

## TROOPS GOING NORTH

Passing Through Marshes of Philippines  
Toward Bayombong.

### THE PROGRESS IS VERY SLOW.

MacArthur's Occupy Six Hours in Traversing Seven and a Half Miles to Gerona—Natives Express Friendship and Extend Welcome to Our Soldiers as They Push Along.

MANILA, Nov. 20.—The following dispatches have been received here from correspondents of the Associated Press, accompanying the American advance northward:

GERONA, Nov. 18.—General MacArthur entered Gerona as already cabled, this afternoon. The insurgents had fled last Monday, after burning the depot. Nothing else was destroyed by them. Gerona is the first town along the Manila-Dagupan railway line where the natives did not run at the approach of the Americans. The padres offered quarters in the church and convent. The town has one good house. Gerona is the seat of heavy English sugar interests.

The trip here was a hard one and occupied six hours in covering seven miles and a half. Most of the time was spent in fording a quarter of a mile flood, running out of the Rio Tarlac. We have no wagons, and pack mules and native bearers carry all our supplies.

The natives here say that Bayombona was occupied last Sunday by mounted troops, probably General Young's brigade of General Lawton's division. The people here are of a better class than we have usually found, and they welcomed the Americans, as they evidently realize that their agricultural interests will revive.

General MacArthur said this afternoon: "We seem to be entering a different political atmosphere. The people here seem to be less attached to Aguinaldo's cause than those in many towns we have entered on the railroad line."

The command will move northward at daybreak tomorrow, toward Bayombong. Gerona will be garrisoned with two companies of the Thirty-sixth.

Immediately on entering Gerona Slaven's scouts moved up the track toward Panique. On the way they encountered an entrenched party of insurgents, whom they drove back, then entering the town and capturing four locomotives and thirteen cars, as already cabled. They learned that 500 insurgents had left the town in the course of the afternoon.

PANIQUE, Nov. 20.—General MacArthur's troops arrived from Gerona in the course of the morning. The railroad beyond this point had been destroyed. The captured railway stock is being repaired to handle supplies. The expedition will go north toward Bayombong, probably today. The signal corps is constructing lines with great rapidity. A native courier from Bayombong reports that the American troops left the town soon after they entered, and that many natives remain, though no insurgents.

General MacArthur discovered here Major Joneson, formerly chief surgeon on the staff of the Filipino commander, General Mascardo. He resides at Bacolor, and is about to return there to resume his practice. Major Joneson says that all respectable Filipinos are disgusted with the behavior of the insurgents and are very glad that the Americans have the upper hand.

A continuous procession of refugees is entering Panique from the north, indicating the proximity of other American troops, probably off the railroad line. These refugees say that the insurgents have not known which way to turn, with the Americans occupying so many places on the north.

### FIVE KILLED, MANY INJURED.

Wreck on the Omaha Road Results in Death of Workmen.

SIoux FALLS, S. D., Nov. 20.—Word reaches here late this evening of a terrible accident on the Omaha railroad near Humboldt, twenty miles from Sioux Falls. According to the meager details which have been thus far received, a party of men were on a hand car about a quarter of a mile out of Humboldt, when they discovered a work train in charge of Conductor Higgins backing down upon them, en route to Montrose.

In the work train were a number of flat cars, upon which were a hundred or more workmen, principally Italians. The men on the hand car jumped off, leaving the car on the track. When the rapidly backing work train struck the obstruction the force of the collision threw four flat cars from the track, killing five of the workmen, among them Edward Howard, an American, and injuring many more. Five more of the injured are expected to die.

### Justice Chambers Dies.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 20.—Chief Justice Chambers of Samoa has resigned, and his resignation has been accepted for the United States, one of the three parties to the Berlin treaty, by the president. The resignation, also, will be made to Great Britain and to Germany.

The last official act of Mr. Chambers was the submission of a report upon his administration of the office of chief justice up to his departure from Apia.

