BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Altgeld says John R. McLean will be elected governor of Ohio.

Serious disturbances are reported in the interior provinces of India. It is said that a quarter of a million

Porto Ricans Frust be fed for months. Senator Hanna's health is said at Cleveland to preclude much activity in politics this fall.

Admiral Howell will probably succeed Admiral Farquhar as commandant of the Norfolk navy yard. A crowd of whites near Columbia

City, S. C., fired into a negro church. Fire was returned. Two casualities, no arrests

It is said that Sir George Stewart White, V. C., former quartermaster general, has been selected to command the British forces in Natal. Mass meetings at Kansas City,

Washington, New York, Boston and other cities declared in favor of a boycott of the Paris exposition, Colonel Frost of the First South Da-

kota regiment received apologies from his under officers and they were released from jail at the Presidio. Cuba, a leading newspaper of Man-

tanzas, which advocated harmony among the Cubans and Spaniards, has suspended, owing to lack of support. A hospial in which consumptives

alone will be treated is soon to be erected at Chicago by a number of philanthropic citizens at a cost of \$125,-Dr. Fuchs, president of the Austrian chamber, has invited the leaders of the

different parties to a conference with the view of terminating the parliamentary crisis. A new cabinet has been formed in Peru wth Senor Dalvez as premier

and minister of foreign affairs, and Senor Belaunde as minister of finance and commerce. Secretary Root has signed an order

modifying the duty on coffee exported from Porto Rico to Cuba. This is one of the relief measures and will go into effect October 9. The great Siberian railway is to be

rebuilt even before it is completed, owing to the enormous increase in business, according to a report received at the state department. Members of the Peoria Bar associa-

tion, of which he was a member, paid brilliant tribute to the memory of Col. Robert G. Ingersoil at the opening of the September term of the circuit court.

Numerous applications are coming in from persons desiring to be appointed receivers of the Atchison National bank, but the comptroller stated that no appointment will be made for some time.

The navy department has decided to assign Rear Admiral Farquhar to command the North Atlantic station in place of Rear Admiral Sampson, who will assume command of the Boston mavy yard.

At the meeting of the Methodists resolution was unanimously passed deploring "the shameful miscarriage of justice in the recent condemnation of Captain Dreyfus.'

The old Gamble lead mine, concerning which there have been traditions among the people of Southern Missouri and Northern Kansas, has been discovered in Fulton county, Arkansas, it is claimed.

A swine epidemic of a violent type has appeared in the central portion of Woodbury county, Iowa, and hogs are dying by the hundred. Two seasons ago this section was badly scourged with the same disease.

Chief Justice Charles B. Roberts, of the Fifth Maryland judicial district is dead at his home in Westminster aged fifty-seven years. He was a democratic member of the forty-fourth and forty-fifth congress.

So far 5,230 men have been obtained for the ten volunteer regiments last authorized, of which number 530 were enlisted on the 13th. The full quota of the ten regiments is 13,190 men. The regiment most successful is the one at Fort Crook, Neb.

A manufacturing firm of Hamilton. O., shipped to Yokohoma for the Japanese government equipment for one of the finest paper mills in the world. Japan has decided to make her own paper, as many of her state papers have disintegrated with age.

A consignment of \$1,000,000 worth of Klondike gold for the United States assay office arrived at Seattle on the steamer Cleveland from St. Michael. The consigners were the Union Bank of Commerce, \$600,000, and the Bank of British North America \$400,000.

A program for the reunion of the Society of the Army of the Cumberland in Detroit September 26-27 was adopted by the chairmen or committees having charge of the event. Brigadier General Henry M. Duffield is the general chairman, and Mayor Maybury has charge of the reception to the vet-

The annual session of the German Methodist western conference adjourned at Enterprise, Kan., with the reading of appointments for the coming rear. Among them are the following G. J. Kolb, Lawrence, Kan.; G. J. Jaiser, Topeka, Kan.; J. J. Hassett, Wich-Kan.; John Demand, Lincoln, ; J. H. Fielder, Sedalia, Mo.; John ohler, Denver, Colo. The next session will be held at Clatonia, Neb.

Telegrams from the principal capitals of Europe report growing agitation in favor of boycotting the Paris

The army commissary department will ship 1,000 tons of supplies to Porto itico, whether or not contributions reach that amount.

