party? Are you going to look to a prices the farmers of Nebraska re- party that lined up its votes in conceived for their products under a gress in solid phalanx and defeated a democratic and republican administra- proposed constitutional amendment tion respectively, as shown by market intended to crush this evil? Are you quotations published in the Omaha going to do this and desert the republican party, which not only cast all An increase of 571/2 per cent. in the but four of the 154 votes cast in concommercial value of a crop means a gress for the amendment, but has great deal to each individual farmer written into the statutes of the United in Nebraska. It means a great deal States every word of law that appears

BRYAN AN ARTFUL DODGER. W. J. Bryan does not have to go correspondingly stimulated. It means outside his own party to find men who that the same amount of farm prod- question both his sincerity and conucts will net the farmer more than sistency on the "paramount" issue, double the amount this year as com- particularly in regard to the Philippines.

"Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 15, 1900.

'Hon, W. J. Bryan, Lincoln, Neb.: "My Dear Sir-I have not received of 1896 any reply to my letter directed to you at Chicago, asking you if you believed that we are having general prosperity Since it is proven by these figures that the negroes of Cuba, Porto Rico, at this time. Farmers are having 88 per cent. In other words, 195,708 that democratic policies enacted into Hawaii and the Philippines, who never law cause a decline in the price of had lived under a republican form of culiar earth, which stands the 100 test | farm products, and that republican | government or exercised the right of policies, when enacted into law, cause manhood suffrage, are more capable an increase in the price of farm prod- of self-government than the American negroes in our southern states who Do we owe any measure of praise to vince the farmer that it is to his in- were born and raised under our re- the republican party for all this? terest to vote for and uphold the re- publican form of government and had the right of suffrage for one-third of that hundreds of big mills in the east a century. If not, do you approve of that were closed by democratic tariff the legislatures of the southern states tinkering have been reoponed by wise Suppose he does, does that make it disfranchising our American negroes, republican tariff legislation. Without pline. If most of us were rich and had nothing to work for the world would Baltimore, that if McKinley was exercised the right of suffrage and exercised the right of suffrage and men would be out of work, and to be lazy and degenerate, softened with elected it would mean four more years insist upon the right of self-government to the half-civilized negro of the The above figures from his own Philippines? I do not wish to be unus of hope is a condition of living party organ disprove that assertion, derstood as defending the McKinley administration or espousing our peodence of prosperity manifest every- ple's war with Spain and its results. but simply as an American citizen, i wish to learn your sentiments as a candidate for the presidency on the paramount issue of self-government. I

> "J. B. COREY, Former Democrat Candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania.'

has carefully avoided answering or ex- quences. respondent of the Lancet, have been homes, the cancellation of farm mort- plaining the inconsistency Mr. Corey

simply emphasizes his insincerity.

him each day since the campaign out of their jobs by the hundred. asking him whether, if elected, he the opinion that Mr. Bryan is any would instruct his secretary of the more reliable in prophecy today than treasury to pay government "coin" he was in 1896? let the people guess at it.

yes he places himself in a most ridicutroubles of four years ago when the will have every old slave state after prophecies of 1896 have not material-

And this is the same Bryan who a today the pay is the same for nine turned down an offer of \$1,500 a week held up all over the country by the hours' work. The Plasterers', Brick- to appear in vaudeville at Koster &

speeches. He had enough figures and [man with a courageous jaw! Alas,

WOULD HAVE BAD EFFECT. In the corner of the reading room at the Omaha Commercial club yes ures from his Omaha organ and you terday three gentlemen representing varied interests talked significantly of the political situation. The conversationalists were C. S. Hayward of the Williams & Hayward Shoe Co., G. R. Williams, a farmer well known throughout Douglas county, and E. A. Willis, president of the Omaha Pressmen's union, and the conversation ran like this:

Mr. Williams- Mr. Hayward, in your opinion, would the election of Mr. Bryan have any effect upon the manufacturing and jobbing interests? Mr. Hayward-Yes; it would undoubtedly have a bad effect. It would congress last June, when a proposed take us back to the conditions of 1896, when the stability of our currency was seriously threatened and money tightened up. Four years ago, it will be remembered, manufacturing concerns throughout the country were in a bad way. Some of the mills were shut down completely and the others were greatly curtailed in operation. That condition was brought about by bad tariff legislation and the free silver agitation, and both of these evils would be upon us again in the event

of democratic success this year. Mr. Willis-the workingmen of the cities have as much at stake in this campaign as do the manufacturers, for they are the first and greatest suifarmers. What do you think of it, South Omaha but throughout the