### A Rush for Gold Diggings.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 20.—Postmaster Wright of Cape Nome, Alaska, is in the city in the interest of postal facilities to accommodate an expected rush to that district next spring. Bids have been asked for land service, probably by reindeer, between St. Michaels and Nome, about 350 miles, the present service being only by vessels which touch there infrequently. Mr. Wright says that 4,000 men will winter in the thirty-five miles or so of the coast, that takes in the Cape Nome coast and that fully 30,000 will be there in the spring.

## DEFENSE OF LADYSMITH.

The Boers Make a Determined Attack on November 9.

DURBAN, Natal, Nov. 20.—The Times of Natal publishes the following:

"The enemy made a determined attack on Thursday, November 9. Apparently all the Boer forces participated. Their artillery opened at 4 a. m., pouring in shells thick and fast upon the British positions, although with no great effect. They adopted the unusual tactics of advancing under cover of their positions on the ridges and kopjes adjacent to those occupied by the British troops early in the investment."

"Continuing their advance the Boers crept up, using every available bit of cover. Our infantry opened with a steady, warm and accurate fire, which beat back the enemy, notwithstanding the display of tenacity of purpose equal to their desperate stands on previous occasions. The Boer attack was most elaborate on all sides of the town."

"The main attack was made, however, by the Free State and Newcastle railway line by a column chiefly of Johannesburg volunteers. A brigade of King's Royal Rifles corps made a splendid defense. The Boers were repulsed, but soon rallied and returned to the fight. Again the British fire, which was very hot, forced them to retire. They had made a deep trench in front of the British lines and while withdrawing from their horses they left this unguarded, whereupon the King's Rifles, advancing at double-quick, occupied the trench."

"This smart movement was not seen by the enemy, who soon returned with their horses. Carefully reserving their fire the King's Rifles allowed the Boers to advance almost to the edge of the trench and then poured volley after volley into the astounded Boers, who turned and fled from an awful hail of bullets, bolting across the open, where the artillery of the British poured in a terrible and effective shell fire. The enemy lost heavily, falling about in heaps."

"Meanwhile another section of the Boers had brought a mortar into action, firing heavy shells. Our guns, concentrating upon it, soon silenced this weapon, the enemy's artillery men fleeing headlong. The Boers then advanced in force with a view of repairing the mortar, but our artillery shelled and scattered them right and left. The fighting was all over at 11 o'clock."

### GRADUALLY GROWING WEAKER.

Vice President Hobart Shows Signs of Approaching Decay.

PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 20.—Vice President Hobart passed the greater part of yesterday at the bedroom window, at times reading the newspaper and having Mrs. Hobart reading to him. He took less food than usual. This seems to indicate that his stomach trouble has returned. Mr. Hobart appeared to be as cheerful as the topic of the day as presented in the newspapers. There is no perceptible change in his condition, but his friends are now not as hopeful as they have been. They believe that the vice president is gradually growing weaker.

### BURT TO CONFER WITH THEM.

Will Talk With Striking Machinists and Trouble May End.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Nov. 20.—The striking Union Pacific machinists and their employers are drawing near to a settlement of their differences. The machinists now ask for an advance to 33 1/2 cents per hour, being an advance of 1 cent per hour over present prices, and have withdrawn their demand for an increase to 35 cents per hour after January 1.

President Burt is expected here tomorrow, and the men will have a conference with him.

### Boers Concentrate Their Forces.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—An Orange River dispatch dated Thursday, November 16, says the Boers were then concentrating their forces outside of Kimberley. According to the latest advices from Jamestown, there had been no signs of a Basuto rising up to Saturday last. The Boers have renamed Allward North, Olieversfontein, in honor of their commandant.

From Lorenzo Marquez comes a report that the three German officers, Colonel von Braun, Lieutenant Brutevitz and Lieutenant von Kunze, have arrived at Pretoria with the intention of joining General Joubert's staff. Woody is Much Improved.