The Brazilian government has prosoted against the sale of the lands of the Duke of Saxe to the German

Neither the state department nor the dvices from any official source regardog the impending revolution in Ven-

THE NORTHWESTERN. KRUEGER WON'T YIELD

LOUP CITY, ... NEB. Refuses to Give Up Independence to Great Britain.

REGRETS WITHDRAWAL OLD TERMS

In Firm but Diplomatic Terms He Shows Farce Now Being Played by John Bull-Gladly Accepts Arbitration as a Means of Solving the Problems Confronting Both Nations.

LONDON, Sept. 18 .- All the dispatches from South Africa this morning talk of the imminence of hostilities and the preparations for them. In Johannesburg it seems to be taken for granted that the Orange Free State has approved President Kruger's note and promised active assistance in the event of war.

An official telegram posted at Volksrust says that the Transvaal, with the assent of the Orange Free State, repudiates British suzerainty and adheres to the seven years' franchise.

At Capetown it is reported that Mr. Hoffmeyer, the Afrikander leader, sent a communication to President Stein of the Orange Free State, entreating him to do his utmost to preserve peace, but that he received in answer the words, "Too late."

All military men agree that it is out of the question to begin hostile operations before the middle of next month, no rain having fallen and the veldt being still bare.

It is supposed that the next move contemplated by the Transvaal is an appeal to the powers, begging them to recommend arbitration on the lines of the conference at The Hague.

A dispatch from Charlestown says the wildest rumors are current there and that great alarm is felt, owing to the unprotected state of the town, especially as Boer signaling is plainly visible on the adjacent mountains.

There was a serious disturbance in the Market Square of Johannesburg on Saturday afternoon. A meeting called by a labor agitator named Bain, to condemn British policy and to enroll volunteers to fight for the Boers. led to serious fights with the police, lasting a couple of hours. Many persons were injured, among them the recently notorious Dr. Matthews, who laid a charge against a mounted policeman. An immense crowd, singing "Rule Brittania," accompanied him to the police office.

MILLER PILLSBURY IS DEAD.

Overwork and Insufficient Exercise Produce Heart Failure,

MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 18.—Charles A. Pillsbury, the well known miller, died in this city yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock. On account of poor health Mr. Pillsbury went to Europe December 1, 1898, and returned the middle of June. While abroad he consulted with eminent physicians in London, Paris. Vienna and Berlin. When he landed in New York he was of the opinion that his health was much improved, but before leaving the metropolis he consulted other doctors and since returning he has been a patient of Dr. Porter of New York and Dr. W. A. Jones of this city. The physicians agreed he was suffering from heart trouble, caused by an enlargement of the stomach and insufficient physical exercise.

After reaching home he gradually improved and seemed to be in a fair way to totally recover his health. A week ago he took a trip to southern Minnesota, but on his return he suffered from nausea. Since his return from his European trip he has been devoting but about two hours a day to business. He remained at home nearly all day Saturday. During Saturday night he complained of great pain and physicians were summoned. They remained with him through the night and today until a short time before Mr. Pillsbury died. He was conscious to the end and talked to his wife and friends who were in the room.

RUMORS OF SPECIAL SESSION.

They Persistently Press Themselves Upon the Public Ear.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18 .- Notwithstanding repeated denials, rumors of an extra session of congress are persistently circulated. Public men who are close to the president declare that he has no thought of calling congress together before the regular time for its assembling on the first Monday in December.

Mr. McKinley hopes that by the time congress meets in regular session he will be enabled to announce some substantial progress in the Philippine campaign and hold out hopes of an early settlement of affairs in those

islands. As General Otis will not have a greatly increased force at his disposal before the latter part of October, it is not expected that he will be able to accomplish much in the way of subduing the Filipinos before the middle of November. The president hopes. however, that by the first of December he will be able to report to congress a marked improvement in the situation.

Alger Stays Out of Rice. CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 18.-A dispatch to the Times-Herald from Detroit. Mich., says: That General Russell A. Alger has decided to withdraw from the senatorial race there is now no doubt. Formal announcement of his retirement, it is predicted, will be made this week, probably tomorrow.

Cattle Combine la Trouble.