Mr. Williams? armer's prosperity depends very growing stock market and packing inyou can't have a very good market mand from the country at large for when thousands of men in the cities meats. Why the demand? Because are unemployed. During the four under an administration that guaranyears of hard times, from 1893 to 1896, tees safety to business interests in there was an immense falling off in general by providing a sound financial this by 19, the number of articles, and But who is going to do the stamping the domestic consumption of farm system and a protective tariff the facproducts. The government statistics tories have been kept in operation, show that the average decreased con- labor has been employed and all worksumption of wheat in the United ingmen have been enabled to provide States was over sixty million bushels adequately for themselves and their a year for the four years, and the per families. If we are to have chear capita consumption of corn dropped money, no confidence and even a parfrom 30 bushels in 1892 to 14 bushels tial shutting down of American mills, in 1896. This great slump in the do- the demand for meats and all the foreign market, of course. No matter | South Omaha, with its live stock and how bountiful the crops may be the packing interests, will be one of the farmer can have no good times when first and greatest sufferers. The peothe markets are poor.

Mr. Willis-The decreased consump- son for desiring a c.ange. tion of wheat and corn in the United States during the four years of 1892-6 was undoubtedly due to the inability of the unemployed workingmen of the cities to provide a comfortable living for their families. There must have been even a greater decrease in the the farms, which would be impossible consumption of meats.

Mr. Williams-Undoubtedly so. At South Omaha Stock Yards the cattle receipts for the seven months of 1900 are on the bill of fare 7,800 eggs are used at once. For cooking alone sixty cooks and 100 assistants are always at cooks and 100 assis ceipts for the first seven months of this year were 1,121,171, as against 717,976 for the corresponding period

Mr. Hayward-No one will deny good crops and good markets, workingmen in the cities are having steady employment at good wages and the manufacturers and jobbers are enjoy ing a constantly increasing business.

M:. Willis-I think we do. I know these mills in operation thousands of that extent our general prosperity would be impaired.

Mr. Hayward-We must thank the republican party also for sound financial legislation, which has restored confidence and returned money to circulation. If this government should undertake the unlimited coinage of silver at a fixed ratio of 16 to 1 we could have nothing like stability for our currency, and without a stable circulating medium there could be no confidence. The election of Mr. Bryan would drive capital into its hiding It will be observed that Mr. Corey place again, and the farmer, the has written more than one letter on workingman and the manufacturer the subject, but thus far Mr. Bryan and jobber would suffer the conse-

Mr. Willis-I think the workingman would suffer first, because a cessation A copy of the above letter was of industrial activities must neceshanded to Mr. Bryan in person while sarily and immediately follow the he was on the stage at Weeping withdrawal of capital from its natural joints and ligaments of the hands are and the music of a million hammers Water, Neb., on the evening of Sep-channels of usefulness. When capital tember 21, but he very adroitly 1g. avoids permanent investment and nored it and made no reference to it. temporary employment, improvements Mr. Bryan's failure to make answar of all kinds cease, factories all over the country are hampered in their op-Like in the question propounded to erations and workingmen are thrown

Mr. Williams-Are you gentlemen of

obligations in silver, the question of Mr. Hayward-Mr. Bryan may be a sectionalism is raised, and Bryan will gifted man, but coresight is a quality remain as mute as a Chinese joss and that he lacks. In 1896 he predicted all sorts of dire results from a McKinley So far as the Herald's question is victory. According to his views, the oncerned he is araid to say yes, for election of McKinley meant a conthat would line the eastern states up traction of currency, lower prices for against him, and he is afraid to say products of ...e soil, less work and less no, for that would line the silver wages for the laboring man, more states and the populists against him debt and higher interest for the of burlesque renown) refuses to act So, too, in regard to the proposition farmer and a continuation of the hard

Mr. Willis-As far as the laboring You will remember that Bryan fusionists, in the newspapers, on the layers' and Stonemasons' Tenders Bial's.

played with figures in his 1896 curbstones and on the rostrum, as the union had in 1896 a scale of 15 to 17% cents per hour; today their scale is 24 cents per hour, and they have an eight-hour instead of a ten-hour day. The Plumbers' union scale was 45 cents per hour in 1896; now it is 50 cents: the Bricklayers' union wage scale in 1896 was 50 cents per hour; now it is 55 cents. The Carpenters' union scale was 30 cents per hour; now it is 40 cents. The Painters and Decorators' union has advanced its scale from 30 cents to 35 cents, and the Sheet Metal Workers wages have been increased from 271/2 cents to 381/2 cents per hour. I might go on and show similar increases in all tha trades, but I have given sufficient facts to demonstrate that Mr. Bryan's prophecy of lower wages has not been fulfilled.

Mr. Williams-And as to farmers, Mr. Bryan was also mistaken. The prices paid for all kinds of farm products have advanced from 10 to 200 per cent. Money is easier to get and interest rates are lower by from two to three per cent.