### Hayward Still Improving.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., Nov. 20.—The condition of Senator Hayward is better tonight than it was twenty-four hours ago. The paralysis appears to be yielding to the treatment and the patient is able to use his limbs fairly well. While the senator is still in a precarious condition his physician has not given up hope that he may get up again. The distinguished patient is receiving the best of care and treatment and his friends all hope for a favorable outcome of the present attack.

### Ruling Closes Pool Room.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 20.—Judge Clark of the court of criminal correction, today, in overruling a motion to squash the information against a dozen bookmakers, arrested for the violation of the Breeders' law, decided that the statute was constitutional. This will result in the closing up of the downtown pool rooms, the chief of police having given orders to that effect.

### Jump in Leather and Hides.

CHICAGO, Nov. 20.—The Record tomorrow will say: All kinds of leather and hides in the United States and Canada have taken a sudden jump in price because of a general scarcity of the raw and manufactured material, putting the market almost in a state of panic. In the last sixty days the best grade of oak butts, which are used for bottling, have advanced from 26 to 45 cents per pound and the first quality of oak sole leather, used in the making of boots and shoes, has risen from 24 cents to 25 cents.

## OUTSIDE OF OUR LINES

Major Swiger Discovers the Insurgent Leader is Not Hemmed In.

### HIS WHEREABOUTS IS KNOWN.

American Forces Moving on the Chictain, Who is at Pozorubio, Northeast of San Jacinto—Prospects of His Capture Not Encouraging.

MANILA, Nov. 18.—The latest information as to Aguinaldo's whereabouts comes from Major Swiger of the Third cavalry.

Major Swiger reports moving against the rebel general at Pozorubio.

This disposes of all rumors as to Aguinaldo being at Dagupan and hemmed in by our forces at Pazarubio outside the line drawn by our troops. New York—Pozorubio, which place the Herald's special cable indicates the rebel leader now occupies, is about ten miles from San Jacinto, lying a little north of east from that town.

It was at San Jacinto that the last fighting with the insurgents was reported, in which Major John A. Logan was killed while leading a charge. The war department had hopes that Aguinaldo had been caught between the lines of General Wheaton on the coast of the gulf of Lingayen, and those of MacArthur near Tarlac.

In the meantime Lawton has been pushing up through the interior, sending his cavalry under General Young far ahead in the direction of Bayombong. Two days ago it was reported that Young was but a few miles from the latter point.

Major Swiger is a cavalry officer, and while not absolutely certain, in army circles at Washington last night, it was believed that he was attached to General Young's command.

It therefore seems most probable that he has swung over westward from the direction of Bayombong, and consequently is closing in on Pozorubio from the north. In that event the chances of surrounding the rebel leader are excellent.

General MacArthur, with the Thirty-sixth infantry, a battalion of the Fifteenth infantry, a troop of the Fourth cavalry, several Gatlings and a detachment of the signal corps, has begun his northward advance from Tarlac, which will be continued to Bayombong, province of New Vizcaya.

### STOCK SHOW OF ALL NATIONS.

Texas Ranchman Outlines Plan for an International Exhibit.

DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 18.—Colonel D. O. Lively, secretary of the Farmers' Congress, and in the city today on his way to Chicago to arrange for an international stock show, to be held next year in November. Colonel Lively outlined the plan of the proposed show.

"What we propose to give is an international fat stock show," he said. "It would include only the four animals—cattle, hogs and sheep—but it would be the biggest thing of the kind ever attempted. We should aim to make it as representative a show of that kind as the world's fair was in its particular line. The coming week the live stock association, embracing the shorthorn, Hereford and Angus breeders, will meet. The plan is to be laid before the members and if they approve the arrangements will be made."