AUSTIN, Tex., Sept. 18 .- It is reported that Promoter Charles Loving | Cornelius Vanderbilt will not be promay have some difficulty in securing a permit to do business in Texas for his \$25,000,000 cattle syndicate, which is incorporated in New Jersey. It is now in the mountains of Japan. This well known that the state officers are | decision was reached today by the prosed to the plan of incorporation | members of the family and their lawin other states to do business in Texas. | yers, at a conference in Senator De-The laws of Texas permit of the incorporation of such companies as this, sent to him telling the young man to and state officials are inclined to force return to New York with all possible all corporations doing business in this speed. What else was decided upon

TOM REED RETURNS THANKS.

Expresses His Gratitude for Honors Con ferred Upon Him.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 18 .- The Press will print tomorrow morning the following:

"To the Republicans of the First Maine District: While I am naturally reluctant to obtrude myself upon public attention, even here at home, I am sure no one would expect me to leave the First Maine district after so long a service without some words expressing to you my appreciation of your friendship and my gratitude for your generous treatment. Words alone are inadequate and I must appeal to your memories. During three and twenty years of political life, not always peaceful, you have never questioned single public act of mine. Other men have had to look after their districts. My district has looked after me. This, in the place where I was born, where you know my shortcomings as well as I do myself, gives me a right to be proud of my relations with you.

'No honors are ever quite like those which come from home. It would not be just for me to withhold my thanks from those democrats who have so often given me their votes. This friendship I can acknowledge with all propriety even in a letter to republicans, for both they and you know that I have never trimmed a sail to catch the passing breeze or ever flown a doubtful flag.

"Office, as a 'ribbon to stick in your coat,' is worth nobody's consideration. Office as opportunity is worth all consideration. That opportunity you have given me untrammeled in the fullest and amplest measure and I return you sincerest thanks. If I have deserved any praise it belongs of right to you.

Whatever may happen I am sure that the First Maine district will always be true to the principles of liberty, self-government and the rights of man.

"THOMAS B. REED.

SIX NEGROES ARE KILLED.

White Miners at Carterville, Ill., and Non Union Colored Men Battle. CARTERVILLE, III., Sept. 18 .- Car-

terville was the scene of a bloody riot about noon today, in which six negroes were instantly killed and one wounded unto death, while two others received slight wounds.

Trouble has been hovering ever since the militia was recalled by Governor Tanner last Monday. The white miners of this place have refused to allow the negro miners to come into town, always meeting them and ordering them back. Today, however, thirteen negroes, all armed, marched into town, going to the Illinois Central depot, where they exchanged a few words with the white miners there. when the negroes pulled their pistols and opened fire on the whites, who at once returned the fire, when a running fight was kept up.

The negroes scattered, but were closely followed by the whites, running up the main street, while the remainder took down the railroad track. Here the execution was done, all who went through town escaping.

After the fight was over six dead bodies were picked up and another mortally wounded. They were taken to the city hall, where the wounded man was attended to and an inquest held over the dead ones.

VERSAILLES, Ky., Sept. 18.-Mrs. J. C. S. Blackburn, wife of the ex-senator, died here tonight of heart disease, aged 60. Mr. Blackburn left home a few days ago, his wife's health showing great improvement. He was on his way from the east when Mrs. Blackburn died. At her bedside were all of her children except one daughter, the wife of Colonel William P. Hall, U. S. A., who is ill in Washing-

Carr Not a Candidate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 18 .-General Clark Carr of Galesburg, Ill., and formerly minister to Denmark, is in Washington, and it is rumored that he would be the successor of Interstate Commerce Commissioner Calhoun, who intends to practice law in Chicago. General Carr said, in response to an inquiry, that he was not a candidate for the position and that he had heard nothing to lead him to believe that his name was under consideration.

Queen Lil's Cousin. WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 18 .--Prince David Kawananakoa, a cousin of ex-Queen Liliuokalani of Hawaii, arrived in Washington today from Honolulu. His visit to Washington Is purely personal and has no connection with the politics of the island. He will visit the ex-queen, who is now a resident of Washington, and will go on to New York to the yacht races early in October.

Will Continue Strike. CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 18 .- At a meeting of the striking street railroad men last night it was decided by a unanimous vote to continue the strike Four hundred strikers were present and speeches were made, in which victory was predicted. The question was

decided by a rising vote, every man

present standing up.

Pensions for Western Veterans. WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 18 .- The following western pensions have been granted

Issue of September 2: Nebraska: Increase-Joseph D. Cross. Plainview, \$6 to \$8.