Mr. Hayward-As to the contraction of currency which Mr. Bryan predicted as a certain result of the defeat of his free silver scheme, I might say that it has not come true. The per capita circulation in 1896 was \$21.10; on May of this year it was \$26.58.

WHY THE DEMAND? During the first eight months of

this year the number of head of live stock received at South Omaha more than doubled the number received ferers when the milts close down. during the corresponding months of Thousands of men were out of work the democratic year of 1896. For the four years ago, and now many of the first eight months of 1896 the receipts big factories are unable to get as were 1,305,622, and for the first eight many operators as they desire. Right | months of 1900, 2,772,021. This trehere in Omaha from 20 to 50 per cent. | mendous increase of receipts has been of the members of the different labor accompanied by steadily advancing unions were unemployed in 1896, while prices. The loans and discounts of the this year every union reports its full Union Stock Yards National bank membership at work. I should think have increased 148 per cent. and the that the enforced idleness of a large deposits, 204 per cent, during the past number of workingmen in the cities four years. All of this is a certain inwould have some effect upon the dication of prosperity not only at country. South Omaha would not be Mr. Williams-Well, of course, the enjoying the benefits of a rapidly largely upon a favorable market, and dustry unless there was a good demestic market had its enect upon the other necessities of life will slacken and ple of this city can have no good rea-

LIVE STOCK. The tremendous increase of business at the South Omaha live stock market is an unfailing sign of prosperity. It indicates a strong and advancing market for the products of without general prosperity among the workers of the cities. The following table shows the live stock receipts at the stock yards for the first eight democratic year of 1896:

Cattle ...........316,315 512,103.. 62 Hogs ......798,639 1,501,302— 88 Sneep ......190,649 758.616-238

Here is an increase in the number of cattle received of 62 per cent; hogs, more cattle, 702,664 more hogs and 567,967 more sheep were marketed at South Omaha during the first eight months of this year than during the corresponding months of 1896. This immense increase in the number of cattle, hogs and sheep received at South Omaha indicates a correspond ing increase in the demand for meat which could not have appeared had the industrial conditions of 1896 continued. It might be said that the receipts at South Omaha have been increased by the additions to the packing houses at that point and that a large number of stock raisers who formerly shipped to Chicago are now marketing at South Omaha, but this would not weaken the assertion that the increase in receipts shows a corresponding increase in the general demand, for the receipts at Chicago have also been advancing steadily during the past four years.

With the heavy increase in receipts there has also been a steady advance in price. Steers, for instance, sold July 31, 1896, at from \$2.75 to \$3.70 and on July 31, 1900, they brought \$5.50; hogs sold July 31, 1896, at \$2.77, and July 31, 1900, the price was \$5.09 sheep on July 31, 1896, ranged from \$2 to \$5.50, and on July 31, 1900, from \$4 to \$5.45. This shows conclusively that the farmers and stock raisers of this section of the country are no: only selling a great deal more stock now than they were in 1896, but they are receiving much better prices.

Another certain indication of prosperity for all those connected with live stock interests is furnished by a comparison of the latest statement of the Union Stock Yards Natfonal bank with the statement of the same institution dated October 6, 1896. In 1896 the loans and discounts amounted to \$746,977, and now they sum up \$1,-858,280, showing an increase of \$1,111. 303, or 148 per cent. In 1896 the deposits amounted to \$1,096,770, and now they foot up \$3,339,163, showing an increase of \$2,242,393, or 204 per cent.

May Won't Play.

Lady Francis Hope conce May Yohe, in America. She says she's tire-l of the whole business and is going back to England. Plans for the New York aplous attitude, while if he says no he classes are concerned Mr. Bryan's pearance of Lady Francis had been made at the Savoy theater, but the ized, workingman have not only found Savoy is in the throes of litigation, and But it must be apparent to every- the demand for their services en nothing is doing there in the amusehealth, but for fear that they will take one that there is a wide divergence larged, but their hours shoriened and ment line. Her ladyship has snubtheir memory along with them into between these two propositions, and, their wages increased. In Omaha, in bed several anxious Americans who are \$16 to \$18 a week for ten hours' work, debut. Last week, for instance, she

A Typical Southern Home.

On the grounds which have been selected for the site of the South Carolina Interstate and West Indian exposition, to be held at Charleston, there stands an old colonial home which was the scene of lavish comfort and open hearted hospitality in days gone by. It is proposed to restore this old home, now somewhat touched by time, to something of its original state and to collect within its walls bluable relies of the past. No state in the union perhaps contains more of these relics than South Carolina.

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A short story is like a bobtail horse; the tale is not continued,

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