### SAYS A PANIC WAS AVERTED.

Gage's Action in Buying Bonds Stopped Gorge of the Sharps.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18.—Russell Sage is quoted today as saying to a newspaper interviewer, who asked him what he thought of the United States treasury's offer to buy \$25,000,000 of bonds:

"I believe Secretary Gage's action has saved the financial world from a disastrous panic. No one who has been in touch with business enterprises during the last few months can fail to have realized the stringency of the money market."

"The sharps took advantage of the situation. They were making a rich harvest of it, but the government has stopped their game."

### SENATOR HAYWARD IS BETTER.

Physician is Encouraged With the Prospects of Recovery.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., Nov. 18.—Senator Hayward's condition has shown marked improvement during the past twenty-four hours. Dr. Whitten expresses himself as being greatly encouraged with the prospects of his patient's recovery. The paralysis appears to have been arrested, as the senator was able to use his right arm today and to utter a few intelligible sentences, the first since the beginning of his present illness. Tonight the patient's pulse is normal and his general condition is good.

### Few Bonds Offered.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 18.—Few bonds have been offered at the sub-treasury in this city in response to Secretary Gage's recent offer of resumption. Up to the close of business hours today only \$3,000 had been offered.

### Taken in Wyoming Land.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Nov. 13.—Ex-Governor O. Vincent Coffin of Connecticut and wife, Alonzo I. Clark, president of the Nebraska Real Estate Loan association of Hastings, Neb., and J. B. Cozart and wife, also of Hastings, have arrived in the city for the purpose of foreclosing a mortgage on a tract of land situated twelve miles south of Cheyenne, and extending south of the Colorado line, in which there are about 350,000 acres. The mortgage was given as security for a loan of \$24,000 made by the Nebraska company in 1887.

## BURIED IN PACO CEMETERY.

Remains of Major John A. Logan Laid Away by Late Comrades.

MANILA, Nov. 17.—The remains of Major John A. Logan, killed in action at San Jacinto Saturday, were buried in Paco cemetery this morning. Many persons followed the body to the grave. Chaplain Pierce officiated and the Twenty-sixth infantry furnished the escort, which was commanded by Major Rodman. The pallbearers were the captains of the Twenty-sixth infantry. Reports have been received here from General Young dated Humingam, yesterday. Humingam is about thirty miles east of San Fabian. General Young is supposed to have advanced considerably further toward San Fabian.

A correspondent of the Associated Press telegraphs an account of the rapid pace with which General Young covered the road with his cavalry. The Macabebe scouts demoralized the insurgents around the low country, a messenger and reinforcements, who were captured, say no town from San Jose to San Nicolas excepted the arrival of the Americans until a day or two after they actually arrived.

Aguinaldo and his government are said to be making desperate efforts to escape to Bayombong. The information here is that he is still in the low country.

Lieutenant Johnson, with troop M, Third cavalry, captured yesterday at San Nicolas twelve barrels containing the wardrobe of Aguinaldo's wife, some personal effects, the records of the secretary of war and much commissary and medical supplies. Senora Aguinaldo probably escaped over the divide, but the secretary of war is thought to be inside the lines.

Thomas W. Hayes, a civilian, and Calvin S. Davis of the Sixteenth infantry, who were held prisoners by the insurgents, have been rescued.

### HAYWARD NOT SO WELL.

Partial Paralysis Has Set in and Conditions Not Favorable.

NEBRASKA CITY, Nov. 17.—Senator Hayward's condition is not much changed from yesterday. His brother, Major J. B. Hayward of Davenport, Ia., arrived this morning and was recognized by the senator.

Dr. Whitten states that the pressure is on the left side of the brain just over the speech center and extending to the motor center of the right arm and leg. These members are therefore without feeling or motion. The patient's temperature is 100, pulse 67 and respiration 22.

It has just been made public here that Senator Hayward suffered a slight attack of a similar nature in Lincoln on the night that he was nominated in the republican caucus last winter. He was hurried to bed by his friends and by morning was able to be up.

### THANK PEOPLE OF CALIFORNIA.

Iowa State Executive Council Grateful for Kindness.