Vanderbilts Will Wittedeau. NEW YORK, Sept. 18 .- The will of bated nor its contents made puboc until young Alfred Vanderbilt, the second son, can reach home. He is pew's office. A cable message was state to take out their charters here. | at the conference was not d'vulged.

JOINT DEBATE IS OFF

Mr. Bryan Will Not Meet Collins in Discussion.

LARGE AUDIENCE COME TO HEAR.

Mr. Bryan Disclaims the Assertion that He Would Follow the New Yorker in Debate-His Talk Will Come Later-Mr. Cockran Pays a Compliment to the Nebraskan.

CHICAGO, Sept. 16 .- The exciting joint debate looked for last night between William J. Bryan and Bourke Cochrane on trust did not take place. Central Music hall was packed with an eager audience, but the people present had to content themselves without the oratory of the famous Nebraskan, who occupied a seat on the platform. Mr. Bryan reached the hall early in the evening. He went to a room upstairs, where he was greeted by Chairman Franklin Head, Congressman Gains Ralph M. Easley and other members of the program committee of the Civic Federation.

Mr. Bryan declined to speak at the night session with W. Bourke Cochrane, in accordance with the program previously arranged, Mr. Bryan explained that he did not wish to let the impression go out that he was to enter into a debate with Mr. Cochrane. For that reason he said he would not speak at the same session with Mr. Cochrane. Mr. Cochrane was sent for and he and Mr. Bryan discussed the situation. The committee withdrew to allow the two orators to settle the dispute. Mr. Bryan asserted that he never said he would follow Mr. Cochrane with an address on the same evening. If the committee got that impression from the conversation he had with them by telephone he said they misunderstood him, Mr. Cochrane wanted to talk at the same session with the noted Nebraskan and offered to flit a coin to determine who should have the privilege of delivering the closing address.

Then Mr. Cochrane agreed to appear at any time the committee desired. The program was changed, however, to meet Mr. Bryan's wishes.

Mr. Bryan said he was anxious to address the conference, and repeated that his only reason for changing the program was to avoid any indication of a public discussion with Mr. Coc..ran. Mr. Bryan will speak at tomorrow's session. Though disappointed in failing to see such a spectacle as Bryan and Cochran pitted against each other, the audience nevertheless enjoyed a rare treat, as Mr. Cochran was at his best, and his speech was punctuated with frequent and prolonged ap-

When Mr. Bryan made his appearance at the entrance it was the signal for tumultuous cheering, which lasted until the Nebraskan had taken his seat on the stand. Mr. Foulke of Indiana, who was in the middle of an address when the outburst occurred, nut the audience in good humor by remarking:

"I guess you came here tonight to hear somebody else speak." Mr. Foulke was followed by Hon. Edward Rosewater of Omaha, whose address received close attention. The chair then introduced Hon. W. Bourke Cochran of New York.

At the close of his speech the New Yorker won the hearts of his listeners by paying Mr. Bryan a few well chosen compliments, which the democratic leader blushingly acknowledged. Mr. Cochran likened Mr. Bryan to a monopoly and claimed he was a bigger monopoly as the leader of the democratic party than any financial corporation in the world. Mr. Cochran spoke for about two hours, and when he concluded cries for Mr. Bryan came from all over the house. Finally Mr. Bryan arose and said that for the good of the conference all partisan feeling shou.a be eliminated from the gathering, and although he agreed with Mr. Cochran in many of his arguments, it was necessary that his side of the controversy should be given tomorrow.

DREYFUS WILL BE PARDONED.

Everything at Present Points to that as Solution of the Difficulty. LONDON, Sept. 16.-M. De Blowitz. the Paris correspondent of the Times.

"I learn that Captain Dreyfus will shortly withdraw his petition for a revision, which will leave the ground clear for the government to take immediate steps to pardon him. This pardon will not annul the civil and

military consequences of the verdict,

and he will no longer belong to the "There is nothing, however, to prevent him from applying to the court of cassation to quash the Rennes trial whenever the new fact required by law is produced. When liberated he will settle in the south of France, as the members of his family do not wish to expose him to such demonstrations of sympathy abroad as might be used against him by his adversaries at

The Paries correspondent of the Daily News says: "The premier, M. Waldeck Rousseau, has promised definitely to propose a pardon for Droy fus at next Tuesday's cabinet council

Asks Ciemener for Damphoffer. WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 16,-Senator Foster of Washington yesterday received a telegram from E. C. Bellowes at Vancouver, Wash, saving that Corporal Damphoffer, Company B. Sixteenth infantry, had been sentenced to be shot to death at Mantla. The dispatch stated that Damphoffer was a resident of Vancouver and was only 19 years of age. Senator Foster was asked to assist in having the sentence mitigated. The senator will see President McKinley today and ask clemency for Damphaffer.