DES MOINES, Nov. 17.—The state executive council today unanimously adopted resolutions thanking the people of California and especially of San Francisco, Oakland and Berkeley for hospitality and kindness manifested toward the soldiers of the Fifty-first Iowa regiment, General Gage, Adjutant General Seamans and Colonel Groves of the governor's staff, and extending personal thanks for their courtesies to the soldiers and the Iowa party which received them on their return from Manila; and the good women of San Francisco, Oakland and Berkeley, and especial thanks for the care of the sick while the regiment was in San Francisco.

### Sorrow Over Senator Hayward.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Great sorrow is expressed in Washington over the serious illness of Senator Hayward and in some quarters, especially among the leaders of currency reform, consternation is shown over the possibilities that may arise should an ad interim senator be appointed from Nebraska. Chairman H. H. Hanna of the Sound Money league is especially solicitous, as he had hoped that a currency measure would pass congress during the coming session, but with the small majority the republicans have in both branches he has almost given up hope that anything but a makeshift in the way of currency legislation will be attempted.

### Thurston and His Poem.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Senator Thurston, who has taken good naturedly the newspaper chaff about his poem, "The White Rose," decidedly objects to the unauthorized announcement that it was written to his fiancée, Miss Purman. He says it is a youthful effusion, written thirty or more years ago and he solemnly affirms that he discarded the poetical role more than a quarter of a century since.

### Report Denied by Andrews.

CHICAGO, Nov. 17.—Dr. E. Benjamin Andrews, superintendent of schools of Chicago, today denied the report from Lincoln, Neb., that he had been offered the chancellorship of the university of Nebraska, left vacant by the resignation of George E. MacLean last spring. "I have received no such offer," said Prof. Andrews, "nor do I contemplate resigning my position at the head of the Chicago public schools."

### Filipino Tap Telegraph Wires.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—Mail advices received at the postal department show that the Filipino insurgents have adopted a new method of interference with the military telegraph lines. This is done by attaching a fine copper wire to the line, running it down the pole or through the foliage of a tree to the ground, where it is attached to a piece of iron driven into the earth. This effectively cuts off communication, and is not easily discovered when once accomplished.

## TROOPS MOVE FORWARD

Gen. Hughes Occupies Tagbannan and Guimbal.

### AFTER INSURGENT STRONGHOLD

Heavy Rains Render the Roads Almost Impassable—Recent Orders From Aguinaldo Found in the Trenches—All Ports of the Sulu Islands Ordered Closed.

MANILA, Nov. 15.—General Hughes, with parts of the Nineteenth and Twenty-sixth regiments, moved from Iloilo Thursday, November 7, to Otton, six miles west, for the purpose of capturing Santa Barbara, the rebel stronghold, ten miles west of Iloilo. Heavy rains preceded the movement and the roads were in places impassable. The same night Colonel Carpenter with the Eighteenth regiment and Battery C of the Sixth artillery, made westwardly from Iloilo to connect with General Hughes. Colonel Carpenter was forced to return to Iloilo, on account of the heavy rains and by lack of proper transportation. Company C of the Twenty-sixth regiment had the only fighting. When only three miles out of Iloilo this company charged the rebel trenches and three of the enemy were killed. One man was wounded.

General Hughes November 12 occupied Tagbannan and Guimbal on the southern coast, and also Cordova, in the interior. The enemy did not oppose General Hughes' advance.

Recent orders from Aguinaldo found in the trenches said: "Do not oppose the Americans' advance. Burn the villages as they are evacuated. Divide the forces in small bands and harass the Americans on every occasion."

Arnetta, the rebel leader of the island of Panay, was captured at Tagbannan while attempting to pass the lines into Iloilo. Two battalions of the Twenty-sixth will garrison Iloilo and Jaro.

A signal visible from Iloilo has been burned by the rebels.

It is reported that an expedition, evading the navy, recently landed arms and ammunition on the Antiqua coast, and that the rebels threaten opposition with an armed force of 3,000 men. These stories are not believed.

All reports of the Sulu islands outside of the American ports have been ordered closed to commerce.

### MRS. LOGAN PROSTRATED.

Greatest Care Possible to Preserve Life Because of Her Grief.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Nov. 16.—Only the greatest care will enable Mrs. Major John A. Logan to survive her bereavement. She is using all her strength to bear up under her great loss. The family has been notified that the Sikh will leave Manila tomorrow for San Francisco with her husband's body. Telegrams of condolence have poured into the desolate home. Among the senders were ex-Secretary of War R. A. Alger, Quesada, Cuban envoy at Washington; Governor Asa S. Bushnell, Ohio; Governor William A. Stone, Pennsylvania; David L. Kingsbury, rector of Loyal Legion, Minnesota, announcing resolution of sympathy.

It was practically decided today by telephone between the widow and the mother of Major John A. Logan to bury his body at Youngstown in the Andrews mausoleum, Oak Hill cemetery.

### DEWEY NOT A CANDIDATE.

Senator Proctor Has No Intention of Booming Him.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 16.—Senator Proctor of Vermont tonight in an interview with a Post reporter, said: "It is not true that I am trying to start a Dewey boom for the presidency. It was generally understood that when Admiral Dewey left Manila he was averse to being drawn into politics, and I am in a position to know that since his arrival in this country his antagonism has been confirmed."

"Then you think there is no possibility of the nomination of Admiral Dewey next year?"

"There is absolutely none," was the reply. "He is out of it, and I am not trying to run him as a candidate."

### N'KINLEY CABLES AGUINALDO.

Warning Message Sent to Secure Protection of Spanish.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—The president is making efforts to secure the protection of the Spanish prisoners with the insurgents in the Philippines. A cable message has been sent to General Otis and by him forwarded to General MacArthur, with instructions to get it to Aguinaldo, if possible, relating to this subject. The president requests the kindly and humane treatment of the Spanish prisoners, and the message also contains an intimation that any of the insurgents responsible for the ill-treatment of such prisoners will be held to strict account when they are taken by the United States forces operating in the islands.

### Hobart More Comfortable.

PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 16.—Vice President Hobart passed a comfortable day and tonight is resting easily. He has eaten solid food for some days now. He was very much grieved to learn of the death of Major Logan in battle. They were personal friends, and at Washington major was at many of the social functions given by the Hobarts.

### Santiago Hero a Murderer.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 16.—Anthony Joseph Dittmeier, a first sergeant in the marine corps, who served on the cruiser Brooklyn when Cervera's fleet was destroyed at Santiago, today gave himself up for a murder committed in St. Louis in 1894.

Dittmeier, who is 26 years old, killed his employer with a blow of his fist, in self-defense, he says. Fearing arrest, Dittmeier enlisted in the navy under the name of Dittmayer and served with distinction until a few days ago, when discharged. He gave bond to appear.

## MAJOR JOHN A. LOGAN DEAD.

Son of Famous "Black Jack" Shot While Leading His Battalion.

MANILA, Nov. 15.—The Thirty-third infantry, in one of the sharpest two-hour engagements of the war, with an equal force of insurgents five miles from San Fabian, Saturday, lost one officer (Major John A. Logan, jr.) and six men killed and two officers and twelve men wounded. The Americans captured twenty-nine Filipinos and 100 rifles and found eighty-one insurgent dead lying in the trenches and rice fields. Many more Filipinos were doubtless killed or wounded.

General Wheaton was informed that the enemy was gathering at San Jacinto, for the purpose of preventing the Americans from controlling the railroad from Dagupan north, whereby Aguinaldo might retreat. The Thirty-third, Colonel Howe commanding, and a detachment of the Thirteenth, with a Gatling gun, Howland commanding, were sent to disperse them. The troops encountered the worst road ever found in the island of Luzon. There was a succession of creeks, whose bridges the Americans had to stop and repair, and many ditches and at certain places men and horses struggled waist deep in quagmires. A hundred soldiers had to drag the Gatling gun part of the way, the horses being useless.