LINCOLN HAS A BAD FIRE.

Half a Block in the Center of the City Leveled by the Flames.

LINCOLN, Sept. 16 .- The building occupied by the Western Newspaper Union, Jacob North and the Nebraska Independent is on fire and will be totally destroyed. This building was built five years ago by the printing firm of Pace, Williams & North. It was estimated to be worth \$50,000. It is occupied entirely by printing firms. The stock, which includes printing machinery and paper, was entirely destroyed, no part being saved. Fire was discovered in the building about 1:30 and within fifteen minutes the entire building was encompassed by flames. The building has been owned exclusively for years by Jacob North, the other two members having retired from the firm recently after it was built. The department store of H. Herpolsheimer & Co., north of the building, and St. Paul's Methodist church, east, are in danger. The fivemen have no control over the flames. The stock in the North building was 3 a. m .- The Masonic Temple build-

estimated to be worth \$100,000. ing is now in ruins, carrying with it the property of the Masonic lodge, tae Lincoln public library and the plant of the Evening Post. The buildings in the north half of the block are not out of danger, but they may possibly be saved. The damage so far is estimated about as follows:

North building and stock, \$150,090. Methodist church, \$25,000.

Masonic temple, including contents 50,000.

Webster block, \$20,000. Elite studio, \$10,000.

This makes the total loss over \$300,-000. It is impossible to estimate the insurance.

It is thought that one fireman was killed when the roof of the Masonic temple fell.

KILLED IN A WRECK.

Three Trainmen Lose Their Lives in Smashup Near Nebraska City. NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., Sept. 16 .-

The first section of train No. 124, a fast freight on the Missouri Pacific road that left here at 4:10 yesterday afternoon, was completely wrecked ten miles south of here an hour later. The engineer, fireman and head brakeman were buried in the wreck and their bodies were consumed in the conflagration that followed. The killed: TOM GILLIAN, engineer.

MILLER ROUSE, fireman. WILLIAM FOSTER, brakeman.

The wreck was caused by the burning of a bridge one and one-half miles east of Paul station. Although the framework of the bridge was entirely burned out, the rails and ties remained in place and the train plunged in without the slightest intimation to the engineer that anything was wrong.

The train was composed of thirtyeight cars. Eighteen empty stock cars and twelve cars of miscellaneous merchandise, anthracite coal, etc., were ditched, and together with the engine, reduced to a shapeless mass of wreckage which caught fire from the burning embers of the bridge and were entirely consumed. A car of anthracite coal went in last, which made the burning

Conductor Montgomery, who was in the way car and uninjured, ran forward immediately after the wreck occurred and heard a cry from Engineer Gillian, who was buried under the wreck, but the fire was so hot that he could do nothing toward extricating him. Not a vestige of the three train men has been found.

SUPPLIES CHEAP IN MANILLA.

Commissary General Says Critics Are

Misinformed. WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 16 .-Commissary General Weston says the soldier of the Colorado regiment who has found so much to criticise at Manila evidently was misinformed about the exorbitant prices which were being paid for supplies in the Philippines. Sugar s bought about 40 per cent cheaper than in the United States; rice is 50 per cent cheaper and a considerable reduction is found in the prices of beef purchased in Australia and the prevailing prices in Chicago. The government saves transportation on these

As to other articles which are a part of the commissary stores bought by the department and sold to the officers and men at cost price, General Weston says there is no possibility of loss to the government upon them. The commissary department does not purchase wines, except for the hospitals. These are bought upon the recommendation of the surgeons and the money for them comes out of the 40 cents a day allowed to each soldier in the hospital,

Big Cattle Deal. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 16 .-George B. Loving, who is promoting a cattle deal that he says will amount to \$23,500,000, was in the city yesterday on his way home to Fort Worth, Tex., from New York. Mr. Loving said the capital for a company to buy 600,000 cattle and 12,000,000 acres of ranch land in Texas, New Mexico and Wyoming had been pledged after eight

weeks' work in New York. No Mass Meeting in New York. NEW YORK, Sept. 16 .- There will be no mass meeting in this city to protest against the condemnation of Dreyfus. Efforts were made to arrange such a gathering, but the men who were asked to take a leading part declined to do so and expressed the opinion that the movement was a mistake. Consequently the promoters of the affair decided to abandon the idea,

Schley Given a Command.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.-Rear Admiral Schley is to be assigned to the command of the South Atlantic squadron. The navy department has ordered him to hold himself in readiness for sea, preliminary to formal orders assigning him to command the South Atlantic squadren.