The insurgents opened the fight two miles from San Jacinto, while the leading American battalion was passing a clump of houses in the midst of a coconut grove, knee deep in mud. The Filipino sharpshooters, hidden in trees and houses and in a trench across the road held their fire until the Americans were close to them, when they began firing. Other Filipinos opened fire from the thickets right and left further away. The insurgent sharpshooters picked off the officers first. Five of the Americans who fell wore shoulder straps or chevrons. But the Thirty-third never wavered.

Its crack marksmen knocked the Filipinos from the trenches like squirrels and the Americans rushed the trench, leaving four dead insurgents there.

The regiment then deployed under fire with Major John A. Logan's battalion in the center. Major Crony's on the right side and Major Marsh on the left. The skirmish line, which was a mile long, advanced rapidly, keeping up a constant fire.

The Filipinos made an unexpected stand, many of them remaining under cover until the Americans were within twenty feet of them. Major Marsh flanked a small trench full of insurgents, surprising them and slaughtering nearly all of them before entering the town. The Gatling killed five of the force holding the bridge and swept the country beyond the town, driving about 150 Filipinos into the hills. Marsh's battalion, entering the town first, captured a big battle flag, which was flying over a convent.

The insurgents are supposed to have retreated toward Dagupan. It was impossible to pursue them, as the American troops were exhausted and their supply of ammunition was low. The cutposts killed five Filipinos during the night. The body of a Filipino lieutenant colonel was found among the killed. The regiment returned to San Fabian, it being impossible to get supplies over the roads.

### BRYAN GREETS MARYLAND.

Responds to Congratulatory Message From Democrats.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 15.—The executive committee of the Maryland Democratic (silver) association made public today the following reply to their congratulatory telegram to W. J. Bryan:

"I am greatly obliged to you for the congratulations sent through your executive committee. The fight in Nebraska was made on national issues and the result is gratifying. The returns from other states indicate a growing opposition to republican administration. We are much pleased to see that Maryland is again in the democratic column and ready for the contest in 1900. Very truly yours,"

"W. J. BRYAN."

### SENATOR HAYWARD VERY ILL.

His Condition Critical and Death Only a Question of Time.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., Nov. 15.—Senator Hayward's illness, which was at first not looked upon as serious, is now causing his friends the greatest alarm. Dr. Bridges of Omaha was summoned yesterday morning and spent the day at the bedside of the patient for whose recovery he entertains no hope. Tonight the physician gave his opinion that Senator Hayward could not recover and that not even a temporary improvement could be looked for and that his death is considered to be only a matter of time.

### Mrs. McLain Dies in Paris.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 15.—News was received today of the death in Paris of Mrs. McLain, widow of Robert M. McLain, former governor of Maryland and minister to France during President Cleveland's administration. Mrs. McLain before her marriage was a Miss Viquart of Louisville, and was an aunt of Mrs. James Brown Potter, the actress, whose maiden name was Cora Viquart. She was about 70 years of age.

### Dewey Returns to the Capital.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—Admiral and Mrs. Dewey returned to Washington from New York tonight. A navy department official met the admiral and Mrs. Dewey and escorted them to the admiral's carriage, in which they were driven to the home on Rhode Island avenue presented to the admiral by the American people.

The arrival of the distinguished couple at the station was unmarked by any popular demonstration.

### Reputed Forger is Caught.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Nov. 15.—Charles E. Stewart, said to be one of the most dangerous forgers and confidence men in the country, was arrested here today by detectives. He was held awaiting the arrival of an officer from Boston, where, it is asserted, he is wanted in connection with a \$3,000 swindling scheme. Stewart is said to be a member of a notorious gang of bunco swindlers that has been doing business all over the country.