In deciding upon this course Secretary Long, it is understood, assumes that Admiral Schley is desirous of readuty, as expressed in his application to the department some time ago,

It is proposed that the souvenir badge to be used at the Washington reception of Admiral Dewey shall have upon it a reproduction of the original flag of freedom that was flown by John Paul Jones when he sailed in the Bon Homme Richard. This flag was made in Philadelphia by Misses Mary and Sarah Austin, under the supervision of General George Wash-

If the shooting ability of Oom Paul's burghers is as good as in 1881 a war in that section will fatten several new

"Necessity is the Mother of Invention."

It was the necessity for a reliable blood purifier and tonic that brought into existence Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is a highly concentrated extract prepared by a combination, proportion and process peculiar to itself and giving to Hood's Sarsaparilla unequalled curative power.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Electric Car Brakes.

Chicago Tribune: The New York

state railway commission has been conducting a series of tests of various patent brakes with a view to prescribing the use of the one shown to be best adapted for electric street cars. The desirability of being able to bring street cars to an almost instant stop is evident. The problem once solved, the trolley, especially in New York, where the wires are underground, will become the favorite means of street transit. As yet, however, the problem of bringing trolley cars under the absolute control of gripmen or motormen appears to be unsolved. Some cities, Toronto, for instance, still employ oldfashioned brakes, and as a result the cars cannot safely be run at as high a rate of speed as in Chicago, where a better brake is used. In the tests in New York brakes used in St. Louis, Chicago and Memphis, as well as the one employed on the Third avenue system of New York city, were tested with results not as yet made public. In making the tests a special car with a speed indicator was used with a bell which rang for the various speeds of five, ten, fifteen or twenty miles an hour. When the bell rang the motorman threw the brake, which thus gave time and distance tests for the efficacy of the brake. Of course, no brake device, however perfect, will be satisfactory unless the motorman is prompt and efficient. Good men must handle good machinery.

With a population of exactly 206, Servia, a village in Indiana, on the line of the Chicago and Erie railway, has twelve men who weigh more than 200 pounds, and some of them tip the beam at nearly 300. Nor is this remarkable tendency to obesity in the community confined to the men. The stranger who visits the place cannot but be impressed as he strolls down the single business street from the station with the extraordinary number of large women. A count of noses among the feminine portion of the community who carry more than the average of adipose reveals no fewer than fifteen whose avoirdupois will range from 190 to 250.

It is proposed that the souvenir badge to be used at the Washington reception of Admiral Dewey shall have upon it a reproduction of the original flag of freedom that was flown by John Paul Jones when he sailed in the Bon . Homme Richard. This flag was made in Philadelphia by Misses Mary and Sarah Austin, under the supervision of General George Washington.

There will always be plenty of room at the top just as long as people can avoid living in attics.

SUFFERED 25 YEARS.

In a recent letter to Dr. Hartman, Congressman Botkin says: "My Dear Doctor-It gives me pleasure to certify to the excellent curative



Congressman Botkin, of Winfield, Kan. and Man-a-lin. I have been afflicted more or less for a quarter of a century with catarrh of the stomach and constipation. A residence in Washington has increased these troubles. A few bottles of your medicine have given me almost complete relief, and I am sure that a continuation of them will effect a permanent cure. Pe-ru-na is surely a wonderful remedy for catarra-

al affections." J. D. Botkin. The most common form of summer catarrh is catarrh of the stomach. This is generally known as dyspepsia. Congressman flotkin was a victim of this disease twenty-five years. Pe-ru-na cures these cases like magic. Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O., for a free

The microbes that cause chills and fever and malaria enter the system through mucous membrance made porous by catarrh. Pe-ru-na heals the mucous membranes and prevents the entrance of malarial germs, thus preventing and curing these affections.